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(54) Title: NOVEL NUCLEIC ACIDS AND POLYPEPTIDES

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides novel nucleic acids, novel polypeptide sequences encoded by these nucleic acids and uses thereof.

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# NOVEL NUCLEIC ACIDS AND POLYPEPTIDES

### 1. TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention provides novel polynucleotides and proteins encoded by such polynucleotides, along with uses for these polynucleotides and proteins, for example in therapeutic, diagnostic and research methods.

### 2. BACKGROUND

Technology aimed at the discovery of protein factors (including e.g., cytokines, such as lymphokines, interferons, CSFs, chemokines, and interleukins) has matured rapidly over the past 10 decade. The now routine hybridization cloning and expression cloning techniques clone novel polynucleotides "directly" in the sense that they rely on information directly related to the discovered protein (i.e., partial DNA/amino acid sequence of the protein in the case of hybridization cloning; activity of the protein in the case of expression cloning). More recent "indirect" cloning techniques such as signal sequence cloning, which isolates DNA sequences 15 based on the presence of a now well-recognized secretory leader sequence motif, as well as various PCR-based or low stringency hybridization-based cloning techniques, have advanced the state of the art by making available large numbers of DNA/amino acid sequences for proteins that are known to have biological activity, for example, by virtue of their secreted nature in the case of leader sequence cloning, by virtue of their cell or tissue source in the case of PCR-based 20 techniques, or by virtue of structural similarity to other genes of known biological activity.

Identified polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences have numerous applications in, for example, diagnostics, forensics, gene mapping; identification of mutations responsible for genetic disorders or other traits, to assess biodiversity, and to produce many other types of data and products dependent on DNA and amino acid sequences.

## 3. SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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The compositions of the present invention include novel isolated polypeptides, novel isolated polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, including recombinant DNA molecules, cloned genes or degenerate variants thereof, especially naturally occurring variants such as allelic variants, antisense polynucleotide molecules, and antibodies that specifically recognize one or more epitopes present on such polypeptides, as well as hybridomas producing such antibodies.

The compositions of the present invention additionally include vectors, including expression vectors, containing the polynucleotides of the invention, cells genetically engineered to contain such polynucleotides and cells genetically engineered to express such polynucleotides.

The present invention relates to a collection or library of at least one novel nucleic acid sequence assembled from expressed sequence tags (ESTs) isolated mainly by sequencing by hybridization (SBH), and in some cases, sequences obtained from one or more public databases. The invention relates also to the proteins encoded by such polynucleotides, along with therapeutic, diagnostic and research utilities for these polynucleotides and proteins. These nucleic acid sequences are designated as SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954. The polypeptides sequences are designated SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960. The nucleic acids and polypeptides are provided in the Sequence Listing. In the nucleic acids provided in the Sequence Listing, A is adenosine; C is cytosine; G is guanine; T is thymine; and N is any of the four bases. In the amino acids provided in the Sequence Listing, \* corresponds to the stop codon.

The nucleic acid sequences of the present invention also include, nucleic acid sequences that hybridize to the complement of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 under stringent hybridization conditions; nucleic acid sequences which are allelic variants or species homologues of any of the nucleic acid sequences recited above, or nucleic acid sequences that encode a peptide comprising a specific domain or truncation of the peptides encoded by SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954. A polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence having at least 90% identity to an identifying sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 or a degenerate variant or fragment thereof. The identifying sequence can be 100 base pairs in length.

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The nucleic acid sequences of the present invention also include the sequence information from the nucleic acid sequences of SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954. The sequence information can be a segment of any one of SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 that uniquely identifies or represents the sequence information of SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954.

A collection as used in this application can be a collection of only one polynucleotide. The collection of sequence information or identifying information of each sequence can be provided on a nucleic acid array. In one embodiment, segments of sequence information is provided on a nucleic acid array to detect the polynucleotide that contains the segment. The array can be designed to detect full-match or mismatch to the polynucleotide that contains the segment. The collection can also be provided in a computer-readable format.

This invention also includes the reverse or direct complement of any of the nucleic acid sequences recited above; cloning or expression vectors containing the nucleic acid sequences; and host cells or organisms transformed with these expression vectors. Nucleic acid sequences (or their reverse or direct complements) according to the invention have numerous applications in a variety

of techniques known to those skilled in the art of molecular biology, such as use as hybridization probes, use as primers for PCR, use in an array, use in computer-readable media, use in sequencing full-length genes, use for chromosome and gene mapping, use in the recombinant production of protein, and use in the generation of anti-sense DNA or RNA, their chemical analogs and the like.

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In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid sequences of SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 or novel segments or parts of the nucleic acids of the invention are used as primers in expression assays that are well known in the art. In a particularly preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid sequences of SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 or novel segments or parts of the nucleic acids provided herein are used in diagnostics for identifying expressed genes or, as well known in the art and exemplified by Vollrath et al., Science 258:52-59 (1992), as expressed sequence tags for physical mapping of the human genome.

The isolated polynucleotides of the invention include, but are not limited to, a polynucleotide comprising any one of the nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954; a polynucleotide comprising any of the full length protein coding sequences of SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954; and a polynucleotide 15 comprising any of the nucleotide sequences of the mature protein coding sequences of SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954. The polynucleotides of the present invention also include, but are not limited to, a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions to (a) the complement of any one of the nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954; (b) a nucleotide sequence encoding any one of the 20 amino acid sequences set forth in the Sequence Listing; (c) a polynucleotide which is an allelic variant of any polynucleotides recited above; (d) a polynucleotide which encodes a species homolog (e.g. orthologs) of any of the proteins recited above; or (e) a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide comprising a specific domain or truncation of any of the polypeptides comprising an amino acid sequence set forth in the Sequence Listing. 25

The isolated polypeptides of the invention include, but are not limited to, a polypeptide comprising any of the amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960; or the corresponding full length or mature protein. Polypeptides of the invention also include polypeptides with biological activity that are encoded by (a) any of the polynucleotides having a nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954; or (b) polynucleotides that hybridize to the complement of the polynucleotides of (a) under stringent hybridization conditions. Biologically or immunologically active variants of any of the polypeptide sequences in the Sequence Listing, and "substantial equivalents" thereof (e.g., with at least about 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 98% or 99% amino acid sequence identity) that preferably retain biological activity are also contemplated. The polypeptides of the

invention may be wholly or partially chemically synthesized but are preferably produced by recombinant means using the genetically engineered cells (e.g. host cells) of the invention.

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The invention also provides compositions comprising a polypeptide of the invention. Polypeptide compositions of the invention may further comprise an acceptable carrier, such as a hydrophilic, e.g., pharmaceutically acceptable, carrier.

The invention also provides host cells transformed or transfected with a polynucleotide of the invention.

The invention also relates to methods for producing a polypeptide of the invention comprising growing a culture of the host cells of the invention in a suitable culture medium under conditions permitting expression of the desired polypeptide, and purifying the polypeptide from the culture or from the host cells. Preferred embodiments include those in which the protein produced by such process is a mature form of the protein.

Polynucleotides according to the invention have numerous applications in a variety of techniques known to those skilled in the art of molecular biology. These techniques include use as hybridization probes, use as oligomers, or primers, for PCR, use for chromosome and gene mapping, use in the recombinant production of protein, and use in generation of anti-sense DNA or RNA, their chemical analogs and the like. For example, when the expression of an mRNA is largely restricted to a particular cell or tissue type, polynucleotides of the invention can be used as hybridization probes to detect the presence of the particular cell or tissue mRNA in a sample using, e.g., in situ hybridization.

In other exemplary embodiments, the polynucleotides are used in diagnostics as expressed sequence tags for identifying expressed genes or, as well known in the art and exemplified by Vollrath et al., Science 258:52-59 (1992), as expressed sequence tags for physical mapping of the human genome.

The polypeptides according to the invention can be used in a variety of conventional procedures and methods that are currently applied to other proteins. For example, a polypeptide of the invention can be used to generate an antibody that specifically binds the polypeptide. Such antibodies, particularly monoclonal antibodies, are useful for detecting or quantitating the polypeptide in tissue. The polypeptides of the invention can also be used as molecular weight markers, and as a food supplement.

Methods are also provided for preventing, treating, or ameliorating a medical condition which comprises the step of administering to a mammalian subject a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising a polypeptide of the present invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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In particular, the polypeptides and polynucleotides of the invention can be utilized, for example, in methods for the prevention and/or treatment of disorders involving aberrant protein expression or biological activity.

The present invention further relates to methods for detecting the presence of the polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention in a sample. Such methods can, for example, be utilized as part of prognostic and diagnostic evaluation of disorders as recited herein and for the identification of subjects exhibiting a predisposition to such conditions. The invention provides a method for detecting the polynucleotides of the invention in a sample, comprising contacting the sample with a compound that binds to and forms a complex with the polynucleotide of interest for a period sufficient to form the complex and under conditions sufficient to form a complex and detecting the complex such that if a complex is detected, the polynucleotide of interest is detected. The invention also provides a method for detecting the polypeptides of the invention in a sample comprising contacting the sample with a compound that binds to and forms a complex with the polypeptide under conditions and for a period sufficient to form the complex and detecting the formation of the complex such that if a complex is formed, the polypeptide is detected.

The invention also provides kits comprising polynucleotide probes and/or monoclonal antibodies, and optionally quantitative standards, for carrying out methods of the invention. Furthermore, the invention provides methods for evaluating the efficacy of drugs, and monitoring the progress of patients, involved in clinical trials for the treatment of disorders as recited above.

The invention also provides methods for the identification of compounds that modulate (i.e., increase or decrease) the expression or activity of the polynucleotides and/or polypeptides of the invention. Such methods can be utilized, for example, for the identification of compounds that can ameliorate symptoms of disorders as recited herein. Such methods can include, but are not limited to, assays for identifying compounds and other substances that interact with (e.g., bind to) the polypeptides of the invention. The invention provides a method for identifying a compound that binds to the polypeptides of the invention comprising contacting the compound with a polypeptide of the invention in a cell for a time sufficient to form a polypeptide/compound complex, wherein the complex drives expression of a reporter gene sequence in the cell; and detecting the complex by detecting the reporter gene sequence expression such that if expression of the reporter gene is detected the compound the binds to a polypeptide of the invention is identified.

The methods of the invention also provides methods for treatment which involve the administration of the polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention to individuals exhibiting

symptoms or tendencies. In addition, the invention encompasses methods for treating diseases or disorders as recited herein comprising administering compounds and other substances that modulate the overall activity of the target gene products. Compounds and other substances can effect such modulation either on the level of target gene/protein expression or target protein activity.

The polypeptides of the present invention and the polynucleotides encoding them are also useful for the same functions known to one of skill in the art as the polypeptides and polynucleotides to which they have homology (set forth in Tables 2 and 9); for which they have a signature region (as set forth in Tables 3 and 10); or for which they have homology to a gene family (as set forth in Tables 4 and 11). If no homology is set forth for a sequence, then the polypeptides and polynucleotides of the present invention are useful for a variety of applications, as described herein, including use in arrays for detection.

#### 4. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

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#### 4.1 DEFINITIONS

It must be noted that as used herein and in the appended claims, the singular forms "a", "an" and "the" include plural references unless the context clearly dictates otherwise.

The term "active" refers to those forms of the polypeptide which retain the biologic and/or immunologic activities of any naturally occurring polypeptide. According to the invention, the terms "biologically active" or "biological activity" refer to a protein or peptide having structural, regulatory or biochemical functions of a naturally occurring molecule. Likewise "immunologically active" or "immunological activity" refers to the capability of the natural, recombinant or synthetic polypeptide to induce a specific immune response in appropriate animals or cells and to bind with specific antibodies.

The term "activated cells" as used in this application are those cells which are engaged in extracellular or intracellular membrane trafficking, including the export of secretory or enzymatic molecules as part of a normal or disease process.

The terms "complementary" or "complementarity" refer to the natural binding of polynucleotides by base pairing. For example, the sequence 5'-AGT-3' binds to the complementary sequence 3'-TCA-5'. Complementarity between two single-stranded molecules may be "partial" such that only some of the nucleic acids bind or it may be "complete" such that total complementarity exists between the single stranded molecules. The degree of complementarity between the nucleic acid strands has significant effects on the efficiency and strength of the hybridization between the nucleic acid strands.

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The term "embryonic stem cells (ES)" refers to a cell that can give rise to many differentiated cell types in an embryo or an adult, including the germ cells. The term "germ line stem cells (GSCs)" refers to stem cells derived from primordial stem cells that provide a steady and continuous source of germ cells for the production of gametes. The term "primordial germ cells (PGCs)" refers to a small population of cells set aside from other cell lineages particularly from the yolk sac, mesenteries, or gonadal ridges during embryogenesis that have the potential to differentiate into germ cells and other cells. PGCs are the source from which GSCs and ES cells are derived. The PGCs, the GSCs and the ES cells are capable of self-renewal. Thus these cells not only populate the germ line and give rise to a plurality of terminally differentiated cells that comprise the adult specialized organs, but are able to regenerate themselves.

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The term "expression modulating fragment," EMF, means a series of nucleotides which modulates the expression of an operably linked ORF or another EMF.

As used herein, a sequence is said to "modulate the expression of an operably linked sequence" when the expression of the sequence is altered by the presence of the EMF. EMFs include, but are not limited to, promoters, and promoter modulating sequences (inducible elements). One class of EMFs are nucleic acid fragments which induce the expression of an operably linked ORF in response to a specific regulatory factor or physiological event.

The terms "nucleotide sequence" or "nucleic acid" or "polynucleotide" or "oligonculeotide" are used interchangeably and refer to a heteropolymer of nucleotides or the sequence of these nucleotides. These phrases also refer to DNA or RNA of genomic or synthetic origin which may be single-stranded or double-stranded and may represent the sense or the antisense strand, to peptide nucleic acid (PNA) or to any DNA-like or RNA-like material. In the sequences herein A is adenine, C is cytosine, T is thymine, G is guanine and N is A, C, G or T (U). It is contemplated that where the polynucleotide is RNA, the T (thymine) in the sequences provided herein is substituted with U (uracil). Generally, nucleic acid segments provided by this invention may be assembled from fragments of the genome and short oligonucleotide linkers, or from a series of oligonucleotides, or from individual nucleotides, to provide a synthetic nucleic acid which is capable of being expressed in a recombinant transcriptional unit comprising regulatory elements derived from a microbial or viral operon, or a eukaryotic gene.

The terms "oligonucleotide fragment" or a "polynucleotide fragment", "portion," or "segment" or "probe" or "primer" are used interchangeably and refer to a sequence of nucleotide residues which are at least about 5 nucleotides, more preferably at least about 7 nucleotides, more preferably at least about 11 nucleotides and most preferably at least about 17 nucleotides. The fragment is preferably less than about 500 nucleotides, preferably less than about 200 nucleotides, more preferably less than about 100

nucleotides, more preferably less than about 50 nucleotides and most preferably less than 30. nucleotides. Preferably the probe is from about 6 nucleotides to about 200 nucleotides, preferably from about 15 to about 50 nucleotides, more preferably from about 17 to 30 nucleotides and most preferably from about 20 to 25 nucleotides. Preferably the fragments can be used in polymerase chain reaction (PCR), various hybridization procedures or microarray procedures to identify or amplify identical or related parts of mRNA or DNA molecules. A fragment or segment may uniquely identify each polynucleotide sequence of the present invention. Preferably the fragment comprises a sequence substantially similar to any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-20.

Probes may, for example, be used to determine whether specific mRNA molecules are present in a cell or tissue or to isolate similar nucleic acid sequences from chromosomal DNA as described by Walsh et al. (Walsh, P.S. et al., 1992, PCR Methods Appl 1:241-250). They may be labeled by nick translation, Klenow fill-in reaction, PCR, or other methods well known in the art. Probes of the present invention, their preparation and/or labeling are elaborated in Sambrook, J. et al., 1989, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, NY; or Ausubel, F.M. et al., 1989, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, New York NY, both of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

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The nucleic acid sequences of the present invention also include the sequence information from the nucleic acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954. The sequence information can be a segment of any one of SEQ ID NO:1-1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 that uniquely identifies or represents the sequence information of that sequence of SEQ ID NO:1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954. One such segment can be a twenty-mer nucleic acid sequence because the probability that a twenty-mer is fully matched in the human genome is 1 in 300. In the human genome, there are three billion base pairs in one set of chromosomes. Because 4<sup>20</sup> possible twenty-mers exist, there are 300 times more twenty-mers than there are base pairs in a set of human chromosomes. Using the same analysis, the probability for a seventeen-mer to be fully matched in the human genome is approximately 1 in 5. When these segments are used in arrays for expression studies, fifteen-mer segments can be used. The probability that the fifteen-mer is fully matched in the expressed sequences is also approximately one in five because expressed sequences comprise less than approximately 5% of the entire genome sequence.

Similarly, when using sequence information for detecting a single mismatch, a segment can be a twenty-five mer. The probability that the twenty-five mer would appear in a human genome with a single mismatch is calculated by multiplying the probability for a full match  $(1 \div 4^{25})$  times the

increased probability for mismatch at each nucleotide position (3 x 25). The probability that an eighteen mer with a single mismatch can be detected in an array for expression studies is approximately one in five. The probability that a twenty-mer with a single mismatch can be detected in a human genome is approximately one in five.

The term "open reading frame," ORF, means a series of nucleotide triplets coding for amino acids without any termination codons and is a sequence translatable into protein.

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The terms "operably linked" or "operably associated" refer to functionally related nucleic acid sequences. For example, a promoter is operably associated or operably linked with a coding sequence if the promoter controls the transcription of the coding sequence. While operably linked nucleic acid sequences can be contiguous and in the same reading frame, certain genetic elements e.g. repressor genes are not contiguously linked to the coding sequence but still control transcription/translation of the coding sequence.

The term "pluripotent" refers to the capability of a cell to differentiate into a number of differentiated cell types that are present in an adult organism. A pluripotent cell is restricted in its differentiation capability in comparison to a totipotent cell.

The terms "polypeptide" or "peptide" or "amino acid sequence" refer to an oligopeptide, peptide, polypeptide or protein sequence or fragment thereof and to naturally occurring or synthetic molecules. A polypeptide "fragment," "portion," or "segment" is a stretch of amino acid residues of at least about 5 amino acids, preferably at least about 7 amino acids, more preferably at least about 9 amino acids and most preferably at least about 17 or more amino acids. The peptide preferably is not greater than about 500 amino acids, more preferably less than 200 amino acids more preferably less than 150 amino acids and most preferably less than 100 amino acids. Preferably the peptide is from about 5 to about 200 amino acids. To be active, any polypeptide must have sufficient length to display biological and/or immunological activity.

The term "naturally occurring polypeptide" refers to polypeptides produced by cells that have not been genetically engineered and specifically contemplates various polypeptides arising from post-translational modifications of the polypeptide including, but not limited to, acetylation, carboxylation, glycosylation, phosphorylation, lipidation and acylation.

The term "translated protein coding portion" means a sequence which encodes for the full length protein which may include any leader sequence or any processing sequence.

The term "mature protein coding sequence" means a sequence which encodes a peptide or protein without a signal or leader sequence. The "mature protein portion" means that portion of the protein which does not include a signal or leader sequence. The peptide may have been produced by processing in the cell which removes any leader/signal sequence. The mature protein portion may or may not include the initial methionine residue. The methionine residue

may be removed from the protein during processing in the cell. The peptide may be produced synthetically or the protein may have been produced using a polynucleotide only encoding for the mature protein coding sequence.

The term "derivative" refers to polypeptides chemically modified by such techniques as ubiquitination, labeling (e.g., with radionuclides or various enzymes), covalent polymer attachment such as pegylation (derivatization with polyethylene glycol) and insertion or substitution by chemical synthesis of amino acids such as ornithine, which do not normally occur in human proteins.

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The term "variant" (or "analog") refers to any polypeptide differing from naturally occurring polypeptides by amino acid insertions, deletions, and substitutions, created using, e.g., recombinant DNA techniques. Guidance in determining which amino acid residues may be replaced, added or deleted without abolishing activities of interest, may be found by comparing the sequence of the particular polypeptide with that of homologous peptides and minimizing the number of amino acid sequence changes made in regions of high homology (conserved regions) or by replacing amino acids with consensus sequence.

Alternatively, recombinant variants encoding these same or similar polypeptides may be synthesized or selected by making use of the "redundancy" in the genetic code. Various codon substitutions, such as the silent changes which produce various restriction sites, may be introduced to optimize cloning into a plasmid or viral vector or expression in a particular prokaryotic or eukaryotic system. Mutations in the polynucleotide sequence may be reflected in the polypeptide or domains of other peptides added to the polypeptide to modify the properties of any part of the polypeptide, to change characteristics such as ligand-binding affinities, interchain affinities, or degradation/turnover rate.

Preferably, amino acid "substitutions" are the result of replacing one amino acid with another amino acid having similar structural and/or chemical properties, *i.e.*, conservative amino acid replacements. "Conservative" amino acid substitutions may be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity, and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues involved. For example, nonpolar (hydrophobic) amino acids include alanine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, proline, phenylalanine, tryptophan, and methionine; polar neutral amino acids include glycine, serine, threonine, cysteine, tyrosine, asparagine, and glutamine; positively charged (basic) amino acids include arginine, lysine, and histidine; and negatively charged (acidic) amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid. "Insertions" or "deletions" are preferably in the range of about 1 to 20 amino acids, more preferably 1 to 10 amino acids. The variation allowed may be experimentally determined by systematically making

insertions, deletions, or substitutions of amino acids in a polypeptide molecule using recombinant DNA techniques and assaying the resulting recombinant variants for activity.

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Alternatively, where alteration of function is desired, insertions, deletions or non-conservative alterations can be engineered to produce altered polypeptides. Such alterations can, for example, alter one or more of the biological functions or biochemical characteristics of the polypeptides of the invention. For example, such alterations may change polypeptide characteristics such as ligand-binding affinities, interchain affinities, or degradation/turnover rate. Further, such alterations can be selected so as to generate polypeptides that are better suited for expression, scale up and the like in the host cells chosen for expression. For example, cysteine residues can be deleted or substituted with another amino acid residue in order to eliminate disulfide bridges.

The terms "purified" or "substantially purified" as used herein denotes that the indicated nucleic acid or polypeptide is present in the substantial absence of other biological macromolecules, e.g., polynucleotides, proteins, and the like. In one embodiment, the polynucleotide or polypeptide is purified such that it constitutes at least 95% by weight, more preferably at least 99% by weight, of the indicated biological macromolecules present (but water, buffers, and other small molecules, especially molecules having a molecular weight of less than 1000 daltons, can be present).

The term "isolated" as used herein refers to a nucleic acid or polypeptide separated from at least one other component (e.g., nucleic acid or polypeptide) present with the nucleic acid or polypeptide in its natural source. In one embodiment, the nucleic acid or polypeptide is found in the presence of (if anything) only a solvent, buffer, ion, or other component normally present in a solution of the same. The terms "isolated" and "purified" do not encompass nucleic acids or polypeptides present in their natural source.

The term "recombinant," when used herein to refer to a polypeptide or protein, means that a polypeptide or protein is derived from recombinant (e.g., microbial, insect, or mammalian) expression systems. "Microbial" refers to recombinant polypeptides or proteins made in bacterial or fungal (e.g., yeast) expression systems. As a product, "recombinant microbial" defines a polypeptide or protein essentially free of native endogenous substances and unaccompanied by associated native glycosylation. Polypeptides or proteins expressed in most bacterial cultures, e.g., E. coli, will be free of glycosylation modifications; polypeptides or proteins expressed in yeast will have a glycosylation pattern in general different from those expressed in mammalian cells.

The term "recombinant expression vehicle or vector" refers to a plasmid or phage or virus or vector, for expressing a polypeptide from a DNA (RNA) sequence. An expression vehicle can

comprise a transcriptional unit comprising an assembly of (1) a genetic element or elements having a regulatory role in gene expression, for example, promoters or enhancers, (2) a structural or coding sequence which is transcribed into mRNA and translated into protein, and (3) appropriate transcription initiation and termination sequences. Structural units intended for use in yeast or eukaryotic expression systems preferably include a leader sequence enabling extracellular secretion of translated protein by a host cell. Alternatively, where recombinant protein is expressed without a leader or transport sequence, it may include an amino terminal methionine residue. This residue may or may not be subsequently cleaved from the expressed recombinant protein to provide a final product.

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The term "recombinant expression system" means host cells which have stably integrated a recombinant transcriptional unit into chromosomal DNA or carry the recombinant transcriptional unit extrachromosomally. Recombinant expression systems as defined herein will express heterologous polypeptides or proteins upon induction of the regulatory elements linked to the DNA segment or synthetic gene to be expressed. This term also means host cells which have stably integrated a recombinant genetic element or elements having a regulatory role in gene expression, for example, promoters or enhancers. Recombinant expression systems as defined herein will express polypeptides or proteins endogenous to the cell upon induction of the regulatory elements linked to the endogenous DNA segment or gene to be expressed. The cells can be prokaryotic or eukaryotic.

The term "secreted" includes a protein that is transported across or through a membrane, including transport as a result of signal sequences in its amino acid sequence when it is expressed in a suitable host cell. "Secreted" proteins include without limitation proteins secreted wholly (e.g., soluble proteins) or partially (e.g., receptors) from the cell in which they are expressed. "Secreted" proteins also include without limitation proteins that are transported across the membrane of the endoplasmic reticulum. "Secreted" proteins are also intended to include proteins containing non-typical signal sequences (e.g. Interleukin-1 Beta, see Krasney, P.A. and Young, P.R. (1992) Cytokine 4(2):134-143) and factors released from damaged cells (e.g. Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist, see Arend, W.P. et. al. (1998) Annu. Rev. Immunol. 16:27-55)

Where desired, an expression vector may be designed to contain a "signal or leader sequence" which will direct the polypeptide through the membrane of a cell. Such a sequence may be naturally present on the polypeptides of the present invention or provided from heterologous protein sources by recombinant DNA techniques.

The term "stringent" is used to refer to conditions that are commonly understood in the art as stringent. Stringent conditions can include highly stringent conditions (i.e., hybridization

to filter-bound DNA in 0.5 M NaHPO<sub>4</sub>, 7% sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), 1 mM EDTA at 65°C, and washing in 0.1X SSC/0.1% SDS at 68°C), and moderately stringent conditions (i.e., washing in 0.2X SSC/0.1% SDS at 42°C). Other exemplary hybridization conditions are described herein in the examples.

In instances of hybridization of deoxyoligonucleotides, additional exemplary stringent hybridization conditions include washing in 6X SSC/0.05% sodium pyrophosphate at 37°C (for 14-base oligonucleotides), 48°C (for 17-base oligos), 55°C (for 20-base oligonucleotides), and 60°C (for 23-base oligonucleotides).

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As used herein, "substantially equivalent" can refer both to nucleotide and amino acid sequences, for example a mutant sequence, that varies from a reference sequence by one or more 10 substitutions, deletions, or additions, the net effect of which does not result in an adverse functional dissimilarity between the reference and subject sequences. Typically, such a substantially equivalent sequence varies from one of those listed herein by no more than about 35% (i.e., the number of individual residue substitutions, additions, and/or deletions in a substantially equivalent sequence, as compared to the corresponding reference sequence, divided 15 by the total number of residues in the substantially equivalent sequence is about 0.35 or less). Such a sequence is said to have 65% sequence identity to the listed sequence. In one embodiment, a substantially equivalent, e.g., mutant, sequence of the invention varies from a listed sequence by no more than 30% (70% sequence identity); in a variation of this embodiment, 20 by no more than 25% (75% sequence identity); and in a further variation of this embodiment, by no more than 20% (80% sequence identity) and in a further variation of this embodiment, by no more than 10% (90% sequence identity) and in a further variation of this embodiment, by no more that 5% (95% sequence identity). Substantially equivalent, e.g., mutant, amino acid sequences according to the invention preferably have at least 80% sequence identity with a listed amino acid sequence, more preferably at least 85% sequence identity, more preferably at least 25 90% sequence identity, more preferably at least 95% sequence identity, more preferably at least 98% sequence identity and most preferably at least 98% idenity. Substantially equivalent nucleotide sequences of the invention can have lower percent sequence identities, taking into account, for example, the redundancy or degeneracy of the genetic code. Preferably, nucleotide sequence has at least about 65% identity, more preferably at least about 75% identity, more 30 preferably at least about 80% identity, more preferably at least about 85% identity, more preferably at least about 90% identity, and most preferably at least about 95% identity, more preferably at least 98% and most preferably at least about 99% identity. For the purposes of the present invention, sequences having substantially equivalent biological activity and substantially equivalent expression characteristics are considered substantially equivalent. For the purposes of 35

determining equivalence, truncation of the mature sequence (e.g., via a mutation which creates a spurious stop codon) should be disregarded. Sequence identity may be determined, e.g., using the Jotun Hein method (Hein, J. (1990) Methods Enzymol. 183:626-645). Identity between sequences can also be determined by other methods known in the art, e.g. by varying hybridization conditions.

The term "totipotent" refers to the capability of a cell to differentiate into all of the cell types of an adult organism.

The term "transformation" means introducing DNA into a suitable host cell so that the DNA is replicable, either as an extrachromosomal element, or by chromosomal integration. The term "transfection" refers to the taking up of an expression vector by a suitable host cell, whether or not any coding sequences are in fact expressed. The term "infection" refers to the introduction of nucleic acids into a suitable host cell by use of a virus or viral vector.

As used herein, an "uptake modulating fragment," UMF, means a series of nucleotides which mediate the uptake of a linked DNA fragment into a cell. UMFs can be readily identified using known UMFs as a target sequence or target motif with the computer-based systems described below. The presence and activity of a UMF can be confirmed by attaching the suspected UMF to a marker sequence. The resulting nucleic acid molecule is then incubated with an appropriate host under appropriate conditions and the uptake of the marker sequence is determined. As described above, a UMF will increase the frequency of uptake of a linked marker sequence.

Each of the above terms is meant to encompass all that is described for each, unless the context dictates otherwise.

#### 4.2 NUCLEIC ACIDS OF THE INVENTION

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Nucleotide sequences of the invention are set forth in the Sequence Listing.

The isolated polynucleotides of the invention include a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954; a polynucleotide encoding any one of the peptide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960; and a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence encoding the mature protein coding sequence of the polypeptides of any one of SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960. The polynucleotides of the present invention also include, but are not limited to, a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to (a) the complement of any of the nucleotides sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954; (b) nucleotide sequences encoding any one of the amino acid sequences set forth in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960; (c) a

polynucleotide which is an allelic variant of any polynucleotide recited above; (d) a polynucleotide which encodes a species homolog of any of the proteins recited above; or (e) a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide comprising a specific domain or truncation of the polypeptides of SEQ ID NO:985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960. Domains of interest may depend on the nature of the encoded polypeptide; e.g., domains in receptor-like polypeptides include ligand-binding, extracellular, transmembrane, or cytoplasmic domains, or combinations thereof; domains in immunoglobulin-like proteins include the variable immunoglobulin-like domains; domains in enzyme-like polypeptides include catalytic and substrate binding domains; and domains in ligand polypeptides include receptor-binding domains.

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The polynucleotides of the invention include naturally occurring or wholly or partially synthetic DNA, e.g., cDNA and genomic DNA, and RNA, e.g., mRNA. The polynucleotides may include all of the coding region of the cDNA or may represent a portion of the coding region of the cDNA.

15 The present invention also provides genes corresponding to the cDNA sequences disclosed herein. The corresponding genes can be isolated in accordance with known methods using the sequence information disclosed herein. Such methods include the preparation of probes or primers from the disclosed sequence information for identification and/or amplification of genes in appropriate genomic libraries or other sources of genomic materials. Further 5' and 3' sequence can be obtained using methods known in the art. For example, full length cDNA or genomic DNA that 20 corresponds to any of the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 can be obtained by screening appropriate cDNA or genomic DNA libraries under suitable hybridization conditions using any of the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 or a portion thereof as a probe. Alternatively, the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 may be used as the basis for suitable primer(s) that allow identification and/or amplification of genes in appropriate genomic DNA or cDNA libraries.

The nucleic acid sequences of the invention can be assembled from ESTs and sequences (including cDNA and genomic sequences) obtained from one or more public databases, such as dbEST, gbpri, and UniGene. The EST sequences can provide identifying sequence information, representative fragment or segment information, or novel segment information for the full-length gene.

The polynucleotides of the invention also provide polynucleotides including nucleotide sequences that are substantially equivalent to the polynucleotides recited above. Polynucleotides according to the invention can have, e.g., at least about 65%, at least about 70%, at least about

75%, at least about 80%, 81%, 82%, 83%, 84%, more typically at least about 85%, 86%, 87%, 88%, 89%, and more typically at least about 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, and even more typically at least about 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, sequence identity to a polynucleotide recited above.

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Included within the scope of the nucleic acid sequences of the invention are nucleic acid sequence fragments that hybridize under stringent conditions to any of the nucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954, or complements thereof, which fragment is greater than about 5 nucleotides, preferably 7 nucleotides, more preferably greater than 9 nucleotides and most preferably greater than 17 nucleotides. Fragments of, e.g. 15, 17, or 20 nucleotides or more that are selective for (i.e. specifically hybridize to any one of the polynucleotides of the invention) are contemplated. Probes capable of specifically hybridizing to a polynucleotide can differentiate polynucleotide sequences of the invention from other polynucleotide sequences in the same family of genes or can differentiate human genes from genes of other species, and are preferably based on unique nucleotide sequences.

The sequences falling within the scope of the present invention are not limited to these specific sequences, but also include allelic and species variations thereof. Allelic and species variations can be routinely determined by comparing the sequence provided SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954, a representative fragment thereof, or a nucleotide sequence at least 90% identical, preferably 95% identical, to SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 with a sequence from another isolate of the same species. Furthermore, to accommodate codon variability, the invention includes nucleic acid molecules coding for the same amino acid sequences as do the specific ORFs disclosed herein. In other words, in the coding region of an ORF, substitution of one codon for another codon that encodes the same amino acid is expressly contemplated.

The nearest neighbor or homology result for the nucleic acids of the present invention, including SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954, can be obtained by searching a database using an algorithm or a program. Preferably, a BLAST which stands for Basic Local Alignment Search Tool is used to search for local sequence alignments (Altshul, S.F. J Mol. Evol. 36 290-300 (1993) and Altschul S.F. et al. J. Mol. Biol. 21:403-410 (1990)). Alternatively a FASTA version 3 search against Genpept, using Fastxy algorithm.

Species homologs (or orthologs) of the disclosed polynucleotides and proteins are also provided by the present invention. Species homologs may be isolated and identified by making suitable probes or primers from the sequences provided herein and screening a suitable nucleic acid source from the desired species.

The invention also encompasses allelic variants of the disclosed polynucleotides or proteins; that is, naturally-occurring alternative forms of the isolated polynucleotide which also encode proteins which are identical, homologous or related to that encoded by the polynucleotides.

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The nucleic acid sequences of the invention are further directed to sequences which encode variants of the described nucleic acids. These amino acid sequence variants may be prepared by methods known in the art by introducing appropriate nucleotide changes into a native or variant polynucleotide. There are two variables in the construction of amino acid sequence variants: the location of the mutation and the nature of the mutation. Nucleic acids encoding the amino acid sequence variants are preferably constructed by mutating the polynucleotide to encode an amino acid sequence that does not occur in nature. These nucleic acid alterations can be made at sites that differ in the nucleic acids from different species (variable positions) or in highly conserved regions (constant regions). Sites at such locations will typically be modified in series, e.g., by substituting first with conservative choices (e.g., hydrophobic amino acid to a different hydrophobic amino acid) and then with more distant choices (e.g., hydrophobic amino acid to a charged amino acid), and then deletions or insertions may be made at the target site. Amino acid sequence deletions generally range from about 1 to 30 residues, preferably about 1 to 10 residues, and are typically contiguous. Amino acid insertions include amino- and/or carboxyl-terminal fusions ranging in length from one to one hundred or more residues, as well as intrasequence insertions of single or multiple amino acid residues. Intrasequence insertions may range generally from about 1 to 10 amino residues, preferably from 1 to 5 residues. Examples of terminal insertions include the heterologous signal sequences necessary for secretion or for intracellular targeting in different host cells and sequences such as FLAG or poly-histidine sequences useful for purifying the expressed protein.

In a preferred method, polynucleotides encoding the novel amino acid sequences are changed via site-directed mutagenesis. This method uses oligonucleotide sequences to alter a polynucleotide to encode the desired amino acid variant, as well as sufficient adjacent nucleotides on both sides of the changed amino acid to form a stable duplex on either side of the site of being changed. In general, the techniques of site-directed mutagenesis are well known to those of skill in the art and this technique is exemplified by publications such as, Edelman et al., DNA 2:183 (1983). A versatile and efficient method for producing site-specific changes in a polynucleotide sequence was published by Zoller and Smith, Nucleic Acids Res. 10:6487-6500 (1982). PCR may also be used to create amino acid sequence variants of the novel nucleic acids. When small amounts of template DNA are used as starting material, primer(s) that differs slightly in sequence from the corresponding region in the template DNA can generate the desired

amino acid variant. PCR amplification results in a population of product DNA fragments that differ from the polynucleotide template encoding the polypeptide at the position specified by the primer. The product DNA fragments replace the corresponding region in the plasmid and this gives a polynucleotide encoding the desired amino acid variant.

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A further technique for generating amino acid variants is the cassette mutagenesis technique described in Wells et al., *Gene* 34:315 (1985); and other mutagenesis techniques well known in the art, such as, for example, the techniques in Sambrook et al., supra, and *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, Ausubel et al. Due to the inherent degeneracy of the genetic code, other DNA sequences which encode substantially the same or a functionally equivalent amino acid sequence may be used in the practice of the invention for the cloning and expression of these novel nucleic acids. Such DNA sequences include those which are capable of hybridizing to the appropriate novel nucleic acid sequence under stringent conditions.

Polynucleotides encoding preferred polypeptide truncations of the invention can be used to generate polynucleotides encoding chimeric or fusion proteins comprising one or more domains of the invention and heterologous protein sequences.

The polynucleotides of the invention additionally include the complement of any of the polynucleotides recited above. The polynucleotide can be DNA (genomic, cDNA, amplified, or synthetic) or RNA. Methods and algorithms for obtaining such polynucleotides are well known to those of skill in the art and can include, for example, methods for determining hybridization conditions that can routinely isolate polynucleotides of the desired sequence identities.

In accordance with the invention, polynucleotide sequences comprising the mature protein coding sequences corresponding to any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954, or functional equivalents thereof, may be used to generate recombinant DNA molecules that direct the expression of that nucleic acid, or a functional equivalent thereof, in appropriate host cells. Also included are the cDNA inserts of any of the clones identified herein.

A polynucleotide according to the invention can be joined to any of a variety of other nucleotide sequences by well-established recombinant DNA techniques (see Sambrook J et al. (1989) Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, NY). Useful nucleotide sequences for joining to polynucleotides include an assortment of vectors, e.g., plasmids, cosmids, lambda phage derivatives, phagemids, and the like, that are well known in the art. Accordingly, the invention also provides a vector including a polynucleotide of the invention and a host cell containing the polynucleotide. In general, the vector contains an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites, and a selectable marker for the host cell. Vectors according to the invention include expression

vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors, and sequencing vectors. A host cell according to the invention can be a prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell and can be a unicellular organism or part of a multicellular organism.

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The present invention further provides recombinant constructs comprising a nucleic acid having any of the nucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954or a fragment thereof or any other polynucleotides of the invention. In one embodiment, the recombinant constructs of the present invention comprise a vector, such as a plasmid or viral vector, into which a nucleic acid having any of the nucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 or a fragment thereof is inserted, in a forward or reverse orientation. In the case of a vector comprising one of the ORFs of the present invention, the vector may further comprise regulatory sequences, including for example, a promoter, operably linked to the ORF. Large numbers of suitable vectors and promoters are known to those of skill in the art and are commercially available for generating the recombinant constructs of the present invention. The following vectors are provided by way of example. Bacterial: pBs, phagescript, PsiX174, pBluescript SK, pBs KS, pNH8a, pNH16a, pNH18a, pNH46a (Stratagene); pTrc99A, pKK223-3, pKK233-3, pDR540, pRIT5 (Pharmacia). Eukaryotic: pWLneo, pSV2cat, pOG44, PXTI, pSG (Stratagene) pSVK3, pBPV, pMSG, pSVL (Pharmacia).

The isolated polynucleotide of the invention may be operably linked to an expression control sequence such as the pMT2 or pED expression vectors disclosed in Kaufman et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 19, 4485-4490 (1991), in order to produce the protein recombinantly. Many 20 suitable expression control sequences are known in the art. General methods of expressing recombinant proteins are also known and are exemplified in R. Kaufman, Methods in Enzymology 185, 537-566 (1990). As defined herein "operably linked" means that the isolated polynucleotide of the invention and an expression control sequence are situated within a vector or cell in such a way that the protein is expressed by a host cell which has been transformed (transfected) with the ligated polynucleotide/expression control sequence.

Promoter regions can be selected from any desired gene using CAT (chloramphenicol transferase) vectors or other vectors with selectable markers. Two appropriate vectors are pKK232-8 and pCM7. Particular named bacterial promoters include lacI, lacZ, T3, T7, gpt, lambda PR, and trc. Eukaryotic promoters include CMV immediate early, HSV thymidine kinase, early and late SV40, LTRs from retrovirus, and mouse metallothionein-I. Selection of the appropriate vector and promoter is well within the level of ordinary skill in the art. Generally, recombinant expression vectors will include origins of replication and selectable markers permitting transformation of the host cell, e.g., the ampicillin resistance gene of E. coliand S. cerevisiae TRP1 gene, and a promoter derived from a highly-expressed gene to direct

transcription of a downstream structural sequence. Such promoters can be derived from operons encoding glycolytic enzymes such as 3-phosphoglycerate kinase (PGK), a-factor, acid phosphatase, or heat shock proteins, among others. The heterologous structural sequence is assembled in appropriate phase with translation initiation and termination sequences, and preferably, a leader sequence capable of directing secretion of translated protein into the periplasmic space or extracellular medium. Optionally, the heterologous sequence can encode a fusion protein including an amino terminal identification peptide imparting desired characteristics, e.g., stabilization or simplified purification of expressed recombinant product. Useful expression vectors for bacterial use are constructed by inserting a structural DNA sequence encoding a desired protein together with suitable translation initiation and termination signals in operable reading phase with a functional promoter. The vector will comprise one or more phenotypic selectable markers and an origin of replication to ensure maintenance of the vector and to, if desirable, provide amplification within the host. Suitable prokaryotic hosts for transformation include E. coli, Bacillus subtilis, Salmonella typhimurium and various species within the genera Pseudomonas, Streptomyces, and Staphylococcus, although others may also be employed as a matter of choice.

As a representative but non-limiting example, useful expression vectors for bacterial use can comprise a selectable marker and bacterial origin of replication derived from commercially available plasmids comprising genetic elements of the well known cloning vector pBR322 (ATCC 37017). Such commercial vectors include, for example, pKK223-3 (Pharmacia Fine Chemicals, Uppsala, Sweden) and GEM 1 (Promega Biotech, Madison, WI, USA). These pBR322 "backbone" sections are combined with an appropriate promoter and the structural sequence to be expressed. Following transformation of a suitable host strain and growth of the host strain to an appropriate cell density, the selected promoter is induced or derepressed by appropriate means (e.g., temperature shift or chemical induction) and cells are cultured for an additional period. Cells are typically harvested by centrifugation, disrupted by physical or chemical means, and the resulting crude extract retained for further purification.

Polynucleotides of the invention can also be used to induce immune responses. For example, as described in Fan et al., *Nat. Biotech.* 17:870-872 (1999), incorporated herein by reference, nucleic acid sequences encoding a polypeptide may be used to generate antibodies against the encoded polypeptide following topical administration of naked plasmid DNA or following injection, and preferably intramuscular injection of the DNA. The nucleic acid sequences are preferably inserted in a recombinant expression vector and may be in the form of naked DNA.

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#### **4.3 ANTISENSE**

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Another aspect of the invention pertains to isolated antisense nucleic acid molecules that are hybridizable to or complementary to the nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954, or fragments, analogs or derivatives thereof. An "antisense" nucleic acid comprises a nucleotide sequence that is complementary to a "sense" nucleic acid encoding a protein, e.g., complementary to the coding strand of a double-stranded cDNA molecule or complementary to an mRNA sequence. In specific aspects, antisense nucleic acid molecules are provided that comprise a sequence complementary to at least about 10, 25, 50, 100, 250 or 500 nucleotides or an entire coding strand, or to only a portion thereof. Nucleic acid molecules encoding fragments, homologs, derivatives and analogs of a protein of any of SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960 or antisense nucleic acids complementary to a nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 are additionally provided.

In one embodiment, an antisense nucleic acid molecule is antisense to a "coding region" of the coding strand of a nucleotide sequence of the invention. The term "coding region" refers to the region of the nucleotide sequence comprising codons which are translated into amino acid residues. In another embodiment, the antisense nucleic acid molecule is antisense to a "noncoding region" of the coding strand of a nucleotide sequence of the invention. The term "noncoding region" refers to 5' and 3' sequences which flank the coding region that are not translated into amino acids (*i.e.*, also referred to as 5' and 3' untranslated regions).

Given the coding strand sequences encoding a nucleic acid disclosed herein (e.g., SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954), antisense nucleic acids of the invention can be designed according to the rules of Watson and Crick or Hoogsteen base pairing. The antisense nucleic acid molecule can be complementary to the entire coding region of a mRNA, but more preferably is an oligonucleotide that is antisense to only a portion of the coding or noncoding region of a mRNA. For example, the antisense oligonucleotide can be complementary to the region surrounding the translation start site of a mRNA. An antisense oligonucleotide can be, for example, about 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45 or 50 nucleotides in length. An antisense nucleic acid of the invention can be constructed using chemical synthesis or enzymatic ligation reactions using procedures known in the art. For example, an antisense nucleic acid (e.g., an antisense oligonucleotide) can be chemically synthesized using naturally occurring nucleotides or variously modified nucleotides designed to increase the biological stability of the molecules or to increase the physical stability of the duplex formed between the antisense and sense nucleic acids, e.g., phosphorothioate derivatives and acridine substituted nucleotides can be used.

Examples of modified nucleotides that can be used to generate the antisense nucleic acid include: 5-fluorouracil, 5-bromouracil, 5-chlorouracil, 5-iodouracil, hypoxanthine, xanthine, 4-acetylcytosine, 5-(carboxyhydroxylmethyl) uracil, 5-carboxymethylaminomethyl-2-thiouridine, 5-carboxymethylaminomethyluracil, dihydrouracil, beta-D-galactosylqueosine, inosine, N6-isopentenyladenine, 1-methylguanine, 1-methylguanine, 2,2-dimethylguanine, 2-methyladenine, 2-methylguanine, 3-methylcytosine, 5-methylcytosine, N6-adenine, 7-methylguanine, 5-methylaminomethyluracil, 5-methoxyaminomethyl-2-thiouracil, beta-D-mannosylqueosine, 5'-methoxycarboxymethyluracil, 5-methoxyuracil, 2-methylthio-N6-isopentenyladenine, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid (v), wybutoxosine, pseudouracil, queosine, 2-thiocytosine, 5-methyl-2-thiouracil, 2-thiouracil, 4-thiouracil, 5-methyluracil, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid methylester, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid (v), 5-methyl-2-thiouracil, 3-(3-amino-3-N-2-carboxypropyl) uracil, (acp3)w, and 2,6-diaminopurine. Alternatively, the antisense nucleic acid can be produced biologically using an expression vector into which a nucleic acid has been subcloned in an antisense orientation (i.e., RNA transcribed from the inserted nucleic acid will be of an antisense orientation to a target nucleic acid of interest, described further in the following subsection).

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The antisense nucleic acid molecules of the invention are typically administered to a subject or generated in situ such that they hybridize with or bind to cellular mRNA and/or genomic DNA encoding a protein according to the invention to thereby inhibit expression of the protein, e.g., by inhibiting transcription and/or translation. The hybridization can be by conventional nucleotide complementarity to form a stable duplex, or, for example, in the case of an antisense nucleic acid molecule that binds to DNA duplexes, through specific interactions in the major groove of the double helix. An example of a route of administration of antisense nucleic acid molecules of the invention includes direct injection at a tissue site. Alternatively, antisense nucleic acid molecules can be modified to target selected cells and then administered systemically. For example, for systemic administration, antisense molecules can be modified such that they specifically bind to receptors or antigens expressed on a selected cell surface, e.g., by linking the antisense nucleic acid molecules to peptides or antibodies that bind to cell surface receptors or antigens. The antisense nucleic acid molecules can also be delivered to cells using the vectors described herein. To achieve sufficient intracellular concentrations of antisense molecules, vector constructs in which the antisense nucleic acid molecule is placed under the control of a strong pol II or pol III promoter are preferred.

In yet another embodiment, the antisense nucleic acid molecule of the invention is an  $\alpha$ -anomeric nucleic acid molecule. An  $\alpha$ -anomeric nucleic acid molecule forms specific double-stranded hybrids with complementary RNA in which, contrary to the usual  $\beta$ -units, the

strands run parallel to each other (Gaultier et al. (1987) Nucleic Acids Res 15: 6625-6641). The antisense nucleic acid molecule can also comprise a 2'-o-methylribonucleotide (Inoue et al. (1987) Nucleic Acids Res 15: 6131-6148) or a chimeric RNA -DNA analogue (Inoue et al. (1987) FEBS Lett 215: 327-330).

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#### 4.4 RIBOZYMES AND PNA MOIETIES

In still another embodiment, an antisense nucleic acid of the invention is a ribozyme. Ribozymes are catalytic RNA molecules with ribonuclease activity that are capable of cleaving a single-stranded nucleic acid, such as a mRNA, to which they have a complementary region. 10 Thus, ribozymes (e.g., hammerhead ribozymes (described in Haselhoff and Gerlach (1988) Nature 334:585-591)) can be used to catalytically cleave a mRNA transcripts to thereby inhibit translation of a mRNA. A ribozyme having specificity for a nucleic acid of the invention can be designed based upon the nucleotide sequence of a DNA disclosed herein (i.e., SEO ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954). For example, a derivative of a Tetrahymena L-19 IVS RNA can be constructed in which the nucleotide sequence of the active site is complementary to the nucleotide sequence to be cleaved in a SECX-encoding mRNA. See, e.g., Cech et al. U.S. Pat. No. 4,987,071; and Cech et al. U.S. Pat. No. 5,116,742. Alternatively. SECX mRNA can be used to select a catalytic RNA having a specific ribonuclease activity from a pool of RNA molecules. See, e.g., Bartel et al., (1993) Science 261:1411-1418.

20 Alternatively, gene expression can be inhibited by targeting nucleotide sequences complementary to the regulatory region (e.g., promoter and/or enhancers) to form triple helical structures that prevent transcription of the gene in target cells. See generally, Helene. (1991) Anticancer Drug Des. 6: 569-84; Helene, et al. (1992) Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 660:27-36; and Maher (1992) Bioassays 14: 807-15.

In various embodiments, the nucleic acids of the invention can be modified at the base moiety, sugar moiety or phosphate backbone to improve, e.g., the stability, hybridization, or solubility of the molecule. For example, the deoxyribose phosphate backbone of the nucleic acids can be modified to generate peptide nucleic acids (see Hyrup et al. (1996) Bioorg Med Chem 4: 5-23). As used herein, the terms "peptide nucleic acids" or "PNAs" refer to nucleic acid mimics, e.g., DNA mimics, in which the deoxyribose phosphate backbone is replaced by a pseudopeptide backbone and only the four natural nucleobases are retained. The neutral backbone of PNAs has been shown to allow for specific hybridization to DNA and RNA under conditions of low ionic strength. The synthesis of PNA oligomers can be performed using standard solid phase peptide synthesis protocols as described in Hyrup et al. (1996) above; Perry-O'Keefe et al. (1996) PNAS 93: 14670-675.

PNAs of the invention can be used in therapeutic and diagnostic applications. For example, PNAs can be used as antisense or antigene agents for sequence-specific modulation of gene expression by, e.g., inducing transcription or translation arrest or inhibiting replication. PNAs of the invention can also be used, e.g., in the analysis of single base pair mutations in a gene by, e.g., PNA directed PCR clamping; as artificial restriction enzymes when used in combination with other enzymes, e.g., S1 nucleases (Hyrup B. (1996) above); or as probes or primers for DNA sequence and hybridization (Hyrup et al. (1996), above; Perry-O'Keefe (1996), above).

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In another embodiment, PNAs of the invention can be modified, e.g., to enhance their stability or cellular uptake, by attaching lipophilic or other helper groups to PNA, by the formation of PNA-DNA chimeras, or by the use of liposomes or other techniques of drug delivery known in the art. For example, PNA-DNA chimeras can be generated that may combine the advantageous properties of PNA and DNA. Such chimeras allow DNA recognition enzymes, e.g., RNase H and DNA polymerases, to interact with the DNA portion while the PNA portion would provide high binding affinity and specificity. PNA-DNA chimeras can be linked using linkers of appropriate lengths selected in terms of base stacking, number of bonds between the nucleobases, and orientation (Hyrup (1996) above). The synthesis of PNA-DNA chimeras can be performed as described in Hyrup (1996) above and Finn et al. (1996) Nucl Acids Res 24: 3357-63. For example, a DNA chain can be synthesized on a solid support using standard phosphoramidite coupling chemistry, and modified nucleoside analogs, e.g., 5'-(4-methoxytrityl)amino-5'-deoxy-thymidine phosphoramidite, can be used between the PNA and the 5' end of DNA (Mag et al. (1989) Nucl Acid Res 17: 5973-88). PNA monomers are then coupled in a stepwise manner to produce a chimeric molecule with a 5' PNA segment and a 3' DNA segment (Finn et al. (1996) above). Alternatively, chimeric molecules can be synthesized with a 5' DNA segment and a 3' PNA segment. See, Petersen et al. (1975) Bioorg Med Chem Lett 5: 1119-11124.

In other embodiments, the oligonucleotide may include other appended groups such as peptides (e.g., for targeting host cell receptors in vivo), or agents facilitating transport across the cell membrane (see, e.g., Letsinger et al., 1989, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86:6553-6556; Lemaitre et al., 1987, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 84:648-652; PCT Publication No. W088/09810) or the blood-brain barrier (see, e.g., PCT Publication No. W089/10134). In addition, oligonucleotides can be modified with hybridization triggered cleavage agents (See, e.g., Krol et al., 1988, BioTechniques 6:958-976) or intercalating agents. (See, e.g., Zon, 1988, Pharm. Res. 5: 539-549). To this end, the oligonucleotide may be conjugated to another molecule, e.g., a

peptide, a hybridization triggered cross-linking agent, a transport agent, a hybridization-triggered cleavage agent, etc.

#### **4.5 HOSTS**

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The present invention further provides host cells genetically engineered to contain the polynucleotides of the invention. For example, such host cells may contain nucleic acids of the invention introduced into the host cell using known transformation, transfection or infection methods. The present invention still further provides host cells genetically engineered to express the polynucleotides of the invention, wherein such polynucleotides are in operative association with a regulatory sequence heterologous to the host cell which drives expression of the polynucleotides in the cell.

Knowledge of nucleic acid sequences allows for modification of cells to permit, or increase, expression of endogenous polypeptide. Cells can be modified (e.g., by homologous recombination) to provide increased polypeptide expression by replacing, in whole or in part, the naturally occurring promoter with all or part of a heterologous promoter so that the cells express the polypeptide at higher levels. The heterologous promoter is inserted in such a manner that it is operatively linked to the encoding sequences. See, for example, PCT International Publication No. WO94/12650, PCT International Publication No. WO92/20808, and PCT International Publication No. WO91/09955. It is also contemplated that, in addition to heterologous promoter DNA, amplifiable marker DNA (e.g., ada, dhfr, and the multifunctional CAD gene which encodes carbamyl phosphate synthase, aspartate transcarbamylase, and dihydroorotase) and/or intron DNA may be inserted along with the heterologous promoter DNA. If linked to the coding sequence, amplification of the marker DNA by standard selection methods results in coamplification of the desired protein coding sequences in the cells.

The host cell can be a higher eukaryotic host cell, such as a mammalian cell, a lower eukaryotic host cell, such as a yeast cell, or the host cell can be a prokaryotic cell, such as a bacterial cell. Introduction of the recombinant construct into the host cell can be effected by calcium phosphate transfection, DEAE, dextran mediated transfection, or electroporation (Davis, L. et al., *Basic Methods in Molecular Biology* (1986)). The host cells containing one of the polynucleotides of the invention, can be used in conventional manners to produce the gene product encoded by the isolated fragment (in the case of an ORF) or can be used to produce a heterologous protein under the control of the EMF.

Any host/vector system can be used to express one or more of the ORFs of the present invention. These include, but are not limited to, eukaryotic hosts such as HeLa cells, Cv-1 cell, COS cells, 293 cells, and Sf9 cells, as well as prokaryotic host such as *E. coli* and *B. subtilis*.

The most preferred cells are those which do not normally express the particular polypeptide or protein or which expresses the polypeptide or protein at low natural level. Mature proteins can be expressed in mammalian cells, yeast, bacteria, or other cells under the control of appropriate promoters. Cell-free translation systems can also be employed to produce such proteins using RNAs derived from the DNA constructs of the present invention. Appropriate cloning and expression vectors for use with prokaryotic and eukaryotic hosts are described by Sambrook, et al., in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor, New York (1989), the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

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Various mammalian cell culture systems can also be employed to express recombinant protein. Examples of mammalian expression systems include the COS-7 lines of monkey kidney fibroblasts, described by Gluzman, Cell 23:175 (1981). Other cell lines capable of expressing a compatible vector are, for example, the C127, monkey COS cells, Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells, human kidney 293 cells, human epidermal A431 cells, human Colo205 cells, 3T3 cells, CV-1 cells, other transformed primate cell lines, normal diploid cells, cell strains derived from in vitro culture of primary tissue, primary explants, HeLa cells, mouse L cells, BHK, HL-60, U937, HaK or Jurkat cells. Mammalian expression vectors will comprise an origin of replication, a suitable promoter and also any necessary ribosome binding sites, polyadenylation site, splice donor and acceptor sites, transcriptional termination sequences, and 5' flanking nontranscribed sequences. DNA sequences derived from the SV40 viral genome, for example, SV40 origin, early promoter, enhancer, splice, and polyadenylation sites may be used to provide the required nontranscribed genetic elements. Recombinant polypeptides and proteins produced in bacterial culture are usually isolated by initial extraction from cell pellets, followed by one or more salting-out, aqueous ion exchange or size exclusion chromatography steps. Protein refolding steps can be used, as necessary, in completing configuration of the mature protein. Finally, high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) can be employed for final purification steps. Microbial cells employed in expression of proteins can be disrupted by any convenient method, including freeze-thaw cycling, sonication, mechanical disruption, or use of cell lysing agents.

Alternatively, it may be possible to produce the protein in lower eukaryotes such as yeast or insects or in prokaryotes such as bacteria. Potentially suitable yeast strains include Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Schizosaccharomyces pombe, Kluyveromyces strains, Candida, or any yeast strain capable of expressing heterologous proteins. Potentially suitable bacterial strains include Escherichia coli, Bacillus subtilis, Salmonella typhimurium, or any bacterial strain capable of expressing heterologous proteins. If the protein is made in yeast or bacteria, it may be necessary to modify the protein produced therein, for example by phosphorylation or

glycosylation of the appropriate sites, in order to obtain the functional protein. Such covalent attachments may be accomplished using known chemical or enzymatic methods.

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In another embodiment of the present invention, cells and tissues may be engineered to express an endogenous gene comprising the polynucleotides of the invention under the control of inducible regulatory elements, in which case the regulatory sequences of the endogenous gene may be replaced by homologous recombination. As described herein, gene targeting can be used to replace a gene's existing regulatory region with a regulatory sequence isolated from a different gene or a novel regulatory sequence synthesized by genetic engineering methods. Such regulatory sequences may be comprised of promoters, enhancers, scaffold-attachment regions, negative regulatory elements, transcriptional initiation sites, regulatory protein binding sites or combinations of said sequences. Alternatively, sequences which affect the structure or stability of the RNA or protein produced may be replaced, removed, added, or otherwise modified by targeting. These sequence include polyadenylation signals, mRNA stability elements, splice sites, leader sequences for enhancing or modifying transport or secretion properties of the protein, or other sequences which alter or improve the function or stability of protein or RNA molecules.

The targeting event may be a simple insertion of the regulatory sequence, placing the gene under the control of the new regulatory sequence, e.g., inserting a new promoter or enhancer or both upstream of a gene. Alternatively, the targeting event may be a simple deletion of a regulatory element, such as the deletion of a tissue-specific negative regulatory element. Alternatively, the targeting event may replace an existing element; for example, a tissue-specific enhancer can be replaced by an enhancer that has broader or different cell-type specificity than the naturally occurring elements. Here, the naturally occurring sequences are deleted and new sequences are added. In all cases, the identification of the targeting event may be facilitated by the use of one or more selectable marker genes that are contiguous with the targeting DNA, allowing for the selection of cells in which the exogenous DNA has integrated into the host cell genome. The identification of the targeting event may also be facilitated by the use of one or more marker genes exhibiting the property of negative selection, such that the negatively selectable marker is linked to the exogenous DNA, but configured such that the negatively selectable marker flanks the targeting sequence, and such that a correct homologous recombination event with sequences in the host cell genome does not result in the stable integration of the negatively selectable marker. Markers useful for this purpose include the Herpes Simplex Virus thymidine kinase (TK) gene or the bacterial xanthine-guanine phosphoribosyl-transferase (gpt) gene.

The gene targeting or gene activation techniques which can be used in accordance with this aspect of the invention are more particularly described in U.S. Patent No. 5,272,071 to Chappel; U.S. Patent No. 5,578,461 to Sherwin et al.; International Application No. PCT/US92/09627 (WO93/09222) by Selden et al.; and International Application No.

5 PCT/US90/06436 (WO91/06667) by Skoultchi et al., each of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

#### 4.6 POLYPEPTIDES OF THE INVENTION

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The isolated polypeptides of the invention include, but are not limited to, a polypeptide comprising: the amino acid sequences set forth as any one of SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936. 3943-3948 or 3955-3960 or an amino acid sequence encoded by any one of the nucleotide sequences SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 or the corresponding full length or mature protein. Polypeptides of the invention also include polypeptides preferably with biological or immunological activity that are encoded by: (a) a polynucleotide having any one of the nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 or (b) polynucleotides encoding any one of the amino acid sequences set forth as SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960 or (c) polynucleotides that hybridize to the complement of the polynucleotides of either (a) or (b) under stringent hybridization conditions. The invention also provides biologically active or immunologically active variants of any of the amino acid sequences set forth as SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960 or the corresponding full length or mature protein; and "substantial equivalents" thereof (e.g., at least about 65%, at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, 81%, 82%, 83%. 84%, more typically at least about 85%, 86%, 87%, 88%, 89%, and more typically at least about 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, and even more typically at least about 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, sequence identity that retain biological activity. Polypeptides encoded by allelic variants may have a similar, increased, or decreased activity compared to polypeptides comprising SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960.

Fragments of the proteins of the present invention which are capable of exhibiting biological activity are also encompassed by the present invention. Fragments of the protein may be in linear form or they may be cyclized using known methods, for example, as described in H. U. Saragovi, et al., Bio/Technology 10, 773-778 (1992) and in R. S. McDowell, et al., J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 114, 9245-9253 (1992), both of which are incorporated herein by reference. Such fragments may be fused to carrier molecules such as immunoglobulins for many purposes, including increasing the valency of protein binding sites.

The present invention also provides both full-length and mature forms (for example, without a signal sequence or precursor sequence) of the disclosed proteins. The protein coding sequence is identified in the sequence listing by translation of the disclosed nucleotide sequences. The mature form of such protein may be obtained by expression of a full-length polynucleotide in a suitable mammalian cell or other host cell. The sequence of the mature form of the protein is also determinable from the amino acid sequence of the full-length form. Where proteins of the present invention are membrane bound, soluble forms of the proteins are also provided. In such forms, part or all of the regions causing the proteins to be membrane bound are deleted so that the proteins are fully secreted from the cell in which they are expressed.

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Protein compositions of the present invention may further comprise an acceptable carrier, such as a hydrophilic, e.g., pharmaceutically acceptable, carrier.

The present invention further provides isolated polypeptides encoded by the nucleic acid fragments of the present invention or by degenerate variants of the nucleic acid fragments of the present invention. By "degenerate variant" is intended nucleotide fragments which differ from a nucleic acid fragment of the present invention (e.g., an ORF) by nucleotide sequence but, due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, encode an identical polypeptide sequence. Preferred nucleic acid fragments of the present invention are the ORFs that encode proteins.

A variety of methodologies known in the art can be utilized to obtain any one of the isolated polypeptides or proteins of the present invention. At the simplest level, the amino acid sequence can be synthesized using commercially available peptide synthesizers. The synthetically-constructed protein sequences, by virtue of sharing primary, secondary or tertiary structural and/or conformational characteristics with proteins may possess biological properties in common therewith, including protein activity. This technique is particularly useful in producing small peptides and fragments of larger polypeptides. Fragments are useful, for example, in generating antibodies against the native polypeptide. Thus, they may be employed as biologically active or immunological substitutes for natural, purified proteins in screening of therapeutic compounds and in immunological processes for the development of antibodies.

The polypeptides and proteins of the present invention can alternatively be purified from cells which have been altered to express the desired polypeptide or protein. As used herein, a cell is said to be altered to express a desired polypeptide or protein when the cell, through genetic manipulation, is made to produce a polypeptide or protein which it normally does not produce or which the cell normally produces at a lower level. One skilled in the art can readily adapt procedures for introducing and expressing either recombinant or synthetic sequences into eukaryotic or prokaryotic cells in order to generate a cell which produces one of the polypeptides or proteins of the present invention.

The invention also relates to methods for producing a polypeptide comprising growing a culture of host cells of the invention in a suitable culture medium, and purifying the protein from the cells or the culture in which the cells are grown. For example, the methods of the invention include a process for producing a polypeptide in which a host cell containing a suitable expression vector that includes a polynucleotide of the invention is cultured under conditions that allow expression of the encoded polypeptide. The polypeptide can be recovered from the culture, conveniently from the culture medium, or from a lysate prepared from the host cells and further purified. Preferred embodiments include those in which the protein produced by such process is a full length or mature form of the protein.

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In an alternative method, the polypeptide or protein is purified from bacterial cells which naturally produce the polypeptide or protein. One skilled in the art can readily follow known methods for isolating polypeptides and proteins in order to obtain one of the isolated polypeptides or proteins of the present invention. These include, but are not limited to, immunochromatography, HPLC, size-exclusion chromatography, ion-exchange chromatography, and immuno-affinity chromatography. See, e.g., Scopes, Protein Purification: Principles and Practice, Springer-Verlag (1994); Sambrook, et al., in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual; Ausubel et al., Current Protocols in Molecular Biology. Polypeptide fragments that retain biological/immunological activity include fragments comprising greater than about 100 amino acids, or greater than about 200 amino acids, and fragments that encode specific protein domains.

The purified polypeptides can be used in *in vitro* binding assays which are well known in the art to identify molecules which bind to the polypeptides. These molecules include but are not limited to, for e.g., small molecules, molecules from combinatorial libraries, antibodies or other proteins. The molecules identified in the binding assay are then tested for antagonist or agonist activity in *in vivo* tissue culture or animal models that are well known in the art. In brief, the molecules are titrated into a plurality of cell cultures or animals and then tested for either cell/animal death or prolonged survival of the animal/cells.

In addition, the peptides of the invention or molecules capable of binding to the peptides may be complexed with toxins, e.g., ricin or cholera, or with other compounds that are toxic to cells. The toxin-binding molecule complex is then targeted to a tumor or other cell by the specificity of the binding molecule for SEQ ID NO: 985-1968, 2953-3936, 3943-3948 or 3955-3960.

The protein of the invention may also be expressed as a product of transgenic animals, e.g., as a component of the milk of transgenic cows, goats, pigs, or sheep which are characterized by somatic or germ cells containing a nucleotide sequence encoding the protein.

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The proteins provided herein also include proteins characterized by amino acid sequences similar to those of purified proteins but into which modification are naturally provided or deliberately engineered. For example, modifications, in the peptide or DNA sequence, can be made by those skilled in the art using known techniques. Modifications of interest in the protein sequences may include the alteration, substitution, replacement, insertion or deletion of a selected amino acid residue in the coding sequence. For example, one or more of the cysteine residues may be deleted or replaced with another amino acid to alter the conformation of the molecule. Techniques for such alteration, substitution, replacement, insertion or deletion are well known to those skilled in the art (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 4,518,584). Preferably, such alteration, substitution, replacement, insertion or deletion retains the desired activity of the protein. Regions of the protein that are important for the protein function can be determined by various methods known in the art including the alanine-scanning method which involved systematic substitution of single or strings of amino acids with alanine, followed by testing the resulting alanine-containing variant for biological activity. This type of analysis determines the importance of the substituted amino acid(s) in biological activity. Regions of the protein that are important for protein function may be determined by the eMATRIX program.

Other fragments and derivatives of the sequences of proteins which would be expected to retain protein activity in whole or in part and are useful for screening or other immunological methodologies may also be easily made by those skilled in the art given the disclosures herein. Such modifications are encompassed by the present invention.

The protein may also be produced by operably linking the isolated polynucleotide of the invention to suitable control sequences in one or more insect expression vectors, and employing an insect expression system. Materials and methods for baculovirus/insect cell expression systems are commercially available in kit form from, e.g., Invitrogen, San Diego, Calif., U.S.A. (the MaxBat<sup>TM</sup> kit), and such methods are well known in the art, as described in Summers and Smith, Texas Agricultural Experiment Station Bulletin No. 1555 (1987), incorporated herein by reference. As used herein, an insect cell capable of expressing a polynucleotide of the present invention is "transformed."

The protein of the invention may be prepared by culturing transformed host cells under culture conditions suitable to express the recombinant protein. The resulting expressed protein may then be purified from such culture (i.e., from culture medium or cell extracts) using known purification processes, such as gel filtration and ion exchange chromatography. The purification of the protein may also include an affinity column containing agents which will bind to the protein; one or more column steps over such affinity resins as concanavalin A-agarose, heparin-toyopearl<sup>TM</sup> or Cibacrom blue 3GA Sepharose<sup>TM</sup>; one or more steps involving

hydrophobic interaction chromatography using such resins as phenyl ether, butyl ether, or propyl ether, or immunoaffinity chromatography.

Alternatively, the protein of the invention may also be expressed in a form which will facilitate purification. For example, it may be expressed as a fusion protein, such as those of maltose binding protein (MBP), glutathione-S-transferase (GST) or thioredoxin (TRX), or as a His tag. Kits for expression and purification of such fusion proteins are commercially available from New England BioLab (Beverly, Mass.), Pharmacia (Piscataway, N.J.) and Invitrogen, respectively. The protein can also be tagged with an epitope and subsequently purified by using a specific antibody directed to such epitope. One such epitope ("FLAG®") is commercially available from Kodak (New Haven, Conn.).

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Finally, one or more reverse-phase high performance liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC) steps employing hydrophobic RP-HPLC media, e.g., silica gel having pendant methyl or other aliphatic groups, can be employed to further purify the protein. Some or all of the foregoing purification steps, in various combinations, can also be employed to provide a substantially homogeneous isolated recombinant protein. The protein thus purified is substantially free of other mammalian proteins and is defined in accordance with the present invention as an "isolated protein."

The polypeptides of the invention include analogs (variants). This embraces fragments, as well as peptides in which one or more amino acids has been deleted, inserted, or substituted. Also, analogs of the polypeptides of the invention embrace fusions of the polypeptides or modifications of the polypeptides of the invention, wherein the polypeptide or analog is fused to another moiety or moieties, e.g., targeting moiety or another therapeutic agent. Such analogs may exhibit improved properties such as activity and/or stability. Examples of moieties which may be fused to the polypeptide or an analog include, for example, targeting moieties which provide for the delivery of polypeptide to pancreatic cells, e.g., antibodies to pancreatic cells, antibodies to immune cells such as T-cells, monocytes, dendritic cells, granulocytes, etc., as well as receptor and ligands expressed on pancreatic or immune cells. Other moieties which may be fused to the polypeptide include therapeutic agents which are used for treatment, for example, immunosuppressive drugs such as cyclosporin, SK506, azathioprine, CD3 antibodies and steroids. Also, polypeptides may be fused to immune modulators, and other cytokines such as alpha or beta interferon.

# 4.6.1 DETERMINING POLYPEPTIDE AND POLYNUCLEOTIDE IDENTITY AND SIMILARITY

Preferred identity and/or similarity are designed to give the largest match between the sequences tested. Methods to determine identity and similarity are codified in computer programs including, but are not limited to, the GCG program package, including GAP (Devereux, J., et al., Nucleic Acids Research 12(1):387 (1984); Genetics Computer Group, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI), BLASTP, BLASTN, BLASTX, FASTA (Altschul, S.F. 5 et al., J. Molec. Biol. 215:403-410 (1990), PSI-BLAST (Altschul S.F. et al., Nucleic Acids Res. vol. 25, pp. 3389-3402, herein incorporated by reference), eMatrix software (Wu et al., J. Comp. Biol., Vol. 6, pp. 219-235 (1999), herein incorporated by reference), eMotif software (Nevill-Manning et al, ISMB-97, Vol. 4, pp. 202-209, herein incorporated by reference), pFam software (Sonnhammer et al., Nucleic Acids Res., Vol. 26(1), pp. 320-322 (1998), herein incorporated by 10 reference) and the Kyte-Doolittle hydrophobocity prediction algorithm (J. Mol Biol, 157, pp. 105-31 (1982), incorporated herein by reference). The BLAST programs are publicly available from the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI) and other sources (BLAST Manual, Altschul, S., et al. NCB NLM NIH Bethesda, MD 20894; Altschul, S., et al., J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410 (1990). 15

### 4.7 CHIMERIC AND FUSION PROTEINS

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The invention also provides chimeric or fusion proteins. As used herein, a "chimeric protein" or "fusion protein" comprises a polypeptide of the invention operatively linked to another polypeptide. Within a fusion protein the polypeptide according to the invention can correspond to all or a portion of a protein according to the invention. In one embodiment, a fusion protein comprises at least one biologically active portion of a protein according to the invention. In another embodiment, a fusion protein comprises at least two biologically active portions of a protein according to the invention. Within the fusion protein, the term "operatively linked" is intended to indicate that the polypeptide according to the invention and the other polypeptide are fused in-frame to each other. The polypeptide can be fused to the N-terminus or C-terminus.

For example, in one embodiment a fusion protein comprises a polypeptide according to the invention operably linked to the extracellular domain of a second protein.

In another embodiment, the fusion protein is a GST-fusion protein in which the polypeptide sequences of the invention are fused to the C-terminus of the GST (i.e., glutathione S-transferase) sequences.

In another embodiment, the fusion protein is an immunoglobulin fusion protein in which the polypeptide sequences according to the invention comprise one or more domains fused to sequences derived from a member of the immunoglobulin protein family. The immunoglobulin fusion proteins of the invention can be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions and

administered to a subject to inhibit an interaction between a ligand and a protein of the invention on the surface of a cell, to thereby suppress signal transduction *in vivo*. The immunoglobulin fusion proteins can be used to affect the bioavailability of a cognate ligand. Inhibition of the ligand/protein interaction may be useful therapeutically for both the treatment of proliferative and differentiative disorders, *e,g.*, cancer as well as modulating (*e.g.*, promoting or inhibiting) cell survival. Moreover, the immunoglobulin fusion proteins of the invention can be used as immunogens to produce antibodies in a subject, to purify ligands, and in screening assays to identify molecules that inhibit the interaction of a polypeptide of the invention with a ligand.

A chimeric or fusion protein of the invention can be produced by standard recombinant 10 DNA techniques. For example, DNA fragments coding for the different polypeptide sequences are ligated together in-frame in accordance with conventional techniques, e.g., by employing blunt-ended or stagger-ended termini for ligation, restriction enzyme digestion to provide for appropriate termini, filling-in of cohesive ends as appropriate, alkaline phosphatase treatment to avoid undesirable joining, and enzymatic ligation. In another embodiment, the fusion gene can 15 be synthesized by conventional techniques including automated DNA synthesizers. Alternatively, PCR amplification of gene fragments can be carried out using anchor primers that give rise to complementary overhangs between two consecutive gene fragments that can subsequently be annealed and reamplified to generate a chimeric gene sequence (see, for example, Ausubel et al. (eds.) Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & 20 Sons, 1992). Moreover, many expression vectors are commercially available that already encode a fusion moiety (e.g., a GST polypeptide). A nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention can be cloned into such an expression vector such that the fusion moiety is linked in-frame to the protein of the invention.

#### 25 **4.8 GENE THERAPY**

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Mutations in the polynucleotides of the invention gene may result in loss of normal function of the encoded protein. The invention thus provides gene therapy to restore normal activity of the polypeptides of the invention; or to treat disease states involving polypeptides of the invention. Delivery of a functional gene encoding polypeptides of the invention to appropriate cells is effected *ex vivo*, *in situ*, or *in vivo* by use of vectors, and more particularly viral vectors (e.g., adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, or a retrovirus), or *ex vivo* by use of physical DNA transfer methods (e.g., liposomes or chemical treatments). See, for example, Anderson, Nature, supplement to vol. 392, no. 6679, pp.25-20 (1998). For additional reviews of gene therapy technology see Friedmann, Science, 244: 1275-1281 (1989); Verma, Scientific American: 68-84 (1990); and Miller, Nature, 357: 455-460 (1992). Introduction of any one of

the nucleotides of the present invention or a gene encoding the polypeptides of the present invention can also be accomplished with extrachromosomal substrates (transient expression) or artificial chromosomes (stable expression). Cells may also be cultured *ex vivo* in the presence of proteins of the present invention in order to proliferate or to produce a desired effect on or activity in such cells. Treated cells can then be introduced *in vivo* for therapeutic purposes. Alternatively, it is contemplated that in other human disease states, preventing the expression of or inhibiting the activity of polypeptides of the invention will be useful in treating the disease states. It is contemplated that antisense therapy or gene therapy could be applied to negatively regulate the expression of polypeptides of the invention.

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Other methods inhibiting expression of a protein include the introduction of antisense molecules to the nucleic acids of the present invention, their complements, or their translated RNA sequences, by methods known in the art. Further, the polypeptides of the present invention can be inhibited by using targeted deletion methods, or the insertion of a negative regulatory element such as a silencer, which is tissue specific.

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The present invention still further provides cells genetically engineered *in vivo* to express the polynucleotides of the invention, wherein such polynucleotides are in operative association with a regulatory sequence heterologous to the host cell which drives expression of the polynucleotides in the cell. These methods can be used to increase or decrease the expression of the polynucleotides of the present invention.

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Knowledge of DNA sequences provided by the invention allows for modification of cells to permit, increase, or decrease, expression of endogenous polypeptide. Cells can be modified (e.g., by homologous recombination) to provide increased polypeptide expression by replacing, in whole or in part, the naturally occurring promoter with all or part of a heterologous promoter so that the cells express the protein at higher levels. The heterologous promoter is inserted in such a manner that it is operatively linked to the desired protein encoding sequences. See, for example, PCT International Publication No. WO 94/12650, PCT International Publication No. WO 92/20808, and PCT International Publication No. WO 91/09955. It is also contemplated that, in addition to heterologous promoter DNA, amplifiable marker DNA (e.g., ada, dhfr, and the multifunctional CAD gene which encodes carbamyl phosphate synthase, aspartate transcarbamylase, and dihydroorotase) and/or intron DNA may be inserted along with the heterologous promoter DNA. If linked to the desired protein coding sequence, amplification of the marker DNA by standard selection methods results in co-amplification of the desired protein coding sequences in the cells.

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In another embodiment of the present invention, cells and tissues may be engineered to express an endogenous gene comprising the polynucleotides of the invention under the control of inducible regulatory elements, in which case the regulatory sequences of the endogenous gene may

be replaced by homologous recombination. As described herein, gene targeting can be used to replace a gene's existing regulatory region with a regulatory sequence isolated from a different gene or a novel regulatory sequence synthesized by genetic engineering methods. Such regulatory sequences may be comprised of promoters, enhancers, scaffold-attachment regions, negative regulatory elements, transcriptional initiation sites, regulatory protein binding sites or combinations of said sequences. Alternatively, sequences which affect the structure or stability of the RNA or protein produced may be replaced, removed, added, or otherwise modified by targeting. These sequences include polyadenylation signals, mRNA stability elements, splice sites, leader sequences for enhancing or modifying transport or secretion properties of the protein, or other sequences which alter or improve the function or stability of protein or RNA molecules.

The targeting event may be a simple insertion of the regulatory sequence, placing the gene under the control of the new regulatory sequence, e.g., inserting a new promoter or enhancer or both upstream of a gene. Alternatively, the targeting event may be a simple deletion of a regulatory element, such as the deletion of a tissue-specific negative regulatory element. Alternatively, the targeting event may replace an existing element; for example, a tissue-specific enhancer can be replaced by an enhancer that has broader or different cell-type specificity than the naturally occurring elements. Here, the naturally occurring sequences are deleted and new sequences are added. In all cases, the identification of the targeting event may be facilitated by the use of one or more selectable marker genes that are contiguous with the targeting DNA, allowing for the selection of cells in which the exogenous DNA has integrated into the cell genome. The identification of the targeting event may also be facilitated by the use of one or more marker genes exhibiting the property of negative selection, such that the negatively selectable marker is linked to the exogenous DNA, but configured such that the negatively selectable marker flanks the targeting sequence, and such that a correct homologous recombination event with sequences in the host cell genome does not result in the stable integration of the negatively selectable marker. Markers useful for this purpose include the Herpes Simplex Virus thymidine kinase (TK) gene or the bacterial xanthine-guanine phosphoribosyl-transferase (gpt) gene.

The gene targeting or gene activation techniques which can be used in accordance with this aspect of the invention are more particularly described in U.S. Patent No. 5,272,071 to Chappel; U.S. Patent No. 5,578,461 to Sherwin et al.; International Application No. PCT/US92/09627 (WO93/09222) by Selden et al.; and International Application No. PCT/US90/06436 (WO91/06667) by Skoultchi et al., each of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

#### 4.9 TRANȘGENIC ANIMALS

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In preferred methods to determine biological functions of the polypeptides of the invention in vivo, one or more genes provided by the invention are either over expressed or inactivated in the germ line of animals using homologous recombination [Capecchi, Science 244:1288-1292 (1989)]. Animals in which the gene is over expressed, under the regulatory control of exogenous or endogenous promoter elements, are known as transgenic animals. Animals in which an endogenous gene has been inactivated by homologous recombination are referred to as "knockout" animals. Knockout animals, preferably non-human mammals, can be prepared as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,557,032, incorporated herein by reference. Transgenic animals are useful to determine the roles polypeptides of the invention play in biological processes, and preferably in disease states. Transgenic animals are useful as model systems to identify compounds that modulate lipid metabolism. Transgenic animals, preferably non-human mammals, are produced using methods as described in U.S. Patent No 5,489,743 and PCT Publication No. WO94/28122, incorporated herein by reference.

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Transgenic animals can be prepared wherein all or part of a promoter of the polynucleotides of the invention is either activated or inactivated to alter the level of expression of the polypeptides of the invention. Inactivation can be carried out using homologous recombination methods described above. Activation can be achieved by supplementing or even replacing the homologous promoter to provide for increased protein expression. The homologous promoter can be supplemented by insertion of one or more heterologous enhancer elements known to confer promoter activation in a particular tissue.

The polynucleotides of the present invention also make possible the development, through, e.g., homologous recombination or knock out strategies, of animals that fail to express polypeptides of the invention or that express a variant polypeptide. Such animals are useful as models for studying the in vivo activities of polypeptide as well as for studying modulators of the polypeptides of the invention.

In preferred methods to determine biological functions of the polypeptides of the invention in vivo, one or more genes provided by the invention are either over expressed or inactivated in the germ line of animals using homologous recombination [Capecchi, Science 244:1288-1292 (1989)]. Animals in which the gene is over expressed, under the regulatory control of exogenous or endogenous promoter elements, are known as transgenic animals. Animals in which an endogenous gene has been inactivated by homologous recombination are referred to as "knockout" animals. Knockout animals, preferably non-human mammals, can be prepared as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,557,032, incorporated herein by reference. Transgenic animals are useful to determine the roles polypeptides of the invention play in biological processes, and preferably in disease states. Transgenic animals are useful as model systems to

identify compounds that modulate lipid metabolism. Transgenic animals, preferably non-human mammals, are produced using methods as described in U.S. Patent No 5,489,743 and PCT Publication No. WO94/28122, incorporated herein by reference.

Transgenic animals can be prepared wherein all or part of the polynucleotides of the invention promoter is either activated or inactivated to alter the level of expression of the polypeptides of the invention. Inactivation can be carried out using homologous recombination methods described above. Activation can be achieved by supplementing or even replacing the homologous promoter to provide for increased protein expression. The homologous promoter can be supplemented by insertion of one or more heterologous enhancer elements known to confer promoter activation in a particular tissue.

#### 4.10 USES AND BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

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The polynucleotides and proteins of the present invention are expected to exhibit one or more of the uses or biological activities (including those associated with assays cited herein) identified herein. Uses or activities described for proteins of the present invention may be provided by administration or use of such proteins or of polynucleotides encoding such proteins (such as, for example, in gene therapies or vectors suitable for introduction of DNA). The mechanism underlying the particular condition or pathology will dictate whether the polypeptides of the invention, the polynucleotides of the invention or modulators (activators or inhibitors) thereof would be beneficial to the subject in need of treatment. Thus, "therapeutic compositions of the invention" include compositions comprising isolated polynucleotides (including recombinant DNA molecules, cloned genes and degenerate variants thereof) or polypeptides of the invention (including full length protein, mature protein and truncations or domains thereof), or compounds and other substances that modulate the overall activity of the target gene products, either at the level of target gene/protein expression or target protein activity. Such modulators include polypeptides, analogs, (variants), including fragments and fusion proteins, antibodies and other binding proteins; chemical compounds that directly or indirectly activate or inhibit the polypeptides of the invention (identified, e.g., via drug screening assays as described herein); antisense polynucleotides and polynucleotides suitable for triple helix formation; and in particular antibodies or other binding partners that specifically recognize one or more epitopes of the polypeptides of the invention.

The polypeptides of the present invention may likewise be involved in cellular activation or in one of the other physiological pathways described herein.

#### 4.10.1 RESEARCH USES AND UTILITIES

The polynucleotides provided by the present invention can be used by the research community for various purposes. The polynucleotides can be used to express recombinant protein for analysis, characterization or therapeutic use; as markers for tissues in which the corresponding protein is preferentially expressed (either constitutively or at a particular stage of tissue differentiation or development or in disease states); as molecular weight markers on gels; as chromosome markers or tags (when labeled) to identify chromosomes or to map related gene positions; to compare with endogenous DNA sequences in patients to identify potential genetic disorders; as probes to hybridize and thus discover novel, related DNA sequences; as a source of information to derive PCR primers for genetic fingerprinting; as a probe to "subtract-out" known sequences in the process of discovering other novel polynucleotides; for selecting and making oligomers for attachment to a "gene chip" or other support, including for examination of expression patterns; to raise anti-protein antibodies using DNA immunization techniques; and as an antigen to raise anti-DNA antibodies or elicit another immune response. Where the polynucleotide encodes a protein which binds or potentially binds to another protein (such as, for example, in a receptor-ligand interaction), the polynucleotide can also be used in interaction trap assays (such as, for example, that described in Gyuris et al., Cell 75:791-803 (1993)) to identify polynucleotides encoding the other protein with which binding occurs or to identify inhibitors of the binding interaction.

The polypeptides provided by the present invention can similarly be used in assays to determine biological activity, including in a panel of multiple proteins for high-throughput screening; to raise antibodies or to elicit another immune response; as a reagent (including the labeled reagent) in assays designed to quantitatively determine levels of the protein (or its receptor) in biological fluids; as markers for tissues in which the corresponding polypeptide is preferentially expressed (either constitutively or at a particular stage of tissue differentiation or development or in a disease state); and, of course, to isolate correlative receptors or ligands. Proteins involved in these binding interactions can also be used to screen for peptide or small molecule inhibitors or agonists of the binding interaction.

Any or all of these research utilities are capable of being developed into reagent grade or kit format for commercialization as research products.

Methods for performing the uses listed above are well known to those skilled in the art.

References disclosing such methods include without limitation "Molecular Cloning: A

Laboratory Manual", 2d ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Sambrook, J., E. F. Fritsch and T. Maniatis eds., 1989, and "Methods in Enzymology: Guide to Molecular Cloning Techniques", Academic Press, Berger, S. L. and A. R. Kimmel eds., 1987.

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#### 4.10.2 NUTRITIONAL USES

Polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention can also be used as nutritional sources or supplements. Such uses include without limitation use as a protein or amino acid supplement, use as a carbon source, use as a nitrogen source and use as a source of carbohydrate. In such cases the polypeptide or polynucleotide of the invention can be added to the feed of a particular organism or can be administered as a separate solid or liquid preparation, such as in the form of powder, pills, solutions, suspensions or capsules. In the case of microorganisms, the polypeptide or polynucleotide of the invention can be added to the medium in or on which the microorganism is cultured.

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# 4.10.3 CYTOKINE AND CELL PROLIFERATION/DIFFERENTIATION ACTIVITY

A polypeptide of the present invention may exhibit activity relating to cytokine, cell proliferation (either inducing or inhibiting) or cell differentiation (either inducing or inhibiting) activity or may induce production of other cytokines in certain cell populations. A polynucleotide of the invention can encode a polypeptide exhibiting such attributes. Many protein factors discovered to date, including all known cytokines, have exhibited activity in one or more factor-dependent cell proliferation assays, and hence the assays serve as a convenient confirmation of cytokine activity. The activity of therapeutic compositions of the present invention is evidenced by any one of a number of routine factor dependent cell proliferation assays for cell lines including, without limitation, 32D, DA2, DA1G, T10, B9, B9/11, BaF3, MC9/G, M+(preB M+), 2E8, RB5, DA1, 123, T1165, HT2, CTLL2, TF-1, Mo7e, CMK, HUVEC, and Caco. Therapeutic compositions of the invention can be used in the following:

Assays for T-cell or thymocyte proliferation include without limitation those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Margulies, E. M. Shevach, W. Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 3, *In Vitro* assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function 3.1-3.19; Chapter 7, Immunologic studies in Humans); Takai et al., J. Immunol. 137:3494-3500, 1986; Bertagnolli et al., J. Immunol. 145:1706-1712, 1990; Bertagnolli et al., Cellular Immunology 133:327-341, 1991; Bertagnolli, et al., I. Immunol. 149:3778-3783, 1992; Bowman et al., I. Immunol. 152:1756-1761, 1994.

Assays for cytokine production and/or proliferation of spleen cells, lymph node cells or thymocytes include, without limitation, those described in: Polyclonal T cell stimulation, Kruisbeek, A. M. and Shevach, E. M. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 3.12.1-3.12.14, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1994; and Measurement of mouse

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and human interleukin-γ, Schreiber, R. D. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 6.8.1-6.8.8, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1994.

Assays for proliferation and differentiation of hematopoietic and lymphopoietic cells include, without limitation, those described in: Measurement of Human and Murine Interleukin 2 and Interleukin 4, Bottomly, K., Davis, L. S. and Lipsky, P. E. In Current Protocols in 5 Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 6.3.1-6.3.12, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1991; deVries et al., J. Exp. Med. 173:1205-1211, 1991; Moreau et al., Nature 336:690-692, 1988; Greenberger et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:2931-2938, 1983; Measurement of mouse and human interleukin 6--Nordan, R. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 6.6.1-6.6.5, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1991; Smith et al., Proc. Natl. Aced. Sci. 10 U.S.A. 83:1857-1861, 1986; Measurement of human Interleukin 11--Bennett, F., Giannotti, J., Clark, S. C. and Turner, K. J. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 6.15.1 John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1991; Measurement of mouse and human Interleukin 9--Ciarletta, A., Giannotti, J., Clark, S. C. and Turner, K. J. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 6.13.1, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1991. 15

Assays for T-cell clone responses to antigens (which will identify, among others, proteins that affect APC-T cell interactions as well as direct T-cell effects by measuring proliferation and cytokine production) include, without limitation, those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Margulies, E. M. Shevach, W Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 3, *In Vitro* assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function; Chapter 6, Cytokines and their cellular receptors; Chapter 7, Immunologic studies in Humans); Weinberger et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77:6091-6095, 1980; Weinberger et al., Eur. J. Immun. 11:405-411, 1981; Takai et al., J. Immunol. 137:3494-3500, 1986; Takai et al., J. Immunol. 140:508-512, 1988.

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## 4.10.4 STEM CELL GROWTH FACTOR ACTIVITY

A polypeptide of the present invention may exhibit stem cell growth factor activity and be involved in the proliferation, differentiation and survival of pluripotent and totipotent stem cells including primordial germ cells, embryonic stem cells, hematopoietic stem cells and/or germ line stem cells. Administration of the polypeptide of the invention to stem cells in vivo or ex vivo is expected to maintain and expand cell populations in a totipotential or pluripotential state which would be useful for re-engineering damaged or diseased tissues, transplantation, manufacture of bio-pharmaceuticals and the development of bio-sensors. The ability to produce large quantities of human cells has important working applications for the production of human proteins which currently must be obtained from non-human sources or donors, implantation of

cells to treat diseases such as Parkinson's, Alzheimer's and other neurodegenerative diseases; tissues for grafting such as bone marrow, skin, cartilage, tendons, bone, muscle (including cardiac muscle), blood vessels, cornea, neural cells, gastrointestinal cells and others; and organs for transplantation such as kidney, liver, pancreas (including islet cells), heart and lung.

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It is contemplated that multiple different exogenous growth factors and/or cytokines may be administered in combination with the polypeptide of the invention to achieve the desired effect, including any of the growth factors listed herein, other stem cell maintenance factors, and specifically including stem cell factor (SCF), leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF), Flt-3 ligand (Flt-3L), any of the interleukins, recombinant soluble IL-6 receptor fused to IL-6, macrophage inflammatory protein 1-alpha (MIP-1-alpha), G-CSF, GM-CSF, thrombopoietin (TPO), platelet factor 4 (PF-4), platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF), neural growth factors and basic fibroblast growth factor (bFGF).

Since totipotent stem cells can give rise to virtually any mature cell type, expansion of these cells in culture will facilitate the production of large quantities of mature cells. Techniques for culturing stem cells are known in the art and administration of polypeptides of the invention, optionally with other growth factors and/or cytokines, is expected to enhance the survival and proliferation of the stem cell populations. This can be accomplished by direct administration of the polypeptide of the invention to the culture medium. Alternatively, stroma cells transfected with a polynucleotide that encodes for the polypeptide of the invention can be used as a feeder layer for the stem cell populations in culture or in vivo. Stromal support cells for feeder layers may include embryonic bone marrow fibroblasts, bone marrow stromal cells, fetal liver cells, or cultured embryonic fibroblasts (see U.S. Patent No. 5,690,926).

Stem cells themselves can be transfected with a polynucleotide of the invention to induce autocrine expression of the polypeptide of the invention. This will allow for generation of undifferentiated totipotential/pluripotential stem cell lines that are useful as is or that can then be differentiated into the desired mature cell types. These stable cell lines can also serve as a source of undifferentiated totipotential/pluripotential mRNA to create cDNA libraries and templates for polymerase chain reaction experiments. These studies would allow for the isolation and identification of differentially expressed genes in stem cell populations that regulate stem cell proliferation and/or maintenance.

Expansion and maintenance of totipotent stem cell populations will be useful in the treatment of many pathological conditions. For example, polypeptides of the present invention may be used to manipulate stem cells in culture to give rise to neuroepithelial cells that can be used to augment or replace cells damaged by illness, autoimmune disease, accidental damage or genetic disorders. The polypeptide of the invention may be useful for inducing the proliferation

of neural cells and for the regeneration of nerve and brain tissue, i.e. for the treatment of central and peripheral nervous system diseases and neuropathies, as well as mechanical and traumatic disorders which involve degeneration, death or trauma to neural cells or nerve tissue. In addition, the expanded stem cell populations can also be genetically altered for gene therapy purposes and to decrease host rejection of replacement tissues after grafting or implantation.

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Expression of the polypeptide of the invention and its effect on stem cells can also be manipulated to achieve controlled differentiation of the stem cells into more differentiated cell types. A broadly applicable method of obtaining pure populations of a specific differentiated cell type from undifferentiated stem cell populations involves the use of a cell-type specific promoter driving a selectable marker. The selectable marker allows only cells of the desired type to survive. For example, stem cells can be induced to differentiate into cardiomyocytes (Wobus et al., Differentiation, 48: 173-182, (1991); Klug et al., J. Clin. Invest., 98(1): 216-224, (1998)) or skeletal muscle cells (Browder, L. W. In: *Principles of Tissue Engineering eds.* Lanza et al., Academic Press (1997)). Alternatively, directed differentiation of stem cells can be accomplished by culturing the stem cells in the presence of a differentiation factor such as retinoic acid and an antagonist of the polypeptide of the invention which would inhibit the effects of endogenous stem cell factor activity and allow differentiation to proceed.

In vitro cultures of stem cells can be used to determine if the polypeptide of the invention exhibits stem cell growth factor activity. Stem cells are isolated from any one of various cell sources (including hematopoietic stem cells and embryonic stem cells) and cultured on a feeder layer, as described by Thompson et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci, U.S.A., 92: 7844-7848 (1995), in the presence of the polypeptide of the invention alone or in combination with other growth factors or cytokines. The ability of the polypeptide of the invention to induce stem cells proliferation is determined by colony formation on semi-solid support e.g. as described by Bernstein et al., Blood, 77: 2316-2321 (1991).

## 4.10.5 HEMATOPOIESIS REGULATING ACTIVITY

A polypeptide of the present invention may be involved in regulation of hematopoiesis and, consequently, in the treatment of myeloid or lymphoid cell disorders. Even marginal biological activity in support of colony forming cells or of factor-dependent cell lines indicates involvement in regulating hematopoiesis, e.g. in supporting the growth and proliferation of erythroid progenitor cells alone or in combination with other cytokines, thereby indicating utility, for example, in treating various anemias or for use in conjunction with irradiation/chemotherapy to stimulate the production of erythroid precursors and/or erythroid cells; in supporting the growth and proliferation of myeloid cells such as granulocytes and monocytes/macrophages (i.e.,

traditional CSF activity) useful, for example, in conjunction with chemotherapy to prevent or treat consequent myelo-suppression; in supporting the growth and proliferation of megakaryocytes and consequently of platelets thereby allowing prevention or treatment of various platelet disorders such as thrombocytopenia, and generally for use in place of or complimentary to platelet transfusions; and/or in supporting the growth and proliferation of hematopoietic stem cells which are capable of maturing to any and all of the above-mentioned hematopoietic cells and therefore find therapeutic utility in various stem cell disorders (such as those usually treated with transplantation, including, without limitation, aplastic anemia and paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria), as well as in repopulating the stem cell compartment post irradiation/chemotherapy, either *in-vivo* or *ex-vivo* (i.e., in conjunction with bone marrow transplantation or with peripheral progenitor cell transplantation (homologous or heterologous)) as normal cells or genetically manipulated for gene therapy.

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Therapeutic compositions of the invention can be used in the following:

Suitable assays for proliferation and differentiation of various hematopoietic lines are cited above.

Assays for embryonic stem cell differentiation (which will identify, among others, proteins that influence embryonic differentiation hematopoiesis) include, without limitation, those described in: Johansson et al. Cellular Biology 15:141-151, 1995; Keller et al., Molecular and Cellular Biology 13:473-486, 1993; McClanahan et al., Blood 81:2903-2915, 1993.

Assays for stem cell survival and differentiation (which will identify, among others, proteins that regulate lympho-hematopoiesis) include, without limitation, those described in: Methylcellulose colony forming assays, Freshney, M. G. In Culture of Hematopoietic Cells. R. I. Freshney, et al. eds. Vol pp. 265-268, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, N.Y. 1994; Hirayama et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:5907-5911, 1992; Primitive hematopoietic colony forming cells with high proliferative potential, McNiece, I. K. and Briddell, R. A. In Culture of Hematopoietic Cells. R. I. Freshney, et al. eds. Vol pp. 23-39, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, N.Y. 1994; Neben et al., Experimental Hematology 22:353-359, 1994; Cobblestone area forming cell assay, Ploemacher, R. E. In Culture of Hematopoietic Cells. R. I. Freshney, et al. eds. Vol pp. 1-21, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, N.Y. 1994; Long term bone marrow cultures in the presence of stromal cells, Spooncer, E., Dexter, M. and Allen, T. In Culture of Hematopoietic Cells. R. I. Freshney, et al. eds. Vol pp. 163-179, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, N.Y. 1994; Long term culture initiating cell assay, Sutherland, H. J. In Culture of Hematopoietic Cells. R. I. Freshney, et al. eds. Vol pp. 139-162, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, N.Y. 1994.

#### 4.10.6 TISSUE GROWTH ACTIVITY

A polypeptide of the present invention also may be involved in bone, cartilage, tendon, ligament and/or nerve tissue growth or regeneration, as well as in wound healing and tissue repair and replacement, and in healing of burns, incisions and ulcers.

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A polypeptide of the present invention which induces cartilage and/or bone growth in circumstances where bone is not normally formed, has application in the healing of bone fractures and cartilage damage or defects in humans and other animals. Compositions of a polypeptide, antibody, binding partner, or other modulator of the invention may have prophylactic use in closed as well as open fracture reduction and also in the improved fixation of artificial joints. De novo bone formation induced by an osteogenic agent contributes to the repair of congenital, trauma induced, or oncologic resection induced craniofacial defects, and also is useful in cosmetic plastic surgery.

A polypeptide of this invention may also be involved in attracting bone-forming cells, stimulating growth of bone-forming cells, or inducing differentiation of progenitors of bone-forming cells. Treatment of osteoporosis, osteoarthritis, bone degenerative disorders, or periodontal disease, such as through stimulation of bone and/or cartilage repair or by blocking inflammation or processes of tissue destruction (collagenase activity, osteoclast activity, etc.) mediated by inflammatory processes may also be possible using the composition of the invention.

Another category of tissue regeneration activity that may involve the polypeptide of the 20 present invention is tendon/ligament formation. Induction of tendon/ligament-like tissue or other tissue formation in circumstances where such tissue is not normally formed, has application in the healing of tendon or ligament tears, deformities and other tendon or ligament defects in humans and other animals. Such a preparation employing a tendon/ligament-like tissue inducing protein may have prophylactic use in preventing damage to tendon or ligament tissue, as well as 25 use in the improved fixation of tendon or ligament to bone or other tissues, and in repairing defects to tendon or ligament tissue. De novo tendon/ligament-like tissue formation induced by a composition of the present invention contributes to the repair of congenital, trauma induced, or other tendon or ligament defects of other origin, and is also useful in cosmetic plastic surgery for attachment or repair of tendons or ligaments. The compositions of the present invention may provide environment to attract tendon- or ligament-forming cells, stimulate growth of tendon- or ligament-forming cells, induce differentiation of progenitors of tendon- or ligament-forming cells, or induce growth of tendon/ligament cells or progenitors ex vivo for return in vivo to effect tissue repair. The compositions of the invention may also be useful in the treatment of tendinitis, carpal tunnel syndrome and other tendon or ligament defects. The compositions may also include an appropriate matrix and/or sequestering agent as a carrier as is well known in the art.

The compositions of the present invention may also be useful for proliferation of neural cells and for regeneration of nerve and brain tissue, i.e. for the treatment of central and peripheral nervous system diseases and neuropathies, as well as mechanical and traumatic disorders, which involve degeneration, death or trauma to neural cells or nerve tissue. More specifically, a composition may be used in the treatment of diseases of the peripheral nervous system, such as peripheral nerve injuries, peripheral neuropathy and localized neuropathies, and central nervous system diseases, such as Alzheimer's, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and Shy-Drager syndrome. Further conditions which may be treated in accordance with the present invention include mechanical and traumatic disorders, such as spinal cord disorders, head trauma and cerebrovascular diseases such as stroke. Peripheral neuropathies resulting from chemotherapy or other medical therapies may also be treatable using a composition of the invention.

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Compositions of the invention may also be useful to promote better or faster closure of non-healing wounds, including without limitation pressure ulcers, ulcers associated with vascular insufficiency, surgical and traumatic wounds, and the like.

Compositions of the present invention may also be involved in the generation or regeneration of other tissues, such as organs (including, for example, pancreas, liver, intestine, kidney, skin, endothelium), muscle (smooth, skeletal or cardiac) and vascular (including vascular endothelium) tissue, or for promoting the growth of cells comprising such tissues. Part of the desired effects may be by inhibition or modulation of fibrotic scarring may allow normal tissue to regenerate. A polypeptide of the present invention may also exhibit angiogenic activity.

A composition of the present invention may also be useful for gut protection or regeneration and treatment of lung or liver fibrosis, reperfusion injury in various tissues, and conditions resulting from systemic cytokine damage.

A composition of the present invention may also be useful for promoting or inhibiting differentiation of tissues described above from precursor tissues or cells; or for inhibiting the growth of tissues described above.

Therapeutic compositions of the invention can be used in the following:

Assays for tissue generation activity include, without limitation, those described in: International Patent Publication No. WO95/16035 (bone, cartilage, tendon); International Patent Publication No. WO95/05846 (nerve, neuronal); International Patent Publication No. WO91/07491 (skin, endothelium).

Assays for wound healing activity include, without limitation, those described in: Winter, Epidermal Wound Healing, pps. 71-112 (Maibach, H. I. and Rovee, D. T., eds.), Year Book

Medical Publishers, Inc., Chicago, as modified by Eaglstein and Mertz, J. Invest. Dermatol 71:382-84 (1978).

## 4.10.7 IMMUNE STIMULATING OR SUPPRESSING ACTIVITY

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A polypeptide of the present invention may also exhibit immune stimulating or immune suppressing activity, including without limitation the activities for which assays are described herein. A polynucleotide of the invention can encode a polypeptide exhibiting such activities. A protein may be useful in the treatment of various immune deficiencies and disorders (including severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID)), e.g., in regulating (up or down) growth and proliferation of T and/or B lymphocytes, as well as effecting the cytolytic activity of NK cells and other cell populations. These immune deficiencies may be genetic or be caused by viral (e.g., HIV) as well as bacterial or fungal infections, or may result from autoimmune disorders. More specifically, infectious diseases causes by viral, bacterial, fungal or other infection may be treatable using a protein of the present invention, including infections by HIV, hepatitis viruses, herpes viruses, mycobacteria, Leishmania spp., malaria spp. and various fungal infections such as candidiasis. Of course, in this regard, proteins of the present invention may also be useful where a boost to the immune system generally may be desirable, i.e., in the treatment of cancer.

Autoimmune disorders which may be treated using a protein of the present invention include, for example, connective tissue disease, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, autoimmune pulmonary inflammation, Guillain-Barre syndrome, autoimmune thyroiditis, insulin dependent diabetes mellitis, myasthenia gravis, graft-versus-host disease and autoimmune inflammatory eye disease. Such a protein (or antagonists thereof, including antibodies) of the present invention may also to be useful in the treatment of allergic reactions and conditions (e.g., anaphylaxis, serum sickness, drug reactions, food allergies, insect venom allergies, mastocytosis, allergic rhinitis, hypersensitivity pneumonitis, urticaria, angioedema, eczema, atopic dermatitis, allergic contact dermatitis, erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome, allergic conjunctivitis, atopic keratoconjunctivitis, venereal keratoconjunctivitis, giant papillary conjunctivitis and contact allergies), such as asthma (particularly allergic asthma) or other respiratory problems. Other conditions, in which immune suppression is desired (including, for example, organ transplantation), may also be treatable using a protein (or antagonists thereof) of the present invention. The therapeutic effects of the polypeptides or antagonists thereof on allergic reactions can be evaluated by in vivo animals models such as the cumulative contact enhancement test (Lastborn et al., Toxicology 125: 59-66, 1998), skin prick test (Hoffmann et al., Allergy 54: 446-54, 1999), guinea pig skin sensitization

test (Vohr et al., Arch. Toxocol. 73: 501-9), and murine local lymph node assay (Kimber et al., J. Toxicol. Environ. Health 53: 563-79).

Using the proteins of the invention it may also be possible to modulate immune responses, in a number of ways. Down regulation may be in the form of inhibiting or blocking an immune response already in progress or may involve preventing the induction of an immune response. The functions of activated T cells may be inhibited by suppressing T cell responses or by inducing specific tolerance in T cells, or both. Immunosuppression of T cell responses is generally an active, non-antigen-specific, process which requires continuous exposure of the T cells to the suppressive agent. Tolerance, which involves inducing non-responsiveness or anergy in T cells, is distinguishable from immunosuppression in that it is generally antigen-specific and persists after exposure to the tolerizing agent has ceased. Operationally, tolerance can be demonstrated by the lack of a T cell response upon reexposure to specific antigen in the absence of the tolerizing agent.

Down regulating or preventing one or more antigen functions (including without limitation B lymphocyte antigen functions (such as, for example, B7)), e.g., preventing high level lymphokine synthesis by activated T cells, will be useful in situations of tissue, skin and organ transplantation and in graft-versus-host disease (GVHD). For example, blockage of T cell function should result in reduced tissue destruction in tissue transplantation. Typically, in tissue transplants, rejection of the transplant is initiated through its recognition as foreign by T cells, followed by an immune reaction that destroys the transplant. The administration of a therapeutic composition of the invention may prevent cytokine synthesis by immune cells, such as T cells, and thus acts as an immunosuppressant. Moreover, a lack of costimulation may also be sufficient to anergize the T cells, thereby inducing tolerance in a subject. Induction of long-term tolerance by B lymphocyte antigen-blocking reagents may avoid the necessity of repeated administration of these blocking reagents. To achieve sufficient immunosuppression or tolerance in a subject, it may also be necessary to block the function of a combination of B lymphocyte antigens.

The efficacy of particular therapeutic compositions in preventing organ transplant rejection or GVHD can be assessed using animal models that are predictive of efficacy in humans. Examples of appropriate systems which can be used include allogeneic cardiac grafts in rats and xenogeneic pancreatic islet cell grafts in mice, both of which have been used to examine the immunosuppressive effects of CTLA4Ig fusion proteins in vivo as described in Lenschow et al., Science 257:789-792 (1992) and Turka et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA, 89:11102-11105 (1992). In addition, murine models of GVHD (see Paul ed., Fundamental Immunology, Raven Press, New York, 1989, pp. 846-847) can be used to determine the effect of therapeutic compositions of the invention on the development of that disease.

Blocking antigen function may also be therapeutically useful for treating autoimmune diseases. Many autoimmune disorders are the result of inappropriate activation of T cells that are reactive against self tissue and which promote the production of cytokines and autoantibodies involved in the pathology of the diseases. Preventing the activation of autoreactive T cells may reduce or eliminate disease symptoms. Administration of reagents which block stimulation of T cells can be used to inhibit T cell activation and prevent production of autoantibodies or T cell-derived cytokines which may be involved in the disease process. Additionally, blocking reagents may induce antigen-specific tolerance of autoreactive T cells which could lead to long-term relief from the disease. The efficacy of blocking reagents in preventing or alleviating autoimmune disorders can be determined using a number of well-characterized animal models of human autoimmune diseases. Examples include murine experimental autoimmune encephalitis, systemic lupus erythmatosis in MRL/lpr/lpr mice or NZB hybrid mice, murine autoimmune collagen arthritis, diabetes mellitus in NOD mice and BB rats, and murine experimental myasthenia gravis (see Paul ed., Fundamental Immunology, Raven Press, New York, 1989, pp. 840-856).

Upregulation of an antigen function (e.g., a B lymphocyte antigen function), as a means of up regulating immune responses, may also be useful in therapy. Upregulation of immune responses may be in the form of enhancing an existing immune response or eliciting an initial immune response. For example, enhancing an immune response may be useful in cases of viral infection, including systemic viral diseases such as influenza, the common cold, and encephalitis.

Alternatively, anti-viral immune responses may be enhanced in an infected patient by removing T cells from the patient, costimulating the T cells in vitro with viral antigen-pulsed APCs either expressing a peptide of the present invention or together with a stimulatory form of a soluble peptide of the present invention and reintroducing the in vitro activated T cells into the patient. Another method of enhancing anti-viral immune responses would be to isolate infected cells from a patient, transfect them with a nucleic acid encoding a protein of the present invention as described herein such that the cells express all or a portion of the protein on their surface, and reintroduce the transfected cells into the patient. The infected cells would now be capable of delivering a costimulatory signal to, and thereby activate, T cells in vivo.

A polypeptide of the present invention may provide the necessary stimulation signal to T cells to induce a T cell mediated immune response against the transfected tumor cells. In addition, tumor cells which lack MHC class I or MHC class II molecules, or which fail to reexpress sufficient mounts of MHC class I or MHC class II molecules, can be transfected with nucleic acid encoding all or a portion of (e.g., a cytoplasmic-domain truncated portion) of an MHC class I alpha chain protein and  $\beta_2$  microglobulin protein or an MHC class II alpha chain

protein and an MHC class II beta chain protein to thereby express MHC class I or MHC class II proteins on the cell surface. Expression of the appropriate class I or class II MHC in conjunction with a peptide having the activity of a B lymphocyte antigen (e.g., B7-1, B7-2, B7-3) induces a T cell mediated immune response against the transfected tumor cell. Optionally, a gene encoding an antisense construct which blocks expression of an MHC class II associated protein, such as the invariant chain, can also be cotransfected with a DNA encoding a peptide having the activity of a B lymphocyte antigen to promote presentation of tumor associated antigens and induce tumor specific immunity. Thus, the induction of a T cell mediated immune response in a human subject may be sufficient to overcome tumor-specific tolerance in the subject.

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The activity of a protein of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Suitable assays for thymocyte or splenocyte cytotoxicity include, without limitation, those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Margulies, E. M. Shevach, W. Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 3, In Vitro assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function 3.1-3.19; Chapter 7, Immunologic studies in Humans); Herrmann et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:2488-2492, 1981; Herrmann et al., J. Immunol. 128:1968-1974, 1982; Handa et al., J. Immunol. 135:1564-1572, 1985; Takai et al., I. Immunol. 137:3494-3500, 1986; Takai et al., J. Immunol. 140:508-512, 1988; Bowman et al., J. Virology 61:1992-1998; Bertagnolli et al., Cellular Immunology 133:327-341, 1991; Brown et al., J. Immunol. 153:3079-3092, 1994.

Assays for T-cell-dependent immunoglobulin responses and isotype switching (which will identify, among others, proteins that modulate T-cell dependent antibody responses and that affect Th1/Th2 profiles) include, without limitation, those described in: Maliszewski, J. Immunol. 144:3028-3033, 1990; and Assays for B cell function: In vitro antibody production, Mond, J. J. and Brunswick, M. In Current Protocols in Immunology. J. E. e.a. Coligan eds. Vol 1 pp. 3.8.1-3.8.16, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto. 1994.

Mixed lymphocyte reaction (MLR) assays (which will identify, among others, proteins that generate predominantly Th1 and CTL responses) include, without limitation, those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Margulies, E. M. Shevach, W. Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 3, In Vitro assays for Mouse Lymphocyte Function 3.1-3.19; Chapter 7, Immunologic studies in Humans); Takai et al., J. Immunol. 137:3494-3500, 1986; Takai et al., J. Immunol. 140:508-512, 1988; Bertagnolli et al., J. Immunol. 149:3778-3783, 1992.

Dendritic cell-dependent assays (which will identify, among others, proteins expressed by dendritic cells that activate naive T-cells) include, without limitation, those described in: Guery

et al., J. Immunol. 134:536-544, 1995; Inaba et al., Journal of Experimental Medicine 173:549-559, 1991; Macatonia et al., Journal of Immunology 154:5071-5079, 1995; Porgador et al., Journal of Experimental Medicine 182:255-260, 1995; Nair et al., Journal of Virology 67:4062-4069, 1993; Huang et al., Science 264:961-965, 1994; Macatonia et al., Journal of Experimental Medicine 169:1255-1264, 1989; Bhardwaj et al., Journal of Clinical Investigation 94:797-807, 1994; and Inaba et al., Journal of Experimental Medicine 172:631-640, 1990.

Assays for lymphocyte survival/apoptosis (which will identify, among others, proteins that prevent apoptosis after superantigen induction and proteins that regulate lymphocyte homeostasis) include, without limitation, those described in: Darzynkiewicz et al., Cytometry 13:795-808, 1992; Gorczyca et al., Leukemia 7:659-670, 1993; Gorczyca et al., Cancer Research 53:1945-1951, 1993; Itoh et al., Cell 66:233-243, 1991; Zacharchuk, Journal of Immunology 145:4037-4045, 1990; Zamai et al., Cytometry 14:891-897, 1993; Gorczyca et al., International Journal of Oncology 1:639-648, 1992.

Assays for proteins that influence early steps of T-cell commitment and development include, without limitation, those described in: Antica et al., Blood 84:111-117, 1994; Fine et al., Cellular Immunology 155:111-122, 1994; Galy et al., Blood 85:2770-2778, 1995; Toki et al., Proc. Nat. Acad Sci. USA 88:7548-7551, 1991.

#### 4.10.8 ACTIVIN/INHIBIN ACTIVITY

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20 A polypeptide of the present invention may also exhibit activin- or inhibin-related activities. A polynucleotide of the invention may encode a polypeptide exhibiting such characteristics. Inhibins are characterized by their ability to inhibit the release of follicle stimulating hormone (FSH), while activins and are characterized by their ability to stimulate the release of follicle stimulating hormone (FSH). Thus, a polypeptide of the present invention, alone or in heterodimers with a member of the inhibin family, may be useful as a contraceptive 25 based on the ability of inhibins to decrease fertility in female mammals and decrease spermatogenesis in male mammals. Administration of sufficient amounts of other inhibins can induce infertility in these mammals. Alternatively, the polypeptide of the invention, as a homodimer or as a heterodimer with other protein subunits of the inhibin group, may be useful as a fertility inducing therapeutic, based upon the ability of activin molecules in stimulating FSH 30 release from cells of the anterior pituitary. See, for example, U.S. Pat. No. 4,798,885. A polypeptide of the invention may also be useful for advancement of the onset of fertility in sexually immature mammals, so as to increase the lifetime reproductive performance of domestic animals such as, but not limited to, cows, sheep and pigs.

The activity of a polypeptide of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods.

Assays for activin/inhibin activity include, without limitation, those described in: Vale et al., Endocrinology 91:562-572, 1972; Ling et al., Nature 321:779-782, 1986; Vale et al., Nature 321:776-779, 1986; Mason et al., Nature 318:659-663, 1985; Forage et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83:3091-3095, 1986.

#### 4.10.9 CHEMOTACTIC/CHEMOKINETIC ACTIVITY

A polypeptide of the present invention may be involved in chemotactic or chemokinetic activity for mammalian cells, including, for example, monocytes, fibroblasts, neutrophils, T-cells, mast cells, eosinophils, epithelial and/or endothelial cells. A polynucleotide of the invention can encode a polypeptide exhibiting such attributes. Chemotactic and chemokinetic receptor activation can be used to mobilize or attract a desired cell population to a desired site of action. Chemotactic or chemokinetic compositions (e.g. proteins, antibodies, binding partners, or modulators of the invention) provide particular advantages in treatment of wounds and other trauma to tissues, as well as in treatment of localized infections. For example, attraction of lymphocytes, monocytes or neutrophils to tumors or sites of infection may result in improved immune responses against the tumor or infecting agent.

A protein or peptide has chemotactic activity for a particular cell population if it can stimulate, directly or indirectly, the directed orientation or movement of such cell population. Preferably, the protein or peptide has the ability to directly stimulate directed movement of cells. Whether a particular protein has chemotactic activity for a population of cells can be readily determined by employing such protein or peptide in any known assay for cell chemotaxis.

Therapeutic compositions of the invention can be used in the following:

Assays for chemotactic activity (which will identify proteins that induce or prevent chemotaxis) consist of assays that measure the ability of a protein to induce the migration of cells across a membrane as well as the ability of a protein to induce the adhesion of one cell population to another cell population. Suitable assays for movement and adhesion include, without limitation, those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Marguiles, E. M. Shevach, W. Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience (Chapter 6.12, Measurement of alpha and beta Chemokines 6.12.1-6.12.28; Taub et al. J. Clin. Invest. 95:1370-1376, 1995; Lind et al. APMIS 103:140-146, 1995; Muller et al Eur. J. Immunol. 25:1744-1748; Gruber et al. J. of Immunol. 152:5860-5867, 1994; Johnston et al. J. of Immunol. 153:1762-1768, 1994.

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## 4.10.10 HEMOSTATIC AND THROMBOLYTIC ACTIVITY

A polypeptide of the invention may also be involved in hemostatis or thrombolysis or thrombosis. A polynucleotide of the invention can encode a polypeptide exhibiting such attributes. Compositions may be useful in treatment of various coagulation disorders (including hereditary disorders, such as hemophilias) or to enhance coagulation and other hemostatic events in treating wounds resulting from trauma, surgery or other causes. A composition of the invention may also be useful for dissolving or inhibiting formation of thromboses and for treatment and prevention of conditions resulting therefrom (such as, for example, infarction of cardiac and central nervous system vessels (e.g., stroke).

Therapeutic compositions of the invention can be used in the following:

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Assay for hemostatic and thrombolytic activity include, without limitation, those described in: Linet et al., J. Clin. Pharmacol. 26:131-140, 1986; Burdick et al., Thrombosis Res. 45:413-419, 1987; Humphrey et al., Fibrinolysis 5:71-79 (1991); Schaub, Prostaglandins 35:467-474, 1988.

## 4.10.11 CANCER DIAGNOSIS AND THERAPY

Polypeptides of the invention may be involved in cancer cell generation, proliferation or metastasis. Detection of the presence or amount of polynucleotides or polypeptides of the invention may be useful for the diagnosis and/or prognosis of one or more types of cancer. For example, the presence or increased expression of a polynucleotide/polypeptide of the invention may indicate a hereditary risk of cancer, a precancerous condition, or an ongoing malignancy. Conversely, a defect in the gene or absence of the polypeptide may be associated with a cancer condition. Identification of single nucleotide polymorphisms associated with cancer or a predisposition to cancer may also be useful for diagnosis or prognosis.

Cancer treatments promote tumor regression by inhibiting tumor cell proliferation, inhibiting angiogenesis (growth of new blood vessels that is necessary to support tumor growth) and/or prohibiting metastasis by reducing tumor cell motility or invasiveness. Therapeutic compositions of the invention may be effective in adult and pediatric oncology including in solid phase tumors/malignancies, locally advanced tumors, human soft tissue sarcomas, metastatic cancer, including lymphatic metastases, blood cell malignancies including multiple myeloma, acute and chronic leukemias, and lymphomas, head and neck cancers including mouth cancer, larynx cancer and thyroid cancer, lung cancers including small cell carcinoma and non-small cell cancers, breast cancers including small cell carcinoma and ductal carcinoma, gastrointestinal cancers including esophageal cancer, stomach cancer, colon cancer, colorectal cancer and polyps associated with colorectal neoplasia, pancreatic cancers, liver cancer, urologic cancers including

bladder cancer and prostate cancer, malignancies of the female genital tract including ovarian carcinoma, uterine (including endometrial) cancers, and solid tumor in the ovarian follicle, kidney cancers including renal cell carcinoma, brain cancers including intrinsic brain tumors, neuroblastoma, astrocytic brain tumors, gliomas, metastatic tumor cell invasion in the central nervous system, bone cancers including osteomas, skin cancers including malignant melanoma, tumor progression of human skin keratinocytes, squamous cell carcinoma, basal cell carcinoma, hemangiopericytoma and Karposi's sarcoma.

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Polypeptides, polynucleotides, or modulators of polypeptides of the invention (including inhibitors and stimulators of the biological activity of the polypeptide of the invention) may be administered to treat cancer. Therapeutic compositions can be administered in therapeutically effective dosages alone or in combination with adjuvant cancer therapy such as surgery, chemotherapy, radiotherapy, thermotherapy, and laser therapy, and may provide a beneficial effect, e.g. reducing tumor size, slowing rate of tumor growth, inhibiting metastasis, or otherwise improving overall clinical condition, without necessarily eradicating the cancer.

The composition can also be administered in the rapeutically effective amounts as a portion of an anti-cancer cocktail. An anti-cancer cocktail is a mixture of the polypeptide or modulator of the invention with one or more anti-cancer drugs in addition to a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier for delivery. The use of anti-cancer cocktails as a cancer treatment is routine. Anti-cancer drugs that are well known in the art and can be used as a treatment in combination with the polypeptide or modulator of the invention include: Actinomycin D, Aminoglutethimide, Asparaginase, Bleomycin, Busulfan, Carboplatin, Carmustine, Chlorambucil, Cisplatin (cis-DDP). Cyclophosphamide, Cytarabine HCl (Cytosine arabinoside), Dacarbazine, Dactinomycin, Daunorubicin HCl, Doxorubicin HCl, Estramustine phosphate sodium, Etoposide (V16-213), Floxuridine, 5-Fluorouracil (5-Fu), Flutamide, Hydroxyurea (hydroxycarbamide), Ifosfamide, Interferon Alpha-2a, Interferon Alpha-2b, Leuprolide acetate (LHRH-releasing factor analog), Lomustine, Mechlorethamine HCl (nitrogen mustard), Melphalan, Mercaptopurine, Mesna, Methotrexate (MTX), Mitomycin, Mitoxantrone HCl, Octreotide, Plicamycin, Procarbazine HCl, Streptozocin, Tamoxifen citrate, Thioguanine, Thiotepa, Vinblastine sulfate, Vincristine sulfate, Amsacrine, Azacitidine, Hexamethylmelamine, Interleukin-2, Mitoguazone, Pentostatin, Semustine, Teniposide, and Vindesine sulfate.

In addition, therapeutic compositions of the invention may be used for prophylactic treatment of cancer. There are hereditary conditions and/or environmental situations (e.g. exposure to carcinogens) known in the art that predispose an individual to developing cancers. Under these circumstances, it may be beneficial to treat these individuals with therapeutically effective doses of the polypeptide of the invention to reduce the risk of developing cancers.

In vitro models can be used to determine the effective doses of the polypeptide of the invention as a potential cancer treatment. These in vitro models include proliferation assays of cultured tumor cells, growth of cultured tumor cells in soft agar (see Freshney, (1987) Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique, Wily-Liss, New York, NY Ch 18 and Ch 21), tumor systems in nude mice as described in Giovanella et al., J. Natl. Can. Inst., 52: 921-30 (1974), mobility and invasive potential of tumor cells in Boyden Chamber assays as described in Pilkington et al., Anticancer Res., 17: 4107-9 (1997), and angiogenesis assays such as induction of vascularization of the chick chorioallantoic membrane or induction of vascular endothelial cell migration as described in Ribatta et al., Intl. J. Dev. Biol., 40: 1189-97 (1999) and Li et al., Clin. Exp. Metastasis, 17:423-9 (1999), respectively. Suitable tumor cells lines are available, e.g. from American Type Tissue Culture Collection catalogs.

#### 4.10.12 RECEPTOR/LIGAND ACTIVITY

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A polypeptide of the present invention may also demonstrate activity as receptor, receptor ligand or inhibitor or agonist of receptor/ligand interactions. A polynucleotide of the invention can encode a polypeptide exhibiting such characteristics. Examples of such receptors and ligands include, without limitation, cytokine receptors and their ligands, receptor kinases and their ligands, receptor phosphatases and their ligands, receptors involved in cell-cell interactions and their ligands (including without limitation, cellular adhesion molecules (such as selectins, integrins and their ligands) and receptor/ligand pairs involved in antigen presentation, antigen recognition and development of cellular and humoral immune responses. Receptors and ligands are also useful for screening of potential peptide or small molecule inhibitors of the relevant receptor/ligand interaction. A protein of the present invention (including, without limitation, fragments of receptors and ligands) may themselves be useful as inhibitors of receptor/ligand interactions.

The activity of a polypeptide of the invention may, among other means, be measured by the following methods:

Suitable assays for receptor-ligand activity include without limitation those described in: Current Protocols in Immunology, Ed by J. E. Coligan, A. M. Kruisbeek, D. H. Margulies, E. M. Shevach, W. Strober, Pub. Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley- Interscience (Chapter 7.28, Measurement of Cellular Adhesion under static conditions 7.28.1-7.28.22), Takai et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84:6864-6868, 1987; Bierer et al., J. Exp. Med. 168:1145-1156, 1988; Rosenstein et al., J. Exp. Med. 169:149-160 1989; Stoltenborg et al., J. Immunol. Methods 175:59-68, 1994; Stitt et al., Cell 80:661-670, 1995.

By way of example, the polypeptides of the invention may be used as a receptor for a ligand(s) thereby transmitting the biological activity of that ligand(s). Ligands may be identified through binding assays, affinity chromatography, dihybrid screening assays, BIAcore assays, gel overlay assays, or other methods known in the art.

Studies characterizing drugs or proteins as agonist or antagonist or partial agonists or a partial antagonist require the use of other proteins as competing ligands. The polypeptides of the present invention or ligand(s) thereof may be labeled by being coupled to radioisotopes, colorimetric molecules or a toxin molecules by conventional methods. ("Guide to Protein Purification" Murray P. Deutscher (ed) Methods in Enzymology Vol. 182 (1990) Academic Press, Inc. San Diego). Examples of radioisotopes include, but are not limited to, tritium and carbon-14. Examples of colorimetric molecules include, but are not limited to, fluorescent molecules such as fluorescamine, or rhodamine or other colorimetric molecules. Examples of toxins include, but are not limited, to ricin.

#### 4.10.13 DRUG SCREENING

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This invention is particularly useful for screening chemical compounds by using the novel polypeptides or binding fragments thereof in any of a variety of drug screening techniques. The polypeptides or fragments employed in such a test may either be free in solution, affixed to a solid support, borne on a cell surface or located intracellularly. One method of drug screening utilizes eukaryotic or prokaryotic host cells which are stably transformed with recombinant nucleic acids expressing the polypeptide or a fragment thereof. Drugs are screened against such transformed cells in competitive binding assays. Such cells, either in viable or fixed form, can be used for standard binding assays. One may measure, for example, the formation of complexes between polypeptides of the invention or fragments and the agent being tested or examine the diminution in complex formation between the novel polypeptides and an appropriate cell line, which are well known in the art.

Sources for test compounds that may be screened for ability to bind to or modulate (i.e., increase or decrease) the activity of polypeptides of the invention include (1) inorganic and organic chemical libraries, (2) natural product libraries, and (3) combinatorial libraries comprised of either random or mimetic peptides, oligonucleotides or organic molecules.

Chemical libraries may be readily synthesized or purchased from a number of commercial sources, and may include structural analogs of known compounds or compounds that are identified as "hits" or "leads" via natural product screening.

The sources of natural product libraries are microorganisms (including bacteria and fungi), animals, plants or other vegetation, or marine organisms, and libraries of mixtures for

screening may be created by: (1) fermentation and extraction of broths from soil, plant or marine microorganisms or (2) extraction of the organisms themselves. Natural product libraries include polyketides, non-ribosomal peptides, and (non-naturally occurring) variants thereof. For a review, see *Science 282*:63-68 (1998).

Combinatorial libraries are composed of large numbers of peptides, oligonucleotides or organic compounds and can be readily prepared by traditional automated synthesis methods, PCR, cloning or proprietary synthetic methods. Of particular interest are peptide and oligonucleotide combinatorial libraries. Still other libraries of interest include peptide, protein, peptidomimetic, multiparallel synthetic collection, recombinatorial, and polypeptide libraries. For a review of combinatorial chemistry and libraries created therefrom, see Myers, Curr. Opin. Biotechnol. 8:701-707 (1997). For reviews and examples of peptidomimetic libraries, see Al-Obeidi et al., Mol. Biotechnol, 9(3):205-23 (1998); Hruby et al., Curr Opin Chem Biol, 1(1):114-19 (1997); Dorner et al., Bioorg Med Chem, 4(5):709-15 (1996) (alkylated dipeptides).

Identification of modulators through use of the various libraries described herein permits modification of the candidate "hit" (or "lead") to optimize the capacity of the "hit" to bind a polypeptide of the invention. The molecules identified in the binding assay are then tested for antagonist or agonist activity in *in vivo* tissue culture or animal models that are well known in the art. In brief, the molecules are titrated into a plurality of cell cultures or animals and then tested for either cell/animal death or prolonged survival of the animal/cells.

The binding molecules thus identified may be complexed with toxins, e.g., ricin or cholera, or with other compounds that are toxic to cells such as radioisotopes. The toxin-binding molecule complex is then targeted to a tumor or other cell by the specificity of the binding molecule for a polypeptide of the invention. Alternatively, the binding molecules may be complexed with imaging agents for targeting and imaging purposes.

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#### 4.10.14 ASSAY FOR RECEPTOR ACTIVITY

The invention also provides methods to detect specific binding of a polypeptide e.g. a ligand or a receptor. The art provides numerous assays particularly useful for identifying previously unknown binding partners for receptor polypeptides of the invention. For example, expression cloning using mammalian or bacterial cells, or dihybrid screening assays can be used to identify polynucleotides encoding binding partners. As another example, affinity chromatography with the appropriate immobilized polypeptide of the invention can be used to isolate polypeptides that recognize and bind polypeptides of the invention. There are a number of different libraries used for the identification of compounds, and in particular small molecules, that modulate (*i.e.*, increase or decrease) biological activity of a polypeptide of the invention.

Ligands for receptor polypeptides of the invention can also be identified by adding exogenous ligands, or cocktails of ligands to two cells populations that are genetically identical except for the expression of the receptor of the invention: one cell population expresses the receptor of the invention whereas the other does not. The response of the two cell populations to the addition of ligands(s) are then compared. Alternatively, an expression library can be co-expressed with the polypeptide of the invention in cells and assayed for an autocrine response to identify potential ligand(s). As still another example, BIAcore assays, gel overlay assays, or other methods known in the art can be used to identify binding partner polypeptides, including, (1) organic and inorganic chemical libraries, (2) natural product libraries, and (3) combinatorial libraries comprised of random peptides, oligonucleotides or organic molecules.

The role of downstream intracellular signaling molecules in the signaling cascade of the polypeptide of the invention can be determined. For example, a chimeric protein in which the cytoplasmic domain of the polypeptide of the invention is fused to the extracellular portion of a protein, whose ligand has been identified, is produced in a host cell. The cell is then incubated with the ligand specific for the extracellular portion of the chimeric protein, thereby activating the chimeric receptor. Known downstream proteins involved in intracellular signaling can then be assayed for expected modifications i.e. phosphorylation. Other methods known to those in the art can also be used to identify signaling molecules involved in receptor activity.

#### 4.10.15 ANTI-INFLAMMATORY ACTIVITY

Compositions of the present invention may also exhibit anti-inflammatory activity. The anti-inflammatory activity may be achieved by providing a stimulus to cells involved in the inflammatory response, by inhibiting or promoting cell-cell interactions (such as, for example, cell adhesion), by inhibiting or promoting chemotaxis of cells involved in the inflammatory process, inhibiting or promoting cell extravasation, or by stimulating or suppressing production of other factors which more directly inhibit or promote an inflammatory response. Compositions with such activities can be used to treat inflammatory conditions including chronic or acute conditions), including without limitation intimation associated with infection (such as septic shock, sepsis or systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS)), ischemia-reperfusion injury, endotoxin lethality, arthritis, complement-mediated hyperacute rejection, nephritis, cytokine or chemokine-induced lung injury, inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease or resulting from over production of cytokines such as TNF or IL-1. Compositions of the invention may also be useful to treat anaphylaxis and hypersensitivity to an antigenic substance or material. Compositions of this invention may be utilized to prevent or treat conditions such as, but not limited to, sepsis, acute pancreatitis, endotoxin shock, cytokine induced shock, rheumatoid

arthritis, chronic inflammatory arthritis, pancreatic cell damage from diabetes mellitus type 1, graft versus host disease, inflammatory bowel disease, inflamation associated with pulmonary disease, other autoimmune disease or inflammatory disease, an antiproliferative agent such as for acute or chronic mylegenous leukemia or in the prevention of premature labor secondary to intrauterine infections.

#### 4.10.16 LEUKEMIAS

Leukemias and related disorders may be treated or prevented by administration of a therapeutic that promotes or inhibits function of the polynucleotides and/or polypeptides of the invention. Such leukemias and related disorders include but are not limited to acute leukemia, acute lymphocytic leukemia, acute myelocytic leukemia, myeloblastic, promyelocytic, myelomonocytic, monocytic, erythroleukemia, chronic leukemia, chronic myelocytic (granulocytic) leukemia and chronic lymphocytic leukemia (for a review of such disorders, see Fishman et al., 1985, Medicine, 2d Ed., J.B. Lippincott Co., Philadelphia).

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#### 4.10.17 NERVOUS SYSTEM DISORDERS

Nervous system disorders, involving cell types which can be tested for efficacy of intervention with compounds that modulate the activity of the polynucleotides and/or polypeptides of the invention, and which can be treated upon thus observing an indication of therapeutic utility, include but are not limited to nervous system injuries, and diseases or disorders which result in either a disconnection of axons, a diminution or degeneration of neurons, or demyelination. Nervous system lesions which may be treated in a patient (including human and non-human mammalian patients) according to the invention include but are not limited to the following lesions of either the central (including spinal cord, brain) or peripheral nervous systems:

- (i) traumatic lesions, including lesions caused by physical injury or associated with surgery, for example, lesions which sever a portion of the nervous system, or compression injuries;
- (ii) ischemic lesions, in which a lack of oxygen in a portion of the nervous system
   results in neuronal injury or death, including cerebral infarction or ischemia, or spinal cord infarction or ischemia;
  - (iii) infectious lesions, in which a portion of the nervous system is destroyed or injured as a result of infection, for example, by an abscess or associated with infection by human immunodeficiency virus, herpes zoster, or herpes simplex virus or with Lyme disease, tuberculosis, syphilis;

(iv) degenerative lesions, in which a portion of the nervous system is destroyed or injured as a result of a degenerative process including but not limited to degeneration associated with Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's chorea, or amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;

(v) lesions associated with nutritional diseases or disorders, in which a portion of the nervous system is destroyed or injured by a nutritional disorder or disorder of metabolism including but not limited to, vitamin B12 deficiency, folic acid deficiency, Wernicke disease, tobacco-alcohol amblyopia, Marchiafava-Bignami disease (primary degeneration of the corpus callosum), and alcoholic cerebellar degeneration;

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- (vi) neurological lesions associated with systemic diseases including but not limited to diabetes (diabetic neuropathy, Bell's palsy), systemic lupus erythematosus, carcinoma, or sarcoidosis;
  - (vii) lesions caused by toxic substances including alcohol, lead, or particular neurotoxins; and
  - (viii) demyelinated lesions in which a portion of the nervous system is destroyed or injured by a demyelinating disease including but not limited to multiple sclerosis, human immunodeficiency virus-associated myelopathy, transverse myelopathy or various etiologies, progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy, and central pontine myelinolysis.

Therapeutics which are useful according to the invention for treatment of a nervous system disorder may be selected by testing for biological activity in promoting the survival or differentiation of neurons. For example, and not by way of limitation, therapeutics which elicit any of the following effects may be useful according to the invention:

- (i) increased survival time of neurons in culture;
- (ii) increased sprouting of neurons in culture or in vivo;
- (iii) increased production of a neuron-associated molecule in culture or *in vivo*, *e.g.*, choline acetyltransferase or acetylcholinesterase with respect to motor neurons; or
  - (iv) decreased symptoms of neuron dysfunction in vivo.

Such effects may be measured by any method known in the art. In preferred, non-limiting embodiments, increased survival of neurons may be measured by the method set forth in Arakawa et al. (1990, J. Neurosci. 10:3507-3515); increased sprouting of neurons may be detected by methods set forth in Pestronk et al. (1980, Exp. Neurol. 70:65-82) or Brown et al. (1981, Ann. Rev. Neurosci. 4:17-42); increased production of neuron-associated molecules may be measured by bioassay, enzymatic assay, antibody binding, Northern blot assay, etc., depending on the molecule to be measured; and motor neuron dysfunction may be measured by

WO 01/57190 PCT/US01/04098 assessing the physical manifestation of motor neuron disorder, e.g., weakness, motor neuron conduction velocity, or functional disability.

In specific embodiments, motor neuron disorders that may be treated according to the invention include but are not limited to disorders such as infarction, infection, exposure to toxin, trauma, surgical damage, degenerative disease or malignancy that may affect motor neurons as well as other components of the nervous system, as well as disorders that selectively affect neurons such as amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and including but not limited to progressive spinal muscular atrophy, progressive bulbar palsy, primary lateral sclerosis, infantile and juvenile muscular atrophy, progressive bulbar paralysis of childhood (Fazio-Londe syndrome), poliomyelitis and the post polio syndrome, and Hereditary Motorsensory Neuropathy (Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease).

## 4.10.18 OTHER ACTIVITIES

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A polypeptide of the invention may also exhibit one or more of the following additional activities or effects: inhibiting the growth, infection or function of, or killing, infectious agents, including, without limitation, bacteria, viruses, fungi and other parasites; effecting (suppressing or enhancing) bodily characteristics, including, without limitation, height, weight, hair color, eye color, skin, fat to lean ratio or other tissue pigmentation, or organ or body part size or shape (such as, for example, breast augmentation or diminution, change in bone form or shape); effecting biorhythms or circadian cycles or rhythms; effecting the fertility of male or female 20 subjects; effecting the metabolism, catabolism, anabolism, processing, utilization, storage or elimination of dietary fat, lipid, protein, carbohydrate, vitamins, minerals, co-factors or other nutritional factors or component(s); effecting behavioral characteristics, including, without limitation, appetite, libido, stress, cognition (including cognitive disorders), depression (including depressive disorders) and violent behaviors; providing analgesic effects or other pain 25 reducing effects; promoting differentiation and growth of embryonic stem cells in lineages other than hematopoietic lineages; hormonal or endocrine activity; in the case of enzymes, correcting deficiencies of the enzyme and treating deficiency-related diseases; treatment of hyperproliferative disorders (such as, for example, psoriasis); immunoglobulin-like activity (such as, for example, the ability to bind antigens or complement); and the ability to act as an antigen 30 in a vaccine composition to raise an immune response against such protein or another material or entity which is cross-reactive with such protein.

#### 4.10.19 IDENTIFICATION OF POLYMORPHISMS

The demonstration of polymorphisms makes possible the identification of such polymorphisms in human subjects and the pharmacogenetic use of this information for diagnosis and treatment. Such polymorphisms may be associated with, e.g., differential predisposition or susceptibility to various disease states (such as disorders involving inflammation or immune response) or a differential response to drug administration, and this genetic information can be used to tailor preventive or therapeutic treatment appropriately. For example, the existence of a polymorphism associated with a predisposition to inflammation or autoimmune disease makes possible the diagnosis of this condition in humans by identifying the presence of the polymorphism.

Polymorphisms can be identified in a variety of ways known in the art which all generally involve obtaining a sample from a patient, analyzing DNA from the sample, optionally involving isolation or amplification of the DNA, and identifying the presence of the polymorphism in the DNA. For example, PCR may be used to amplify an appropriate fragment of genomic DNA which may then be sequenced. Alternatively, the DNA may be subjected to allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridization (in which appropriate oligonucleotides are hybridized to the DNA under conditions permitting detection of a single base mismatch) or to a single nucleotide extension assay (in which an oligonucleotide that hybridizes immediately adjacent to the position of the polymorphism is extended with one or more labeled nucleotides). In addition, traditional restriction fragment length polymorphism analysis (using restriction enzymes that provide differential digestion of the genomic DNA depending on the presence or absence of the polymorphism) may be performed. Arrays with nucleotide sequences of the present invention can be used to detect polymorphisms. The array can comprise modified nucleotide sequences of the present invention in order to detect the nucleotide sequences of the present invention. In the alternative, any one of the nucleotide sequences of the present invention can be placed on the array to detect changes from those sequences.

Alternatively a polymorphism resulting in a change in the amino acid sequence could also be detected by detecting a corresponding change in amino acid sequence of the protein, e.g., by an antibody specific to the variant sequence.

#### 4.10.20 ARTHRITIS AND INFLAMMATION

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The immunosuppressive effects of the compositions of the invention against rheumatoid arthritis is determined in an experimental animal model system. The experimental model system is adjuvant induced arthritis in rats, and the protocol is described by J. Holoshitz, et at., 1983, Science, 219:56, or by B. Waksman et al., 1963, Int. Arch. Allergy Appl. Immunol., 23:129. Induction of the disease can be caused by a single injection, generally intradermally, of a

suspension of killed Mycobacterium tuberculosis in complete Freund's adjuvant (CFA). The route of injection can vary, but rats may be injected at the base of the tail with an adjuvant mixture. The polypeptide is administered in phosphate buffered solution (PBS) at a dose of about 1-5 mg/kg. The control consists of administering PBS only.

The procedure for testing the effects of the test compound would consist of intradermally injecting killed Mycobacterium tuberculosis in CFA followed by immediately administering the test compound and subsequent treatment every other day until day 24. At 14, 15, 18, 20, 22, and 24 days after injection of Mycobacterium CFA, an overall arthritis score may be obtained as described by J. Holoskitz above. An analysis of the data would reveal that the test compound would have a dramatic affect on the swelling of the joints as measured by a decrease of the arthritis score.

#### 4.11 THERAPEUTIC METHODS

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The compositions (including polypeptide fragments, analogs, variants and antibodies or other binding partners or modulators including antisense polynucleotides) of the invention have numerous applications in a variety of therapeutic methods. Examples of therapeutic applications include, but are not limited to, those exemplified herein.

#### 4.11.1 EXAMPLE

20 One embodiment of the invention is the administration of an effective amount of the polypeptides or other composition of the invention to individuals affected by a disease or disorder that can be modulated by regulating the peptides of the invention. While the mode of administration is not particularly important, parenteral administration is preferred. An exemplary mode of administration is to deliver an intravenous bolus. The dosage of the 25 polypeptides or other composition of the invention will normally be determined by the prescribing physician. It is to be expected that the dosage will vary according to the age, weight, condition and response of the individual patient. Typically, the amount of polypeptide administered per dose will be in the range of about 0.01µg/kg to 100 mg/kg of body weight, with the preferred dose being about 0.1µg/kg to 10 mg/kg of patient body weight. For parenteral administration, polypeptides of the invention will be formulated in an injectable form combined with a pharmaceutically acceptable parenteral vehicle. Such vehicles are well known in the art and examples include water, saline, Ringer's solution, dextrose solution, and solutions consisting of small amounts of the human serum albumin. The vehicle may contain minor amounts of additives that maintain the isotonicity and stability of the polypeptide or other active ingredient. The preparation of such solutions is within the skill of the art.

# 4.12 PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATIONS AND ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION

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A protein or other composition of the present invention (from whatever source derived, including without limitation from recombinant and non-recombinant sources and including antibodies and other binding partners of the polypeptides of the invention) may be administered to a patient in need, by itself, or in pharmaceutical compositions where it is mixed with suitable carriers or excipient(s) at doses to treat or ameliorate a variety of disorders. Such a composition may optionally contain (in addition to protein or other active ingredient and a carrier) diluents. fillers, salts, buffers, stabilizers, solubilizers, and other materials well known in the art. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable" means a non-toxic material that does not interfere with the effectiveness of the biological activity of the active ingredient(s). The characteristics of the carrier will depend on the route of administration. The pharmaceutical composition of the invention may also contain cytokines, lymphokines, or other hematopoietic factors such as M-CSF, GM-CSF, TNF, IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-12, IL-13, IL-14, IL-15, IFN, TNF0, TNF1, TNF2, G-CSF, Meg-CSF, thrombopoietin, stem cell factor, and erythropoietin. In further compositions, proteins of the invention may be combined with other agents beneficial to the treatment of the disease or disorder in question. These agents include various growth factors such as epidermal growth factor (EGF), platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF), transforming growth factors (TGF-α and TGF-β), insulin-like growth factor (IGF), as well as cytokines described herein.

The pharmaceutical composition may further contain other agents which either enhance the activity of the protein or other active ingredient or complement its activity or use in treatment. Such additional factors and/or agents may be included in the pharmaceutical composition to produce a synergistic effect with protein or other active ingredient of the invention, or to minimize side effects. Conversely, protein or other active ingredient of the present invention may be included in formulations of the particular clotting factor, cytokine, lymphokine, other hematopoietic factor, thrombolytic or anti-thrombotic factor, or anti-inflammatory agent to minimize side effects of the clotting factor, cytokine, lymphokine, other hematopoietic factor, thrombolytic or anti-thrombotic factor, or anti-inflammatory agent (such as IL-1Ra, IL-1 Hy1, IL-1 Hy2, anti-TNF, corticosteroids, immunosuppressive agents). A protein of the present invention may be active in multimers (e.g., heterodimers or homodimers) or complexes with itself or other proteins. As a result, pharmaceutical compositions of the invention may comprise a protein of the invention in such multimeric or complexed form.

As an alternative to being included in a pharmaceutical composition of the invention including a first protein, a second protein or a therapeutic agent may be concurrently administered with the first protein (e.g., at the same time, or at differing times provided that therapeutic concentrations of the combination of agents is achieved at the treatment site). Techniques for formulation and administration of the compounds of the instant application may 5 be found in "Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences," Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA, latest edition. A therapeutically effective dose further refers to that amount of the compound sufficient to result in amelioration of symptoms, e.g., treatment, healing, prevention or amelioration of the relevant medical condition, or an increase in rate of treatment, healing, prevention or 10 amelioration of such conditions. When applied to an individual active ingredient, administered alone, a therapeutically effective dose refers to that ingredient alone. When applied to a combination, a therapeutically effective dose refers to combined amounts of the active ingredients that result in the therapeutic effect, whether administered in combination, serially or simultaneously.

In practicing the method of treatment or use of the present invention, a therapeutically effective amount of protein or other active ingredient of the present invention is administered to a mammal having a condition to be treated. Protein or other active ingredient of the present invention may be administered in accordance with the method of the invention either alone or in combination with other therapies such as treatments employing cytokines, lymphokines or other hematopoietic factors. When co- administered with one or more cytokines, lymphokines or other hematopoietic factors, protein or other active ingredient of the present invention may be administered either simultaneously with the cytokine(s), lymphokine(s), other hematopoietic factor(s), thrombolytic or anti-thrombotic factors, or sequentially. If administered sequentially, the attending physician will decide on the appropriate sequence of administering protein or other active ingredient of the present invention in combination with cytokine(s), lymphokine(s), other hematopoietic factor(s), thrombolytic or anti-thrombotic factors.

#### 4.12.1 ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION

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Suitable routes of administration may, for example, include oral, rectal, transmucosal, or intestinal administration; parenteral delivery, including intramuscular, subcutaneous, intramedullary injections, as well as intrathecal, direct intraventricular, intravenous, intraperitoneal, intranasal, or intraocular injections. Administration of protein or other active ingredient of the present invention used in the pharmaceutical composition or to practice the method of the present invention can be carried out in a variety of conventional ways, such as oral

ingestion, inhalation, topical application or cutaneous, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal, parenteral or intravenous injection. Intravenous administration to the patient is preferred.

Alternately, one may administer the compound in a local rather than systemic manner, for example, via injection of the compound directly into a arthritic joints or in fibrotic tissue, often in a depot or sustained release formulation. In order to prevent the scarring process frequently occurring as complication of glaucoma surgery, the compounds may be administered topically, for example, as eye drops. Furthermore, one may administer the drug in a targeted drug delivery system, for example, in a liposome coated with a specific antibody, targeting, for example, arthritic or fibrotic tissue. The liposomes will be targeted to and taken up selectively by the afflicted tissue.

The polypeptides of the invention are administered by any route that delivers an effective dosage to the desired site of action. The determination of a suitable route of administration and an effective dosage for a particular indication is within the level of skill in the art. Preferably for wound treatment, one administers the therapeutic compound directly to the site. Suitable dosage ranges for the polypeptides of the invention can be extrapolated from these dosages or from similar studies in appropriate animal models. Dosages can then be adjusted as necessary by the clinician to provide maximal therapeutic benefit.

#### 4.12.2 COMPOSITIONS/FORMULATIONS

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Pharmaceutical compositions for use in accordance with the present invention thus may be formulated in a conventional manner using one or more physiologically acceptable carriers comprising excipients and auxiliaries which facilitate processing of the active compounds into preparations which can be used pharmaceutically. These pharmaceutical compositions may be manufactured in a manner that is itself known, e.g., by means of conventional mixing, dissolving, granulating, dragee-making, levigating, emulsifying, encapsulating, entrapping or lyophilizing processes. Proper formulation is dependent upon the route of administration chosen. When a therapeutically effective amount of protein or other active ingredient of the present invention is administered orally, protein or other active ingredient of the present invention will be in the form of a tablet, capsule, powder, solution or elixir. When administered in tablet form, the pharmaceutical composition of the invention may additionally contain a solid carrier such as a gelatin or an adjuvant. The tablet, capsule, and powder contain from about 5 to 95% protein or other active ingredient of the present invention, and preferably from about 25 to 90% protein or other active ingredient of the present invention. When administered in liquid form, a liquid carrier such as water, petroleum, oils of animal or plant origin such as peanut oil, mineral oil, soybean oil, or sesame oil, or synthetic oils may be added. The liquid form of the

pharmaceutical composition may further contain physiological saline solution, dextrose or other saccharide solution, or glycols such as ethylene glycol, propylene glycol or polyethylene glycol. When administered in liquid form, the pharmaceutical composition contains from about 0.5 to 90% by weight of protein or other active ingredient of the present invention, and preferably from about 1 to 50% protein or other active ingredient of the present invention.

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When a therapeutically effective amount of protein or other active ingredient of the present invention is administered by intravenous, cutaneous or subcutaneous injection, protein or other active ingredient of the present invention will be in the form of a pyrogen-free, parenterally acceptable aqueous solution. The preparation of such parenterally acceptable protein or other active ingredient solutions, having due regard to pH, isotonicity, stability, and the like, is within the skill in the art. A preferred pharmaceutical composition for intravenous, cutaneous, or subcutaneous injection should contain, in addition to protein or other active ingredient of the present invention, an isotonic vehicle such as Sodium Chloride Injection, Ringer's Injection, Dextrose Injection, Dextrose and Sodium Chloride Injection, Lactated Ringer's Injection, or other vehicle as known in the art. The pharmaceutical composition of the present invention may also contain stabilizers, preservatives, buffers, antioxidants, or other additives known to those of skill in the art. For injection, the agents of the invention may be formulated in aqueous solutions. preferably in physiologically compatible buffers such as Hanks's solution, Ringer's solution, or physiological saline buffer. For transmucosal administration, penetrants appropriate to the barrier to be permeated are used in the formulation. Such penetrants are generally known in the art.

For oral administration, the compounds can be formulated readily by combining the active compounds with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers well known in the art. Such carriers enable the compounds of the invention to be formulated as tablets, pills, dragees, capsules, liquids, gels, syrups, slurries, suspensions and the like, for oral ingestion by a patient to be treated. Pharmaceutical preparations for oral use can be obtained from a solid excipient, optionally grinding a resulting mixture, and processing the mixture of granules, after adding suitable auxiliaries, if desired, to obtain tablets or dragee cores. Suitable excipients are, in particular, fillers such as sugars, including lactose, sucrose, mannitol, or sorbitol; cellulose preparations such as, for example, maize starch, wheat starch, rice starch, potato starch, gelatin, gum tragacanth, methyl cellulose, hydroxypropylmethyl-cellulose, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, and/or polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP). If desired, disintegrating agents may be added, such as the cross-linked polyvinyl pyrrolidone, agar, or alginic acid or a salt thereof such as sodium alginate. Dragee cores are provided with suitable coatings. For this purpose, concentrated sugar solutions may be used, which may optionally contain gum arabic,

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talc, polyvinyl pyrrolidone, carbopol gel, polyethylene glycol, and/or titanium dioxide, lacquer solutions, and suitable organic solvents or solvent mixtures. Dyestuffs or pigments may be added to the tablets or dragee coatings for identification or to characterize different combinations of active compound doses.

Pharmaceutical preparations which can be used orally include push-fit capsules made of gelatin, as well as soft, sealed capsules made of gelatin and a plasticizer, such as glycerol or sorbitol. The push-fit capsules can contain the active ingredients in admixture with filler such as lactose, binders such as starches, and/or lubricants such as talc or magnesium stearate and, optionally, stabilizers. In soft capsules, the active compounds may be dissolved or suspended in suitable liquids, such as fatty oils, liquid paraffin, or liquid polyethylene glycols. In addition, stabilizers may be added. All formulations for oral administration should be in dosages suitable for such administration. For buccal administration, the compositions may take the form of tablets or lozenges formulated in conventional manner.

For administration by inhalation, the compounds for use according to the present invention are conveniently delivered in the form of an aerosol spray presentation from pressurized packs or a nebuliser, with the use of a suitable propellant, e.g., dichlorodifluoromethane, trichlorofluoromethane, dichlorotetrafluoroethane, carbon dioxide or other suitable gas. In the case of a pressurized aerosol the dosage unit may be determined by providing a valve to deliver a metered amount. Capsules and cartridges of, e.g., gelatin for use in an inhaler or insufflator may be formulated containing a powder mix of the compound and a suitable powder base such as lactose or starch. The compounds may be formulated for parenteral administration by injection, e.g., by bolus injection or continuous infusion. Formulations for injection may be presented in unit dosage form, e.g., in ampules or in multi-dose containers, with an added preservative. The compositions may take such forms as suspensions, solutions or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles, and may contain formulatory agents such as suspending, stabilizing and/or dispersing agents.

Pharmaceutical formulations for parenteral administration include aqueous solutions of the active compounds in water-soluble form. Additionally, suspensions of the active compounds may be prepared as appropriate oily injection suspensions. Suitable lipophilic solvents or vehicles include fatty oils such as sesame oil, or synthetic fatty acid esters, such as ethyl oleate or triglycerides, or liposomes. Aqueous injection suspensions may contain substances which increase the viscosity of the suspension, such as sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, sorbitol, or dextran. Optionally, the suspension may also contain suitable stabilizers or agents which increase the solubility of the compounds to allow for the preparation of highly concentrated

solutions. Alternatively, the active ingredient may be in powder form for constitution with a suitable vehicle, e.g., sterile pyrogen-free water, before use.

The compounds may also be formulated in rectal compositions such as suppositories or retention enemas, e.g., containing conventional suppository bases such as cocoa butter or other glycerides. In addition to the formulations described previously, the compounds may also be formulated as a depot preparation. Such long acting formulations may be administered by implantation (for example subcutaneously or intramuscularly) or by intramuscular injection. Thus, for example, the compounds may be formulated with suitable polymeric or hydrophobic materials (for example as an emulsion in an acceptable oil) or ion exchange resins, or as sparingly soluble derivatives, for example, as a sparingly soluble salt.

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A pharmaceutical carrier for the hydrophobic compounds of the invention is a co-solvent system comprising benzyl alcohol, a nonpolar surfactant, a water-miscible organic polymer, and an aqueous phase. The co-solvent system may be the VPD co-solvent system. VPD is a solution of 3% w/v benzyl alcohol, 8% w/v of the nonpolar surfactant polysorbate 80, and 65% w/v polyethylene glycol 300, made up to volume in absolute ethanol. The VPD co-solvent system (VPD:5W) consists of VPD diluted 1:1 with a 5% dextrose in water solution. This co-solvent system dissolves hydrophobic compounds well, and itself produces low toxicity upon systemic administration. Naturally, the proportions of a co-solvent system may be varied considerably without destroying its solubility and toxicity characteristics. Furthermore, the identity of the co-solvent components may be varied: for example, other low-toxicity nonpolar surfactants may be used instead of polysorbate 80; the fraction size of polyethylene glycol may be varied; other biocompatible polymers may replace polyethylene glycol, e.g. polyvinyl pyrrolidone; and other sugars or polysaccharides may substitute for dextrose. Alternatively, other delivery systems for hydrophobic pharmaceutical compounds may be employed. Liposomes and emulsions are well known examples of delivery vehicles or carriers for hydrophobic drugs. Certain organic solvents such as dimethylsulfoxide also may be employed, although usually at the cost of greater toxicity. Additionally, the compounds may be delivered using a sustained-release system, such as semipermeable matrices of solid hydrophobic polymers containing the therapeutic agent. Various types of sustained-release materials have been established and are well known by those skilled in the art. Sustained-release capsules may, depending on their chemical nature, release the compounds for a few weeks up to over 100 days. Depending on the chemical nature and the biological stability of the therapeutic reagent, additional strategies for protein or other active ingredient stabilization may be employed.

The pharmaceutical compositions also may comprise suitable solid or gel phase carriers or excipients. Examples of such carriers or excipients include but are not limited to calcium

carbonate, calcium phosphate, various sugars, starches, cellulose derivatives, gelatin, and polymers such as polyethylene glycols. Many of the active ingredients of the invention may be provided as salts with pharmaceutically compatible counter ions. Such pharmaceutically acceptable base addition salts are those salts which retain the biological effectiveness and properties of the free acids and which are obtained by reaction with inorganic or organic bases such as sodium hydroxide, magnesium hydroxide, ammonia, trialkylamine, dialkylamine, monoalkylamine, dibasic amino acids, sodium acetate, potassium benzoate, triethanol amine and the like.

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The pharmaceutical composition of the invention may be in the form of a complex of the protein(s) or other active ingredient(s) of present invention along with protein or peptide antigens. The protein and/or peptide antigen will deliver a stimulatory signal to both B and T lymphocytes. B lymphocytes will respond to antigen through their surface immunoglobulin receptor. T lymphocytes will respond to antigen through the T cell receptor (TCR) following presentation of the antigen by MHC proteins. MHC and structurally related proteins including those encoded by class I and class II MHC genes on host cells will serve to present the peptide antigen(s) to T lymphocytes. The antigen components could also be supplied as purified MHC-peptide complexes alone or with co-stimulatory molecules that can directly signal T cells. Alternatively antibodies able to bind surface immunoglobulin and other molecules on B cells as well as antibodies able to bind the TCR and other molecules on T cells can be combined with the pharmaceutical composition of the invention.

The pharmaceutical composition of the invention may be in the form of a liposome in which protein of the present invention is combined, in addition to other pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, with amphipathic agents such as lipids which exist in aggregated form as micelles, insoluble monolayers, liquid crystals, or lamellar layers in aqueous solution. Suitable lipids for liposomal formulation include, without limitation, monoglycerides, diglycerides, sulfatides, lysolecithins, phospholipids, saponin, bile acids, and the like. Preparation of such liposomal formulations is within the level of skill in the art, as disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,235,871; 4,501,728; 4,837,028; and 4,737,323, all of which are incorporated herein by reference.

The amount of protein or other active ingredient of the present invention in the pharmaceutical composition of the present invention will depend upon the nature and severity of the condition being treated, and on the nature of prior treatments which the patient has undergone. Ultimately, the attending physician will decide the amount of protein or other active ingredient of the present invention with which to treat each individual patient. Initially, the attending physician will administer low doses of protein or other active ingredient of the present

invention and observe the patient's response. Larger doses of protein or other active ingredient of the present invention may be administered until the optimal therapeutic effect is obtained for the patient, and at that point the dosage is not increased further. It is contemplated that the various pharmaceutical compositions used to practice the method of the present invention should contain about 0.01 µg to about 100 mg (preferably about 0.1 µg to about 10 mg, more preferably about 0.1 µg to about 1 mg) of protein or other active ingredient of the present invention per kg body weight. For compositions of the present invention which are useful for bone, cartilage, tendon or ligament regeneration, the therapeutic method includes administering the composition topically, systematically, or locally as an implant or device. When administered, the therapeutic composition for use in this invention is, of course, in a pyrogen-free, physiologically acceptable form. Further, the composition may desirably be encapsulated or injected in a viscous form for delivery to the site of bone, cartilage or tissue damage. Topical administration may be suitable for wound healing and tissue repair. Therapeutically useful agents other than a protein or other active ingredient of the invention which may also optionally be included in the composition as described above, may alternatively or additionally, be administered simultaneously or sequentially with the composition in the methods of the invention. Preferably for bone and/or cartilage formation, the composition would include a matrix capable of delivering the protein-containing or other active ingredient-containing composition to the site of bone and/or cartilage damage, providing a structure for the developing bone and cartilage and optimally capable of being resorbed into the body. Such matrices may be formed of materials presently in use for other implanted medical applications.

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The choice of matrix material is based on biocompatibility, biodegradability, mechanical properties, cosmetic appearance and interface properties. The particular application of the compositions will define the appropriate formulation. Potential matrices for the compositions may be biodegradable and chemically defined calcium sulfate, tricalcium phosphate, hydroxyapatite, polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid and polyanhydrides. Other potential materials are biodegradable and biologically well-defined, such as bone or dermal collagen. Further matrices are comprised of pure proteins or extracellular matrix components. Other potential matrices are nonbiodegradable and chemically defined, such as sintered hydroxyapatite, bioglass, aluminates, or other ceramics. Matrices may be comprised of combinations of any of the above mentioned types of material, such as polylactic acid and hydroxyapatite or collagen and tricalcium phosphate. The bioceramics may be altered in composition, such as in calcium-aluminate-phosphate and processing to alter pore size, particle size, particle shape, and biodegradability. Presently preferred is a 50:50 (mole weight) copolymer of lactic acid and glycolic acid in the form of porous particles having diameters ranging from 150 to 800 microns.

In some applications, it will be useful to utilize a sequestering agent, such as carboxymethyl cellulose or autologous blood clot, to prevent the protein compositions from disassociating from the matrix.

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A preferred family of sequestering agents is cellulosic materials such as alkylcelluloses (including hydroxyalkylcelluloses), including methylcellulose, ethylcellulose, hydroxyethylcellulose, hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxypropyl-methylcellulose, and carboxymethylcellulose, the most preferred being cationic salts of carboxymethylcellulose (CMC). Other preferred sequestering agents include hyaluronic acid, sodium alginate, poly(ethylene glycol), polyoxyethylene oxide, carboxyvinyl polymer and poly(vinyl alcohol). The amount of sequestering agent useful herein is 0.5-20 wt %, preferably 1-10 wt % based on total formulation weight, which represents the amount necessary to prevent desorption of the protein from the polymer matrix and to provide appropriate handling of the composition, yet not so much that the progenitor cells are prevented from infiltrating the matrix, thereby providing the protein the opportunity to assist the osteogenic activity of the progenitor cells. In further compositions, proteins or other active ingredients of the invention may be combined with other agents beneficial to the treatment of the bone and/or cartilage defect, wound, or tissue in question. These agents include various growth factors such as epidermal growth factor (EGF), platelet derived growth factor (PDGF), transforming growth factors (TGF-α and TGF-β), and insulin-like growth factor (IGF).

The therapeutic compositions are also presently valuable for veterinary applications. Particularly domestic animals and thoroughbred horses, in addition to humans, are desired patients for such treatment with proteins or other active ingredients of the present invention. The dosage regimen of a protein-containing pharmaceutical composition to be used in tissue regeneration will be determined by the attending physician considering various factors which modify the action of the proteins, *e.g.*, amount of tissue weight desired to be formed, the site of damage, the condition of the damaged tissue, the size of a wound, type of damaged tissue (*e.g.*, bone), the patient's age, sex, and diet, the severity of any infection, time of administration and other clinical factors. The dosage may vary with the type of matrix used in the reconstitution and with inclusion of other proteins in the pharmaceutical composition. For example, the addition of other known growth factors, such as IGF I (insulin like growth factor I), to the final composition, may also effect the dosage. Progress can be monitored by periodic assessment of tissue/bone growth and/or repair, for example, X-rays, histomorphometric determinations and tetracycline labeling.

Polynucleotides of the present invention can also be used for gene therapy. Such polynucleotides can be introduced either in vivo or ex vivo into cells for expression in a

mammalian subject. Polynucleotides of the invention may also be administered by other known methods for introduction of nucleic acid into a cell or organism (including, without limitation, in the form of viral vectors or naked DNA). Cells may also be cultured ex vivo in the presence of proteins of the present invention in order to proliferate or to produce a desired effect on or activity in such cells. Treated cells can then be introduced in vivo for therapeutic purposes.

### 4.12.3 EFFECTIVE DOSAGE

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Pharmaceutical compositions suitable for use in the present invention include compositions wherein the active ingredients are contained in an effective amount to achieve its intended purpose. More specifically, a therapeutically effective amount means an amount effective to prevent development of or to alleviate the existing symptoms of the subject being treated. Determination of the effective amount is well within the capability of those skilled in the art, especially in light of the detailed disclosure provided herein. For any compound used in the method of the invention, the therapeutically effective dose can be estimated initially from appropriate in vitro assays. For example, a dose can be formulated in animal models to achieve a circulating concentration range that can be used to more accurately determine useful doses in humans. For example, a dose can be formulated in animal models to achieve a circulating concentration range that includes the IC<sub>50</sub> as determined in cell culture (i.e., the concentration of the test compound which achieves a half-maximal inhibition of the protein's biological activity). Such information can be used to more accurately determine useful doses in humans.

A therapeutically effective dose refers to that amount of the compound that results in amelioration of symptoms or a prolongation of survival in a patient. Toxicity and therapeutic efficacy of such compounds can be determined by standard pharmaceutical procedures in cell cultures or experimental animals, e.g., for determining the LD<sub>50</sub> (the dose lethal to 50% of the population) and the ED<sub>50</sub> (the dose therapeutically effective in 50% of the population). The dose ratio between toxic and therapeutic effects is the therapeutic index and it can be expressed as the ratio between LD<sub>50</sub> and ED<sub>50</sub>. Compounds which exhibit high therapeutic indices are preferred. The data obtained from these cell culture assays and animal studies can be used in formulating a range of dosage for use in human. The dosage of such compounds lies preferably within a range of circulating concentrations that include the ED<sub>50</sub> with little or no toxicity. The dosage may vary within this range depending upon the dosage form employed and the route of administration utilized. The exact formulation, route of administration and dosage can be chosen by the individual physician in view of the patient's condition. See, e.g., Fingl et al., 1975, in "The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics", Ch. 1 p.1. Dosage amount and interval may be adjusted individually to provide plasma levels of the active moiety which are sufficient to maintain the

desired effects, or minimal effective concentration (MEC). The MEC will vary for each compound but can be estimated from *in vitro* data. Dosages necessary to achieve the MEC will depend on individual characteristics and route of administration. However, HPLC assays or bioassays can be used to determine plasma concentrations.

Dosage intervals can also be determined using MEC value. Compounds should be administered using a regimen which maintains plasma levels above the MEC for 10-90% of the time, preferably between 30-90% and most preferably between 50-90%. In cases of local administration or selective uptake, the effective local concentration of the drug may not be related to plasma concentration.

An exemplary dosage regimen for polypeptides or other compositions of the invention will be in the range of about  $0.01~\mu g/kg$  to 100~mg/kg of body weight daily, with the preferred dose being about  $0.1~\mu g/kg$  to 25~mg/kg of patient body weight daily, varying in adults and children. Dosing may be once daily, or equivalent doses may be delivered at longer or shorter intervals.

The amount of composition administered will, of course, be dependent on the subject being treated, on the subject's age and weight, the severity of the affliction, the manner of administration and the judgment of the prescribing physician.

#### 4.12.4 PACKAGING

The compositions may, if desired, be presented in a pack or dispenser device which may contain one or more unit dosage forms containing the active ingredient. The pack may, for example, comprise metal or plastic foil, such as a blister pack. The pack or dispenser device may be accompanied by instructions for administration. Compositions comprising a compound of the invention formulated in a compatible pharmaceutical carrier may also be prepared, placed in an appropriate container, and labeled for treatment of an indicated condition.

#### 4.13 ANTIBODIES

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Also included in the invention are antibodies to proteins, or fragments of proteins of the invention. The term "antibody" as used herein refers to immunoglobulin molecules and immunologically active portions of immunoglobulin (Ig) molecules, i.e., molecules that contain an antigen binding site that specifically binds (immunoreacts with) an antigen. Such antibodies include, but are not limited to, polyclonal, monoclonal, chimeric, single chain,  $F_{ab}$ ,  $F_{ab'}$  and  $F_{(ab')2}$  fragments, and an  $F_{ab}$  expression library. In general, an antibody molecule obtained from humans relates to any of the classes IgG, IgM, IgA, IgE and IgD, which differ from one another by the nature of the heavy chain present in the molecule. Certain classes have subclasses as well,

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such as IgG<sub>1</sub>, IgG<sub>2</sub>, and others. Furthermore, in humans, the light chain may be a kappa chain or a lambda chain. Reference herein to antibodies includes a reference to all such classes, subclasses and types of human antibody species.

An isolated related protein of the invention may be intended to serve as an antigen, or a portion or fragment thereof, and additionally can be used as an immunogen to generate antibodies that immunospecifically bind the antigen, using standard techniques for polyclonal and monoclonal antibody preparation. The full-length protein can be used or, alternatively, the invention provides antigenic peptide fragments of the antigen for use as immunogens. An antigenic peptide fragment comprises at least 6 amino acid residues of the amino acid sequence of the full length protein, such as an amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:985, and encompasses an epitope thereof such that an antibody raised against the peptide forms a specific immune complex with the full length protein or with any fragment that contains the epitope. Preferably, the antigenic peptide comprises at least 10 amino acid residues, or at least 15 amino acid residues, or at least 20 amino acid residues. Preferred epitopes encompassed by the antigenic peptide are regions of the protein that are located on its surface; commonly these are hydrophilic regions.

In certain embodiments of the invention, at least one epitope encompassed by the antigenic peptide is a region of -related protein that is located on the surface of the protein, e.g., a hydrophilic region. A hydrophobicity analysis of the human related protein sequence will indicate which regions of a related protein are particularly hydrophilic and, therefore, are likely to encode surface residues useful for targeting antibody production. As a means for targeting antibody production, hydropathy plots showing regions of hydrophilicity and hydrophobicity may be generated by any method well known in the art, including, for example, the Kyte Doolittle or the Hopp Woods methods, either with or without Fourier transformation. See, e.g., Hopp and Woods, 1981, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA 78: 3824-3828; Kyte and Doolittle 1982, J. Mol. Biol. 157: 105-142, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Antibodies that are specific for one or more domains within an antigenic protein, or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof, are also provided herein.

A protein of the invention, or a derivative, fragment, analog, homolog or ortholog thereof, may be utilized as an immunogen in the generation of antibodies that immunospecifically bind these protein components.

Various procedures known within the art may be used for the production of polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies directed against a protein of the invention, or against derivatives, fragments, analogs homologs or orthologs thereof (see, for example, Antibodies: A Laboratory

Manual, Harlow E, and Lane D, 1988, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, incorporated herein by reference). Some of these antibodies are discussed below.

#### 5.13.1 Polyclonal Antibodies

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For the production of polyclonal antibodies, various suitable host animals (e.g., rabbit, goat, mouse or other mammal) may be immunized by one or more injections with the native protein, a synthetic variant thereof, or a derivative of the foregoing. An appropriate immunogenic preparation can contain, for example, the naturally occurring immunogenic protein, a chemically synthesized polypeptide representing the immunogenic protein, or a recombinantly expressed immunogenic protein. Furthermore, the protein may be conjugated to a second protein known to be immunogenic in the mammal being immunized. Examples of such immunogenic proteins include but are not limited to keyhole limpet hemocyanin, serum albumin, bovine thyroglobulin, and soybean trypsin inhibitor. The preparation can further include an adjuvant. Various adjuvants used to increase the immunological response include, but are not limited to, Freund's (complete and incomplete), mineral gels (e.g., aluminum hydroxide), surface active substances (e.g., lysolecithin, pluronic polyols, polyanions, peptides, oil emulsions, dinitrophenol, etc.), adjuvants usable in humans such as Bacille Calmette-Guerin and Corynebacterium parvum, or similar immunostimulatory agents. Additional examples of adjuvants which can be employed include MPL-TDM adjuvant (monophosphoryl Lipid A, synthetic trehalose dicorynomycolate).

The polyclonal antibody molecules directed against the immunogenic protein can be isolated from the mammal (e.g., from the blood) and further purified by well known techniques, such as affinity chromatography using protein A or protein G, which provide primarily the IgG fraction of immune serum. Subsequently, or alternatively, the specific antigen which is the target of the immunoglobulin sought, or an epitope thereof, may be immobilized on a column to purify the immune specific antibody by immunoaffinity chromatography. Purification of immunoglobulins is discussed, for example, by D. Wilkinson (The Scientist, published by The Scientist, Inc., Philadelphia PA, Vol. 14, No. 8 (April 17, 2000), pp. 25-28).

#### 5.13.2 Monoclonal Antibodies

The term "monoclonal antibody" (MAb) or "monoclonal antibody composition", as used herein, refers to a population of antibody molecules that contain only one molecular species of antibody molecule consisting of a unique light chain gene product and a unique heavy chain gene product. In particular, the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) of the monoclonal antibody are identical in all the molecules of the population. MAbs thus contain an antigen

binding site capable of immunoreacting with a particular epitope of the antigen characterized by a unique binding affinity for it.

Monoclonal antibodies can be prepared using hybridoma methods, such as those described by Kohler and Milstein, Nature, 256:495 (1975). In a hybridoma method, a mouse, hamster, or other appropriate host animal, is typically immunized with an immunizing agent to 5 elicit lymphocytes that produce or are capable of producing antibodies that will specifically bind to the immunizing agent. Alternatively, the lymphocytes can be immunized in vitro. The immunizing agent will typically include the protein antigen, a fragment thereof or a fusion protein thereof. Generally, either peripheral blood lymphocytes are used if cells of human origin are desired, or spleen cells or lymph node cells are used if non-human mammalian sources are 10 desired. The lymphocytes are then fused with an immortalized cell line using a suitable fusing agent, such as polyethylene glycol, to form a hybridoma cell (Goding, Monoclonal Antibodies: Principles and Practice, Academic Press, (1986) pp. 59-103). Immortalized cell lines are usually transformed mammalian cells, particularly myeloma cells of rodent, bovine and human origin. Usually, rat or mouse myeloma cell lines are employed. The hybridoma cells can be cultured in 15 a suitable culture medium that preferably contains one or more substances that inhibit the growth or survival of the unfused, immortalized cells. For example, if the parental cells lack the enzyme hypoxanthine guanine phosphoribosyl transferase (HGPRT or HPRT), the culture medium for the hybridomas typically will include hypoxanthine, aminopterin, and thymidine ("HAT medium"), which substances prevent the growth of HGPRT-deficient cells. 20

Preferred immortalized cell lines are those that fuse efficiently, support stable high level expression of antibody by the selected antibody-producing cells, and are sensitive to a medium such as HAT medium. More preferred immortalized cell lines are murine myeloma lines, which can be obtained, for instance, from the Salk Institute Cell Distribution Center, San Diego, California and the American Type Culture Collection, Manassas, Virginia. Human myeloma and mouse-human heteromyeloma cell lines also have been described for the production of human monoclonal antibodies (Kozbor, J. Immunol., 133:3001 (1984); Brodeur et al., Monoclonal Antibody Production Techniques and Applications, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, (1987) pp. 51-63).

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The culture medium in which the hybridoma cells are cultured can then be assayed for the presence of monoclonal antibodies directed against the antigen. Preferably, the binding specificity of monoclonal antibodies produced by the hybridoma cells is determined by immunoprecipitation or by an in vitro binding assay, such as radioimmunoassay (RIA) or enzyme-linked immunoabsorbent assay (ELISA). Such techniques and assays are known in the art. The binding affinity of the monoclonal antibody can, for example, be determined by the

Scatchard analysis of Munson and Pollard, <u>Anal. Biochem.</u>, <u>107</u>:220 (1980). Preferably, antibodies having a high degree of specificity and a high binding affinity for the target antigen are isolated.

After the desired hybridoma cells are identified, the clones can be subcloned by limiting dilution procedures and grown by standard methods. Suitable culture media for this purpose include, for example, Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium and RPMI-1640 medium. Alternatively, the hybridoma cells can be grown in vivo as ascites in a mammal. The monoclonal antibodies secreted by the subclones can be isolated or purified from the culture medium or ascites fluid by conventional immunoglobulin purification procedures such as, for example, protein A-Sepharose, hydroxylapatite chromatography, gel electrophoresis, dialysis, or affinity chromatography.

The monoclonal antibodies can also be made by recombinant DNA methods, such as those described in U.S. Patent No. 4,816,567. DNA encoding the monoclonal antibodies of the invention can be readily isolated and sequenced using conventional procedures (e.g., by using oligonucleotide probes that are capable of binding specifically to genes encoding the heavy and light chains of murine antibodies). The hybridoma cells of the invention serve as a preferred source of such DNA. Once isolated, the DNA can be placed into expression vectors, which are then transfected into host cells such as simian COS cells, Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, or myeloma cells that do not otherwise produce immunoglobulin protein, to obtain the synthesis of monoclonal antibodies in the recombinant host cells. The DNA also can be modified, for example, by substituting the coding sequence for human heavy and light chain constant domains in place of the homologous murine sequences (U.S. Patent No. 4,816,567; Morrison, Nature 368, 812-13 (1994)) or by covalently joining to the immunoglobulin coding sequence all or part of the coding sequence for a non-immunoglobulin polypeptide. Such a non-immunoglobulin polypeptide can be substituted for the constant domains of an antibody of the invention, or can be substituted for the variable domains of one antigen-combining site of an antibody of the invention to create a chimeric bivalent antibody.

#### 5.13.2 Humanized Antibodies

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The antibodies directed against the protein antigens of the invention can further comprise humanized antibodies or human antibodies. These antibodies are suitable for administration to humans without engendering an immune response by the human against the administered immunoglobulin. Humanized forms of antibodies are chimeric immunoglobulins, immunoglobulin chains or fragments thereof (such as Fv, Fab, Fab', F(ab')<sub>2</sub> or other antigenbinding subsequences of antibodies) that are principally comprised of the sequence of a human

immunoglobulin, and contain minimal sequence derived from a non-human immunoglobulin. Humanization can be performed following the method of Winter and co-workers (Jones et al., Nature, 321:522-525 (1986); Riechmann et al., Nature, 332:323-327 (1988); Verhoeyen et al., Science, 239:1534-1536 (1988)), by substituting rodent CDRs or CDR sequences for the corresponding sequences of a human antibody. (See also U.S. Patent No. 5,225,539.) In some 5 instances, Fv framework residues of the human immunoglobulin are replaced by corresponding non-human residues. Humanized antibodies can also comprise residues which are found neither in the recipient antibody nor in the imported CDR or framework sequences. In general, the humanized antibody will comprise substantially all of at least one, and typically two, variable domains, in which all or substantially all of the CDR regions correspond to those of a non-human immunoglobulin and all or substantially all of the framework regions are those of a human immunoglobulin consensus sequence. The humanized antibody optimally also will comprise at least a portion of an immunoglobulin constant region (Fc), typically that of a human immunoglobulin (Jones et al., 1986; Riechmann et al., 1988; and Presta, Curr. Op. Struct. Biol., 2:593-596 (1992)).

# 5.13.3 Human Antibodies

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Fully human antibodies relate to antibody molecules in which essentially the entire sequences of both the light chain and the heavy chain, including the CDRs, arise from human genes. Such antibodies are termed "human antibodies", or "fully human antibodies" herein. 20 Human monoclonal antibodies can be prepared by the trioma technique; the human B-cell hybridoma technique (see Kozbor, et al., 1983 Immunol Today 4: 72) and the EBV hybridoma technique to produce human monoclonal antibodies (see Cole, et al., 1985 In: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AND CANCER THERAPY, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96). Human monoclonal antibodies may be utilized in the practice of the present invention and may be produced by using human hybridomas (see Cote, et al., 1983. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 80: 2026-2030) or by transforming human B-cells with Epstein Barr Virus in vitro (see Cole, et al., 1985 In: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AND CANCER THERAPY, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96).

In addition, human antibodies can also be produced using additional techniques, including phage display libraries (Hoogenboom and Winter, J. Mol. Biol., 227:381 (1991); 30 Marks et al., J. Mol. Biol., 222:581 (1991)). Similarly, human antibodies can be made by introducing human immunoglobulin loci into transgenic animals, e.g., mice in which the endogenous immunoglobulin genes have been partially or completely inactivated. Upon challenge, human antibody production is observed, which closely resembles that seen in humans in all respects, including gene rearrangement, assembly, and antibody repertoire. This approach

is described, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,545,807; 5,545,806; 5,569,825; 5,625,126; 5,633,425; 5,661,016, and in Marks et al. (Bio/Technology 10, 779-783 (1992)); Lonberg et al. (Nature 368 856-859 (1994)); Morrison (Nature 368, 812-13 (1994)); Fishwild et al., (Nature Biotechnology 14, 845-51 (1996)); Neuberger (Nature Biotechnology 14, 826 (1996)); and Lonberg and Huszar (Intern. Rev. Immunol. 13 65-93 (1995)).

Human antibodies may additionally be produced using transgenic nonhuman animals which are modified so as to produce fully human antibodies rather than the animal's endogenous antibodies in response to challenge by an antigen. (See PCT publication WO94/02602). The endogenous genes encoding the heavy and light immunoglobulin chains in the nonhuman host have been incapacitated, and active loci encoding human heavy and light chain immunoglobulins are inserted into the host's genome. The human genes are incorporated, for example, using yeast artificial chromosomes containing the requisite human DNA segments. An animal which provides all the desired modifications is then obtained as progeny by crossbreeding intermediate transgenic animals containing fewer than the full complement of the modifications. The preferred embodiment of such a nonhuman animal is a mouse, and is termed the Xenomouse<sup>TM</sup> as disclosed in PCT publications WO 96/33735 and WO 96/34096. This animal produces B cells which secrete fully human immunoglobulins. The antibodies can be obtained directly from the animal after immunization with an immunogen of interest, as, for example, a preparation of a polyclonal antibody, or alternatively from immortalized B cells derived from the animal, such as hybridomas producing monoclonal antibodies. Additionally, the genes encoding the immunoglobulins with human variable regions can be recovered and expressed to obtain the antibodies directly, or can be further modified to obtain analogs of antibodies such as, for example, single chain Fv molecules.

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An example of a method of producing a nonhuman host, exemplified as a mouse, lacking expression of an endogenous immunoglobulin heavy chain is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,939,598. It can be obtained by a method including deleting the J segment genes from at least one endogenous heavy chain locus in an embryonic stem cell to prevent rearrangement of the locus and to prevent formation of a transcript of a rearranged immunoglobulin heavy chain locus, the deletion being effected by a targeting vector containing a gene encoding a selectable marker; and producing from the embryonic stem cell a transgenic mouse whose somatic and germ cells contain the gene encoding the selectable marker.

A method for producing an antibody of interest, such as a human antibody, is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,916,771. It includes introducing an expression vector that contains a nucleotide sequence encoding a heavy chain into one mammalian host cell in culture, introducing an expression vector containing a nucleotide sequence encoding a light chain into another

mammalian host cell, and fusing the two cells to form a hybrid cell. The hybrid cell expresses an antibody containing the heavy chain and the light chain.

In a further improvement on this procedure, a method for identifying a clinically relevant epitope on an immunogen, and a correlative method for selecting an antibody that binds immunospecifically to the relevant epitope with high affinity, are disclosed in PCT publication WO 99/53049.

# 5.13.4 Fab Fragments and Single Chain Antibodies

According to the invention, techniques can be adapted for the production of single-chain antibodies specific to an antigenic protein of the invention (see e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,946,778). In addition, methods can be adapted for the construction of F<sub>ab</sub> expression libraries (see e.g., Huse, et al., 1989 Science 246: 1275-1281) to allow rapid and effective identification of monoclonal F<sub>ab</sub> fragments with the desired specificity for a protein or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof. Antibody fragments that contain the idiotypes to a protein antigen may be produced by techniques known in the art including, but not limited to: (i) an F<sub>(ab')2</sub> fragment produced by pepsin digestion of an antibody molecule; (ii) an F<sub>ab</sub> fragment generated by reducing the disulfide bridges of an F<sub>(ab')2</sub> fragment; (iii) an F<sub>ab</sub> fragment generated by the treatment of the antibody molecule with papain and a reducing agent and (iv) F<sub>v</sub> fragments.

# 20 5.13.5 Bispecific Antibodies

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Bispecific antibodies are monoclonal, preferably human or humanized, antibodies that have binding specificities for at least two different antigens. In the present case, one of the binding specificities is for an antigenic protein of the invention. The second binding target is any other antigen, and advantageously is a cell-surface protein or receptor or receptor subunit.

Methods for making bispecific antibodies are known in the art. Traditionally, the recombinant production of bispecific antibodies is based on the co-expression of two immunoglobulin heavy-chain/light-chain pairs, where the two heavy chains have different specificities (Milstein and Cuello, Nature, 305:537-539 (1983)). Because of the random assortment of immunoglobulin heavy and light chains, these hybridomas (quadromas) produce a potential mixture of ten different antibody molecules, of which only one has the correct bispecific structure. The purification of the correct molecule is usually accomplished by affinity chromatography steps. Similar procedures are disclosed in WO 93/08829, published 13 May 1993, and in Traunecker *et al.*, 1991 *EMBO J.*, 10:3655-3659.

Antibody variable domains with the desired binding specificities (antibody-antigen combining sites) can be fused to immunoglobulin constant domain sequences. The fusion

preferably is with an immunoglobulin heavy-chain constant domain, comprising at least part of the hinge, CH2, and CH3 regions. It is preferred to have the first heavy-chain constant region (CH1) containing the site necessary for light-chain binding present in at least one of the fusions. DNAs encoding the immunoglobulin heavy-chain fusions and, if desired, the immunoglobulin light chain, are inserted into separate expression vectors, and are co-transfected into a suitable host organism. For further details of generating bispecific antibodies see, for example, Suresh et al., Methods in Enzymology, 121:210 (1986).

According to another approach described in WO 96/27011, the interface between a pair of antibody molecules can be engineered to maximize the percentage of heterodimers which are recovered from recombinant cell culture. The preferred interface comprises at least a part of the CH3 region of an antibody constant domain. In this method, one or more small amino acid side chains from the interface of the first antibody molecule are replaced with larger side chains (e.g. tyrosine or tryptophan). Compensatory "cavities" of identical or similar size to the large side chain(s) are created on the interface of the second antibody molecule by replacing large amino acid side chains with smaller ones (e.g. alanine or threonine). This provides a mechanism for increasing the yield of the heterodimer over other unwanted end-products such as homodimers.

Bispecific antibodies can be prepared as full length antibodies or antibody fragments (e.g. F(ab')<sub>2</sub> bispecific antibodies). Techniques for generating bispecific antibodies from antibody fragments have been described in the literature. For example, bispecific antibodies can be prepared using chemical linkage. Brennan et al., Science 229:81 (1985) describe a procedure wherein intact antibodies are proteolytically cleaved to generate F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragments. These fragments are reduced in the presence of the dithiol complexing agent sodium arsenite to stabilize vicinal dithiols and prevent intermolecular disulfide formation. The Fab' fragments generated are then converted to thionitrobenzoate (TNB) derivatives. One of the Fab'-TNB derivatives is then reconverted to the Fab'-thiol by reduction with mercaptoethylamine and is mixed with an equimolar amount of the other Fab'-TNB derivative to form the bispecific antibody. The bispecific antibodies produced can be used as agents for the selective immobilization of enzymes.

Additionally, Fab' fragments can be directly recovered from E. coli and chemically coupled to form bispecific antibodies. Shalaby et al., <u>J. Exp. Med.</u> 175:217-225 (1992) describe the production of a fully humanized bispecific antibody F(ab')<sub>2</sub> molecule. Each Fab' fragment was separately secreted from E. coli and subjected to directed chemical coupling in vitro to form the bispecific antibody. The bispecific antibody thus formed was able to bind to cells overexpressing the ErbB2 receptor and normal human T cells, as well as trigger the lytic activity of human cytotoxic lymphocytes against human breast tumor targets.

Various techniques for making and isolating bispecific antibody fragments directly from recombinant cell culture have also been described. For example, bispecific antibodies have been produced using leucine zippers. Kostelny et al., <u>J. Immunol.</u> 148(5):1547-1553 (1992). The leucine zipper peptides from the Fos and Jun proteins were linked to the Fab' portions of two different antibodies by gene fusion. The antibody homodimers were reduced at the hinge region to form monomers and then re-oxidized to form the antibody heterodimers. This method can also be utilized for the production of antibody homodimers. The "diabody" technology described by Hollinger et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:6444-6448 (1993) has provided an alternative mechanism for making bispecific antibody fragments. The fragments comprise a heavy-chain variable domain  $(V_H)$  connected to a light-chain variable domain  $(V_L)$  by a linker which is too short to allow pairing between the two domains on the same chain. Accordingly, the  $V_{\textrm{H}}$  and  $V_{\textrm{L}}$  domains of one fragment are forced to pair with the complementary  $V_{\textrm{L}}$  and  $V_{\textrm{H}}$ domains of another fragment, thereby forming two antigen-binding sites. Another strategy for making bispecific antibody fragments by the use of single-chain Fv (sFv) dimers has also been reported. See, Gruber et al., J. Immunol. 152:5368 (1994).

Antibodies with more than two valencies are contemplated. For example, trispecific antibodies can be prepared. Tutt et al., J. Immunol. 147:60 (1991). Exemplary bispecific antibodies can bind to two different epitopes, at least one of which originates in the protein antigen of the invention. Alternatively, an anti-antigenic arm of an immunoglobulin molecule can be combined with an arm which binds to a triggering molecule on a leukocyte such as a T-cell receptor molecule (e.g. CD2, CD3, CD28, or B7), or Fc receptors for IgG (FcγR), such as FcγRI (CD64), FcγRII (CD32) and FcγRIII (CD16) so as to focus cellular defense mechanisms to the cell expressing the particular antigen. Bispecific antibodies can also be used to direct cytotoxic agents to cells which express a particular antigen. These antibodies possess an antigen-binding arm and an arm which binds a cytotoxic agent or a radionuclide chelator, such as EOTUBE, DPTA, DOTA, or TETA. Another bispecific antibody of interest binds the protein antigen described herein and further binds tissue factor (TF).

# 5.13.6 Heteroconjugate Antibodies

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30 Heteroconjugate antibodies are also within the scope of the present invention. Heteroconjugate antibodies are composed of two covalently joined antibodies. Such antibodies have, for example, been proposed to target immune system cells to unwanted cells (U.S. Patent No. 4,676,980), and for treatment of HIV infection (WO 91/00360; WO 92/200373; EP 03089). It is contemplated that the antibodies can be prepared in vitro using known methods in synthetic protein chemistry, including those involving crosslinking agents. For example, immunotoxins

can be constructed using a disulfide exchange reaction or by forming a thioether bond. Examples of suitable reagents for this purpose include iminothiolate and methyl-4-mercaptobutyrimidate and those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 4,676,980.

#### 5 5.13.7 Effector Function Engineering

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It can be desirable to modify the antibody of the invention with respect to effector function, so as to enhance, e.g., the effectiveness of the antibody in treating cancer. For example, cysteine residue(s) can be introduced into the Fc region, thereby allowing interchain disulfide bond formation in this region. The homodimeric antibody thus generated can have improved internalization capability and/or increased complement-mediated cell killing and antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC). See Caron et al., J. Exp Med., 176: 1191-1195 (1992) and Shopes, J. Immunol., 148: 2918-2922 (1992). Homodimeric antibodies with enhanced antitumor activity can also be prepared using heterobifunctional cross-linkers as described in Wolff et al. Cancer Research, 53: 2560-2565 (1993). Alternatively, an antibody can be engineered that has dual Fc regions and can thereby have enhanced complement lysis and ADCC capabilities. See Stevenson et al., Anti-Cancer Drug Design, 3: 219-230 (1989).

#### 5.13.8 Immunoconjugates

The invention also pertains to immunoconjugates comprising an antibody conjugated to a cytotoxic agent such as a chemotherapeutic agent, toxin (e.g., an enzymatically active toxin of bacterial, fungal, plant, or animal origin, or fragments thereof), or a radioactive isotope (i.e., a radioconjugate).

Chemotherapeutic agents useful in the generation of such immunoconjugates have been described above. Enzymatically active toxins and fragments thereof that can be used include diphtheria A chain, nonbinding active fragments of diphtheria toxin, exotoxin A chain (from Pseudomonas aeruginosa), ricin A chain, abrin A chain, modeccin A chain, alpha-sarcin, Aleurites fordii proteins, dianthin proteins, Phytolaca americana proteins (PAPI, PAPII, and PAP-S), momordica charantia inhibitor, curcin, crotin, sapaonaria officinalis inhibitor, gelonin, mitogellin, restrictocin, phenomycin, enomycin, and the tricothecenes. A variety of radionuclides are available for the production of radioconjugated antibodies. Examples include <sup>212</sup>Bi, <sup>131</sup>I, <sup>131</sup>In, <sup>90</sup>Y, and <sup>186</sup>Re.

Conjugates of the antibody and cytotoxic agent are made using a variety of bifunctional protein-coupling agents such as N-succinimidyl-3-(2-pyridyldithiol) propionate (SPDP), iminothiolane (IT), bifunctional derivatives of imidoesters (such as dimethyl adipimidate HCL), active esters (such as disuccinimidyl suberate), aldehydes (such as glutareldehyde), bis-azido

compounds (such as bis (p-azidobenzoyl) hexanediamine), bis-diazonium derivatives (such as bis-(p-diazoniumbenzoyl)-ethylenediamine), diisocyanates (such as tolyene 2,6-diisocyanate), and bis-active fluorine compounds (such as 1,5-difluoro-2,4-dinitrobenzene). For example, a ricin immunotoxin can be prepared as described in Vitetta et al., Science, 238: 1098 (1987). Carbon-14-labeled 1-isothiocyanatobenzyl-3-methyldiethylene triaminepentaacetic acid (MX-DTPA) is an exemplary chelating agent for conjugation of radionucleotide to the antibody. See WO94/11026.

In another embodiment, the antibody can be conjugated to a "receptor" (such streptavidin) for utilization in tumor pretargeting wherein the antibody-receptor conjugate is administered to the patient, followed by removal of unbound conjugate from the circulation using a clearing agent and then administration of a "ligand" (e.g., avidin) that is in turn conjugated to a cytotoxic agent.

# 4.14 COMPUTER READABLE SEQUENCES

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In one application of this embodiment, a nucleotide sequence of the present invention can be recorded on computer readable media. As used herein, "computer readable media" refers to any medium which can be read and accessed directly by a computer. Such media include, but are not limited to: magnetic storage media, such as floppy discs, hard disc storage medium, and magnetic tape; optical storage media such as CD-ROM; electrical storage media such as RAM and ROM; and hybrids of these categories such as magnetic/optical storage media. A skilled artisan can readily appreciate how any of the presently known computer readable mediums can be used to create a manufacture comprising computer readable medium having recorded thereon a nucleotide sequence of the present invention. As used herein, "recorded" refers to a process for storing information on computer readable medium. A skilled artisan can readily adopt any of the presently known methods for recording information on computer readable medium to generate manufactures comprising the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention.

A variety of data storage structures are available to a skilled artisan for creating a computer readable medium having recorded thereon a nucleotide sequence of the present invention. The choice of the data storage structure will generally be based on the means chosen to access the stored information. In addition, a variety of data processor programs and formats can be used to store the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention on computer readable medium. The sequence information can be represented in a word processing text file, formatted in commercially-available software such as WordPerfect and Microsoft Word, or represented in the form of an ASCII file, stored in a database application, such as DB2, Sybase, Oracle, or the like. A skilled artisan can readily adapt any number of data processor structuring

formats (e.g. text file or database) in order to obtain computer readable medium having recorded thereon the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention.

By providing any of the nucleotide sequences SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 or a representative fragment thereof; or a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to any of the nucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 in computer readable form, a skilled artisan can routinely access the sequence information for a variety of purposes. Computer software is publicly available which allows a skilled artisan to access sequence information provided in a computer readable medium. The examples which follow demonstrate how software which implements the BLAST (Altschul et al., J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410 (1990)) and BLAZE (Brutlag et al., Comp. Chem. 17:203-207 (1993)) search algorithms on a Sybase system is used to identify open reading frames (ORFs) within a nucleic acid sequence. Such ORFs may be protein encoding fragments and may be useful in producing commercially important proteins such as enzymes used in fermentation reactions and in the production of commercially useful metabolites.

As used herein, "a computer-based system" refers to the hardware means, software means, and data storage means used to analyze the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention. The minimum hardware means of the computer-based systems of the present invention comprises a central processing unit (CPU), input means, output means, and data storage means. A skilled artisan can readily appreciate that any one of the currently available computer-based systems are suitable for use in the present invention. As stated above, the computer-based systems of the present invention comprise a data storage means having stored therein a nucleotide sequence of the present invention and the necessary hardware means and software means for supporting and implementing a search means. As used herein, "data storage means" refers to memory which can store nucleotide sequence information of the present invention, or a memory access means which can access manufactures having recorded thereon the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention.

As used herein, "search means" refers to one or more programs which are implemented on the computer-based system to compare a target sequence or target structural motif with the sequence information stored within the data storage means. Search means are used to identify fragments or regions of a known sequence which match a particular target sequence or target motif. A variety of known algorithms are disclosed publicly and a variety of commercially available software for conducting search means are and can be used in the computer-based systems of the present invention. Examples of such software includes, but is not limited to, Smith-Waterman, MacPattern (EMBL), BLASTN and BLASTA (NPOLYPEPTIDEIA). A skilled artisan can readily recognize that any one of the available algorithms or implementing

software packages for conducting homology searches can be adapted for use in the present computer-based systems. As used herein, a "target sequence" can be any nucleic acid or amino acid sequence of six or more nucleotides or two or more amino acids. A skilled artisan can readily recognize that the longer a target sequence is, the less likely a target sequence will be present as a random occurrence in the database. The most preferred sequence length of a target sequence is from about 10 to 300 amino acids, more preferably from about 30 to 100 nucleotide residues. However, it is well recognized that searches for commercially important fragments, such as sequence fragments involved in gene expression and protein processing, may be of shorter length.

As used herein, "a target structural motif," or "target motif," refers to any rationally selected sequence or combination of sequences in which the sequence(s) are chosen based on a three-dimensional configuration which is formed upon the folding of the target motif. There are a variety of target motifs known in the art. Protein target motifs include, but are not limited to, enzyme active sites and signal sequences. Nucleic acid target motifs include, but are not limited to, promoter sequences, hairpin structures and inducible expression elements (protein binding sequences).

### 4.15 TRIPLE HELIX FORMATION

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In addition, the fragments of the present invention, as broadly described, can be used to control gene expression through triple helix formation or antisense DNA or RNA, both of which methods are based on the binding of a polynucleotide sequence to DNA or RNA.

Polynucleotides suitable for use in these methods are preferably 20 to 40 bases in length and are designed to be complementary to a region of the gene involved in transcription (triple helix - see Lee et al., Nucl. Acids Res. 6:3073 (1979); Cooney et al., Science 15241:456 (1988); and Dervan et al., Science 251:1360 (1991)) or to the mRNA itself (antisense - Olmno, J. Neurochem. 56:560 (1991); Oligodeoxynucleotides as Antisense Inhibitors of Gene Expression, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL (1988)). Triple helix-formation optimally results in a shut-off of RNA transcription from DNA, while antisense RNA hybridization blocks translation of an mRNA molecule into polypeptide. Both techniques have been demonstrated to be effective in model systems. Information contained in the sequences of the present invention is necessary for the design of an antisense or triple helix oligonucleotide.

### 4.16 DIAGNOSTIC ASSAYS AND KITS

The present invention further provides methods to identify the presence or expression of one of the ORFs of the present invention, or homolog thereof, in a test sample, using a nucleic

acid probe or antibodies of the present invention, optionally conjugated or otherwise associated with a suitable label.

In general, methods for detecting a polynucleotide of the invention can comprise contacting a sample with a compound that binds to and forms a complex with the polynucleotide for a period sufficient to form the complex, and detecting the complex, so that if a complex is detected, a polynucleotide of the invention is detected in the sample. Such methods can also comprise contacting a sample under stringent hybridization conditions with nucleic acid primers that annual to a polynucleotide of the invention under such conditions, and amplifying annualed polynucleotides, so that if a polynucleotide is amplified, a polynucleotide of the invention is detected in the sample.

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In general, methods for detecting a polypeptide of the invention can comprise contacting a sample with a compound that binds to and forms a complex with the polypeptide for a period sufficient to form the complex, and detecting the complex, so that if a complex is detected, a polypeptide of the invention is detected in the sample.

In detail, such methods comprise incubating a test sample with one or more of the antibodies or one or more of the nucleic acid probes of the present invention and assaying for binding of the nucleic acid probes or antibodies to components within the test sample.

Conditions for incubating a nucleic acid probe or antibody with a test sample vary. Incubation conditions depend on the format employed in the assay, the detection methods employed, and the type and nature of the nucleic acid probe or antibody used in the assay. One skilled in the art will recognize that any one of the commonly available hybridization, amplification or immunological assay formats can readily be adapted to employ the nucleic acid probes or antibodies of the present invention. Examples of such assays can be found in Chard, T., An Introduction to Radioimmunoassay and Related Techniques, Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, The Netherlands (1986); Bullock, G.R. et al., Techniques in Immunocytochemistry, Academic Press, Orlando, FL Vol. 1 (1982), Vol. 2 (1983), Vol. 3 (1985); Tijssen, P., Practice and Theory of immunoassays: Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, The Netherlands (1985). The test samples of the present invention include cells, protein or membrane extracts of cells, or biological fluids such as sputum, blood, serum, plasma, or urine. The test sample used in the above-described method will vary based on the assay format, nature of the detection method and the tissues, cells or extracts used as the sample to be assayed. Methods for preparing protein extracts or membrane extracts of cells are well known in the art and can be readily be adapted in order to obtain a sample which is compatible with the system utilized.

In another embodiment of the present invention, kits are provided which contain the necessary reagents to carry out the assays of the present invention. Specifically, the invention provides a compartment kit to receive, in close confinement, one or more containers which comprises: (a) a first container comprising one of the probes or antibodies of the present invention; and (b) one or more other containers comprising one or more of the following: wash reagents, reagents capable of detecting presence of a bound probe or antibody.

In detail, a compartment kit includes any kit in which reagents are contained in separate containers. Such containers include small glass containers, plastic containers or strips of plastic or paper. Such containers allows one to efficiently transfer reagents from one compartment to another compartment such that the samples and reagents are not cross-contaminated, and the agents or solutions of each container can be added in a quantitative fashion from one compartment to another. Such containers will include a container which will accept the test sample, a container which contains the antibodies used in the assay, containers which contain wash reagents (such as phosphate buffered saline, Tris-buffers, etc.), and containers which contain the reagents used to detect the bound antibody or probe. Types of detection reagents include labeled nucleic acid probes, labeled secondary antibodies, or in the alternative, if the primary antibody is labeled, the enzymatic, or antibody binding reagents which are capable of reacting with the labeled antibody. One skilled in the art will readily recognize that the disclosed probes and antibodies of the present invention can be readily incorporated into one of the established kit formats which are well known in the art.

#### 4.17 MEDICAL IMAGING

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The novel polypeptides and binding partners of the invention are useful in medical imaging of sites expressing the molecules of the invention (e.g., where the polypeptide of the invention is involved in the immune response, for imaging sites of inflammation or infection). See, e.g., Kunkel et al., U.S. Pat. NO. 5,413,778. Such methods involve chemical attachment of a labeling or imaging agent, administration of the labeled polypeptide to a subject in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, and imaging the labeled polypeptide *in vivo* at the target site.

#### 4.18 SCREENING ASSAYS

Using the isolated proteins and polynucleotides of the invention, the present invention further provides methods of obtaining and identifying agents which bind to a polypeptide encoded by an ORF corresponding to any of the nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID NO:

1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954, or bind to a specific domain of the polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid. In detail, said method comprises the steps of:

- (a) contacting an agent with an isolated protein encoded by an ORF of the present invention, or nucleic acid of the invention; and
  - (b) determining whether the agent binds to said protein or said nucleic acid.

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In general, therefore, such methods for identifying compounds that bind to a polynucleotide of the invention can comprise contacting a compound with a polynucleotide of the invention for a time sufficient to form a polynucleotide/compound complex, and detecting the complex, so that if a polynucleotide/compound complex is detected, a compound that binds to a polynucleotide of the invention is identified.

Likewise, in general, therefore, such methods for identifying compounds that bind to a polypeptide of the invention can comprise contacting a compound with a polypeptide of the invention for a time sufficient to form a polypeptide/compound complex, and detecting the complex, so that if a polypeptide/compound complex is detected, a compound that binds to a polypucleotide of the invention is identified.

Methods for identifying compounds that bind to a polypeptide of the invention can also comprise contacting a compound with a polypeptide of the invention in a cell for a time sufficient to form a polypeptide/compound complex, wherein the complex drives expression of a receptor gene sequence in the cell, and detecting the complex by detecting reporter gene sequence expression, so that if a polypeptide/compound complex is detected, a compound that binds a polypeptide of the invention is identified.

Compounds identified via such methods can include compounds which modulate the activity of a polypeptide of the invention (that is, increase or decrease its activity, relative to activity observed in the absence of the compound). Alternatively, compounds identified via such methods can include compounds which modulate the expression of a polynucleotide of the invention (that is, increase or decrease expression relative to expression levels observed in the absence of the compound). Compounds, such as compounds identified via the methods of the invention, can be tested using standard assays well known to those of skill in the art for their ability to modulate activity/expression.

The agents screened in the above assay can be, but are not limited to, peptides, carbohydrates, vitamin derivatives, or other pharmaceutical agents. The agents can be selected and screened at random or rationally selected or designed using protein modeling techniques.

For random screening, agents such as peptides, carbohydrates, pharmaceutical agents and the like are selected at random and are assayed for their ability to bind to the protein encoded by the ORF of the present invention. Alternatively, agents may be rationally selected or designed.

As used herein, an agent is said to be "rationally selected or designed" when the agent is chosen based on the configuration of the particular protein. For example, one skilled in the art can readily adapt currently available procedures to generate peptides, pharmaceutical agents and the like, capable of binding to a specific peptide sequence, in order to generate rationally designed antipeptide peptides, for example see Hurby et al., Application of Synthetic Peptides: Antisense Peptides," In Synthetic Peptides, A User's Guide, W.H. Freeman, NY (1992), pp. 289-307, and Kaspczak et al., Biochemistry 28:9230-8 (1989), or pharmaceutical agents, or the like.

In addition to the foregoing, one class of agents of the present invention, as broadly described, can be used to control gene expression through binding to one of the ORFs or EMFs of the present invention. As described above, such agents can be randomly screened or rationally designed/selected. Targeting the ORF or EMF allows a skilled artisan to design sequence specific or element specific agents, modulating the expression of either a single ORF or multiple ORFs which rely on the same EMF for expression control. One class of DNA binding agents are agents which contain base residues which hybridize or form a triple helix formation by binding to DNA or RNA. Such agents can be based on the classic phosphodiester, ribonucleic acid backbone, or can be a variety of sulfhydryl or polymeric derivatives which have base attachment capacity.

Agents suitable for use in these methods preferably contain 20 to 40 bases and are designed to be complementary to a region of the gene involved in transcription (triple helix - see Lee et al., Nucl. Acids Res. 6:3073 (1979); Cooney et al., Science 241:456 (1988); and Dervan et 20 al., Science 251:1360 (1991)) or to the mRNA itself (antisense - Okano, J. Neurochem. 56:560 (1991); Oligodeoxynucleotides as Antisense Inhibitors of Gene Expression, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL (1988)). Triple helix-formation optimally results in a shut-off of RNA transcription from DNA, while antisense RNA hybridization blocks translation of an mRNA molecule into polypeptide. Both techniques have been demonstrated to be effective in model systems. Information contained in the sequences of the present invention is necessary for the design of an antisense or triple helix oligonucleotide and other DNA binding agents.

Agents which bind to a protein encoded by one of the ORFs of the present invention can be used as a diagnostic agent. Agents which bind to a protein encoded by one of the ORFs of the present invention can be formulated using known techniques to generate a pharmaceutical composition.

# 4.19 USE OF NUCLEIC ACIDS AS PROBES

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Another aspect of the subject invention is to provide for polypeptide-specific nucleic acid hybridization probes capable of hybridizing with naturally occurring nucleotide sequences. The

hybridization probes of the subject invention may be derived from any of the nucleotide sequences SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954. Because the corresponding gene is only expressed in a limited number of tissues, a hybridization probe derived from of any of the nucleotide sequences SEQ ID NO: 1-984, 1969-2952, 3937-3942 or 3949-3954 can be used as an indicator of the presence of RNA of cell type of such a tissue in a sample.

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Any suitable hybridization technique can be employed, such as, for example, in situ hybridization. PCR as described in US Patents Nos. 4,683,195 and 4,965,188 provides additional uses for oligonucleotides based upon the nucleotide sequences. Such probes used in PCR may be of recombinant origin, may be chemically synthesized, or a mixture of both. The probe will comprise a discrete nucleotide sequence for the detection of identical sequences or a degenerate pool of possible sequences for identification of closely related genomic sequences.

Other means for producing specific hybridization probes for nucleic acids include the cloning of nucleic acid sequences into vectors for the production of mRNA probes. Such vectors are known in the art and are commercially available and may be used to synthesize RNA probes in vitro by means of the addition of the appropriate RNA polymerase as T7 or SP6 RNA polymerase and the appropriate radioactively labeled nucleotides. The nucleotide sequences may be used to construct hybridization probes for mapping their respective genomic sequences. The nucleotide sequence provided herein may be mapped to a chromosome or specific regions of a chromosome using well known genetic and/or chromosomal mapping techniques. These techniques include in situ hybridization, linkage analysis against known chromosomal markers, hybridization screening with libraries or flow-sorted chromosomal preparations specific to known chromosomes, and the like. The technique of fluorescent in situ hybridization of chromosome spreads has been described, among other places, in Verma et al (1988) Human Chromosomes: A Manual of Basic Techniques, Pergamon Press, New York NY.

Fluorescent *in situ* hybridization of chromosomal preparations and other physical chromosome mapping techniques may be correlated with additional genetic map data. Examples of genetic map data can be found in the 1994 Genome Issue of Science (265:1981f). Correlation between the location of a nucleic acid on a physical chromosomal map and a specific disease (or predisposition to a specific disease) may help delimit the region of DNA associated with that genetic disease. The nucleotide sequences of the subject invention may be used to detect differences in gene sequences between normal, carrier or affected individuals.

# 4.20 PREPARATION OF SUPPORT BOUND OLIGONUCLEOTIDES

Oligonucleotides, i.e., small nucleic acid segments, may be readily prepared by, for example, directly synthesizing the oligonucleotide by chemical means, as is commonly practiced using an automated oligonucleotide synthesizer.

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Support bound oligonucleotides may be prepared by any of the methods known to those of skill in the art using any suitable support such as glass, polystyrene or Teflon. One strategy is to precisely spot oligonucleotides synthesized by standard synthesizers. Immobilization can be achieved using passive adsorption (Inouye & Hondo, (1990) J. Clin. Microbiol. 28(6) 1469-72); using UV light (Nagata et al., 1985; Dahlen et al., 1987; Morrissey & Collins, (1989) Mol. Cell Probes 3(2) 189-207) or by covalent binding of base modified DNA (Keller et al., 1988; 1989); all references being specifically incorporated herein.

Another strategy that may be employed is the use of the strong biotin-streptavidin interaction as a linker. For example, Broude *et al.* (1994) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91(8) 3072-6, describe the use of biotinylated probes, although these are duplex probes, that are immobilized on streptavidin-coated magnetic beads. Streptavidin-coated beads may be purchased from Dynal, Oslo. Of course, this same linking chemistry is applicable to coating any surface with streptavidin. Biotinylated probes may be purchased from various sources, such as, e.g., Operon Technologies (Alameda, CA).

Nunc Laboratories (Naperville, IL) is also selling suitable material that could be used. Nunc Laboratories have developed a method by which DNA can be covalently bound to the microwell surface termed Covalink NH. CovaLink NH is a polystyrene surface grafted with secondary amino groups (>NH) that serve as bridge-heads for further covalent coupling. CovaLink Modules may be purchased from Nunc Laboratories. DNA molecules may be bound to CovaLink exclusively at the 5'-end by a phosphoramidate bond, allowing immobilization of more than 1 pmol of DNA (Rasmussen et al., (1991) Anal. Biochem. 198(1) 138-42).

The use of CovaLink NH strips for covalent binding of DNA molecules at the 5'-end has been described (Rasmussen et al., (1991). In this technology, a phosphoramidate bond is employed (Chu et al., (1983) Nucleic Acids Res. 11(8) 6513-29). This is beneficial as immobilization using only a single covalent bond is preferred. The phosphoramidate bond joins the DNA to the CovaLink NH secondary amino groups that are positioned at the end of spacer arms covalently grafted onto the polystyrene surface through a 2 nm long spacer arm. To link an oligonucleotide to CovaLink NH via an phosphoramidate bond, the oligonucleotide terminus must have a 5'-end phosphate group. It is, perhaps, even possible for biotin to be covalently bound to CovaLink and then streptavidin used to bind the probes.

More specifically, the linkage method includes dissolving DNA in water (7.5 ng/ul) and denaturing for 10 min. at 95°C and cooling on ice for 10 min. Ice-cold 0.1 M 1-methylimidazole, pH 7.0 (1-MeIm<sub>7</sub>), is then added to a final concentration of 10 mM 1-MeIm<sub>7</sub>. A ss DNA solution is then dispensed into CovaLink NH strips (75 ul/well) standing on ice.

Carbodiimide 0.2 M 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide (EDC), dissolved in 10 mM 1-MeIm<sub>7</sub>, is made fresh and 25 ul added per well. The strips are incubated for 5 hours at 50°C. After incubation the strips are washed using, e.g., Nunc-Immuno Wash; first the wells are washed 3 times, then they are soaked with washing solution for 5 min., and finally they are washed 3 times (where in the washing solution is 0.4 N NaOH, 0.25% SDS heated to 50°C).

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It is contemplated that a further suitable method for use with the present invention is that described in PCT Patent Application WO 90/03382 (Southern & Maskos), incorporated herein by reference. This method of preparing an oligonucleotide bound to a support involves attaching a nucleoside 3'-reagent through the phosphate group by a covalent phosphodiester link to aliphatic hydroxyl groups carried by the support. The oligonucleotide is then synthesized on the supported nucleoside and protecting groups removed from the synthetic oligonucleotide chain under standard conditions that do not cleave the oligonucleotide from the support. Suitable reagents include nucleoside phosphoramidite and nucleoside hydrogen phosphorate.

An on-chip strategy for the preparation of DNA probe for the preparation of DNA probe arrays may be employed. For example, addressable laser-activated photodeprotection may be employed in the chemical synthesis of oligonucleotides directly on a glass surface, as described by Fodor *et al.* (1991) Science 251(4995) 767-73, incorporated herein by reference. Probes may also be immobilized on nylon supports as described by Van Ness *et al.* (1991) Nucleic Acids Res. 19(12) 3345-50; or linked to Teflon using the method of Duncan & Cavalier (1988) Anal. Biochem. 169(1) 104-8; all references being specifically incorporated herein.

To link an oligonucleotide to a nylon support, as described by Van Ness *et al.* (1991), requires activation of the nylon surface via alkylation and selective activation of the 5'-amine of oligonucleotides with cyanuric chloride.

One particular way to prepare support bound oligonucleotides is to utilize the light-generated synthesis described by Pease *et al.*, (1994) PNAS USA 91(11) 5022-6, incorporated herein by reference). These authors used current photolithographic techniques to generate arrays of immobilized oligonucleotide probes (DNA chips). These methods, in which light is used to direct the synthesis of oligonucleotide probes in high-density, miniaturized arrays, utilize photolabile 5'-protected *N*-acyl-deoxynucleoside phosphoramidites, surface linker chemistry and versatile combinatorial synthesis strategies. A matrix of 256 spatially defined oligonucleotide probes may be generated in this manner.

# 4.21 PREPARATION OF NUCLEIC ACID FRAGMENTS

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The nucleic acids may be obtained from any appropriate source, such as cDNAs, genomic DNA, chromosomal DNA, microdissected chromosome bands, cosmid or YAC inserts, and RNA, including mRNA without any amplification steps. For example, Sambrook *et al.* (1989) describes three protocols for the isolation of high molecular weight DNA from mammalian cells (p. 9.14-9.23).

DNA fragments may be prepared as clones in M13, plasmid or lambda vectors and/or prepared directly from genomic DNA or cDNA by PCR or other amplification methods. Samples may be prepared or dispensed in multiwell plates. About 100-1000 ng of DNA samples may be prepared in 2-500 ml of final volume.

The nucleic acids would then be fragmented by any of the methods known to those of skill in the art including, for example, using restriction enzymes as described at 9.24-9.28 of Sambrook *et al.* (1989), shearing by ultrasound and NaOH treatment.

Low pressure shearing is also appropriate, as described by Schriefer *et al.* (1990) Nucleic Acids Res. 18(24) 7455-6, incorporated herein by reference). In this method, DNA samples are passed through a small French pressure cell at a variety of low to intermediate pressures. A lever device allows controlled application of low to intermediate pressures to the cell. The results of these studies indicate that low-pressure shearing is a useful alternative to sonic and enzymatic DNA fragmentation methods.

One particularly suitable way for fragmenting DNA is contemplated to be that using the two base recognition endonuclease, *Cvi*JI, described by Fitzgerald *et al.* (1992) Nucleic Acids Res. 20(14) 3753-62. These authors described an approach for the rapid fragmentation and fractionation of DNA into particular sizes that they contemplated to be suitable for shotgun cloning and sequencing.

The restriction endonuclease *CviJI* normally cleaves the recognition sequence PuGCPy between the G and C to leave blunt ends. Atypical reaction conditions, which alter the specificity of this enzyme (*CviJI\*\**), yield a quasi-random distribution of DNA fragments form the small molecule pUC19 (2688 base pairs). Fitzgerald *et al.* (1992) quantitatively evaluated the randomness of this fragmentation strategy, using a *CviJI\*\** digest of pUC19 that was size fractionated by a rapid gel filtration method and directly ligated, without end repair, to a lac Z minus M13 cloning vector. Sequence analysis of 76 clones showed that *CviJI\*\** restricts pyGCPy and PuGCPu, in addition to PuGCPy sites, and that new sequence data is accumulated at a rate consistent with random fragmentation.

As reported in the literature, advantages of this approach compared to sonication and agarose gel fractionation include: smaller amounts of DNA are required (0.2-0.5 ug instead of 2-5

ug); and fewer steps are involved (no preligation, end repair, chemical extraction, or agarose gel electrophoresis and elution are needed

Irrespective of the manner in which the nucleic acid fragments are obtained or prepared, it is important to denature the DNA to give single stranded pieces available for hybridization. This is achieved by incubating the DNA solution for 2-5 minutes at 80-90°C. The solution is then cooled quickly to 2°C to prevent renaturation of the DNA fragments before they are contacted with the chip. Phosphate groups must also be removed from genomic DNA by methods known in the art.

#### 4.22 PREPARATION OF DNA ARRAYS

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Arrays may be prepared by spotting DNA samples on a support such as a nylon membrane. Spotting may be performed by using arrays of metal pins (the positions of which correspond to an array of wells in a microtiter plate) to repeated by transfer of about 20 nl of a DNA solution to a nylon membrane. By offset printing, a density of dots higher than the density of the wells is achieved. One to 25 dots may be accommodated in 1 mm², depending on the type of label used. By avoiding spotting in some preselected number of rows and columns, separate subsets (subarrays) may be formed. Samples in one subarray may be the same genomic segment of DNA (or the same gene) from different individuals, or may be different, overlapped genomic clones. Each of the subarrays may represent replica spotting of the same samples. In one example, a selected gene segment may be amplified from 64 patients. For each patient, the amplified gene segment may be in one 96-well plate (all 96 wells containing the same sample). A plate for each of the 64 patients is prepared. By using a 96-pin device, all samples may be spotted on one 8 x 12 cm membrane. Subarrays may contain 64 samples, one from each patient. Where the 96 subarrays are identical, the dot span may be 1 mm² and there may be a 1 mm space between subarrays.

Another approach is to use membranes or plates (available from NUNC, Naperville, Illinois) which may be partitioned by physical spacers e.g. a plastic grid molded over the membrane, the grid being similar to the sort of membrane applied to the bottom of multiwell plates, or hydrophobic strips. A fixed physical spacer is not preferred for imaging by exposure to flat phosphor-storage screens or x-ray films.

The present invention is illustrated in the following examples. Upon consideration of the present disclosure, one of skill in the art will appreciate that many other embodiments and variations may be made in the scope of the present invention. Accordingly, it is intended that the broader aspects of the present invention not be limited to the disclosure of the following examples. The present invention is not to be limited in scope by the exemplified embodiments which are intended as illustrations of single aspects of the invention, and compositions and methods which are functionally equivalent are within the scope of the invention. Indeed, numerous modifications and

variations in the practice of the invention are expected to occur to those skilled in the art upon consideration of the present preferred embodiments. Consequently, the only limitations which should be placed upon the scope of the invention are those which appear in the appended claims.

All references cited within the body of the instant specification are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

#### 5.0 EXAMPLES

#### 5.1 EXAMPLE 1

### Novel Nucleic Acid Sequences Obtained From Various Libraries

A plurality of novel nucleic acids were obtained from cDNA libraries prepared from various human tissues and in some cases isolated from a genomic library derived from human chromosome using standard PCR, SBH sequence signature analysis and Sanger sequencing techniques. The inserts of the library were amplified with PCR using primers specific for the vector sequences which flank the inserts. Clones from cDNA libraries were spotted on nylon membrane filters and screened with oligonucleotide probes (e.g., 7-mers) to obtain signature sequences. The clones were clustered into groups of similar or identical sequences. Representative clones were selected for sequencing.

In some cases, the 5' sequence of the amplified inserts was then deduced using a typical Sanger sequencing protocol. PCR products were purified and subjected to fluorescent dye terminator cycle sequencing. Single pass gel sequencing was done using a 377 Applied Biosystems (ABI) sequencer to obtain the novel nucleic acid sequences. In some cases RACE (Random Amplification of cDNA Ends) was performed to further extend the sequence in the 5' direction.

#### 5.2 EXAMPLE 2

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#### Assemblage of Novel Nucleic Acids

The contigs or nucleic acids of the present invention, designated as SEQ ID NO: 1969-2951, and 3949-3954 were assembled using an EST sequence as a seed. Then a recursive algorithm was used to extend the seed EST into an extended assemblage, by pulling additional sequences from different databases (i.e., Hyseq's database containing EST sequences, dbEST version 114, gb pri 114, and UniGene version 101) that belong to this assemblage. The algorithm terminated when there was no additional sequences from the above databases that would extend the assemblage. Inclusion of component sequences into the assemblage was based on a BLASTN hit to the extending assemblage with BLAST score greater than 300 and percent identity greater than 95%.

Tables 6 and 8 sets forth the novel predicted polypeptides (including proteins) encoded by the novel polynucleotides (SEQ ID NO:2953-3936, and 3949-3954) of the present invention, and their corresponding nucleotide locations to each of SEQ ID NO: 2953-3936 and 3955-3960. Tables

6 and 8 also indicates the method by which the polypeptide was predicted. Method A refers to a polypeptide obtained by using a software program called FASTY (available from <a href="http://fasta.bioch.virginia.edu">http://fasta.bioch.virginia.edu</a>) which selects a polypeptide based on a comparison of the translated novel polynucleotide to known polynucleotides (W.R. Pearson, Methods in Enzymology, 183:63-98 (1990), herein incorporated by reference). Method B refers to a polypeptide obtained by using a software program called GenScan for human/vertebrate sequences (available from Stanford University, Office of Technology Licensing) that predicts the polypeptide based on a probabilistic model of gene structure/compositional properties (C. Burge and S. Karlin, J. Mol. Biol., 268:78-94 (1997), incorporated herein by reference). Method C refers to a polypeptide obtained by using a Hyseq proprietary software program that translates the novel polynucleotide and its complementary strand into six possible amino acid sequences (forward and reverse frames) and chooses the polypeptide with the longest open reading frame.

#### 5.3 EXAMPLE 3

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#### Novel Nucleic Acids

Using PHRAP (Univ. of Washington) or CAP4 (Paracel), full length gene cDNA sequences and their corresponding protein sequences were generated from the assemblage. Any frame shifts and incorrect stop codons were corrected by hand editing. During editing, the sequence was checked using FASTY and/or BLAST against Genebank. Other computer programs which may have been used in the editing process were phredPhrap and Consed (University of Washington) and ed-ready, ed-ext and gc-zip-2 (Hyseq, Inc.). The full-length nucleotide sequences are shown in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NO:1-351. The amino acids are SEQ ID NO:985-1335.

Table 1 shows the various tissue sources of SEQ ID NO: 1-351.

The nearest neighbor results for SEQ ID NO: 1-351 were obtained by a BLASTP version 2.0al 19MP-WashU search against Genpept release 120 and Geneseq October 12, 2000 release 21 (Derwent), using BLAST algorithm. The nearest neighbor result showed the closest homologue for SEQ ID NO: 1-351 from Genpept. The translated amino acid sequences for which the nucleic acid sequence encodes are shown in the Sequence Listing. The homologs with identifiable functions for SEQ ID NO: 1-351 are shown in Table 2 below.

Using eMatrix software package (Stanford University, Stanford, CA) (Wu et al., J. Comp. Biol., Vol. 6 pp. 219-235 (1999) herein incorporated by reference), all the sequences were examined to determine whether they had identifiable signature regions. Table 3 shows the signature region found in the indicated polypeptide sequences, the description of the signature, the eMatrix p-value(s) and the position(s) of the signature within the polypeptide sequence.

Using the pFam software program (Sonnhammer et al., Nucleic Acids Res., Vol. 26(1) pp. 320-322 (1998) herein incorporated by reference) all the polypeptide sequences were examined for domains with homology to certain peptide domains. Table 4 shows the name of the domain found, the description, the p-value and the pFam score for the identified domain within the sequence.

The nucleotide sequence within the sequences that codes for signal peptide sequences and their cleavage sites can be determine from using Neural Network SignalP V1.1 program (from Center for Biological Sequence Analysis, The Technical University of Denmark). The process for identifying prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and their cleavage sites are also disclosed by Henrik Nielson, Jacob Engelbrecht, Soren Brunak, and Gunnar von Heijne in the publication "Identification of prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and prediction of their cleavage sites" Protein Engineering, Vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 1-6 (1997), incorporated herein by reference. A maximum S score and a mean S score, as described in the Nielson et as reference, was obtained for the polypeptide sequences. Table 7 shows the position of the signal peptide in each of the polypeptides and the maximum score and mean score associated with that signal peptide.

#### 5.4 EXAMPLE 4

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#### **Novel Nucleic Acids**

Using PHRAP (Univ. of Washington) or CAP4 (Paracel), a full length gene cDNA sequence and its corresponding protein sequence were generated from the assemblage. Any frame shifts and incorrect stop codons were corrected by hand editing. During editing, the sequence was checked using FASTY and/or BLAST against Genbank (i.e. dbEST version 117, gb pri 117, UniGene version 117, Genpept release 117). Other computer programs which may have been used in the editing process were phredPhrap and Consed (University of Washington) and ed-ready, edext and gc-zip-2 (Hyseq, Inc.). The full-length nucleotide, including splice variants resulting from these procedures are shown in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NOS: 352-766. The corresponding amino acids are SEQ ID NO: 1336-1750.

Table 1 shows the various tissue sources of SEQ ID NO: 352-766.

The nearest neighbor results for SEQ ID NO: 352-766 were obtained by a BLASTP

version 2.0al 19MP-WashU search against Genpept release 120 and Geneseq October 12, 2000 release 21 (Derwent), using BLAST algorithm. The nearest neighbor result showed the closest homologue for SEQ ID NO: 352-766 from Genpept. The translated amino acid sequences for which the nucleic acid sequence encodes are shown in the Sequence Listing. The homologs with identifiable functions for SEQ ID NO: 352-766 are shown in Table 2 below.

Using eMatrix software package (Stanford University, Stanford, CA) (Wu et al., J. Comp. Biol., Vol. 6 pp. 219-235 (1999) herein incorporated by reference), all the sequences were examined to determine whether they had identifiable signature regions. Table 3 shows the signature region found in the indicated polypeptide sequences, the description of the signature, the eMatrix p-value(s) and the position(s) of the signature within the polypeptide sequence.

Using the pFam software program (Sonnhammer et al., Nucleic Acids Res., Vol. 26(1) pp. 320-322 (1998) herein incorporated by reference) all the polypeptide sequences were examined for domains with homology to certain peptide domains. Table 4 shows the name of the domain found, the description, the p-value and the pFam score for the identified domain within the sequence.

The nucleotide sequence within the sequences that codes for signal peptide sequences and their cleavage sites can be determine from using Neural Network SignalP V1.1 program (from Center for Biological Sequence Analysis, The Technical University of Denmark). The process for identifying prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and their cleavage sites are also disclosed by Henrik Nielson, Jacob Engelbrecht, Soren Brunak, and Gunnar von Heijne in the publication "Identification of prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and prediction of their cleavage sites" Protein Engineering, Vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 1-6 (1997), incorporated herein by reference. A maximum S score and a mean S score, as described in the Nielson et as reference, was obtained for the polypeptide sequences. Table 7 shows the position of the signal peptide in each of the polypeptides and the maximum score and mean score associated with that signal peptide.

#### 5.5 EXAMPLE 5

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#### **Novel Nucleic Acids**

Using PHRAP (Univ. of Washington) or CAP4 (Paracel), a full length gene cDNA sequence and its corresponding protein sequence were generated from the assemblage. Any frame shifts and incorrect stop codons were corrected by hand editing. During editing, the sequence was checked using FASTY and/or BLAST against Genbank (i.e., dbEST version 118, gb pri 118, UniGene version 118, Genpept release 118). Other computer programs which may have been used in the editing process were phredPhrap and Consed (University of Washington) and ed-ready, edext and gc-zip-2 (Hyseq, Inc.). The full-length nucleotide, including splice variants resulting from these procedures are shown in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NOS: 767-930. The corresponding amino acid sequences are SEQ ID NO:1751-1914.

Table 1 shows the various tissue sources of SEQ ID NO: 767-930.

The homology results for SEQ ID NO: 767-930 were obtained by a BLASTP version 2.0al 19MP-WashU search against Genpept release 120 and Geneseq October 12, 2000 release 21(Derwent), using BLAST algorithm. The nearest neighbor result showed the homologs for SEQ ID NO: 767-930 from Genpept. The translated amino acid sequences for which the nucleic acid sequence encodes are shown in the Sequence Listing. The homologues with identifiable functions for SEQ ID NO: 767-930 are shown in Table 2 below.

Using eMatrix software package (Stanford University, Stanford, CA) (Wu et al., J. Comp. Biol., Vol. 6 pp. 219-235 (1999) herein incorporated by reference), all the sequences were examined to determine whether they had identifiable signature regions. Table 3 shows the signature region found in the indicated polypeptide sequences, the description of the signature, the eMatrix p-value(s) and the position(s) of the signature within the polypeptide sequence.

Using the pFam software program (Sonnhammer et al., Nucleic Acids Res., Vol. 26(1) pp. 320-322 (1998) herein incorporated by reference) all the polypeptide sequences were examined for domains with homology to certain peptide domains. Table 4 shows the name of the domain found, the description, the p-value and the pFam score for the identified domain within the sequence.

The nucleotide sequence within the sequences that codes for signal peptide sequences and their cleavage sites can be determine from using Neural Network SignalP V1.1 program (from Center for Biological Sequence Analysis, The Technical University of Denmark). The process for identifying prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and their cleavage sites are also disclosed by Henrik Nielson, Jacob Engelbrecht, Soren Brunak, and Gunnar von Heijne in the publication "Identification of prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and prediction of their cleavage sites" Protein Engineering, Vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 1-6 (1997), incorporated herein by reference. A maximum S score and a mean S score, as described in the Nielson et as reference, was obtained for the polypeptide sequences. Table 7 shows the position of the signal peptide in each of the polypeptides and the maximum score and mean score associated with that signal peptide.

#### 5.6 EXAMPLE 6

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#### Novel Nucleic Acids

30 Using PHRAP (Univ. of Washington) or CAP4 (Paracel), a full length gene cDNA sequence and its corresponding protein sequence were generated from the assemblage. Any frame shifts and incorrect stop codons were corrected by hand editing. During editing, the sequence was checked using FASTY and/or BLAST against Genbank (i.e. dbEST version 118, gb pri 118, UniGene version 118, Genpept release 118). Other computer programs which may have been used

in the editing process were phredPhrap and Consed (University of Washington) and ed-ready, edext and gc-zip-2 (Hyseq, Inc.). The full-length nucleotide, including splice variants resulting from these procedures are shown in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NOS: 931-965. The corresponding amino acid sequences are shown in SEQ ID NO:1915-1949.

Table 1 shows the various tissue sources of SEQ ID NO: 931-965.

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The nearest neighbor results for SEQ ID NO: 931-965 were obtained by a BLASTP version 2.0al 19MP-WashU search against Genpept release 120 and Geneseq October 12, 2000 release (Derwent), using BLAST algorithm. The nearest neighbor result showed the closest homologue for SEQ ID NO: 931-965 from Genpept. The translated amino acid sequences for which the nucleic acid sequence encodes are shown in the Sequence Listing. The homologs with identifiable functions for SEQ ID NO: 931-965 are shown in Table 2 below.

Using eMatrix software package (Stanford University, Stanford, CA) (Wu et al., J. Comp. Biol., Vol. 6 pp. 219-235 (1999) herein incorporated by reference), all the sequences were examined to determine whether they had identifiable signature regions. Table 3 shows the signature region found in the indicated polypeptide sequences, the description of the signature, the eMatrix p-value(s) and the position(s) of the signature within the polypeptide sequence.

Using the pFam software program (Sonnhammer et al., Nucleic Acids Res., Vol. 26(1) pp. 320-322 (1998) herein incorporated by reference) all the polypeptide sequences were examined for domains with homology to certain peptide domains. Table 4 shows the name of the domain found, the description, the p-value and the pFam score for the identified domain within the sequence.

The nucleotide sequence within the sequences that codes for signal peptide sequences and their cleavage sites can be determine from using Neural Network SignalP V1.1 program (from Center for Biological Sequence Analysis, The Technical University of Denmark). The process for identifying prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and their cleavage sites are also disclosed by Henrik Nielson, Jacob Engelbrecht, Soren Brunak, and Gunnar von Heijne in the publication "Identification of prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and prediction of their cleavage sites" Protein Engineering, Vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 1-6 (1997), incorporated herein by reference. A maximum S score and a mean S score, as described in the Nielson et as reference, was obtained for the polypeptide sequences. Table 7 shows the position of the signal peptide in each of the polypeptides and the maximum score and mean score associated with that signal peptide.

# 5.7 EXAMPLE 7 Novel Nucleic Acids

Using PHRAP (Univ. of Washington) or CAP4 (Paracel), a full length gene cDNA sequence and its corresponding protein sequence were generated from the assemblage. Any frame shifts and incorrect stop codons were corrected by hand editing. During editing, the sequence was checked using FASTY and/or BLAST against Genbank (i.e. dbEST version 119, gb pri 119, UniGene version 119, Genpept release 119). Other computer programs which may have been used in the editing process were phredPhrap and Consed (University of Washington) and ed-ready, edext and gc-zip-2 (Hyseq, Inc.). The full-length nucleotide, including splice variants resulting from these procedures are shown in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NOS:966-974. The corresponding amino acid sequences are SEQ ID NO:1950-1958.

Table 1 shows the various tissue sources of SEQ ID NO: 966-974.

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The nearest neighbor results for SEQ ID NO: 966-974 were obtained by a BLASTP version 2.0al 19MP-WashU search against Genpept release 120 and Geneseq October 12, 2000 release (Derwent), using BLAST algorithm. The nearest neighbor result showed the closest homologue for SEQ ID NO: 966-974 from Genpept . The translated amino acid sequences for which the nucleic acid sequence encodes are shown in the Sequence Listing. The homologs with identifiable functions for SEQ ID NO: 966-974 are shown in Table 2 below.

Using eMatrix software package (Stanford University, Stanford, CA) (Wu et al., J. Comp. Biol., Vol. 6 pp. 219-235 (1999) herein incorporated by reference), all the sequences were examined to determine whether they had identifiable signature regions. Table 3 shows the signature region found in the indicated polypeptide sequences, the description of the signature, the eMatrix p-value(s) and the position(s) of the signature within the polypeptide sequence.

Using the pFam software program (Sonnhammer et al., Nucleic Acids Res., Vol. 26(1) pp. 320-322 (1998) herein incorporated by reference) all the polypeptide sequences were examined for domains with homology to certain peptide domains. Table 4 shows the name of the domain found, the description, the p-value and the pFam score for the identified domain within the sequence.

The nucleotide sequence within the sequences that codes for signal peptide sequences and their cleavage sites can be determine from using Neural Network SignalP V1.1 program (from Center for Biological Sequence Analysis, The Technical University of Denmark). The process for identifying prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and their cleavage sites are also disclosed by Henrik Nielson, Jacob Engelbrecht, Soren Brunak, and Gunnar von Heijne in the publication "Identification of prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and prediction of their cleavage sites" Protein Engineering, Vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 1-6 (1997), incorporated herein by reference. A maximum S score and a mean S score, as described in the Nielson et as reference, was obtained for the polypeptide sequences. Table 7 shows the position of the signal peptide in

each of the polypeptides and the maximum score and mean score associated with that signal peptide.

#### 5.8 EXAMPLE 8

#### **Novel Nucleic Acids**

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Using PHRAP (Univ. of Washington) or CAP4 (Paracel), a full length gene cDNA sequence and its corresponding protein sequence were generated from the assemblage. Any frame shifts and incorrect stop codons were corrected by hand editing. During editing, the sequence was checked using FASTY and/or BLAST against Genbank (i.e. dbEST version 120, gb pri 120, UniGene version 120, Genpept release 120). Other computer programs which may have been used in the editing process were phredPhrap and Consed (University of Washington) and ed-ready, edext and gc-zip-2 (Hyseq, Inc.). The full-length nucleotide, including splice variants resulting from these procedures are shown in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NOS:975-984. The corresponding amino acid sequences are SEQ ID NO:1959-1968.

Table 1 shows the various tissue sources of SEQ ID NO: 975-984.

The nearest neighbor results for SEQ ID NO: 975-984 were obtained by a BLASTP version 2.0al 19MP-WashU search against Genpept release 120 and Geneseq October 21, 2000 release (Derwent), using BLAST algorithm. The nearest neighbor result showed the closest homologue for SEQ ID NO: 975-984 from Genpept. The translated amino acid sequences for which the nucleic acid sequence encodes are shown in the Sequence Listing. The homologs with identifiable functions for SEQ ID NO: 975-984 are shown in Table 2 below.

Using eMatrix software package (Stanford University, Stanford, CA) (Wu et al., J. Comp. Biol., Vol. 6 pp. 219-235 (1999) herein incorporated by reference), all the sequences were examined to determine whether they had identifiable signature regions. Table 3 shows the signature region found in the indicated polypeptide sequences, the description of the signature, the eMatrix p-value(s) and the position(s) of the signature within the polypeptide sequence.

Using the pFam software program (Sonnhammer et al., Nucleic Acids Res., Vol. 26(1) pp. 320-322 (1998) herein incorporated by reference) all the polypeptide sequences were examined for domains with homology to certain peptide domains. Table 4 shows the name of the domain found, the description, the p-value and the pFam score for the identified domain within the sequence.

The nucleotide sequence within the sequences that codes for signal peptide sequences and their cleavage sites can be determine from using Neural Network SignalP V1.1 program (from Center for Biological Sequence Analysis, The Technical University of Denmark). The process for identifying prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and their cleavage sites are also

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disclosed by Henrik Nielson, Jacob Engelbrecht, Soren Brunak, and Gunnar von Heijne in the publication "Identification of prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and prediction of their cleavage sites" Protein Engineering, Vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 1-6 (1997), incorporated herein by reference. A maximum S score and a mean S score, as described in the Nielson et as reference, was obtained for the polypeptide sequences. Table 7 shows the position of the signal peptide in each of the polypeptides and the maximum score and mean score associated with that signal peptide.

### 5.9 EXAMPLE 9

### Novel Nucleic Acids

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Using PHRAP (Univ. of Washington) or CAP4 (Paracel), a full length gene cDNA sequence and its corresponding protein sequence were generated from the assemblage. Any frame shifts and incorrect stop codons were corrected by hand editing. During editing, the sequence was checked using FASTY and/or BLAST against Genbank (i.e. dbEST version 120, gb pri 120, UniGene version 120, Genpept release 120). Other computer programs which may have been used in the editing process were phredPhrap and Consed (University of Washington) and ed-ready, edext and gc-zip-2 (Hyseq, Inc.). The full-length nucleotide, including splice variants resulting from these procedures are shown in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NOS:3937-3942. The corresponding peptide sequence is SEQ ID NO: 3943-3948.

Table 1 shows the various tissue sources of SEQ ID NO: 3937-3942.

The nearest neighbor results for SEQ ID NO: 3937-3942 were obtained by a BLASTP version 2.0al 19MP-WashU search against Genpept release 120 and Geneseq October 12, 2000 release 21 (Derwent), using BLAST algorithm. The nearest neighbor result showed the closest homologue for SEQ ID NO: 3937-3942 from Genpept. The translated amino acid sequences for which the nucleic acid sequence encodes are shown in the Sequence Listing. The homologs with identifiable functions for SEQ ID NO: 3937-3942 are shown in Table 9 below.

Using eMatrix software package (Stanford University, Stanford, CA) (Wu et al., J. Comp. Biol., Vol. 6 pp. 219-235 (1999) herein incorporated by reference), all the sequences were examined to determine whether they had identifiable signature regions. Table 10 shows the signature region found in the indicated polypeptide sequences, the description of the signature, the eMatrix p-value(s) and the position(s) of the signature within the polypeptide sequence.

Using the pFam software program (Sonnhammer et al., Nucleic Acids Res., Vol. 26(1) pp. 320-322 (1998) herein incorporated by reference) all the polypeptide sequences were examined for domains with homology to certain peptide domains. Table 11 shows the name of

the domain found, the description, the p-value and the pFam score for the identified domain within the sequence.

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The nucleotide sequence within the sequences that codes for signal peptide sequences and their cleavage sites can be determine from using Neural Network SignalP V1.1 program (from Center for Biological Sequence Analysis, The Technical University of Denmark). The process for identifying prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and their cleavage sites are also disclosed by Henrik Nielson, Jacob Engelbrecht, Soren Brunak, and Gunnar von Heijne in the publication "Identification of prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and prediction of their cleavage sites" Protein Engineering, Vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 1-6 (1997), incorporated herein by reference. A maximum S score and a mean S score, as described in the Nielson et as reference, was obtained for the polypeptide sequences. Table 12 shows the position of the signal peptide in each of the polypeptides and the maximum score and mean score associated with that signal peptide.

Tables 5 and 13 are correlation tables of all of the sequences and the SEQ ID NOS.

TABLE 1

Tissue Origin	RNA	Library	SEQ ID NOS:
	Source	Name	
lung			3 11 25 49 65 75 114 141 156 160 172
			190 198 209 217 224 229 234-235 267
			269 274 277 282 284 303 308 312 320
			334 336 352 372 396 398 412 414 437
			453 464 470 481 492-494 508-509 532
			539 581 584 617-619 621 628 633 643
			688 691 745 752 761 768 794 822 837
			848 876 887 953 967 973
adult brain	GIBCO	AB3001	1 3 12-13 16 22-24 28-29 41 48 58 65 78
•	}		82 89-90 94 97 103 112 114-115 117 120
			122 130-131 168 181 184 186-187 189-
			190 198 208 216 247 249 259 270 277
			297 301 308 312 314 321 333 348 374
			396 403 406 410 412 416-417 420 423
			426-427 431 456 474 481 484-485 488
			498 500 508-509 530 549 553 558 563-
			564 583 596 602-603 608 612 621-622
	1		624 643 650 674 699 711 736 738-739
			753 770 779-780 785-786 802-803 816
			822 839 842 848 859 861 871 893-894
		.1	897 900 903 925 954 958 967 969
adult brain	GIBCO	ABD003	3 19 21-25 28-29 31 33-34 37 39 41 46-48
			53 58 63-64 66 72 78 80 99 103 109-110
			112 114 118 120-124 126 132-133 135

	<del></del>		PCT/US01/04098
			139 143 146 148-149 159 163 168 174
			176 179-180 184-185 188-190 202 208-
	- 1	1	209 216-217 221 223 230 234-235 240
	1		244 249 251 253 255 259 259 259
	1		244 249 251 253 255 258-259 263 269-
1			270 277 282 285-286 290 294-295 297
	1		301-302 304-305 307-308 311-312 314
	- 1		320 329 333 335-336 342 344 346 240
	1		1 334 338 363 370 373-374 377 390 393
		1	383 388 394-396 399 401-402 406 409-
			410 413 416 420-421 425 428 430-431
			436-437 442 456 462 464 466-467 474
			484 486 405 406 500 501 506 707
			484 486 495-496 500-501 506 508-509
	.		519 530 537 542 549 561-562 564 572
			574 577-578 580-583 586-587 589 592-
			393 396-397 601 608 610 612-614 617
	1	-	024 030-632 635 637 650 658 663 664
	1		008 0/6 6/9 681 689-690 693 600 724
	1	1	120 132 736 742-743 747 767-770 700
			784 789 793 799 802-805 813 817-818
			822 824 829-831 837 839 845 848 856
			859-860 864 871 872 877 878
			859-860 864 871-872 875-876 881 887
			896-897 901 903 907 910-911 925 930
			955 945-944 947 952-953 958 962-963
adult brain	Clontech	ADDOOL	903 96/ 9/2 977
	Clonicen	ABR001	3 53 66 113 115 126 135 160 172 179 185
			204 203 273 305 312 323 358 380 393
			395-396 403 420 428-429 431 461 542
			583 586 606-607 611 620 645-646 688
·			690 715 732 736 740 748 754 768 784-
			786 790 796 800 878 887 884-
			786 790 796 800 878 897 906-907 947 977
adult brain	Clontech	ABR006	1 = 1 1
		11151(000	19 32 49 53 60 72 91 103 118 125 130-
			1 1 1 1 3 4 1 8 4 2 2 4 2 7 5 3 3 8 3 5 0 3 5 4 3 6 1
	1		303 374 384 390 394 396 431-432 424
		1	435 445 468 549 621 732 734-736 745
	l	1	760-761 764 768-769 775 787 806 811
		1	818 887 903 906 918 930 942 947 957
-1.1/1			973 977
adult brain	Clontech	ABR008	
	1		2-3 9-11 14 17 21 23-25 28-29 31-35 37
			41-42 45 47-48 56-57 65-66 69-70 72 75
		. •	1/-/8 88 91-92 97-99 101 103 112 115
			118-128 130-131 135 138-140 142 144
			140 148 152 156-157 159-160 163 160
			1/2 1/4 1/6 178-180 182-190 194 196
	ŀ		198 200-201 204 209-214 218 220-225
			228-230 232-233 238-240 243-244 246
			254-256 260 264 270 277
			254-256 260-264 270 272-274 278-279
	1		
			282-285 289-291 293-294 296-297 301
			303-306 312-314 317 321-322 325 320
			303-306 312-314 317 321-322 325-328 334 336 338 340-342 344 346 348 350
			303-306 312-314 317 321-322 325-328 334 336 338 340-342 344 346 348 350- 352 354 356-358 363 366 369-374 376 379-381 383-386 388-394 398-399 402-

			403 405 409-412 414 418-421 423-424
			426-427 430 433-437 443 445-450 452
	·		456-457 460 462 464 471 479 482-483
			485 488 490-498 505 507 510 516 519-
			522 524 527-532 535 538-539 542-545
			548 551 553 555 561-562 566 569 571
			574 580-583 588-589 593 597 601-608
			611-612 614-615 617-618 621-622 624
	•		630-635 642 644 646-648 650-652 655
			657 659-661 664-665 668 672 674 689
			693-699 701-702 708 711 715 717 724
			728-730 732 734-735 738-740 745 747-
			750 753-755 757 761 763-764 766-769
			772-773 775 780-781 789-791 793-795
			799-800 802-806 809 812 818-819 821-
			822 826 829-830 832 834-835 841 843
		,	845 856 858-859 861 864 866 870 872
			876 880 883 885 887 893-898 902 906-
			916 918 921 925-926 930-931 933 942-
		·	943 946 948 950-951 953-954 958-960
			962-965 967 969-970 972 977
adult brain	Clontech	ABR011	57 196 270 304 344 436 834
adult brain	BioChain	ABR012	14 82 121-122 168 691
adult brain	Invitrogen	ABR013	72 108 263 270 336 425 492-494 732 787
			790 826 880
adult brain	Invitrogen	ABR014	293 394 399 764 768-769 928 967
adult brain	Invitrogen	ABR015	738-739 764
adult brain	Invitrogen	ABR016	320 374 396 399 405 684 742-743 767
			931 947 967
adult brain	Invitrogen	ABT004	21 33-34 37-38 47 52 57-58 69 72 91-93
			109 119 122-124 126-127 135 142-143
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			371 374 388 391 394 399 401 409 411
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Genomic DNA from BAC 63I18	Research Genetics (CITB BAC	BAC001	563 574 582 589-590 593 608 616-618 620 623-624 638 642-643 697 699 708 711 745 747-748 765 767-768 779 784 789 812-813 834 837 839 848 859 862 868-869 875-877 887 889 893-894 896 928 944 947 953-955 972 981 515
Carrie	Library)		
Genomic DNA from BAC 393I6	Research Genetics (CITB BAC Library)	BAC002	640
Genomic DNA	Research	BAC003	640
from BAC 39316	Genetics (CITB BAC Library)		
adult bladder	Invitrogen	BLD001	50 55 66 71 111 143-144 148 160 201 209 223 255-256 280-281 286 305 315 319 340 394 431 442 488 497 505 518 552 588-589 621 636 664 676 715 738-739 769 790 824 837 845 877 887 936 940 948 962-963 967
bone marrow	Clontech	BMD001	3 10-13 16 18 20-21 25 28-29 31-34 41 45 48 52 54-55 57 59 61 65 67 72-73 75 78 80 82 84 99 103 108 110 114-115 118-120 123-124 128 130-133 143-144 148 152 159-161 163 168 172 174 176 178 190 192 198 203 209 211 217-218 221 223-224 227 233-236 244 247 249 252 254 258 260-262 267 269 272 278 280-281 284-285 288 290 294-297 301 304 308 314 317-318 320-321 325 328-330 333-335 349 351-354 358 363 365 367 377 382 388 394-397 400 405 408 410-412 418-421 425-428 431 433 435 442 449-450 453 455 459 464 468-470 474 478-479 481 484 490 496 504 506 508-509 511 519-521 530 532 539 553 558-559 561-563 580 582 586 592 599 608 610 613-614 617-619 623 625-628 635 638 641-643 658 664 672 682 699 711 713 717 731 734 740 742-743 745 761 768-771 774 776-778 784 787 789 813 817-818 822 834 839-840 842 848 862 866 870 876 885-887 891 896-898 900 903 906 913 919 921-922 927-928 939
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bone marrow	Clontech	BMD004	54
bone marrow	Clontech	BMD007	766 887 928
adult colon	Invitrogen	CLN001	22 37 67 97 117 121 148-149 168 172 190
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			582 602-603 619 687 723 728 751 761
			831 861 887 914-916 934 955 969 984
Mixture of 16	Various	CTL016	358 740 760
tissues –	Various Vendors*	011010	
mRNAs*			
Mixture of 16	Various	CTL021	468 527 928
tissues -	Vendors*		
mRNAs*			
adult cervix	BioChain	CVX001	1 3 10 14 22 28-30 37 41 47-48 51-52 54-
			57 71 82 89-90 92 106 108 110-111 117-
			118 121 129-131 135 141 143-146 160-
			161 164 168 172 177 189-190 193 195
			200 204 209 211-212 217 226 229-230
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			268-270 274 277 282 285 292 295 297
			305-308 314-316 319 328 343-344 348
			354 358 363 368 380 382-384 389 394
			396 399 401 405-407 410 416 418-421
			428 430-431 437 442 453-454 459 464
			469 471-473 476 480 484 492-495 500
			504 506-509 516-517 526 530 532 545
			550-551 563-565 569 577-578 585-586
			590 608 611 613 619 621 623 628 630-
	1		631 634-637 641 643 648 656-658 664-
			665 674 679 682 689-690 693 700 703
			708 713 721-722 724 728 732 742-743 747 750 752 755 757 761 763 767-769

<sup>\*</sup>The 16 tissue-mRNAs and their vendor source, are as follows: 1) Normal adult brain mRNA (Invitrogen), 2) normal adult kidney mRNA (Invitrogen), 3) normal adult liver mRNA (Invitrogen), 4) normal fetal brain mRNA (Invitrogen), 5) normal fetal kidney mRNA (Invitrogen), 6) normal fetal liver mRNA (Invitrogen), 7) normal fetal skin mRNA (Invitrogen), 8) human adrenal gland mRNA (Clontech), 9) human bone marrow mRNA (Clontech), 10) human leukemia lymphablastic mRNA (Clontech), 11) human thymus mRNA (Clontech), 12) human lymph node mRNA (Clontech), 13) human spinal cord mRNA (Clontech), 14) human thyroid mRNA (Clontech), 15) human esophagus mRNA (BioChain), 16) human conceptional umbilical cord mRNA (BioChain).

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Genomic	Genomic	EPM001	324 515 640
lones from the	DNA from		32.313.070
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hromosome 8	Research		
sophagus	BioChain	ESO002	97 103 128 371 474
etal brain	Clontech	FBR001	67 129 156 159 232 267 433 446 503 845
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683-684 741 769 793 822 870 908-911
914-916 934 937-938 942 967 973 982
salivary gland Clontech SAL001 16 68 74 84 121 123-124 156 172 190 203
209 232 248 254 269 292 294 363 377
395 398 400 402 405-406 410 430 442
395 398 400 402 405-406 410 430 442 459 462 474 483 485 563-564 579 587-
459 462 474 483 485 563-564 579 587-

salivary gland	Clontech	SALs03	217 254 270 388 610
skin fibroblast	ATCC	SFB001	517 949
skin fibroblast	ATCC	SFB002	269 688
skin fibroblast	ATCC	SFB003	3 203 897 907
small intestine	Clontech	SIN001	3-4 47 57 68-69 92 99 125-126 130-131
	o i o i o i o i	5111001	135 149 151-152 156 159 185 204 241
			246 291-292 318-319 338 343 348 363
	†		373 375 382 388-389 392-394 397 400
			437 466-467 471 484 500 517 520-521
			525 547 560 580-581 588 599 602-603
			612 624 643 711 731 733-734 757 761
ŀ			769 774-775 794 824 864 904 906 910-
	<b>1</b> .		911 913 948 953 959 976 984
skeletal muscle	Clontech	SKM001	15 75 135 146 172 190 218 267 282 308
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	Cichicon	DICIVIOUI	410 426-427 474 505 588 620 623 658
			692 713 737 779 790 862 874 878 887
			952 962-963
skeletal muscle	Clontech	SKMs04	215
spinal cord	Clontech	SPC001	14 20-21 25 28-29 31 39 46 48 59 78 83-
opinai cora	Cioniccii	SECOUL	84 91-92 103 112-113 135 160 168 172
	'		176 188 190 205 209 229 232 258 285
	1		
			301 308 312-314 321 323 329 346 374
			377 380 383 388 394 398 406 409-410
			431 449-450 453 455 466-467 470-471
			484-486 488 495 497 500 503 508-509
		·	524 537 539 558 581 586 604-605 611
			619 623 630-631 633 656 663 711 715
,			729 736 740-741 761 767 769 776-778
			780 818 822 831 835-836 840 843 859
			861 871 875 887-888 897 906-907 913
ad-141		CDY 01	919-920 928 931 953 958
adult spleen	Clontech	SPLc01	3 6 12-13 66 130-131 178 365 403 431
		050000	461 558 610 715 797 809 876 947 967
stomach	Clontech	STO001	35 114 130-131 144 155 176 189 206-207
			249 260-262 336 382 398 425 431 453
			461 483 496 500 527 530 580 642 657
			663 669 748 765 768 802-803 839 891
.,	<u> </u>		942 981
thalamus	Clontech	THA002	30-32 48 66 109 127 130-131 135 142
·			145 156-158 168 172 174 185 199 224-
			225 233 246 277 282 286 293 322 332
	·		334 346 374 384 400 402 420 424 435-
,			437 446 466-467 485 503 506 527 542
			549 572 612 615 622 624 633 643-644
	Ì		658 676 736 790 794 824 831 835 896
			907 950 969
thymus	Clonetech	THM001	10 16 20 28-29 32 37 41 52 57 66-67 74-
			75 110 118 121 129-131 141 151 159-160
I			208 211 218 247 269 289 295 297 320
	•		325 354 358 365 367 372 378 388-389
			395 398 411-412 420 423 435 452 500
	. [		508-509 517 524 532 537 551 558 560
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

		·	560 577 570 500 506 500 600 611 600
			569 577-578 582 586 598 608 611 622
			643 684 715 721-723 728 740 766 772-
			773 795 834 837 849 864 885 900 921
			946 948 958 962-963 965 972-973 982
thymus	Clontech	THMc02	1 3 9-11 16 21 27 32-34 38-39 51 55-57
			66 72 74 77-78 80 82 89-90 101 112 115
			118-119 121 123-124 126 138 144 152
			159 168 174 176 178 186-188 197 200
			208 212-214 217 225 233 243-244 246
ĺ			254 256-262 279 282 285 288-289 296-
		,	297 313-314 322 334 343 354-355 358-
	ŀ		359 363-364 367-368 372-373 382 387-
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			440 442 449-450 454 457 462 464 469
			474 479 481 485 490-491 506 508-509
		1	511 517 522 526 528 532 542 551 554
			561-562 564 566-570 580-582 585 589
			597 599-600 602-608 611 613-614 619-
		,	621 625 628 630-631 644 646 655 669
,	1		672 677 684 686-693 697 713 717 720
			728 740 746 749 760-762 767 771 775
			794 797 804 808 811 816 818-819 837
		:	840 859 880 883 887-888 896-897 903
			908-911 913 916 924 936 947-948 950
			962-963 965 967 970
41	Clontech	THR001	3 8-9 14-15 19-22 28-29 39 41 55-56 66
thyroid gland	Cloniech	Inkooi	69 71-72 78-79 97 104-105 109 113 115
			119 121 123-124 130-133 135 138 143-
			144 146 148 151-152 156 159-163 165
			168 172 174 177 183-184 196 199-200   203 209 211 215-218 228-229 232-236
			244 254-255 258 273 282 290 292 294
		,	ł
,			297 303-306 308 311 317-318 322-323
	]		325-326 334-335 340 342 348 354 358
			373 377 381-382 387 394 398 401-402
			405-406 409-412 416 422 425-427 429-
	,		431 440 449-453 462 466-468 474 478-
			479 481-484 490 492-496 500-501 505-
			506 517-518 522-525 532 537 540-541
			545 551 558 560 563-564 580 583 587-
	1		589 593 597 599 606-607 610 617-621
	1		625-628 633 635 641-643 658-659 664-
			669 674 682 686 688-691 696 699 715
			724 730 740 742-743 747 750 752 759
			761 765-766 768-769 779 789 796 802-
			803 813 818-819 822 831 837 843 845
			848-849 862 864 868-869 871 874 876-
			877 887 893-894 896-897 907-909 912
			919-921 923 925 928 936 940-942 944
			946-947 950 953 955 958-959 962-963
			967 969 973 981
trachea	Clontech	TRC001	33-34 55-56 69 74 163 172 190 209 212
<del></del>			<u> </u>

			267 270 297 305 314 352 413 426-427 466-467 500 502 504 580 586 610 613 633 642 688 691 711 724 738-739 774 782 816 820 839 848 862 868-869 914- 915 928 968
uterus	Clontech	UTR001	4 9 18 37 63-64 74 108 114-115 130-131 160 166 179 184 190 209 233 249 269 285 301 314 327 337 348 384 394 399-400 403 406 411 425 431 434 437 440 462 474 485 490 508-509 526 532 579 617-619 636 642-643 672 761 769 793 837 849 864 887 903 906 928 934 947 967

## TABLE 2

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	% IDENTITY
1	L06175	Homo sapiens	occurs in MHC class I region; ORF	308	98
2	Y70775	Homo sapiens	Follistatin-related protein zfsta.	3094	98
3	X15187	Homo sapiens	precursor polypeptide (AA -21 to 782)	4112	100
4	AF110640	Homo sapiens	orphan seven-transmembrane receptor	344 .	100
5	G03798	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 7879.	158	72
6	W85607	Homo sapiens	Secreted protein clone da228 6.	1477	100
7	Y30162	Homo sapiens	Human dorsal root receptor 4 hDRR4.	884	88
88	Y15227	Homo sapiens	Leul	391	100
9	Y28817	Homo sapiens	pt326_4 secreted protein.	3338	100
10	X92106	Homo sapiens	bleomycin hydrolase	2445	100
11	Y15228	Homo sapiens	Leu2	445	100
12	U27838	Mus musculus	glycosyl-phosphatidyl-inositol- anchored protein homolog	432	34
13	U27838	Mus musculus	glycosyl-phosphatidyl-inositol- anchored protein homolog	320	27
14	Y71062	Homo sapiens	Human membrane transport protein, MTRP-7.	2323	99
15	U96781	Homo sapiens	Ca2+ ATPase of fast-twitch skeletal muscle sacroplasmic reticulum, adult isoform	5145	100
16	M16653	Homo sapiens	pancreatic elastase IIB zymogen	1435	99
17	Y13398	Homo sapiens	Amino acid sequence of protein PRO346.	1749	99
18	Y02283	Homo sapiens	Secreted protein clone br342_11 polypeptide sequence.	1399	99
19	Y53030	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein clone d24_1 protein sequence SEQ ID NO:66.	1371	100
20	AL031320	Homo sapiens	dJ20N2.5 (novel protein similar to fucosidase, alpha-L-1, tissue (EC 3.2.1.51, alpha-l-fucosidase fucohydrolase))	2597	99
21	B01384	Homo sapiens	Neuron-associated protein.	1876	100
22	Y68778	Homo sapiens	Amino acid sequence of a human phosphorylation effector PHSP-10.	2470	100

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	MENTITY
23	Y55935	Homo sapiens	Human KHS2 protein.	4781	99
24	Y55935	Homo sapiens	Human KHS2 protein.	2807	100
25	AC024792	Caenorhabditis elegans	contains similarity to TR:O95029	463	31
26	Y07972	787	Human secreted protein fragment	1540	100
27	X97630	Homo sapiens	serine/threonine protein kinase	3781	98
28	AF150755	Mus musculus	microtubule-actin crosslinking factor	3514	68
29	AF150755	Mus musculus	microtubule-actin crosslinking factor	3725	70
30	Z38011	Mus musculus	DMR-N9	2988	86
31	AJ000522	Homo sapiens	axonemal dynein heavy chain	6058	99
32	AF037256	Mus musculus	ES2 protein	2260	91
33	S62140	Homo sapiens	TLS=nuclear RNA-binding protein	2917	100
34	S62140	Homo sapiens	TLS=nuclear RNA-binding protein	2890	98
36	AB038237	Homo sapiens	G protein-coupled receptor C5L2	1767	100
37	D79994	Homo sapiens	similar to ankyrin of Chromatium vinosum.	6089	99
38	X63380	Homo sapiens	serum response factor-related protein	1966	99
39	AL022072	Schizosacchar	lipoic acid synthetase	1067	61
		omyces pombe	-		
40	J03930	Homo sapiens	alkaline phosphatase	2751	100
41	AF132968	Homo sapiens	CGI-34 protein	1088	98
42	AL117637	Homo sapiens	hypothetical protein	2208	100
43	AL021393	Homo sapiens	bK747E2.1 (novel protein)	1526	100
44	X68011	Homo sapiens	ZNF81	1886	100
45	AC002464	Homo sapiens	organic cation transporter; 50% similarity to JC4884 (PID:g2143892)	2423	100
46	W78245	Homo sapiens	Fragment of human secreted protein encoded by gene 19.	1949	100
47	Y41765	Homo sapiens	Human PRO1083 protein sequence.	3604	100
48	AF097330	Homo sapiens	H1 chloride channel; p64H1; CLIC4	1305	99
50	U09413	Homo sapiens	zinc finger protein ZNF135	1361	57
51	AF061812	Homo sapiens	keratin 16	2374	100
52	W63681	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein 1.	1326	99
53	AB035303	Homo sapiens	cadherin-10	4094	100
54	A12022	synthetic construct	MRP-8	485	100
55	AL121897	Homo sapiens	bA392M18.3 (KIAA0180)	1867	100
56	Y73330	Homo sapiens	HTRM clone 397663 protein sequence.	818	96
57	AF151018	Homo sapiens	HSPC184	955	100
58	AF125042	Homo sapiens	bisphosphate 3'-nucleotidase	1586	100
59	AF118670	Homo sapiens	orphan G protein-coupled receptor	1971	100
60	X04494	Homo sapiens	precursor polypeptide	1903	100
61	AF208865	Homo sapiens	EDRF	528	100
62	D15057	Homo sapiens	DAD-1	567	100
63	AF260665	Homo sapiens	histone acetyltransferase	1510	100
64	AF260665	Homo sapiens	histone acetyltransferase	1429	. 96
65	AJ277145	Homo sapiens	ras-related small GTPase RAB18	1073	100
66	Y94950	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein clone dh 1073_12 protein sequence SEQ ID NO:106.	348	100
67	Y82744	Homo sapiens	DNA replication and repair associated protein (DRASP).	1028	100
68	Y44486	Homo sapiens	Human GPRW receptor polypeptide.	1721	100
69	AL031228	Homo sapiens	dJ1033B10.2 (WD40 protein BING4 (similar to S. cerevisiae YER082C, M. sexta MNG10 and C. elegans	3196	100

SEQ ID		SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH-	%
NO:		<u> </u>		WATERMAN SCORE	IDENTITY
70	AJ276316	Homo sapiens	zinc finger protein 304	1751	52
71 72	<del></del>	Homo sapiens	paraplegin-like protein	4146	99
74	AF157028	Homo sapiens	protein phosphatase methylesterase-1	2017	100
	Y71082	Homo sapiens	Human B-aggressive lymphoma (BAL) protein.	1765	99
75	AF225420	Homo sapiens	AD025	734	100
76	X95235	Homo sapiens	transcription factor AP2	217	100
77	AF108420	Takifugu rubripes	1-aminocyclopropane-carboxilate synthase	733	56
78	G01349	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 5430.	650	99
79	AL117635	Homo sapiens	hypothetical protein	922	99
81	Z85986	Homo sapiens	dJ108K11.3 (similar to yeast	865	77
			suppressor protein SRP40)		, ,
82	AF183414	Homo sapiens	hemin-sensitive initiation factor 2a kinase	3231	99
83	G01143	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 5224.	495	98
84	U03985	Homo sapiens	N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive factor	3744	99
85	Y17791	Homo sapiens	VAX2 protein	1496	100
87	AF263538	Homo sapiens	growth differentiation factor 3	1944	99
88	Y19757	Homo sapiens	SEQ ID NO 475 from WO9922243.	1361	100
89	AF161493	Homo sapiens	HSPC144	1185	100
90	AF161493	Homo sapiens	HSPC144	856	100
91	B25780	787	Human secreted protein SEQ ID	647	41
92	U57344	Mus musculus	Meis3	1007	89
93	AF172854	Homo sapiens	cardiotrophin-like cytokine CLC	1197	98
94	AL390114	Leishmania major	extremely cysteine/valine rich protein	223	29
95	AB016886	Arabidopsis thaliana	contains similarity to adenylate kinase~gene_id:MCA23.18	287	38
96	AC005525	Homo sapiens	F22162 1	1855	96
97	B20997	Homo sapiens	Human nucleic acid-binding protein, NuABP-1.	3836	99
98	AJ006692	Homo sapiens	ultra high sulfer keratin	507	70
99	AF172264	Homo sapiens	Traf2 and NCK interacting kinase,	6942	99
		and suprems	splice variant 1	0942	99
100	L11239	Homo sapiens	homeobox protein	717	100
101	AC004890	Homo sapiens	similar to zinc finger proteins; similar to AAC01956 (PID:g2843171)	2154	98
102	AC003682	Homo sapiens	R28830 2	1287	48
103	AF201839	Rattus norvegicus	dynamin IIIbb isoform	4270	95
104	Y79510	Homo sapiens	Human carbohydrate-associated protein CRBAP-6.	1394	100
105	Y79510	Homo sapiens	Human carbohydrate-associated protein CRBAP-6.	1209	90
106	AL096748	Homo sapiens	hýpothetical protein	1216	100
108	X97260	Homo sapiens	Metallothionein 2	381	100
109	AL034422	Homo sapiens	dJ1141E15.2 (novel protein)	433	100
110	AF191338	Homo sapiens	anaphase-promoting complex subunit	683	100
111	AL021712	Arabidopsis thaliana	putative protein	185	· 26
112	AF250138	Homo sapiens	small stress protein-like protein HSP22	1063	100
113	AL109976	Homo sapiens	dJ794I6.1.1 (novel protein)	4176	99
114	Y36151	787	Human secreted protein	668	100

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	MENTITY
115	AF110399	Homo sapiens	elongation factor Ts	1666	100
116	AF210317	Homo sapiens	facilitative glucose transporter family member GLUT9	2052	99
117	Y73328	Homo sapiens	HTRM clone 082843 protein sequence.	931	100
118	X04085	Homo sapiens	catalase	2846	100
119	AF147717	Homo sapiens	ubiquitin C-terminal hydrolase UCH37	1695	100
120	X73882	Homo sapiens	microtubule associated protein	3801	99
121	AC004882	Homo sapiens	similar to CAA16821 (PID:g3255952)	3223	100
122	M93311	Homo sapiens	metallothionein-III	421	100
123	G03827	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 7908.	557	94
124	G03827	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 7908.	222	53
125	AF232009	Homo sapiens	peroxisomal trans 2-enoyl CoA reductase	1565	99
126	AB004906	Ipomoea purpurea	transposase	146	20
127	M60165	Homo sapiens	guanine nucleotide-binding regulatory protein 2	1832	99
128	Y10319	Homo sapiens	carnitine carrier	1592	100
129	U75467	Drosophila melanogaster	Atu	937	36 .
130	Z21507	Homo sapiens	human elongation factor-1-delta	494	87
131	Z21507	Homo sapiens	human elongation factor-1-delta	938	100
132	Y58633	Homo sapiens	Protein regulating gene expression PRGE-26.	6745	100
133	Y58633	Homo sapiens	Protein regulating gene expression PRGE-26.	4818	95
134	M13692	Homo sapiens	alpha-1 acid glycoprotein precursor	1064	99
135	U72970	Sus scrofa	calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase II isoform gamma-B	2723	99
136	G03213	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 7294.	450	100
137	AC005102	Homo sapiens	small inducible cytokine subfamily A member 24	627	99
138	AF155648	Homo sapiens	putative zinc finger protein	5855	92
139	AF144638	Homo sapiens	sphingosine-1-phosphate lyase	2977	· 100
140	AF152318	Homo sapiens	protocadherin gamma A1	4778	100
141	B08517	Homo sapiens	Amino acid sequence of a beta- tubulin antigen.	5841	100
142	X56667	Homo sapiens	calretinin	1410	99
143 144	X92763 Y95293	Homo sapiens Homo sapiens	tafazzins Human GEF containing NEK-like kinase substrate sGNK.	1605 4092	99
145	AF226046	Homo sapiens	GK003	1198	100
146	M22877	Homo sapiens	cytochrome c	554	98
147	AJ272212	Homo sapiens	protein serine kinase	2196	100
148	AB026491	Homo sapiens	PICK1	2114	98
149	AB018580	Homo sapiens	hluPGFS	1699	100
150	X91868	Homo sapiens	six1	1509	100
151	AF266505	Mus musculus	pseudouridine synthase 3	2135	84
152	U29170	Drosophila melanogaster	ANON-23D	883	43
153	G04075	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 8156.	567	99
154	AY009128	Homo sapiens	ISCU2	138	100

Display	SEQ	ACCESSIO	N T CONCINC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PC1/US01/04098		
156	ID NO:	NUMBER		DESCRIPTION	WATERMAN	IDENTIT	
157						100	
157				candidate tumor suppressor p33	1294	99	
158			Zea mays		220	ļ	
159	158	AL133325		dJ984P4.3 (Homeobox protein			
160	159	AF073298	Homo sapiens				
162   AL10(2751   Arabidopsis thaliana   putative protein   194   32	160	AC004858		U1 small ribonucleoprotein 1SNRP			
162	161	AB012109	Homo sapiens	APC10	000		
163	162	AL162751	Arabidopsis				
164	163	AJ005698		noly(A) specific with a must			
165	164			long CRI 2 protein			
167		AC004002	Homo sapiens	similar to ciliary dynein beta heavy chain; 78% Similarity to P23098 (PID:g118965)			
168					381	100	
169   Mc4983   Homo sapiens   Homo sapiens   fibrinogen beta chain   2482   100     170   Mc4983   Homo sapiens   fibrinogen beta chain   2679   100     171   Mc4983   Homo sapiens   fibrinogen beta chain   2679   100     172   AF078845   Homo sapiens   16.7Kd protein   786   100     173   AC004774   Homo sapiens   Dix-6   923   100     174   Z98974   Schizosacchar   omyces pombe   100     175   X56203   Plasmodium   falciparum   falciparum   falciparum   falciparum   100     176   W74726   Homo sapiens   Human secreted protein fg949   3.   1879   100     177   AJ222967   Homo sapiens   Contains similarity to TR:O76167   221   27     178   AC024796   Caenorhabditis   elegans   Human secreted protein   PKO276.   1370   100     180   AF151803   Homo sapiens   Human secreted protein   SEQ ID   NO: 6775.     181   G02694   Homo sapiens   Human secreted protein   SEQ ID   283   100     182   Y17292   Homo sapiens   Human secreted protein   SEQ ID   283   100     183   AF234765   Rattus   serine-arginine-rich splicing   regulatory protein sequence.   148   27     184   AF151855   Homo sapiens   GE997 protein   1214   96     185   AF289664   Homo sapiens   GE997 protein   1214   96     186   AL022238   Homo sapiens   GENEWISE   GENEWISE   Mattus   GENEWISE   Mattus   GENEWISE   Mattus   GENEWISE   Mattus   GENEWISE   Mattus   M			Homo sapiens				
170   M64983   Homo sapiens   Homo sapiens   Ifbrinogen beta chain   2482   100							
171   MS5114   Gallus gallus   fibrinogen beta chain   1059   78				fibrinogen beta chain			
172				fibrinogen beta chain			
173			Gallus gallus	fibrinogen beta chain			
174   Z98974   Schizosacchar omyces pombe				16.7Kd protein			
174			Homo sapiens	Dlx-6			
Plasmodium falciparum   Iiver stage antigen   283   23				putative vacuolar protein sorting- associated protein			
177		i		liver stage antigen	283	23	
178				Human secreted protein fg949 3	1870	100	
Caenorhabditis   elegans   Contains similarity to TR:O76167   221   27   27   27   27   27   27				cystinosin			
180			elegans	contains similarity to TR:O76167			
181   G02694   Homo sapiens   Human secreted protein, SEQ ID   283   100			Homo sapiens	Membrane-bound protein PRO276	1370	100	
181   G02694   Homo sapiens   Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 6775.   182   Y17292   Homo sapiens   Human cell death preventing kinase (DPK-1) protein sequence.   100	1		Homo sapiens	CGI-45 protein			
182   Y17292   Homo sapiens   Human cell death preventing kinase (DPK-1) protein sequence.   2676   100		G02694	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEO ID			
Rattus   norvegicus   regulatory protein SRRP86   148   27		Y17292	Homo sapiens	Human cell death preventing kinase	2676	100	
184         AF151855         Homo sapiens         CGI-97 protein         1214         96           185         AF289664         Mus musculus         CYLN2         4673         90           186         AL022238         Homo sapiens         dJ1042K10.2 (supported by GENSCAN, FGENES and GENEWISE)         4059         100           187         AL022238         Homo sapiens         dJ1042K10.2 (supported by GENSCAN, FGENES and GENEWISE)         2332         100           188         X83543         Homo sapiens         APXL         8513         99           189         AF059569         Homo sapiens         actin binding protein MAYVEN         3106         99           190         M18135         Rattus smooth-muscle alpha tropomyosin norvegicus         1306         95           191         AF242194         Drosophila melanogaster         brakeless-B         147         52           192         D30689         Bacillus subtilis         subunit of nitrite reductase         113         29           193         Y44984         Homo sapiens         Humos sapiens         Humos sapiens         Humos sapiens         Humos sapiens	183	AF234765		serine-arginine-rich splicing	148	27	
185         AF289664         Mus musculus         CYLN2         4673         90           186         AL022238         Homo sapiens         dJ1042K10.2 (supported by GENSCAN, FGENES and GENEWISE)         4059         100           187         AL022238         Homo sapiens         dJ1042K10.2 (supported by GENSCAN, FGENES and GENEWISE)         2332         100           188         X83543         Homo sapiens         APXL         8513         99           189         AF059569         Homo sapiens         actin binding protein MAYVEN         3106         99           190         M18135         Rattus smooth-muscle alpha tropomyosin norvegicus         1306         95           191         AF242194         Drosophila melanogaster         brakeless-B         147         52           192         D30689         Bacillus subtilis         subunit of nitrite reductase         113         29           193         Y44984         Homo sapiens         Humos sapiens         Humos sapiens         Humos sapiens         Humos sapiens		AF151855	Homo sapiens		10:4		
186		AF289664	Mus musculus				
AL022238	186	AL022238		dJ1042K10.2 (supported by GENSCAN, FGENES and			
188         X83543         Homo sapiens         APXL         8513         99           189         AF059569         Homo sapiens         actin binding protein MAYVEN         3106         99           190         M18135         Rattus norvegicus         smooth-muscle alpha tropomyosin         1306         95           191         AF242194         Drosophila melanogaster         brakeless-B         147         52           192         D30689         Bacillus subtilis         subunit of nitrite reductase         113         29           193         Y44984         Homo sapiens         Humos sapiens         Humos sapiens         Humos sapiens			Homo sapiens	dJ1042K10.2 (supported by GENSCAN, FGENES and	2332	100	
189         AF059569         Homo sapiens         actin binding protein MAYVEN         3106         99           190         M18135         Rattus norvegicus         smooth-muscle alpha tropomyosin         1306         95           191         AF242194         Drosophila melanogaster         brakeless-B         147         52           192         D30689         Bacillus subtilis         subunit of nitrite reductase subtilis         113         29           193         Y44984         Homo sapiens         Humos sapiens         Humos sapiens         Humos sapiens			Homo sapiens		8512	-00	
M18135   Rattus   smooth-muscle alpha tropomyosin   1306   95			Homo sapiens				
191   AF242194   Drosophila   brakeless-B   147   52     192   D30689   Bacillus   subunit of nitrite reductase   113   29     193   Y44984   Homo sapiens   Universatidated   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	190	M18135	Rattus	smooth-muscle alpha tropomyosin			
191         AF242194         Drosophila melanogaster         brakeless-B         147         52           192         D30689         Bacillus subtilis         subunit of nitrite reductase subtilis         113         29           193         Y44984         Homo sapiens         Humos saids in the latest subtilis         113         29				a opomy 0301	1300	אס	
192 D30689 Bacillus subunit of nitrite reductase 113 29  193 Y44984 Homo sapiens University 114 115			Drosophila	brakeless-B	147	52	
193 Y44984 Homo sapiens Human epidermal protein-1.			Bacillus subtilis	subunit of nitrite reductase	113	29	
	193	Y44984	Homo sapiens	Human epidermal protein-1	538	97	

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	identity
194	B25679	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein sequence encoded by gene 15 SEQ ID NO:68.	760	100
195	AB020315	787	homologue of mouse dkk-1 gene:Acc	1466	100
196	U35730	Mus musculus	jerky	2021	75
197	AL136450	Homo sapiens	dJ510O21.1 (novel protein)	632	· 100
198	X56203	Plasmodium falciparum	liver stage antigen	512	24
199	Y70775	Homo sapiens	Follistatin-related protein zfsta.	2027	63
200	X87237	Homo sapiens	a-glucosidase I	4447	99
201	AF101078	Caenorhabditis elegans	CLU-1	1393	46
202	X04571	Homo sapiens	precursor polypeptide (AA -22 to 1185)	6611	100
203	X00474	Homo sapiens	pS2 precursor	466	100
204	AB029333	Halocynthia roretzi	HrPET-1	974	54
205	AF146019	Homo sapiens	hepatocellular carcinoma antigen gene 520	. 998	100
206	AF071002	Homo sapiens	minK-related peptide 1; MiRP1	632	100
207	AB038162	Homo sapiens	trefoil factor 2	744	100
208	U30521	Homo sapiens	P311 HUM	363	100
209	AB000911	Sus scrofa	ribosomal protein	782	100
210	AB021227	Homo sapiens	membrane-type-5 matrix metalloproteinase	3545	100
211	AF180920	Homo sapiens	cyclin L ania-6a	2722	100
212	AF105365	Homo sapiens	K-Cl cotransporter KCC4	5624	100
213	U29244	Caenorhabditis elegans	similar to human (TRE) transforming protein (PIR:S22157)	602	32
214	AL033538	Homo sapiens	dJ477H23.1 (novel protein)	3195	100
215	X52011	Homo sapiens	muscle determination factor	1262	100
216	AF083248	Homo sapiens	ribosomal protein L26 homolog	739	100
217	AF006751	Homo sapiens	ES/130	4793	99
218	AB007859	Homo sapiens	KIAA0399 protein	3559	99
219	AK026291	Homo sapiens	unnamed protein product	826	100
221	Y84045	Homo sapiens	Splice variant of cancer associated polypeptide CH1-9a11-2.	5851	97
222	Z67996	Homo sapiens	tenascin-R (restrictin)	7186	100
223	AF134802	Homo sapiens	cofilin isoform 1	846	100
224	Y17711	Homo sapiens	atopy related autoantigen CALC	1611	99
225	AF190051	Gallus gallus	hepatocyte nuclear factor 1a dimerization cofactor isoform	443	81
226	AK026256	Homo sapiens	unnamed protein product	866	98
227	Z69368	Schizosacchar omyces pombe	nuf2-like coiled-coil protein	230	25
228	AF275948	Homo sapiens	ABCA1	11763	99
229	AF161384	Homo sapiens	HSPC266	2006	98
230	Y16270	Homo sapiens	paralemin	1951	100
231	AJ245599	Homo sapiens	putative secreted ligand	2379	99
232	W88499	Homo sapiens	Human stomach carcinoma clone HP10412-encoded protein.	1545	99
233	AF096286	Mus musculus	pecanex 1	3623	93
234	V64619_cd 1	Homo sapiens	30-NOV-1990 Human HE1 cDNA.	796	100
235	V64619_cd	Homo sapiens	30-NOV-1990 Human HE1 cDNA.	470	98
236	AF227258	Bos taurus	RPGR-interacting protein-1	1262	38
237	AJ132445	Homo sapiens	claudin-14	1181	100
		t	dJ684O24.2 (prodynorphin (Beta-	1330	100

SEQ		ON SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	PCT/US01/04098		
ID NO:	NUMBE	R	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	identit	
!			Neoendorphin-Dynorphin precursor,		<del></del>	
239	AF26202	27 Homo sapier	Proenkephalin B precursor))			
240	AL07934		·	808	100	
		thaliana	putative protein	194	33	
241	AC00239	94 Homo sapier	Gene product with similarity to			
		_	dynein beta subunit	1542	51	
242	AJ27136	1 Takifugu	FRANK2 protein			
242	-	rubripes	•	303	30	
243	AL02191	8 Homo sapien	s b34I8.1 (Kruppel related Zinc Finger	1476		
244	A E10016	5	protein 184)	14/0	48	
245	AF19016 Y10601			1736	99	
246	AL12177		s ankyrin-like protein	5877	100	
240	ALIZIT	1 Homo sapien		3628	100	
	1		(ortholog of mouse zinc finger		100	
		1	protein ZFP64) (translation of cDNA	1	1	
	1		NT2RP3001398 (Em:AK001596))			
247	L25314	Drosophila:	(isoform 1))			
	1	melanogaster	actin-related protein	984	47	
248	X63745	Homo sapiens	KDEL receptor			
249	AF112208	Homo sapiens		1095	100	
			protein	816	100	
250	AP001707	Homo sapiens	human gene for claudin-8, Accession	1150		
261			No. AJ250/11	1172	100	
251 252	AL136125		dJ304B14.1 (novel protein)	778	100	
252	AL031186	ouplons	bK984G1.1 (supported by EGENES)	532	100	
233	Y17531	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein clone BL205	639	100	
254	AL049843	77-	14 protein.	035	100	
255	AJ242972	Homo sapiens	dJ392M17.3 (KIAA0349 protein)	6741	99	
256	Y94873	Homo sapiens	TOLLIP protein	1424	99	
57	AF279865	Homo sapiens Homo sapiens	Human protein clone HP02632.	1876	100	
58	AL024498	Homo sapiens	kinesin-like protein GAKIN	2903	100	
59	R66278	Homo sapiens	dJ417M14.1 (novel protein)	589	100	
		110mo sapiens	Therapeutic polypeptide from	830	100	
60	AF101784	Homo sapiens	glioblastoma cell line.		•	
61	AF101784	Homo sapiens	b-TRCP variant E3RS-IkappaB b-TRCP variant E3RS-IkappaB	3226	99	
62	AF101784	Homo sapiens	b-TRCP variant E3RS-IkappaB	2821	100	
63	AF197060	Homo sapiens	src homology 3 domain-containing	3149	99	
_			protein HIP-55	2257	100	
54	Y86262	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein HAQAR23,	766		
55	7155066		SEQ ID NO:177.	766	100	
6	Y56966.	Homo sapiens	Human SBPSAPL polypeptide	2779	100	
7	Y56966	Homo sapiens	Human SBPSAPL polypeptide	1018	100 99	
′′	AJ300465	Homo sapiens	putative white family ATP-binding	1557	95	
8	AC004030	L'om s	cassette transporter		93	
9	X55954	Homo sapiens	F21856_2	3579	99	
	AB033921	Homo sapiens Mus musculus	HL23 ribosomal protein	714	100	
	AF081886		Ndr1 related protein Ndr2	1855	94	
	AF166492	Homo sapiens Homo sapiens	ERO1-like protein	1905	99	
	AL022238	Homo sapiens	small GTPase RAB6B	1060	100	
1	W88667	Homo sapiens Homo sapiens	dJ1042K10.4 (novel protein)	2201	100	
1	5555/	riomo sapiens	Secreted protein encoded by gene	1530	99	
ĺ		Homo sapiens	134 clone HAIBP89. precursor RBP			
;  -	X00129		DIGGITSOF K KP			
			11-MAY 1000 IT.	1044	97	
		Homo sapiens	11-MAY-1998 Human RHOH gene sequence.	1044	97 100	

SEQ ID	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN	% IDENTITY
NO:		<del> </del>		SCORE	
278	AF270647	Homo sapiens	GTT1	1564	100
279	AF143956	Mus musculus	coronin-2	2414	94
280	R85151	Homo sapiens	Endothelial cell polypeptide.	911	92
281	R85151	Homo sapiens	Endothelial cell polypeptide.	1031	100
282	D83948	Rattus	S1-1 protein	3975	90
202	3/147/0	norvegicus	IV	2027	
283	Y14768	Homo sapiens	I Kappa B-like protein	2037	100
286	AL031316	Homo sapiens	dJ28O10.3(HSD11B1 (hydroxysteroid (11-beta) dehydrogenase 1)	294	100
. 287	D64109	Homo sapiens	tob family	1773	99
288	AB026043	Homo sapiens	MS4A7	1230	100
289	M61866	Homo sapiens	Krueppel-related DNA-binding protein	209	90
290	AJ001810	Homo sapiens	mRNA cleavage factor I 25 kDa subunit	1217	100
291	Y99454	Homo sapiens	Human PRO1605 (UNQ786) amino	694	100
			acid sequence SEQ ID NO:395.		
292	Y44824	Homo sapiens	Human molecule associated with cell proliferation, MACP-4.	2370	100
293	AJ276101	Homo sapiens	GPRC5B protein	2099	100
294	AF161406	Homo sapiens	HSPC288	719	100
295	Y58628	Homo sapiens	Protein regulating gene expression PRGE-21.	1276	100
296	U91561	Rattus norvegicus	pyridoxine 5'-phosphate oxidase	1239	87
297	L02956	Xenopus laevis	ribonucleoprotein	1624	83
298	AF226730	Homo sapiens	Cyt19	1729	99
299	AF226730	Homo sapiens	Cyt19	906	98
300	¥54324	Homo sapiens	Amino acid sequence of a human gastric cancer antigen protein.	718	89
301	AF125533	Homo sapiens	NADH-cytochrome b5 reductase isoform	1606	100
302	¥32206	Homo sapiens	Human receptor molecule (REC) encoded by Incyte clone 2825826.	1676	98
303	AF247565	Homo sapiens	hepatocellular carcinoma associated ring finger protein	525	100
304	AF208844	Homo sapiens	BM-002	428	100
305	AC004983	Homo sapiens	similar to PID:g3877944	1988	100
306	AL132978	Arabidopsis thaliana	putative protein	210	25
307	Y10530	Homo sapiens	olfactory receptor	1645	100
308	AF180681	Homo sapiens	guanine nucleotide exchange factor	3597	100
309	AF111856	Homo sapiens	sodium dependent phosphate transporter isoform NaPi-3b	3591	99
310	Y13583	Homo sapiens	G-protein coupled receptor	2171	100
311	Z73420	Homo sapiens	cE146D10.2 (mercaptopyruvate sulfurtransferase (EC 2.8.1.2))	1598	100
312	X79535	Homo sapiens	beta tubulin	2348	100
313	AF070658	Homo sapiens	HSPC002	861	100
314	AF078866	Homo sapiens	SURF-4	1395	100
317	Z37986	Homo sapiens	phenylalkylamine binding protein	1258	100
320	AB047892	Macaca fascicularis	hypothetical protein	258	82
321	¥25755	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein encoded from gene 45.	1440	100
322	AB016531	Homo sapiens	PEX16	1741	100
323	AL391141	Arabidopsis	putative protein	274	49

1	EQ ACCESS D NUMB		ES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH-	US01/04098
-\\\	0:	thaliana			WATERMA SCORE	N IDENTIT
32	25 AF140	501 Homo say	iona	DNA		
32	26 X966		iona	DNA polymerase iota	3691	99
32			Hens	D1075-like	1450	96
32	28 AF151		ione	protocadherin gamma A5	4769	100
32	29 X740		ione	CGI-45 protein	1970	100
33	0 AF171		iene	transcription factor BTF3	639	81
33	1 W5404		iena	retinal degeneration B beta	1302	95
		Tomo sap	16112	Human interferon-inducible protein HIFI.	484	98
33	2 AF0246	17 Homo sap	iens	transcription-associated zinc ribbon		
33	7 TT1010			protein	691	100
33.	3 U1918	1		Rabin3	2120	
334	1 60307	norvegicus			2129	90
33.	4 G0387	7 Homo sapi	ens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID	621	
335	AL0085	00 1		NO: 7958.	021	100
555	ALUU8S	82 Homo sapi	ens	bK223H9.2 (ortholog of A. thaliana	626	
336	AF11077	74 77		F23F1.8)	626	100
337			ens	adrenal gland protein AD-001	647	+
338			ens	Kruppel-type zinc finger protein	1674	100
340			ns	ethanolamine kinase	129	58
1 340	AC02037	aoraopsis	: ]	putative	3283	100
ľ		thaliana		phosphoribosylformylglycinamidine	3263	50
341	Y28576			symmase; 25509-29950		1
342	U32274		ns	Secreted peptide clone pe503 1	944	100
	032274	- TOTAL OILLY	ce	Ydr386wp; CAI: 0.12	191	100
343	A01771	s cerevisiae			191	37
,	101//1	synthetic	- 1	vascular anticoagulating protein	1661	
344	AF220052	construct			1001	99
	711 220052	Homo sapier		uncharacterized hematopoietic	1285	100
	İ		1 8	stem/progenitor cells protein	1205	100
345	Y70400	· Home seri	[ 1	MDS032		1 1
346	Y50926	Homo sapien		luman cell-signalling protein-2.	754	100
_	130320	Homo sapien	SIF	luman fetal brain cDNA clone	962	
347	AF183428	Home -	_ \ v	c16_1 derived protein.	702	100
348	AC006069	_ /o oubicit		8.4 kDa protein	1329	100
	11000009	Arabidopsis thaliana	P	utative cleavage and	1383	100
349	AL032631	Caenorhabdit	_   P	olyadenylation specifity factor	. 1303	55
•		elegans	ıs   Y	106G6H.8	194	39
350	U70669	Homo sapiens	+-		~~ '	39
351	Y93468	Homo sapiens		as-ligand associated factor 3	167	23
		aromo sapiens		mino acid sequence of a potassium	1182	92
352	AF005856	Drosophila	l cn	lannel interactor protein.	<del>-</del>	72
		yakuba	an	on2A5	111	45
353	AJ271684	Homo sapiens		unlaid DADIO		75
354	AF099100	Homo sapiens	my	yeloid DAP12-associating lectin	1013	100
355	U51730	Murine Murine	- W	D-repeat protein 6	2882	99
_		leukemia virus	rev	erse transcriptase	316	42
356	D50617	Saccharomyce		7.0400		72
_		s cerevisiae	rr	L042C	279	27
357	D50617	Saccharomyce	1300	1.0420		-/
		s cerevisiae	rr	L042C	279	27
58	AF161432	Homo sapiens	Tro	DC214		-/
59	AB029488	Homo sapiens	HS	PC314	1059	93
60	AJ251024	Homo sapiens		lorf21	758	99
61	U43281	Saccharomyce	puta	ative odorant binding protein ag	1239	100
		s cerevisiae	Lpg	22p	2074	74
62	U43281	Saccharomyce	1	20.		/ <del>*</del>
	1	s cerevisiae	Lpg	22p	2153	74
					1	, ,

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	IDENTITY
363	AC007153	Arabidopsis thaliana	100632	156	24
364	AF197927	Homo sapiens	AF5q31 protein	3992	99
365	D28500	Homo sapiens	mitochondrial isoleucine tRNA synthetase	4286	98
366	X97868	Homo sapiens	arylsulphatase	3141	98
367	AL162048	Homo sapiens	hypothetical protein	1532	100
368	L36062	Mus musculus	steroidogenic acute regulatory protein	189	25
369	AF113249	Homo sapiens	multiple domain putative nuclear protein	1022	59
370	M15888	Bos taurus	endozepine-related protein precursor	2425	84
371	X66363	Homo sapiens	serine/threonine protein kinase	2562	100
372	W74802	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein encoded by gene 73 clone HSQEL25.	1532	89
373	AF100772	Homo sapiens	tenascin-M1	11535	99
374 375	AF090934 AB021643	Homo sapiens Homo sapiens	PRO0518 gonadotropin inducible transcription	382 2761	100 99.
			repressor-3		
376	AB049758	Homo sapiens	MAWD binding protein	1331	100
377 378	AF070666 S59342	Homo sapiens	Kruppel-associated box protein	466 464	97
		Mus sp.	nuclear pore complex glycoprotein p62		60
379	AF149205	Mus musculus	Su(var)3-9 homolog Suv39h2	1690	88
380	AF227906	Homo sapiens	UDP-glucose:glycoprotein glucosyltransferase 2 precursor	7851	99
381	AF118566	Mus musculus	hematopoietic zinc finger protein	1769	92
382	AK000619	Homo sapiens	unnamed protein product	810	100
383	AF227906	Homo sapiens	UDP-glucose:glycoprotein glucosyltransferase 2 precursor	7851	99
384	AF117946	Homo sapiens	Link guanine nucleotide exchange factor II	2363	100
385	AF125390	Drosophila melanogaster	L82G	139	41
386	Y94907	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein clone ca106_19x protein sequence SEQ ID NO:20.	1092	50
387	U18795	Saccharomyce s cerevisiae	Yel064cp	206	28
388	AF177388	Homo sapiens	cancer-amplified transcriptional coactivator ASC-2	10748	99
389	AJ002744	Homo sapiens	UDP-GalNAc:polypeptide N- acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 7	3469	96
390	AF097366	Homo sapiens	cone sodium-calcium potassium exchanger	3166	100
391	AF217525	Homo sapiens	Down syndrome cell adhesion molecule	5337	60
392	U81035	Rattus norvegicus	ankyrin binding cell adhesion molecule neurofascin	3967	91
393	X65224	Gallus gallus	neurofascin	4097	78
394	X13916	Homo sapiens	LDL-receptor related precursor (AA -19 to 4525)	4292	99
395	AF151083	Homo sapiens	HSPC249	444	98
396	AB017026	Mus musculus	oxysterol-binding protein	2173	98
397	AL035587	Homo sapiens	dJ475N16.4 (KIAA0240)	2393	100
398	W74813	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein encoded by gene 85 clone HSDFV29.	722	92
399	Y71110	Homo sapiens	Human Hydrolase protein-8 (HYDRL-8).	1637	99

	EQ ACCES  ID NUM	SION SPEC	IES	DESCRIPTION		T/US01/0409
N	00 AF039				SMITH- WATERMA	AN IDENTI
	12.05	elegans	abditis	contains similarity to lupus LA protein homologs	SCORE 325	43
4	01 AE000		therm	conserved protein	231	
		obacter thermoau	totro		231	36
40	)2 Y277	phicus		· ·		
	12//	95 Homo say	oiens	Human secreted protein encoded b	y 1539	99
40			iens	gene No. 79.		
40	5 X0347			ribosomal protein L35a (aa 1-110)	615 576	100
40		norvegicu 37 Homo sap	iens	LOMP protein		99
40	02023	9 Mus musc	ulus	fibrosin	252	44
409			iens	dJ323M4.1 (KIAA0790 protein)	288	76
41			ens	giutaminyl-tRNA synthetase	6026 7577	99
412				polynucleotide adenylyltransferace	3715	99
414			ens	MILEL1 protein	5271	97
		and sup	ens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 6896.	314	99
415 416			ens	alpha-tubulin 8	- 00	
417			ens	neurofilament protein	2370	100
417	29/033	Homo sapi	ns	c380A1.2.1 (novel protein (isoform	220 1567	21
418	AJ40432	6 Homo sapie	<del></del>	1)) SR+89	1507	100
419	AJ40432			SR+89	1871	99
420	AF13472	6 Homo sapie		G9A	902	64
421	L28125	Podospora		beta transducin-like protein	5334	99
422	W21733	anserina			288	39
423	\$67970	Homo sapie	ns ]	NIP-1 encoded by clone 59.	110	70
424	L28035	Homo sapie Mus muscul	ns   2	ZNF75=KRAB zinc finger	951	72
426	Y73373	Homo sapier		protein kinase C gamma	3768	98
407			s	TRM clone 921803 protein equence.	555	56
427	Y73373	Homo sapier	s F	TRM clone 921803 protein	266	
428	X61118	Home serie	S	equence.	200	49
129	Z96932	Homo sapien		TG-2a/RBTN-2a	876	100
130	AJ277291	Homo sapien		uclear autoantigen fo 14 kDa	496	83
31	X82157	Homo sapien		ELG protein	678	72
32	AC007192	Homo sapiens		B5B_HUMAN; PTDINS-3-	3525	99
33	AL021918		K	INASE P85-BETA	3825	99
		Homo sapiens		418.1 (Kruppel related Zinc Finger	1713	50
34	AF084464	Rattus	_   pr	otein 184) TP-binding protein REM2		50
35	AT 040707	norvegicus			141	29
36	AL049795 M14513	Homo sapiens	dJ(	522L5.2 (novel protein)	1756	
	CICTIANA	Rattus norvegicus	(N:	a+ and K+) ATPase, alpha(III)	4269	98 99
7	U33460	Homo sapiens	cat	alytic subunit IA-directed RNA polymerase I,		99
8	Degoge	-	larg	gest subunit	8777	98
۰	D87076	Homo sapiens	sim	ilar to human bromodomain	3067	105
9	L43912	Macaca	pro	tein BR140(JC2069)	3007	100
		mulatta	mar	nose-binding protein A	589	93
	D31763	Homo sapiens	ha0	946 protein is Kruppel-related.	000	_
2	U70976	Homo sapiens	arre	stin	927	49
-	B08069	Homo sapiens	A hu	ıman beta-alanine-pyruvate	2068	99
	AF100662	Caenorhabditis	amii	notransferase (HAPA)	2343	99
		STREDUILIS	cont	ains similarity to ubiquitin	166	[

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	identity
		elegans	carboxyl-terminal hydrolase (Pfam: UCH-1.hmm, score: 28.46) (Pfam: UCH-2.hmm, score: 47.53)		
444	D78017	Rattus norvegicus	NFI-A1	2667	98
445	AL049569	Homo sapiens	dJ37C10.3 (novel ATPase)	2418	100
448	AJ242540	Volvox carteri f. nagariensis	hydroxyproline-rich glycoprotein DZ-HRGP	165	34
449	AJ133352	Homo sapiens	ZNF237 protein	2006	100
450	AJ133352	Homo sapiens	ZNF237 protein	1025	96
451	AF170708	Homo sapiens	T-box protein TBX3	3700	99
452	AK002080	Homo sapiens	unnamed protein product	1546	99
453	L32977	Homo sapiens	Rieske Fe-S protein	1239	93
454	X51760	Homo sapiens	zinc finger protein (583 AA)	1533	57
455	Y01141	Homo sapiens	Secreted protein encoded by gene 7 clone HTLFA90.	1453	99
456	AB006631	Homo sapiens	The human homolog of mouse Cux-2	6559	100
457	AF067165	Homo sapiens	zinc finger protein 3	977	64
458	AF038169	Homo sapiens	unknown	154	38
459	W75214	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein encoded by gene 19 clone HRSMC69.	1180	95
460	U97002	Caenorhabditis elegans	similar to acyl-CoA dehydrogenases and epoxide hydrolases; Pfam domain PF00441 (Acyl-CoA_dh), Score=57.4, E-value=1.7e-16, N=2; contains similarity to Pfam domain PF00702 (Hydrolase), Score=57.4, E-value=1e-13, N=1	583	37
461	AK023114	Homo sapiens	unnamed protein product	1041	99
462	M93134	Friend murine leukemia virus	pol protein	289	44
463	AF055473	Homo sapiens	GAGE-8	232	47
466	Y51415	Homo sapiens	Human wild type pKe83 protein.	2625	100
467	Y51417	787	Human pKe83 splice variant protein	2433	100
468	Y57936	Homo sapiens	Human transmembrane protein HTMPN-60.	1629	96
469	D38552	Homo sapiens	The ha1539 protein is related to cyclophilin.	2995	100
470	Y70013	Homo sapiens	Human Protease and associated protein-7 (PPRG-7).	3530	100
471	AJ224747	Homo sapiens	C-terminal variant of hINADL including 2 amino acid exchanges and an insertion of 28 amino acids in frame.	7969	100
472	W99665	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein clone du157_12 protein.	1546	100
473	W99665	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein clone du157_12 protein.	998	98
474	X63526	Homo sapiens	homologue to elongation factor 1- gamma from A.salina	2273	99
475	X15940	Homo sapiens	ribosomal protein L31 (AA 1-125)	644	100
476	M60832	Homo sapiens	alpha-2 type VIII collagen	3581	99
477	AF039697	Homo sapiens	antigen NY-CO-31	1213	97
478	AF156929	Sus scrofa	inflammatory response protein 6	1588	83
479	AF264717	Homo sapiens	FYVE domain-containing dual specificity protein phosphatase FYVE-DSP2	5610	99
480	AF044578	Homo sapiens	putative DNA polymerase; POL4P	2478	94
481	X89750	Homo sapiens	TGIF protein	1413	100

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	Q ACCESSI	ON SPECIE	<u> </u>	DESCRIPTION		T/US01/04098
NO 48	D NUMBE	IR .		DESCRIPTION	SMITH WATERM	AN IDENTIT
40	N19310	7 Homo sapi	ens	(R)-3-hydroxybutyrate	SCORE 1663	96
48	3 U58334	4 Homo sapie		dehydrogenase		96
48	4 AF1515		ne	Bbp/53BP2	1556	41
48	> 000	Homo sanie	200	deoxycytidyl transferase; Rev1p dJ467L1.1 (KIAA0833)	4281	99
48		4 Homo sanie	ns	oligophrenin-4	699	73
48'		Homo sapie		flavin-containing monooxygenase 4	3682	100
488		Mus muscul	us	talin		100
489			ns	putative cell cycle control protein	4353	77
490	W74843	Homo sapie	ns	Human secreted protein encoded by	335	23
491	Y41337	Homo sapier		gene 115 clone HOVBA03		98
400				Human secreted protein encoded by gene 30 clone HRDDV47.	509	36
492			18	ragB	1006	
493		Homo sapier	15	ragB	1926	99
494 495		Homo sapier	ıs	ragB	1405	99
493	AL02239	4 Homo sapien		dJ511B24.3 (KIAA0395 (probable	1893 4990	96
496	V11206		_ 1	nomeobox protein))	1	99
		Homo sapien	1	lanthionine synthetase C-like protein	2168	100
497	AJ010119		s .	Ribosomal protein kinase B (RSK-B)	1001	
498	G01563	Homo sapien	s i	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID		100
499	V64121		_   1	NO: 5644.	330	100
500	X54131	Homo sapiens		protein-tyrosine phosphatase	10465	
500	G01082	Homo sapiens	5   I	Human secreted protein SEO ID	549	99
501	AC004142	Llow-	[	NO: 5163.	347	100
	110004142	Homo sapiens		similar to murine leucine-rich repeat	3676	100
		1	1 1	MOLEIN; possible role in neural		100
	1			levelopment by protein-protein nteractions; 93% similarity to		
			l f	049802 (PID:g1369906)		
502	AL117544	Homo sapiens	h	ypothetical protein		
03 04	AF203032	Homo sapiens	n	eurofilament protein	1226	100
05	AL034417	Homo sapiens	b	K215D11.2 (similar to rat gene 22)	5115	99
06	X69090	Homo sapiens	[ 13	90kD protein	2476 7546	100
00	U58755	Caenorhabditis	CC	oded for by C. elegans cDNA	782	99
		elegans	y	(34b1.5; coded for by C. elegans	762	55
	•		CT	ONA ykl3h10.5; coded for by C		
.	•		ei	egans cDNA yk46e8.5; coded for		1
			oy oo	C. elegans cDNA yk46d5.5;		1
- 1			vi	ded for by C. elegans cDNA		1 1
- 1			CL	43c2.5; coded for by C. elegans		1 1
1			ele	DNA yk46e8.3; coded for by C. egans cDNA yk43c2.3; coded for		1 1
ľ			by	C. elegans cDNA yk46d5.3;		1
			CO	ded for by C. elegans cDNA		
			yk	13f10.3; coded for by C. elegans		1
7	A 7202222		CD	NA yk34b1.3		1
8	AJ293309 U39045	Homo sapiens	NE	IP2 protein	801	100
٠	039045	Rattus	cyt	oplasmic dynein intermediate	3241	100
9	AF063231	norvegicus	cha	in 2B	<i>-</i> ₩71	97
	.11 003231	Mus musculus	cyto	oplasmic dynein intermediate	3159	97
5	AF202893	Mus musculus	cha			
		Homo sapiens	Kif		4336	95
		Homo sapiens	seri	ne/threonine protein kinase	5071	99
		Homo sapiens	nami	amma subunit	364	100
		Pions	ber i	pheral benzodiazepine receptor	495	33
	AB037883	Homo sapiens	inter	racting protein; PBR-IP/PRAX1	120	22

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	% IDENTITY
515	D90868	Escherichia coli	similar to	1489	100
516	X98834	Homo sapiens	zinc finger protein Hsal2	5290	100
517	AF055668	Mus musculus	apoptosis-linked gene 4, deltaC form	2904	78
518	AF019926	Mus musculus	protein kinase	1694	90
519	M34513	Homo sapiens	omega protein	317	91
520	Y08612	Homo sapiens	88kDa nuclear pore complex protein	2313	99
521	Y08612	Homo sapiens	88kDa nuclear pore complex protein	1561	99
522	AL096766	Homo sapiens	dA59H18.1 (KIAA0767 protein)	2497	100
523	AF186249	Homo sapiens	six transmembrane epithelial antigen of prostate	1790	100
524	AB029012	Homo sapiens	KIAA1089 protein	4933	100
525	AB026893	Homo sapiens	vascular cadherin-2	5962	100
526	X74331	Homo sapiens	DNA primase (p58 subunit)	1720	100
528	AC007228	Homo sapiens	R31665_2	1488	47
529	X14830	Homo sapiens	acetylcholine receptor beta-subunit preprotein	2639	100
530	U80446	Caenorhabditis elegans	coded for by C. elegans cDNA yk172e6.3; coded for by C. elegans cDNA yk158f7.3; coded for by C. elegans cDNA yk158f7.5; coded for by C. elegans cDNA yk172e6.5	420	39
531	S76838	Mus sp.	Dbs	4821	88
532	Z82215	Homo sapiens	dJ68O2.2 (myosin, heavy polypeptide 9, non-muscle)	9828	100
533	AF245505	Homo sapiens	adlican	277	31
534	AF300612	Homo sapiens	N-acetylgalactosamine-4-O- sulfotransferase	993	59
535	AL121928	Homo sapiens	bA18I14.3 (pleckstrin and Sec7 domain protein)	3333	99
536	AJ271055	Mus musculus	iroquois homeobox protein 6	1724	76
537	AF180473	Homo sapiens	Not2p	2267	100
538	AF071059	Mus musculus	zinc finger RNA binding protein	1089	. 51
539	AF023453	Homo sapiens	actin-related protein 3-beta	2219	100
540	AC003030	Homo sapiens	R29828_1	1401	70
541	AC003030	Homo sapiens	R29828_1	2294	100
542	AL121889	Homo sapiens	dJ1076E17.1 (KIAA0823 protein (continues in AL023803))	2152	100
543	AB006135	Rattus norvegicus	db83	1238	98
544	G02650	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 6731.	644	97
545	Y07595	Homo sapiens	transcription factor TFIIH	2373	100
546	AL133545	Homo sapiens	bA386N14.1 (novel protein similar to a dual specificity phosphatase)	964	99
547	X83618	Homo sapiens	hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA synthase	2647	100
548	AF134726	Homo sapiens	NG37	4359	99
549	AB035356	Homo sapiens	neurexin I-alpha protein	6948	99
551	AB037901	Homo sapiens	gene amplified in squamous cell carcinoma-1	5215	99
552	AB043634	Homo sapiens	PAR-6A	885	100
553	AP000693	Homo sapiens	partial CDS	4875	99
554	AF002223	Homo sapiens	myotubularin related 1	3490	100
555	AC004893	Homo sapiens	similar to NEDD-4 (KIA0093); similar to P46934 (PID:g1171682)	1611	100
556	AJ404468	Homo sapiens	axonemal dynein heavy chain	8328	100
557	AJ404468	Homo sapiens	axonemal dynein heavy chain	11137	100

SI	Q ACCESSI	ON T CORRESPONDE		PCT/U	S01/04098
NO.	D NUMBE	R	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN	% IDENTITY
55			ns kinesin heavy chain	SCORE 4860	<del> </del>
55			is polyglutamine-containing protein	592	100
56			is transposase-like protein	407	36
56		Homo sapier	ns glutaminyl-peptide cyclotransferase		27
56		Homo sapier	s glutaminyl-peptide cyclotransferase		100
56		Homo sapier	myosin regulatory light chain		97
56	4 AF25084	2 Drosophila	multiple asters	897	100
	L	melanogaster	. Imataple asters	130	23
56		Homo sapien	s Protein regulating gene expression PRGE-1.	1619	99
56			s bA189K21.5 (novel protein similar to retinoblastoma binding protein (RBBP9))	1012	100
567		and support	of rat EXO84))	3713	99
568			pleckstrin 2	1841	100
569		3 Homo sapiens	histone deacetylase 7		100
570		Mus musculus	s veli 3	3244	86
571		Homo sapiens		989	100
572		Homo sapiens		1346	99
573	Y90290	Homo sapiens		1020	100
574	W76734	Homo sapiens	sequence.	274	52
575	AL121935	Homo sapiens		712	32
576	Y86217	Homo sapiens	tcp.homolog))	853	78
577	AL121716		Human secreted protein HWHGU54, SEQ ID NO:132.	2123	99
578	AL121716		dJ202D23.2 (novel protein)	6329	99
579	X92715		dJ202D23.2 (novel protein)	6329	99
580	X54637	Homo sapiens	KRAB/C2H2 zinc finger protein	3102	97
581		Homo sapiens	protein tyrosine kinase	5564	98
582	X78817	Homo sapiens	p115	1148	44
362	AJ251245	Rattus	SECIS binding protein 2	3086	71
583	A E 11210 5	norvegicus		] 3000	/1
	AF113125	Homo sapiens	E-1 enzyme	581	100
584	M19529	Sus scrofa	follistatin A	1906	100
585	AF169677	Homo sapiens	leucine-rich repeat transmembrane	3403	98
586	D87685	Homo sapiens	protein FLRT3 similar to human transcription factor		100
587	Y00876	Homo sapiens	TFIIS (\$34159).	8083	99
588	Y99674	Homo sapiens	Human LAPH-1 protein sequence.	2110	100
589	D86973	Homo sapiens	Human GTPase associated protein- 25.	2111	99
590	AL034452		similar to Yeast translation activator GCN1 (P1:A48126)	12033	99
591	Y57396	Homo sapiens	dJ682J15.1 (novel Collagen triple helix repeat containing protein)	1979	100
		Homo sapiens	Human lysoenzyme LYC4 polypeptide.	814	100
592	AJ297743	Mus musculus	torsinB protein	1448	-05
593	AF164796	Homo sapiens	NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase MLRQ subunit homolog	469	85 100
594	Y41312	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein encoded by gene 5 clone HLDRM43.	749	94
595	Y41312	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein encoded by gene 5 clone HLDRM43.	824	100
596	Y77123	Homo sapiens	Human neurotransmission-associated	2102	98
597	AF215703	Drosophila	protein (NTAP) 998868.  KISMET-L long isoform		
			THE I TO I TO I TO I TO I TO I TO I TO I T	1880	65

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	MIDENTITY
		melanogaster			
598	AF070447	Homo sapiens	barrier-to-autointegration factor	290	90
599	X56203	Plasmodium falciparum	liver stage antigen	372	22
600	X79828	Mus musculus	NK10	202	53
601	AB004109	Cricetulus griseus	phosphatidylserine synthase II	2262	92
602	U94988	Mus musculus	Nulp1	2912	89
603	U94988	Mus musculus	Nulp1	2800	86
604	AF006264	Homo sapiens	recombination and sister chromatid cohesion protein homolog	2850	100
605	AF006264	Homo sapiens	recombination and sister chromatid cohesion protein homolog	2530	100
606	X82260	Homo sapiens	RanGAP1	2929	100
607	X82260	Homo sapiens	RanGAP1	1843	97
608	AF160909	Drosophila melanogaster	BcDNA.LD03471	943	58
610	X74801	Homo sapiens	gamma subunit of CCT chaperonin	2745	99
611	AL031427	Homo sapiens	dJ167A19.1 (novel protein)	1608	100
612	¥71072	Homo sapiens	Human membrane transport protein, MTRP-17.	445	100
613	X16396	Homo sapiens	precursor polypeptide (AA -29 to 315)	1749	100
614	AK000281	Homo sapiens	unnamed protein product	1814	99
615	AB011128	Homo sapiens	KIAA0556 protein	5761	99
616	U19361	Petromyzon marinus	NF-180	205	21
617	AF045555	Homo sapiens	wbscrl	1208	100
618	AF045555	Homo sapiens	wbscr1 alternative spliced product	1318	100
619	U22229	Felis catus	ribosomal protein L41	128	100
620	Y17169	Homo sapiens	A6 related protein	1819	100
621	Y12065	Homo sapiens	hNop56	2956	99
622	AF177758	Homo sapiens	ubiquitin specific protease 16	2998	100
623 624	AF317425	Homo sapiens	GAC-1	3866	100
625	AL050297 AC007204	Homo sapiens	hypothetical protein BC273239 1	1227	99
626	Z68747	Homo sapiens Homo sapiens	BC2/3239_1   imogen 38	3398 2024	99 99
627	Z68747	Homo sapiens	imogen 38	1958	99
628	Y70229	Homo sapiens	Human RNA-associated protein-10 (RNAAP-10).	3424	99
629	AF191492	Homo sapiens	nasopharyngeal carcinoma associated gene protein-8	613	100
630	AF119664	Homo sapiens	transcriptional regulator protein HCNGP	1574	100
631	AF119664	Homo sapiens	transcriptional regulator protein HCNGP	1150	89
632	Y17849	Homo sapiens	ganglioside-induced differentiation associated protein 1	1839	98
633	X55740	Homo sapiens	5'-nucleotidase	3012	100
634	AF039688	Homo sapiens	antigen NY-CO-3	931	100
635	AF119662	Homo sapiens	E46 protein	2424	100
636	AB007836	Homo sapiens	Hic-5	2544	100
637	AF077818	Mus musculus	syntrophin-associated serine- threonine protein kinase	2027	44
638	AL035455	Homo sapiens	dJ1018E9.1 (VAMP (vesicle- associated membrane protein)- associated protein B and C)	150	26
639	AF078844	Homo sapiens	hqp0376 protein	416	81

ID NUMBER SECRIPTION SMITH- %	SEC	A COPPORTOR			101/03	PC1/US01/04098	
Coli	ID NO:	NUMBER		DESCRIPTION	WATERMAN	IDENTITY	
			coli	ORF_fl94 before splice		100	
					1677	56	
AB002348   Homo sapiens   Liapaga Kinase (IKK) binding   1178   98				1		<del></del>	
AB002438   Homo sapiens   KIAA0350 protein   5186   99				ribosomal protein S2	1520		
196.00   199.00   199.00   199.00   1178							
AB009053	L			protein, Y2H56.			
AB009053					4609	81	
AC002550			thaliana	contains similarity to isoamyl acetate-hydrolyzing			
				Unknown gene product	858	00	
Section   Content   Cont	L			diabetes mellitus type I autoantigen			
653   X53330   Platynereis dumerilii   H4 protein (AA I - 103)   523   100			Homo sapiens	zinc finger 41			
Content	L						
655   X80473   Mus musculus   rab19   596   56   56   56   56   56   56			Homo sapiens	R27945 2	2558	100	
Content							
Similar to P14373 (PID: g132517)   1331   99			l l	unknown protein			
Color				similar to P14373 (PID:g132517)	1331	99	
Color				protein phosphatase 6	1666	100	
Fig. 24   Homo sapiens   Fig. 47				zinc finger protein	2803		
A7204   Homo sapiens   ataxin-1   4195   99					3184		
Marcon   M					4195		
Column					965		
AJ248283   Pyrococcus abyssi					1501		
AJ248283   Pytococcus abyssi   LACTOYLGLUTATHIONE   LYASE (EC 4.4.1.5)   METHYLGLYOXALASE) (ALDOKETOMUTASE) (GLYOXALASE I).				interferon regulatory factor 3			
667         Z70200         Homo sapiens         U5 snRNP-specific 200kD protein         8819         99           668         AF153450         Manduca sexta         U5 snRNP-specific 200kD protein         8589         97           669         AF227198         Homo sapiens         CrkRS         7231         99           670         X99586         Homo sapiens         SMT3C protein         441         87           671         Z61589_cd1         Homo sapiens         17-AUG-1998 DNA encoding a human OC-2 protein.         2593         100           672         AJ132702         Mus musculus         ATFa-associated factor         3240         88           673         AF204159         Homo sapiens         Potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel beta 3a subunit         1486         100           674         G02061         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 6142.         558         99           675         G01246         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 5327.         141         77           676         AB016839         Homo sapiens         Similar to myosin heavy chain: Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)         161         28           678         U83115         Homo sapiens         non-lens beta gamma-			abyssi	LYASE (EC 4.4.1.5) METHYLGLYOXALASE) (ALDOKETOMUTASE) (GLYOXALASE I).	254		
Containing ATP/GTP-binding   Containing ATP	_			U5 snRNP-specific 200kD protein	8819	99	
Manduca sexta   Juvenile hormone esterase binding   225   32				U5 snRNP-specific 200kD protein	8589		
670         X99586         Homo sapiens         Cricks         7231         99           671         Z61589_cd1         Homo sapiens         SMT3C protein         441         87           671         Z61589_cd1         Homo sapiens         17-AUG-1998 DNA encoding a human OC-2 protein.         2593         100           672         AJ132702         Mus musculus         ATFa-associated factor         3240         88           673         AF204159         Homo sapiens         potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel beta 3a subunit         1486         100           674         G02061         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID         558         99           675         G01246         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID         141         77           676         AB016839         Homo sapiens         mob1         419         42           677         D86970         Homo sapiens         similar to myosin heavy chain: Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)         161         28           678         U83115         Homo sapiens         non-lens beta gamma-crystallin like protein         8569         99           679         AF203687         Homo sapiens         protein regulatory element-binding         21				protein	225		
670         X99586         Homo sapiens         SMT3C protein         441         87           671         Z61589_cdl         Homo sapiens         17-AUG-1998 DNA encoding a human OC-2 protein.         2593         100           672         AJ132702         Mus musculus         ATFa-associated factor         3240         88           673         AF204159         Homo sapiens         potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel beta 3a subunit         1486         100           674         G02061         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 6142.         558         99           675         G01246         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 5327.         141         77           676         AB016839         Homo sapiens         similar to myosin heavy chain: Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)         161         28           678         U83115         Homo sapiens         non-lens beta gamma-crystallin like protein         8569         99           679         AF203687         Homo sapiens         prolactin regulatory element-binding         2181         100					7231	99	
671         201389_cd1         Homo sapiens         17-AUG-1998 DNA encoding a human OC-2 protein.         2593         100           672         AJ132702         Mus musculus         ATFa-associated factor         3240         88           673         AF204159         Homo sapiens         potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel beta 3a subunit         1486         100           674         G02061         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 6142.         558         99           675         G01246         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 5327.         141         77           676         AB016839         Homo sapiens         mob1         419         42           677         D86970         Homo sapiens         similar to myosin heavy chain: Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)         161         28           678         U83115         Homo sapiens         non-lens beta gamma-crystallin like protein         8569         99           679         AF203687         Homo sapiens         prolactin regulatory element-binding         2181         100				SMT3C protein	441		
673         AF204159         Homo sapiens         potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel beta 3a subunit         1486         100           674         G02061         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 6142.         558         99           675         G01246         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 5327.         141         77           676         AB016839         Homo sapiens         mob1         419         42           677         D86970         Homo sapiens         similar to myosin heavy chain: Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)         161         28           678         U83115         Homo sapiens         non-lens beta gamma-crystallin like protein         8569         99           679         AF203687         Homo sapiens         prolactin regulatory element-binding         2181         100			_	human OC-2 protein.	2593		
Homo sapiens potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel beta 3a subunit  674 G02061 Homo sapiens Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 6142.  675 G01246 Homo sapiens Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 5327.  676 AB016839 Homo sapiens mob1 419 42  677 D86970 Homo sapiens Similar to myosin heavy chain: 161 28  Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)  678 U83115 Homo sapiens non-lens beta gamma-crystallin like protein  679 AF203687 Homo sapiens prolactin regulatory element-binding 2181 100					3240	88	
675         G01246         Homo sapiens         Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 5327.         141         77 NO: 5327.           676         AB016839         Homo sapiens         mob1         419         42           677         D86970         Homo sapiens         similar to myosin heavy chain: Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)         161         28           678         U83115         Homo sapiens         non-lens beta gamma-crystallin like protein         8569         99           679         AF203687         Homo sapiens         prolactin regulatory element-binding         2181         100				calcium-activated channel beta 3a	1486		
676         AB016839         Homo sapiens         mob1         419         42           677         D86970         Homo sapiens         similar to myosin heavy chain: Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)         161         28           678         U83115         Homo sapiens         non-lens beta gamma-crystallin like protein         8569         99           679         AF203687         Homo sapiens         prolactin regulatory element-binding         2181         100			Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 6142.	558	99	
677 D86970 Homo sapiens similar to myosin heavy chain: Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)  678 U83115 Homo sapiens non-lens beta gamma-crystallin like protein  679 AF203687 Homo sapiens prolactin regulatory element-binding 2181 100			Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID	141	77	
677 D86970 Homo sapiens similar to myosin heavy chain: Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)  678 U83115 Homo sapiens non-lens beta gamma-crystallin like protein  679 AF203687 Homo sapiens prolactin regulatory element-binding 2181 100			Homo sapiens		410	12	
679 AF203687 Homo sapiens prolactin regulatory element-binding 2181 100			_	similar to myosin heavy chain: Containing ATP/GTP-binding site motif A(P-loop)			
protectiff regulatory element-binding   2181   100				protein	8569	99	
	0/9	AF203687	Homo sapiens	prolactin regulatory element-binding protein	2181	100	

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	MENTITY
680	M27685	Mus musculus	ultra-high sulphur keratin	650	58
681	U04968	Cricetulus griseus	nucleotide excision repair protein	3712	97
682	AF119663	Homo sapiens	G-protein gamma-12 subunit	356	100
683	G03733	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 7814.	342	100
684	X67699	Homo sapiens	CDw52 antigen	297.	100
685	AF022789	Homo sapiens	ubiquitin hydrolyzing enzyme I	1892	100
686	AJ001006	Mus musculus	EMeg32 protein	938	96
687	W03516	Homo sapiens	Prostaglandin DP receptor.	1864	100
688	AF019661	Mus musculus	zeta proteasome chain; PSMA5	1214	100
689	AF156557	Homo sapiens	stomatin related protein	2036	100
690	G03960	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 8041.	593	100
691	AF161512	Homo sapiens	HSPC163	738	100
692	AL031115	Homo sapiens	ZXDA, ZXDB (zinc finger X-linked protein)	4298	100
693	L40410	Homo sapiens	thyroid receptor interactor	806	100
694	AC004542	Homo sapiens	OXYSTEROL-BINDING PROTEIN-like; similar to P22059 (PID:g129308)	2533	99
695	AF169411	Rattus norvegicus	PAPIN	4144	52
696	Y58168	Homo sapiens	Human hydrolase homologue HHH- 4.	2144	100
697	AF271994	Homo sapiens	dopamine responsive protein DRG-1	1613	100
698	Y41741	Homo sapiens	Human PRO704 protein sequence.	1323	100
699	AL133506	Unknown	/prediction=(method:""genscan"", version:""1.0"", score:""109.13""); /prediction=(method:	825	48
700	Y96870	Homo sapiens	Human goose-type lysozyme (GOLY).	1032	100
701	AC003034	Homo sapiens	Gene with similarity to rat kidney- specific (KS) gene	1190	100
702	AC003034	Homo sapiens	Gene with similarity to rat kidney- specific (KS) gene	937	95
703	AJ242832	Homo sapiens	calpain	3756	100
704	S52624	Homo sapiens	unknown	185	100
705.	AF005081	Homo sapiens	skin-specific protein	652	100
706	Y16793	Homo sapiens	keratin, type I	2232	100
707 708	Y44985	Homo sapiens	Human epidermal protein-2.	455	69
709	AF113220 Y44985	Homo sapiens Homo sapiens	MSTP040 Human epidermal protein-2.	686 408	100
710	Y16132	Homo sapiens	CDT6	1874	65 100
711	Y68775	Homo sapiens	Amino acid sequence of a human phosphorylation effector PHSP-7.	2407	100
712	X63422	Homo sapiens	H(+)-transporting ATP synthase	209	100
713	AF169968	Mus musculus	DNA binding protein DESRT	1467	79
714	X52563	Bos taurus	permability increasing protein	383	29
715	AJ277739	Homo sapiens	RPB11b1alpha protein	480	98
716	AL135791	Homo sapiens	bA162G10.3 (zinc finger protein)	401	98
717	AF223466	Homo sapiens	HT015 protein	1311	97
719	AF117383	Homo sapiens	placental protein 13; PP13	746	100
720	Z98743	Homo sapiens	dJ181C9.2 (Rho GTPase activating protein 8 (RhoGAP, p50RhoGAP))	324	100
721	AL163815	Arabidopsis thaliana	putative protein	653	61
722	G01436	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID	418	96

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SEQ ID NO:	NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	M IDENTITY
			NO: 5517.		<del> </del>
723		Mus musculus		349	49
724		Homo sapiens		2953	100
725	AL031778	Homo sapiens	dJ34B21.1 (novel BZRP	920	100
			(benzodiazapine receptor (peripheral) (MBR, PBR, PBKS, IBP, Isoquinoline-binding protein)) LIKE protein)		
726	AL021939	Homo sapiens	dJ352A20.2 (aldehyde dehydrogenase family protein)	1764	100
727	AF182426	Rattus norvegicus	arylacetamide deacetylase	791	42
728	Y08565	Homo sapiens	UDP-GalNAc:polypeptide N- acetylgalactosaminyltransferase	3331	99
729	AF155135	Homo sapiens	novel retinal pigment epithelial cell protein	1652	99
730	AL078606	Arabidopsis thaliana	putative protein	277	55
731	Y73352	Homo sapiens	HTRM clone 1732368 protein sequence.	1720	100
732	AF178432	Homo sapiens	SH3 protein	3302	100
733	Y17832	Human endogenous retrovirus K	env protein	223	34
734	Y28859	Homo sapiens	Human mesoderm induction early response protein ER1.	2067	98
735	U09355	Oryctolagus cuniculus	protein phosphatase 2A1 B gamma subunit	2352	99
736	Y94922	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein clone pv6_1 protein sequence SEQ ID NO:50.	724	99
737	AB027003	Mus musculus	protein phosphatase	378	84
738	AF112200	Homo sapiens	NADH-oxidoreductase B18 subunit	739	
739	AF112200	Homo sapiens	NADH-oxidoreductase B18 subunit	613	100 88
740	AF302154	Homo sapiens	SPG protein	6556	100
741	B25681	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein sequence encoded by gene 17 SEQ ID NO:70.	1410	99
742	L27479	Homo sapiens	X123	1237	99
743	L27479	Homo sapiens	X123	1206	97
744	Y66745	Homo sapiens	Membrane-bound protein PRO1186.	588	99
745	AJ001019	Homo sapiens	ring finger protein	1292	99
746	X68453	Sus scrofa	tubulin-tyrosine ligase	1882	94
747	Y57897	Homo sapiens	Human transmembrane protein HTMPN-21.	1173	100
748	AF151069	Homo sapiens	HSPC235	1694	96
749	AF182404	Homo sapiens	mitochondrial uncoupling protein 1	1674	100
750	AL121993	Homo sapiens	dJ776P7.1 (Novel protein)	2500	99
751	AF149825	Homo sapiens	PACSIN3	2253	100
752	AL008635	Homo sapiens	dJ510H16.2 (high-mobility group protein 2-like 1)	3026	99
753	Y57914	Homo sapiens	Human transmembrane protein HTMPN-38.	1124	100
754		Homo sapiens	septin 3 isoform B	.1766	100
755	AF004161		peroxisomal Ca-dependent solute carrier	2371	95
756		Homo sapiens	thrombospondin-4	4239	100
757	AP001745		similar to zinc finger 5 protein	1857	100
758	AF190664		LMBR2	555	100
759			AE-1 binding protein AEBP2	1540	72 97
760	AL096677				

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	identity
			bovine and mouse beta-soluble NSF		
561			attachment protein (SNAP-beta))		
761	AC003007	Homo sapiens	Unknown gene product (partial)	649	96
762 764	U66372 Y90899	Bos taurus	ribosomal protein S29	230	73
/04	1 90899	Homo sapiens	D1-like dopamine receptor activity modifying protein SEQ ID NO:1.	1152	100
765	U88169 .	Caenorhabditis	similar to molybdoterin biosynthesis	1204	65
, 05	000105	elegans	MOEB proteins	1204	05
766	AL118506	Homo sapiens	dJ591C20.3.1 (novel DnaJ domain	1091	100
		•	protein, similar to mouse and bovine		
			cysteine string protein)		
767	AK024693	Homo sapiens	unnamed protein product	3767	100
768	Z11518	Homo sapiens	histidyl-tRNA synthetase	2582	100
769	X13916	Homo sapiens	LDL-receptor related precursor (AA -19 to 4525)	25529	100
770	AC009360	Arabidopsis	Contains 3 PF 00400 WD40, G-beta	333	33
771	AB037685	thaliana .	repeat domains.	1046	
772	AB037685 AL161578	Mus musculus Arabidopsis	LANP-like protein putative protein	1246 335	91 46
112	ALIOI378	thaliana	putative protein	333	40
773	AL161578	Arabidopsis thaliana	putative protein	333	47
774	AY008271	Homo sapiens	helicase SMARCAD1	5264	99
775	Y21591	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein (clone CC332-33).	1127	96
776	W88853	Homo sapiens	Polypeptide fragment encoded by gene 89.	752	100
777	W88853	Homo sapiens	Polypeptide fragment encoded by gene 89.	752	100
778	W88853	Homo sapiens	Polypeptide fragment encoded by gene 89.	752	100
779	AF196481	Homo sapiens	RING finger protein; FXY2	3644	100
780	AL035427	Homo sapiens	dJ769N13.1 (KIAA0443 protein.)	1609	54
781	AB026187	Homo sapiens	protocadherin-Xa	5244	100
782	B24458	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein sequence encoded by gene 22 SEQ ID NO:83.	1002	100
783 784	AB027289	Homo sapiens	cyclin-E binding protein 1	5421	100
	G02916	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein, SEQ ID NO: 6997.	627	100
785	AJ245822	Homo sapiens	type I transmembrane receptor	4560	100
786 787	AJ245820 Z48042	Homo sapiens Homo sapiens	type I transmembrane receptor GPI-anchored protein p137	4624 3340	100 99
788	AL031782	Homo sapiens	dJ708F5.1 (PUTATIVE novel	2739	100
,00	ALOSTIOL	Tionio sapiens	Collagen alpha 1 LIKE protein)	2139	100
789	AJ131245	Homo sapiens	Sec24B protein	6602	100
790	AF107203	Homo sapiens	ataxin 2-binding protein	2008	100
791	Y14690	Homo sapiens	procollagen alpha 2(V)	600	34
792	AL031055	Homo sapiens	dJ28H20.2 (novel protein)	1267	100
793	Y36194	787	Human secreted protein	2051	99
794	AB028127	Homo sapiens	mannosyltransferase	2138	96
795	AC007228	Homo sapiens	R31665_2	2738	79
796	AL049482	Arabidopsis thaliana	putative protein	436	47
797	AC004528	Homo sapiens	R32184_3	891	91
798	AB037830	Homo sapiens	KIAA1409 protein	7532	100
799	X53793	Homo sapiens	5' half of the product is homologues to Bacillus subtiis SAICAR synthetase, 3' half corresponds to the catalytic subunit of AIR carboxylase	. 2232	100

050	Titoon			101/00	01/04098	
SEQ ID NO:	NUMBER		DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	MIDENTITY	
800		Homo sapiens	Human PRO1378 (UNQ715) amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:33.	1343	100	
801	AB042636	Homo sapiens	junctophilin type3	1225	47	
802	AB029324	Rattus	TIP120-family protein TIP120B	3916	90	
		norvegicus	• 1	3710	70	
803	AB029324	Rattus norvegicus	TIP120-family protein TIP120B	4961	90	
804	AF251040	Homo sapiens	nutativa nuala an anata in			
805	AB033281	Homo sapiens	putative nuclear protein	2119	100	
L		1	F-box and WD-repeats protein beta- TRCP2 isoform C	2879	100	
806	U87305	Rattus norvegicus	transmembrane receptor UNC5H1	3257	90	
807	AF118889	Rattus	b-tomosyn isoform	3155	97	
808	AF226993	norvegicus Rattus	The state of the s			
000	AI 220993	norvegicus	selective LIM binding factor	8793	95	
809	W19919	Homo sapiens	Human Ksr-1 (kinase suppressor of Ras).	3939	99	
810	AL031782	Homo sapiens	dJ708F5.1 (PUTATIVE novel			
ļ			Collagen alpha 1 LIKE protein)	1546	100	
811	AC002542	Homo sapiens	similar to C. elegans F11A10.5; 80% similarity to Z68297 (PID:g1130619)	2294	100	
812	U83246	Homo sapiens	copine I	606	50	
813	AF242552	Gallus gallus	retinovin	945	52	
814	X52332	Homo sapiens	zinc finger protein 10	1651	34	
815	X52332	Homo sapiens	zinc finger protein 10	2423	93 99	
816	Y09631	Homo sapiens	PIBF1 protein	2935		
817	X71997	Rattus	myosin I	3883	99	
		norvegicus		3003	98	
818	AY004877	Mus musculus	cytoplasmic dynein heavy chain	11105	98	
819	Y27196	Homo sapiens	Human cyclic nucleotide	3790	100	
			phosphodiester PDE8B(E) amino acid sequence.	3770	100	
820	AF081947	Mus musculus	tektin	1124		
821	AL035106	Homo sapiens	dJ998C11.1 (continues in	1134	81	
822	AF022795	-	Em:AL445192 as bA269H4.1)	871	100	
	ľ	Homo sapiens	TGF beta receptor associated protein-	385	24	
823	AF015770	Mus musculus	radical fringe	1422	82	
824	U82695	Homo sapiens	expressed-Xq28STS protein	1444	99	
825	X77371	Mesocricetus auratus	COR1	641	78	
826	AB014576	Homo sapiens	KIAA0676 protein	296	70	
827	AL049733	Homo sapiens	dJ875H3.1 (APK1 antigen)	1584	79	
828	AF222980	Homo sapiens	disrupted in Schizophrenia 1 protein		72	
829	Z31560	Homo sapiens	sox-2	4418	100	
830	AF295773	Homo sapiens	ral guanine nucleotide dissociation stimulator	1683 4717	100 99	
831	AB041926	Homo sapiens	GCK family kinase MINK-2	6866	100	
832	L04948	Saccharomyce	mitochondrial transporter protein	338 .	35	
833	AJ007012	s cerevisiae Mus musculus	Fish protein	704		
834	Z34289	Homo sapiens	nucleolar phosphoprotein p130		94	
835	U10991	Homo sapiens	G2	3455	99	
836	AF230877	Homo sapiens	MIP-T3	8436	98	
837	X58288	Homo sapiens	protein-tyrosine phosphatase	2945	99	
838	X56958	Homo sapiens	ankyrin (brank-2)	7734	99	
				9631	100	
839	AC024791	Caenorhabditis	contains similarity to beta-lactamases	370	24	

SEQ ACCESSION ID NUMBER NO:		SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	MENTITY	
840	D83197	Homo sapiens	ankyrin repeat protein	802	99	
841	841 AF053711 Serinus neurofilament mediu canaria		neurofilament medium subunit	192	31	
842	AF283772	Homo sapiens	similar to Homo sapiens ribosomal protein L10 encoded by GenBank	990	96	
			Accession Number L25899			
843	U76343	Homo sapiens	GABA transport protein	2992	98	
844	Y13645	Homo sapiens	uroplakin II	897	100	
845	D21064	Homo sapiens	similar to rat general mitochondrial matrix processing protease mRNA (RATMPP).	2710	99	
846	AF192522	Homo sapiens	Niemann-Pick C3 protein; NPC3	7047	100	
847	AF192522	Homo sapiens	Niemann-Pick C3 protein; NPC3	5472	100	
848	X60489	Homo sapiens	elongation factor-1-beta	1162	100	
849	AC007204	Homo sapiens	BC273239_1	2277	67	
850	AC003682	Homo sapiens	R28830_1	2401	100	
851	AL121583	Homo sapiens	bA358N2.1 (novel protein)	353	61	
852	Z48475	Homo sapiens	glucokinase regulator	3155	99	
853	Z83844	Homo sapiens	dJ37E16.2 (SH3-domain binding protein 1)	1884	98	
854	AF233323	Homo sapiens	Fas-associated phosphatase-1	390	36	
855	AF062741	Rattus norvegicus	pyruvate dehydrogenase phosphatase isoenzyme 2	447	80	
856	Y11411	Homo sapiens	pristanoyl-CoA oxidase	3595	98	
857	M97188	Strongylocentr otus purpuratus	tektin A1	290	46	
858	AB001105	Homo sapiens	hippocalcin-like protein 4	995	100	
859	AF164791	Homo sapiens	putative 38.3kDa protein	1795	100	
860	AF298117	Homo sapiens	homeobox protein OTX2	1477	93	
861	AF015264	Rattus norvegicus	golgi peripheral membrane protein p65	1820	81	
862	X16901	Homo sapiens	30kb subunit of RAB30 /74	1284	100	
863	M12140	Homo sapiens	envelope protein	202	81	
864	AF161459	Homo sapiens	HSPC109	815	98	
865	AL109983	Homo sapiens	dJ718P11.1.1 (novel class II aminotransferase similar to serine palmotyltransferase (isoform 1))	444	100	
866	M77183	Rattus norvegicus	alpha-1-macroglobulin	227	45	
867	AF272663	Homo sapiens	gephyrin	3785	100	
868	X75285	Mus musculus	fibulin-2	3258	87	
869	X82494	Homo sapiens	fibulin-2	3407	99	
870	AJ297743	Mus musculus	torsinB protein	169	43	
871	AJ278313	Homo sapiens	phospholipase C-beta-1a	6258	99	
872	AF073344	Homo sapiens	ubiquitin-specific protease 3	256	43	
873	Y91955	Homo sapiens	Human cytoskeleton associated protein 10 (CYSKP-10).	535	100	
874	AJ000414	Homo sapiens	Cdc42-interacting protein 4	1136	53	
875	AF265555	Homo sapiens	ubiquitin-conjugating BIR-domain enzyme APOLLON	627	100	
876	Y48586	Homo sapiens	Human breast tumour-associated protein 47.	2537	98	
877	AF182198	Homo sapiens	intersectin 2 long isoform	8764	99	
878	L17308	Gossypium hirsutum	proline-rich cell wall protein	192	35	
879	AF177169	Homo sapiens	tropomodulin 2	1769	100	
880	W03627	Homo sapiens	Human follicle stimulating hormone GPR N-terminal sequence.	210	23	

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SE( ID NO	NUMBER:		DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN SCORE	MENTITY
881	1			2615	99
882		_		318	82
883				182	94
884	D21211 Homo sapiens		BAS, type 3)	368	43
885		Homo sapiens	beta 1	869	62
886		Homo sapiens	tryptophan hydroxylase (AA 1 - 444)	2320	98
887		Homo sapiens	elongation factor 2	4460	100
888		_	interferon-responsive finger protein 1 long form	1096	98
889		Homo sapiens	zinc finger protein (583 AA)	3130	100
890		Homo sapiens	voltage-gated sodium channel beta-3 subunit	1024	100
891	W67928	Homo sapiens	Fragment of human secreted protein encoded by gene 4.	391	100
892	AB020598	Homo sapiens	peptide transporter 3	3017	100
893	Y66648	Homo sapiens	Membrane-bound protein PRO1120.	4722	100
894	Y66648	Homo sapiens	Membrane-bound protein PRO1120.		99
895	A29218_cd	Homo sapiens	19-NOV-1998 DNA encoding G-	3606	96
	1		protein coupled 7 TM receptor with AXOR15 activity.	2178	100
896	AJ000332	Homo sapiens	Glucosidase II	5063	99
897	X98259	Homo sapiens	M-phase phosphoprotein 8	1085	100
898	X57110	Homo sapiens	c-cbl protein	4849	99
899	X63652	Homo sapiens	inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor heavy chain ITIH1	3376	98
900	X85134	Homo sapiens	RB protein binding protein	2816	99
901	L11672	Homo sapiens	zinc finger protein	2047	58
902	Y85565	Homo sapiens	Human homologue of UNC-53 (Hs-UNC-53/2) sequence.	369	83
903	X54871	Homo sapiens	ras related protein Rab5b	1094	100
904	Z98265	Homo sapiens	plakophilin 3	4065	100
905	AL035295	Homo sapiens	hypothetical protein	959	99
906	AF051782	Homo sapiens	diaphanous 1	801	35
907	AF208536	Homo sapiens	nucleotide binding protein; NBP	1372	100
908	U79240	Homo sapiens	serine/threonine protein kinase	2365	98
909	U79240	Homo sapiens	serine/threonine protein kinase	2386	2.0
910	AJ132545	Homo sapiens	protein kinase	2921	99
911	AJ132545	Homo sapiens	protein kinase	1637	100 99
912	AL121733	Homo sapiens	hypothetical protein	1344	99
913	Y67579	Homo sapiens	Human death inducer-obliterator 1 (DIO-1) polypeptide.	1586	100
914	X87342	Homo sapiens	Human giant larvae homologue	5317	99
915	X87342	Homo sapiens	Human giant larvae homologue	3495	96
916	M94362	Homo sapiens	lamin B2	2357	93
917	AJ011654	Homo sapiens	triple LIM domain protein	3432	100
918	AJ131899	Rattus norvegicus	proline rich synapse associated protein 1	5776	88
919	AF054986	Homo sapiens	putative transmembrane GTPase	1816	100
920	U95822	Homo sapiens	putative transmembrane GTPase	1237	100
921	Y11588	Homo sapiens	apoptosis specific protein	1492	100
922	X84195		acylphosphatase	510	100
923	U72882	Homo sapiens	interferon-induced leucine zipper protein	1409	99
924	AE000660		hADV36S1	572	100
	A T10 C045		acyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase-8	573	100
925	AF126245	Homo sapiens	acvi-Coenzyme A dehydrogenese 9	2162	100

SEQ ID	ACCESSION NUMBER	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH- WATERMAN	M IDENTITY
NO:	NUMBER			SCORE	IDENTITY
926	AE001968	Deinococcus radiodurans	hypothetical protein	147	27
927	W81576	Homo sapiens	EBV-induced G-protein coupled receptor (EBI-2) polypeptide.	1778	100
928	U01317	Homo sapiens	beta-globin	687	94
929	X98333	Homo sapiens	organic cation transporter	2933	100
930	Y91444	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein sequence encoded by gene 42 SEQ ID NO:165.	1401	100
931	Y91644	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein sequence encoded by gene 43 SEQ ID NO:317.	1243	100
932	D90279	Homo sapiens	collagen alpha 1(V) chain precursor	569	39
933	Z31560	Homo sapiens	sox-2	1587	96
934	AF147790	. Homo sapiens	transmembrane mucin 12	3047	99
935	Z85996 AB041533	Homo sapiens	match: multiple proteins; match: Q08151 P28185 Q01111 Q43554; match: Q08150 Q40195 P20340 Q39222; match: Q40368 P36412 P40393 Q40723; match: CE01798 Q38923 Q40191 Q41022; match: Q39433 Q40177 Q40218 Q08146; match: P10949 P11023 Q16948 Q20337; match: Q25389 P25228 P20336 P05713; match: P35276 Q08147 P17609 P22128; match: Q15771 P36410 P35291; GTP- binding	726	94
		Homo sapiens	sperm antigen	1054	38
937	X91906	Homo sapiens	voltage-gated chloride ion channel	3914	100
938	AB032481	Homo sapiens	homeobox transcription factor	1744	100
939	AF111106	Homo sapiens	protein serine/threonine phosphatase 4 regulatory subunit 1	4682	99
940	Y17999	Homo sapiens	Dyrk1B protein kinase	3331	99
941	AF305872	Homo sapiens	thyroglobulin	455	92
942	AF263462	Homo sapiens	cingulin	5939	99
943	AK024442	Homo sapiens	FLJ00032 protein	1616	61
944	Y35911	Homo sapiens	Extended human secreted protein sequence, SEQ ID NO. 160.	262	35
945	AB015320	Homo sapiens	sigma1B subunit of AP-1 clathrin adaptor complex	599	71
946	Z82287	Caenorhabditis elegans	ZK550.2	229	35
947	D84223	Homo sapiens	leucyl tRNA synthetase	6207	99
948	U49057	Rattus norvegicus	rA9	3846	62
949	AK000568	Homo sapiens	unnamed protein product	1659	100
950	AL021578	Homo sapiens	dJ453C12.6.1 (uncharacterized hypothalamus protein (isoform 1))	257	42
951	AB032435	Homo sapiens	differentiation-associated Na- dependent inorganic phosphate cotransporter	3063	99
952	AF110532	Homo sapiens	uncoupling protein UCP-4	1561	100
953	X83587	Mus musculus	1A13 protein	1420	59
954	AL031665	Homo sapiens	dJ545L17.5.1 (novel protein)	386	53 *
955	Y87600	Homo sapiens	Human fatty acid synthase-like protein (HFASLP).	2377	100
956	Y99421	Homo sapiens	Human PRO1433 (UNQ738) amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:292.	522	55

SEQ	ACCESSION	SPECIES	DESCRIPTION	SMITH-	%
ID NO:	NUMBER			WATERMAN	IDENTITY
957	U68535	Mus musculus	aldo-keto reductase	SCORE 451	73
958	AC007067	Arabidopsis	T10O24.10	1594	57
		thaliana	11002	1334	37
959	U72194	Mus musculus	muskelin	3947	99
960	AE003661	Drosophila melanogaster	CG15168 gene product	277	54
961	X80332	Mus musculus	rab20	983	82
962	Y67315	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein BL89_13 amino acid sequence.	3916	99
963	Y67315	Homo sapiens	Human secreted protein BL89_13 amino acid sequence.	3916	99
964	L32602	Rattus norvegicus	homeodomain 159341	1821	96
965	Z97832	Homo sapiens	dJ329A5.3 (KIAA06460 protein)	3581	.99
966	W88995	Homo sapiens	Polypeptide fragment encoded by gene 146.	176	39
967	U12465	Homo sapiens	ribosomal protein L35	604	100
968	AF151803	Homo sapiens	CGI-45 protein	1101	78
			Human secreted protein encoded by gene 137 clone HMWIF35.	1348	98
	970 L21936 Homo sapiens succina subunit		succinate dehydrogenase flavoprotein subunit	703	100
971	971 AJ133521 Drosophila protease, r		protease, reverse transcriptase, ribonuclease H, integrase	194	23
972	AC006017	Homo sapiens	N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase; similar to Q10473 (PID:g1709559)	3271	100
973	Z81317	Schizosacchar omyces pombe	DNA2-NAM7 helicase family protein	685	31
974	M17885	Homo sapiens	acidic ribosomal phosphoprotein (P0)	792	100
975	U22829	Mus musculus	P2Y purinoceptor	399	40
976	AL132772	Homo sapiens	dJ1013A22.1 (hepatic nuclear factor 4, alpha)	2466	99
977	AC003973	Homo sapiens	ZNF91L	1550	43
978	J04031	Homo sapiens	MDMCSF (EC 1.5.1.5; EC 3.5.4.9; EC 6.3.4.3)	2824	63
979	AF136715	Homo sapiens	taxol resistant associated protein	217	76
980	AF136715	Homo sapiens	taxol resistant associated protein	306	95
981	Z92822	Caenorhabditis elegans	ZK520.1	1109	44
982	AJ295149	Homo sapiens	putative dipeptidase	1564	99
983	AL021331	Homo sapiens	dJ366N23.3 (KIAA0173 and Tubulin-Tyrosine Ligase LIKE)	1492	100
984	AL161501	Arabidopsis thaliana	putative adenosine deaminase	370	38

## TABLE 3

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
2	BL00282	Kazal serine protease inhibitors family proteins.	BL00282 16.88 4.259e-14 97-120
3	BL00298	Heat shock hsp90 proteins family proteins.	BL00298A 10.97 1.000e-40 74- 119 BL00298E 27.30 1.000e-40 321-376 BL00298F 11.21 1.000e- 40 409-464 BL00298H 20.50 1.000e-40 553-607 BL00298C 16.40 2.286e-40 186-230

SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
ID NO:	NO.		
			BL00298B 15.64 1.290e-39 134-
	•		181 BL00298G 24.57 5.345e-39
			465-520 BL00298I 30.07 7.818e- 34 661-715 BL00298D 17.97
			6.226e-33 242-282
4	PR00237	RHODOPSIN-LIKE GPCR	PR00237A 11.48 4.316e-13 57-82
5	PD02454	SUPERFAMILY SIGNATURE !!!! PROTEIN ALU SUBFAMILY	PD02454B 11.61 4.309e-17 75-
,	1502454	WARNING ENTRY NUCLEAR	103
		PHOSPHO.	
6	DM00864	EGF-LIKE DOMAIN.	DM00864A 15.21 7.429e-09 98-
7	PR00237	RHODOPSIN-LIKE GPCR	119   PR00237A 11.48 1.750e-11 29-54
′	FR00257	SUPERFAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00237D 8.94 7.000e-09 138-
			160 PR00237B 13.50 8.250e-09
			61-83
9	PF00855	PWWP domain proteins.	PF00855 13.75 5.667e-15 272-289
10	BL00139	Eukaryotic thiol (cysteine) proteases cysteine proteins.	BL00139D 9.24 4.400e-11 391- 408 BL00139A 10.29 7.511e-09
		eysteme proteins.	67-77
12	BL01113	C1q domain proteins.	BL01113B 18.26 9.294e-19 689-
			725 BL01113C 13.18 4.857e-11
			757-777 BL01113D 7.47 2.161e- 10 790-800
13	BL01113	Clq domain proteins.	BL01113B 18.26 3.813e-14 599-
			635 BL01113C 13.18 4.857e-11
			667-687 BL01113D 7.47 2.161e-
14	BL00594	Aromatic amino acids permeases	10 700-710 BL00594A 16.75 6.531e-10 50-94
		proteins.	
15	BL01047	Heavy-metal-associated domain proteins.	BL01047B 19.73 4.913e-13 707- 728
16	PR00625	DNAJ PROTEIN FAMILY	PR00625A 12.84 7.462e-18 310-
		SIGNATURE	330 PR00625B 13.48 3.939e-15
			340-361
18	BL00615	C-type lectin domain proteins.	BL00615A 16.68 3.700e-09 144- 162
20	PR00741	GLYCOSYL HYDROLASE FAMILY	PR00741D 16.11 9.082e-21 175-
		29 SIGNATURE	195 PR00741F 14.66 9.262e-21
			243-265 PR00741B 14.23 1.947e- 18 128-145 PR00741G 9.29
			2.180e-17 318-340 PR00741C
			9.16 7.328e-17 147-166
			PR00741H 10.32 2.141e-13 351-
			374 PR00741A 9.24 3.596e-13 89-105 PR00741E 13.39 3.535e-
			12 215-232
22	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region	BL00107A 18.39 3.647e-20 117-
	,	proteins.	148 BL00107B 13.31 1.000e-16 182-198
23	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region	BL00107A 18.39 1.600e-23 126-
		proteins.	157
24	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region proteins.	BL00107A 18.39 1.600e-23 126- 157
27	BL00239	Receptor tyrosine kinase class II proteins.	BL00239B 25.15 2.324e-16 91-
			139
28	BL00018	EF-hand calcium-binding domain	BL00018 7.41 3.250e-10 681-694
29	BL00018	proteins.  EF-hand calcium-binding domain	BL00018 7.41 6.400e-10 717-730 BL00018 7.41 3.250e-10 681-694
47	DECOOLS	T -1 -11 and carefulli-ounding domain	DE00010 7.41 3.2306-10 001-034

30   BL01113   C1q domain proteins.   BL01113A 17.99 9.308e-09		RESULTS*	DESCRIPTION	ACCESSION	SEQ
30   BL0113   Clq domain proteins.   BL01113A 17.99 9.308e-09				NO.	
33   PD01168   SYNTHETASE LIGASE PROTEIN   ALANYL.   416		BL00018 7.41 6.400e-10 717-7			
ALANYL   416		BL01113A 17.99 9.308e-09 54-			
ALANYL. 426  36 PR00426 C5A-ANAPHYLATOXIN RECEPTOR SIGNATURE  37 PF00791 Domain present in ZO-1 and Unc5-like netrin receptors. 1135  38 BL00350 MADS-box domain proteins. BL00350 20.79 1.000e-40 1-133 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 1-133 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 1-145-195 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 1-145-195 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 1-145-195 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 1-145-195 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 1-145-195 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 1-145-195 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 1-145-195 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 1-145-195 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 1-145-195 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 13.91 19.03 8.714e-35 364-399 BL00123A 10.80 9.000e-24 BL00123D 12.73 1.000e-17 229  44 PD00066 PROTEIN ZINC-FINGER METAL-BINDI. PD00066 13.92 1.000e-13 45 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-13 45 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-13 45 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-13 45 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-13 45 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-14 48 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-14 48 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-15 45 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-15 45 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-15 45 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-15 45 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-16 44 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-16 44 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-16 44 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-16 44 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-14 42 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-1		416	ALANYL.		
SIGNATURE   122			ALANYL.	<u> </u>	
Description	110-	PR00426D 10.59 3.618e-12 110			
BL00350   MADS-box domain proteins.   BL00350 20.79 1.000e-40 1-40     BL00123	080-	PF00791B 28.49 2.049e-10 108	Domain present in ZO-1 and Unc5-like netrin receptors.	PF00791	37
Alkaline phosphatase proteins.   BL00123B 19.31 1.000e-40.9133 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40.9133 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40.91345-195 BL00123E 22.25 1.	55	BL00350 20.79 1.000e-40 1-55			
PD00066	90- e-40 .000e- 1 3F	BL00123B 19.31 1.000e-40 90- 133 BL00123C 24.61 1.000e-40 145-195 BL00123E 22.25 1.000 40 304-358 BL00123G 26.01 1.000e-40 438-488 BL00123F 19.03 8.714e-35 364-399 BL00123A 10.80 9.000e-24 52- BL00123D 12.73 1.000e-17 216	Alkaline phosphatase proteins.	BL00123	40
PD00066 13.92 2.714e-12 23 PD00066 13.92 3.143e-12 43 PD00066 13.92 3.739e-11 40 PD00066 13.92 2.038e-10 31  45 DM00973	6-499 4-387	PD00066 13.92 2.800e-14 346-3 PD00066 13.92 4.600e-14 486-4 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-13 374-3		PD00066	44
45   DM00973   3 kw RESISTANCE BENOMYL   DM00973A 21.17 2.946e-10   YLL028W CYCLOHEXIMIDE.   217	4-247 0-443 4-527 2-415	PD00066 13.92 2.714e-12 234-2 PD00066 13.92 3.143e-12 430-4 PD00066 13.92 8.714e-12 514-5 PD00066 13.92 3.739e-11 402-4			
proteins.  501 BL00649B 20.68 7.387e 417-463  502 PD00066 PROTEIN ZINC-FINGER METAL- BINDI.  PD00066 13.92 8.200e-16 449 PD00066 13.92 5.846e-15 300 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-14 22 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-14 417		DM00973A 21.17 2.946e-10 180			
50 PD00066 PROTEIN ZINC-FINGER METAL- PD00066 13.92 8.200e-16 44: BINDI. PD00066 13.92 5.846e-15 30: PD00066 13.92 1.000e-14 22: PD00066 13.92 1.000e-14 41:		BL00649C 17.82 1.682e-10 475 501 BL00649B 20.68 7.387e-09 417-463			
PD00066 13.92 2.800e-14 277 PD00066 13.92 8.800e-14 333 PD00066 13.92 9.400e-14 361 PD00066 13.92 4.000e-13 389	5-318 1-234 7-430 9-262 7-290 3-346 1-374 9-402	PD00066 13.92 8.200e-16 445-4 PD00066 13.92 5.846e-15 305-3 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-14 221-2 PD00066 13.92 1.000e-14 417-4 PD00066 13.92 2.800e-14 249-2 PD00066 13.92 2.800e-14 277-2 PD00066 13.92 8.800e-14 333-3 PD00066 13.92 9.400e-14 361-3 PD00066 13.92 4.000e-13 389-4 PD00066 13.92 6.571e-12 473-4		PD00066	50
51 BL00226 Intermediate filaments proteins. BL00226D 19.10 1.000e-40 4 464 BL00226B 23.86 3.348e- 251-299 BL00226C 13.23 1.4	17- -35 129e-	BL00226D 19.10 1.000e-40 417- 464 BL00226B 23.86 3.348e-35 251-299 BL00226C 13.23 1.429 24 316-347 BL00226A 12.77	Intermediate filaments proteins.	BL00226	51
52 PR00217 43 KD POSTSYNAPTIC PROTEIN PR00217C 10.91 5.648e-09 13 SIGNATURE 149	33-	PR00217C 10.91 5.648e-09 133-		PR00217	
53 BL00232 Cadherins extracellular repeat proteins domain proteins.  BL00232B 32.79 1.000e-40 14 191 BL00232A 27.72 2.350e-49-82 BL00232B 32.79 7.052 252-300 BL00232C 10.65 6.6 20 250-268 BL00232B 32.79	28 e-21 25e-	BL00232B 32.79 1.000e-40 143- 191 BL00232A 27.72 2.350e-28 49-82 BL00232B 32.79 7.052e-2 252-300 BL00232C 10.65 6.6256 20 250-268 BL00232B 32.79 1.314e-11 367-415 BL00232C	Cadherins extracellular repeat proteins	BL00232	53
	, <del>5.</del>	BL00303B 26.15 8.759e-23 125-	S-100/ICaBP type calcium binding	BL00303	54

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
		protein.	162 BL00303A 21.77 1.000e-21 82-119
58	PR00378	INOSITOL PHOSPHATASE SIGNATURE	PR00378D 16.86 1.000e-15 242- 261 PR00378B 13.80 9.250e-13 109-129
59	PR00425	BRADYKININ RECEPTOR SIGNATURE	PR00425C 13.23 9.040e-12 120- 140
60	BL00280	Pancreatic trypsin inhibitor (Kunitz) family proteins.	BL00280 24.61 6.727e-38 238-282 BL00280 24.61 1.514e-30 294-338
65	BL01019	ADP-ribosylation factors family proteins.	BL01019A 13.20 1.222e-11 43-83
68	PR00237	RHODOPSIN-LIKE GPCR SUPERFAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00237E 13.03 5.091e-13 188- 212 PR00237G 19.63 7.207e-13 268-295 PR00237A 11.48 4.375e- 11 24-49 PR00237C 15.69 3.057e-10 101-124 PR00237D 8.94 4.750e-10 137-159 PR00237F 13.57 5.364e-10 230- 255 PR00237B 13.50 9.438e-10 57-79
70	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 7.938e-28 31-70
71	PR00830	ENDOPEPTIDASE LA (LON) SERINE PROTEASE (S16) SIGNATURE	PR00830A 8.41 8.759e-12 348- 368
72	BL00120	Lipases, serine proteins.	BL00120B 11.37 2.149e-10 148- 163
77	PR00753	1-AMINOCYCLOPROPANE-1- CARBOXYLATE SYNTHASE SIGNATURE	PR00753E 8.01 3.552e-11 191- 216 PR00753D 6.85 2.778e-09 131-153
78	PR00506	D21 CLASS N6 ADENINE-SPECIFIC DNA METHYLTRANSFERASE SIGNATURE	PR00506C 19.40 8.017e-09 96- 119
82	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region proteins.	BL00107A 18.39 3.571e-16 436- 467
84	BL00675	Sigma-54 interaction domain proteins ATP-binding region A proteins.	BL00675A 24.86 8.800e-10 256- 300
85	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 2.286e-30 117-160
87	BL00250	TGF-beta family proteins.	BL00250A 21.24 6.786e-36 264- 300 BL00250B 27.37 1.450e-26 328-364
91	BL00215	Mitochondrial energy transfer proteins.	BL00215A 15.82 9.250e-17 10-35 BL00215A 15.82 6.000e-16 221- 246 BL00215A 15.82 7.857e-12 108-133 BL00215B 10.44 9.526e- 11 168-181
92	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 9.526e-24 324-367
95	PR00094	ADENYLATE KINASE SIGNATURE	PR00094C 12.94 1.000e-08 119- 136
96 ·	PD02327	GLYCOPROTEIN ANTIGEN PRECURSOR IMMUNOGLO.	PD02327B 19.84 2.091e-09 143- 165
97	BL00752	XPA protein.	BL00752B 19.17 7.309e-09 28-72
98	PR00876	NEMATODE METALLOTHIONEIN SIGNATURE	PR00876B 7.66 2.268e-10 135- 149
99	PR00109	TYROSINE KINASE CATALYTIC DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00109B 12.27 9.824e-12 122- 141
100	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 7.429e-31 118-161
101	BL00028	Zinc finger, C2H2 type, domain proteins.	BL00028 16.07 6.870e-12 370-387 BL00028 16.07 6.885e-11 398-415 BL00028 16.07 8.269e-11 342-359 BL00028 16.07 4.300e-10 229-246

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
102	PR00048	C2H2-TYPE ZINC FINGER SIGNATURE	BL00028 16.07 6.100e-10 258-275 PR00048A 10.52 7.750e-14 665- 679 PR00048A 10.52 8.500e-14 581-595 PR00048A 10.52 9.250e- 14 637-651 PR00048A 10.52
	•		2.059e-12 609-623 PR00048A 10.52 2.588e-12 469-483 PR00048A 10.52 7.353e-12 553- 567 PR00048A 10.52 2.895e-11 525-539 PR00048A 10.52 4.316e- 11 441-455 PR00048A 10.52 5.263e-11 413-427 PR00048B 6.02 2.125e-10 569-579 PR00048B 6.02 4.938e-10 513- 523 PR00048A 10.52 5.696e-10 497-511 PR00048B 6.02 8.875e- 10 429-439 PR00048B 6.02 1.000e-09 457-467 PR00048B
103	PR00195	DYNAMIN SIGNATURE	6.02 6.684e-09 485-495 PR00195A 11.94 5.364e-22 31-50 PR00195B 9.47 1.783e-21 56-74 PR00195C 11.50 3.455e-21 126- 144 PR00195D 11.76 8.714e-21 175-194 PR00195F 16.20 8.500e- 20 217-237 PR00195E 9.82
104	BL01113	C1q domain proteins.	8.650e-20 194-211 BL01113A 17.99 1.865e-09 121- 148 BL01113A 17.99 5.846e-09 82-109
105	BL00420	Speract receptor repeat proteins domain proteins.	BL00420A 20.42 6.400e-11 70-99 BL00420A 20.42 8.525e-10 73- 102 BL00420A 20.42 5.708e-09 85-114
108	PR00860	VERTEBRATE METALLOTHIONEIN SIGNATURE	PR00860B 7.04 2.929e-20 27-41 PR00860A 5.46 5.500e-16 5-18 PR00860C 9.61 1.474e-14 41-51
112	BL01031	Heat shock hsp20 proteins family profile.	BL01031C 17.68 6.400e-10 122-
114	DM01840	kw SPAC24B11.09 R07E5.13.	DM01840B 22.04 2.688e-40 59- 103 DM01840A 10.95 9.571e-13 31-43
115	BL01126	Elongation factor Ts proteins.	BL01126A 18.48 2.317e-30 46-89 BL01126B 13.15 7.387e-19 116- 135 BL01126C 9.20 9.735e-11 190-203
116	BL00216	Sugar transport proteins.	BL00216B 27.64 4.375e-21 35-85
118	BL00437	Catalase proximal heme-ligand proteins.	BL00437A 18.82 1.000e-40 49- 101 BL00437B 16.28 1.000e-40 114-168 BL00437C 21.86 1.000e- 40 190-239 BL00437D 25.72 1.000e-40 248-301 BL00437E 23.95 1.000e-40 327-379
119	BL00140	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase family 1 cysteine activ.	BL00140D 22.64 8.274e-14 164- 208 BL00140C 11.80 5.444e-10 77-102
120	BL00224	Clathrin light chain proteins.	BL00224B 16.94 6.712e-10 95- 148
122	BL00203	Vertebrate metallothioneins proteins.	BL00203 13.94 1.000e-40 16-62
123	PR00041	CAMP RESPONSE ELEMENT	PR00041D 7.95 2.906e-09 24-41

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
		BINDING (CREB) PROTEIN SIGNATURE	,
124	PR00041	CAMP RESPONSE ELEMENT BINDING (CREB) PROTEIN SIGNATURE	PR00041D 7.95 2.906e-09 24-41
125	BL00061	Short-chain dehydrogenases/reductases family proteins.	BL00061C 7.86 3.250e-10 212- 222
126	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 6.400e-25 251-290
127	PR00318	ALPHA G-PROTEIN (TRANSDUCIN) SIGNATURE	PR00318D 16.28 1.900e-34 219- 248 PR00318B 14.79 3.455e-27 168-191 PR00318C 12.09 7.000e- 23 197-215 PR00318A 7.84 1.600e-19 35-51 PR00318E 7.23 2.500e-12 265-275
128	PR00927	ADENINE NUCLEOTIDE TRANSLOCATOR 1 SIGNATURE	PR00927E 14.93 9.743e-10 67-89 PR00927B 14.66 4.575e-09 69-91
130	BL00824	Elongation factor 1 beta/beta/delta chain proteins.	BL00824B 9.21 7.750e-22 133- 153
131	BL00824	Elongation factor 1 beta/beta'/delta chain proteins.	BL00824C 14.58 1.000e-40 166- 204 BL00824D 14.04 1.621e-38 204-239 BL00824B 9.21 7.750e- 22 133-153 BL00824E 12.49 1.000e-19 247-263
132	PR00209	ALPHA/BETA GLIADIN FAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00209B 4.88 9.222e-13 1209- 1228
133	PR00209	ALPHA/BETA GLIADIN FAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00209B 4.88 9.222e-13 1168- 1187
134	PR00708	ALPHA-1-ACID GLYCOPROTEIN SIGNATURE	PR00708D 14.67 1.000e-27 141- 168 PR00708C 11.77 1.643e-25 98-120 PR00708B 15.15 2.174e- 24 73-95 PR00708E 13.33 1.600e-21 189-207 PR00708A 14.40 2.636e-21 51-70
135	PR00109	TYROSINE KINASE CATALYTIC DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00109B 12.27 8.468e-13 126- 145
136	PF00023	Ank repeat proteins.	PF00023A 16.03 3.250e-10 201- 217
137	BL00471	Small cytokines (intercrine/chemokine) C-x-C subfamily signat.	BL00471 23.92 7.480e-10 42-90
140	PR00205	CADHERIN SIGNATURE	PR00205B 11.39 5.582e-10 328- 346 PR00205B 11.39 9.018e-10 543-561
141	BL00412	Neuromodulin (GAP-43) proteins.	BL00412D 16.54 7.704e-09 976- 1027
143	PR00979	TAFAZZIN SIĞNATÜRE	PR00979E 10.83 5.950e-26 192- 214 PR00979A 11.91 8.773e-25 63-83 PR00979C 12.16 6.400e-19 108-124 PR00979D 12.38 7.955e- 19 170-185 PR00979F 10.14 3.382e-15 230-244 PR00979B 15.59 5.636e-15 94-106
145	DM00686	kw REPLICATION REP 28K 17.7K.	DM00686C 14.14 7.720e-09 111- 131
146	PR00604	CLASS IA AND IB CYTOCHROME C SIGNATURE	PR00604D 15.86 1.000e-17 87- 104 PR00604B 12.73 9.591e-16 57-73 PR00604C 10.21 8.200e-12 73-84 PR00604E 10.13 1.000e-11 106-117 PR00604A 11.13 8.800e-

SEQ	ACCESSION	D.T.O.C.	FC1/US01/04098
ID NO:	NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
			11 44-52 PR00604F 8.60 1.000e- 10 123-132
147	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region	BL00107A 18.39 3.864e-15 266-
		proteins.	297 BL00107B 13.31 6.143e-11 335-351
148	PD00289	PROTEIN SH3 DOMAIN REPEAT PRESYNA.	PD00289 9.97 8.448e-09 67-81
149	PR00069	ALDO-KETO REDUCTASE SIGNATURE	PR00069D 19.36 1.857e-30 187- 217 PR00069A 16.01 7.429e-25 41-66 PR00069E 18.14 3.100e-22 235-260 PR00069C 16.03 7.000e- 20 151-169 PR00069B 11.33 8.071e-19 101-120
150	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 2.688e-27 139-182
151	PD02906	SYNTHASE I PSEUDOURIDYLATE PSEUDOURIDINE LYASE TR.	PD02906C 24.17 7.070e-22 165- 200 PD02906B 15.35 8.393e-15 114-127 PD02906A 10.84 6.500e- 09 71-84
153	BL00479	Phorbol esters / diacylglycerol binding domain proteins.	BL00479A 19.86 5.091e-12 891- 914 BL00479B 12.57 1.837e-11 915-931
158	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 6.786e-31 143-186
160	BL00422	Granins proteins.	BL00422C 16.18 7.750e-12 420-
162	PR00625	DNAJ PROTEIN FAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00625A 12.84 9.297e-11 62-82
164	BL01282	BIR repeat proteins.	BL01282B 30.49 6.182e-10 347- 386
166	PR00860	VERTEBRATE METALLOTHIONEIN SIGNATURE	PR00860B 7.04 2.929e-20 83-97 PR00860A 5.46 1.000e-18 61-74 PR00860C 9.61 1.900e-15 97-107
167	PR00449	TRANSFORMING PROTEIN P21 RAS SIGNATURE	PR00449A 13.20 7.052e-09 196- 218
169	BL00514	Fibrinogen beta and gamma chains C-terminal domain proteins.	BL00514C 17.41 1.346e-39 316-353 BL00514G 15.98 2.241e-34 471-501 BL00514H 14.95 6.571e-27 510-535 BL00514E 14.28 1.273e-16 388-405 BL00514D 15.35 9.100e-15 369-382 BL00514B 16.42 4.857e-14 260-276 BL00514F 11.65 9.690e-14 416-431 BL00514A 11.68 8.200e-11 149-159
170	BL00514	Fibrinogen beta and gamma chains C-terminal domain proteins.	BL00514C 17.41 1.346e-39 268-
171	DI Costi		305 BL00514G 15.98 2.241e-34 423-453 BL00514H 14.95 6.571e- 27 462-487 BL00514E 14.28 . 1.273e-16 340-357 BL00514D 15.35 9.100e-15 321-334 BL00514B 16.42 4.857e-14 212- 228 BL00514F 11.65 9.690e-14 368-383 BL00514A 11.68 8.200e- 11 101-111
1/1	BL00514	Fibrinogen beta and gamma chains C-terminal domain proteins.	BL00514G 15.98 2.241e-34 385- 415 BL00514H 14.95 6.571e-27 424-449 BL00514C 17.41 4.632e- 24 230-267 BL00514E 14.28 1.273e-16 302-319 BL00514D 15.35 9.100e-15 283-296

SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
ID ID	NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS
NO:	2.00		
			BL00514B 16.42 4.857e-14 212-
			228 BL00514F 11.65 9.690e-14
			330-345 BL00514A 11.68 8.200e-
			11 101-111
173	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 9.400e-29 119-162
174	DM01970	0 kw ZK632.12 YDR313C	DM01970B 8.60 5.119e-15 1391-
		ENDOSOMAL III.	1404
176	BL00773	Chitinases family 19 proteins.	BL00773C 9.42 8.000e-09 2-16
182	PR00109	TYROSINE KINASE CATALYTIC	PR00109B 12.27 9.163e-14 141-
100	7701007	DOMAIN SIGNATURE	160
183	PD01937	DNA PROTEIN POLYMERASE	PD01937A 6.68 3.475e-09 221-
185	BL00845	ENDONUCLEASE DNA  CAP-Gly domain proteins.	232 BL00845 16.43 2.946e-23 247-272
165	DL00043	CAF-Gly domain proteins.	BL00845 16.43 2.946e-23 247-272 BL00845 16.43 1.628e-21 107-132
186	PR00452	SH3 DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00452B 11.65 6.538e-11 525-
1 .00	1100432	SIIS DOMAIN SIGNATORE	541
187	PR00452	SH3 DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00452B 11.65 6.538e-11 497-
			513
188	DM01803	1 HERPESVIRUS GLYCOPROTEIN H.	DM01803A 10.51 1.000e-09
			1081-1102
189	PF00651	BTB (also known as BR-C/Ttk) domain	PF00651 15.00 5.091e-15 69-82
		proteins.	
190	PR00194	TROPOMYOSIN SIGNATURE	PR00194C 6.38 1.900e-35 145-
			174 PR00194E 8.74 3.250e-30
			231-257 PR00194D 9.57 1.500e-
			26 175-199 PR00194B 10.24
	·		5.200e-24 120-141 PR00194A 7.86 4.857e-21 84-102
192	PD02042	IRON-SULFUR ELECTRON	PD02042B 16.75 5.154e-09 131-
'/-	1 2 0 2 0 1 2	TRANSPORT AROMATIC	146 PD02042A 21.13 5.909e-09
		HYDROCARB.	94-121
193	PR00021	SMALL PROLINE-RICH PROTEIN	PR00021A 4.31 2.200e-10 2-15
		SIGNATURE	
195	BL00463	Fungal Zn(2)-Cys(6) binuclear cluster	BL00463 8.22 5.071e-09 111-123
		domain proteins.	
196	PR00118	BETA-LACTAMASE CLASS A	PR00118F 16.42 9.386e-09 165-
107	72.600016	SIGNATURE	181
197	DM00215	PROLINE-RICH PROTEIN 3.	DM00215 19.43 5.424e-09 234-
198	BL00660	Dond 4.1 family domain water	267
170	5500000	Band 4.1 family domain proteins.	BL00660A 31.50 5.500e-11 714- 767
199	BL00282	Kazal serine protease inhibitors family	BL00282 16.88 8.820e-13 70-93
~~	2200202	proteins.	DD00202 10.00 0.0200-13 /0-33
202	PR00009	TYPE I EGF SIGNATURE	PR00009A 14.15 5.345e-15 971-
	· · <b></b>		987 PR00009C 14.11 8.773e-13
		·	996-1008 PR00009D 16.83
			8.000e-11 1008-1018 PR00009C
<u> </u>			14.11 1.882e-09 892-904
203	BL00025	P-type 'Trefoil' domain proteins.	BL00025 17.17 4.536e-19 38-59
205	BL00018	EF-hand calcium-binding domain	BL00018 7.41 7.300e-10 165-178
		proteins.	
206	PR00168	SLOW VOLTAGE-GATED	PR00168D 12.88 6.865e-11 67-86
207	DI 00005	POTASSIUM CHANNEL SIGNATURE	77.0000.00.00
207	BL00025	P-type 'Trefoil' domain proteins.	BL00025 17.17 3.423e-20 39-60
209	BL00646	Bibosomal protein C12	BL00025 17.17 8.750e-16 88-109
209	DL00040	Ribosomal protein S13 proteins.	BL00646B 21.42 6.100e-30 110-
,			143 BL00646A 25.82 6.192e-29 14-62
210	PR00138	MATRIXIN SIGNATURE	PR00138D 16.56 3.605e-25 279-
	1100100		11001300 10.30 3.0036-23 2/3-

SEQ	ACCESSION	N DESCRIPTION	PCT/US01/04098
l m	NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
NO:			į
	<del> </del>		
			305 PR00138C 16.41 3.000e-24
			218-247 PR00138E 6.01 8.714e
			13 314-328 PR00138A 15.14
			9.538e-13 134-148 PR00138B
211			15.82 4.522e-12 188-204
211	DM01206	CORONAVIRUS NUCLEOCAPSID	DM01206D 10 60 0 40
	1	PROTEIN.	DM01206B 10.69 8.429e-12 386
	]		406 DM01206B 10.69 1.247e-10
		· 1	384-404 DM01206B 10.69
212	PD01941	TD ANGLOS OF ANTO	5.068e-10 388-408
	1501771	TRANSMEMBRANE	PD01941A 14.81 1.000e-40 163-
	1	COTRANSPORTER SYMP.	217 PD01941B 15.02 9.705e-30
	ļ		420-467 PD01941E 15.92 8.714e
	Ì		22 827 884 PRO16 15.92 8.7146
			23 837-884 PD01941C 19.96
	ſ		8.200e-20 508-563 PD01941D
			27.18 1.600e-16 661-710
			PD01941F 28.52 9.645e-15 1005-
213	D7 000 C0		1060
	BL00362	Ribosomal protein S15 proteins.	BL00362 24.67 8.313e-09 330-37
214	BL00115	Eukaryotic RNA polymerase II	DL00302 24.07 8.313e-09 330-37
		heptapeptide repeat proteins.	BL00115Z 3.12 2.125e-09 1178-
		The process repeat protess.	1227 BL00115Z 3.12 6.096e-09
215	BL00038	Myo tono 11. 11.	1164-1213
	2200030	Myc-type, 'helix-loop-helix' dimerization	BL00038B 16.97 7.600e-18 125-
I		domain proteins.	146 BL00038A 13.61 1.474e-13
216			102-118
210	BL01108	Ribosomal protein L24 proteins.	
Í		The state of the s	BL01108A 20.33 2.241e-22 49-82
_			BL01108B 11.40 8.457e-10 96-
217	PR00381	KINESIN LIGHT CHARLES	107
1		KINESIN LIGHT CHAIN SIGNATURE	PR00381A 9.55 1.321e-10 360-
222	BL00514	7711	378
222	DL00314	Fibrinogen beta and gamma chains C-	BL00514C 17.41 2.358e-26 1166-
		terminal domain proteins.	1203 BL00514G 15.98 9.000e-15
		-	1203 BE00314G 13.98 9.000e-15
- 1			1289-1319 BL00514D 15.35
1			6.936e-12 1207-1220 BL00514F
1			11.65 4.288e-10 1253-1268
			BL00514H 14.95 8.636e-10 1318-
223	BL00325	Actin 3	1343
	DE00323	Actin-depolymerizing proteins.	BL00325B 21.66 1.000e-40 93-
ŀ			139 BL00325A 24.83 9.333e-24
201			61-93
224	BL00018	EF-hand calcium-binding domain	
		proteins.	BL00018 7.41 1.450e-10 231-244
225	PF01329	Pterin 4 alpha carbinolamine dhydratase.	
228	BL00211	ABC transporters family proteins.	PF01329B 18.52 1.692e-18 67-92
}		ransporters tamily proteins.	BL00211B 13.37 6.250e-18 1033-
	j		1065 BL00211B 13.37 8.875e-18
- 1	,	`	2045-2077 BL00211A 12.23
220	<u> </u>		1.900e-09 931-943
230	PR00761	BINDIN PRECURSOR SIGNATURE	DD00761 A 5 21 2 2 2 2
			PR00761A 5.81 9.366e-09 275-
231	PR00049	WILM'S TUMOUR PROTEIN	292
	1	SIGNATURE	PR00049D 0.00 3.500e-10 54-69
32	BL00412		
	DL00412	Neuromodulin (GAP-43) proteins.	BL00412D 16.54 1.978e-10 109-
İ	ł		160 BL00412D 16.54 4.122e-09
			132_194
33	BL01210	Caveolins proteins.	133-184
		рассии.	BL01210B 13.92 8.129e-09 106-
36	BL00939	Piharamal	156
	200739	Ribosomal protein L1e proteins.	BL00939F 17.27 5.393e-09 861-
38	DI 010.50	<del></del>	891
00	BL01252	Endogenous opioids neuropeptides	BL01252D 18.25 3.571e-28 205-
	1.	precursors proteins.	~~~1232D 10.23 3.3/1e-28 205-
		produsors proteins.	233 BL01252B 19.09 5.034e-27

CT-0	1 CCPCCION	DECCHAPTION	DECLIN MON
SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
			37-67 BL01252C 18.10 1.621e-21 164-190 BL01252A 14.22 7.107e-18 14-34
239	BL00302	Eukaryotic initiation factor 5A hypusine proteins.	BL00302 14.81 1.000e-40 25-79
240	PR00420	AROMATIC-RING HYDROXYLASE (FLAVOPROTEIN MONOOXYGENASE) SIGNATURE	PR00420A 14.78 8.851e-13 26-49
241	PD02929	ADHESION GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR I.	PD02929A 28.27 4.529e-09 235- 289
243	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 8.527e-25 11-50
244	BL01270	Band 7 protein family proteins.	BL01270C 16.91 6.745e-17 115- 144 BL01270B 18.74 6.857e-17 76-115 BL01270E 13.03 6.016e- 15 182-211 BL01270D 20.87 9.160e-13 144-182
245	PF00791	Domain present in ZO-1 and Unc5-like netrin receptors.	PF00791B 28.49 6.305e-12 253- 308 PF00791B 28.49 1.909e-11 427-482 PF00791B 28.49 2.651e- 09 179-234 PF00791B 28.49 3.890e-09 112-167
246	PD00066	PROTEIN ZINC-FINGER METAL- BINDI.	PD00066 13.92 2.500e-13 277-290 PD00066 13.92 9.143e-12 193-206 PD00066 13.92 5.304e-11 165-178 PD00066 13.92 6.478e-11 249-262 PD00066 13.92 3.423e-10 221-234
247	BL00406	Actins proteins.	BL00406D 12.58 6.400e-20 465- 520 BL00406B 5.47 4.857e-14 249-304 BL00406E 8.44 1.000e- 11 522-572 BL00406C 6.75 5.449e-11 313-368
248	BL00951	ER lumen protein retaining receptor proteins.	BL00951C 19.35 1.000e-40 112- 161 BL00951A 15.10 7.750e-39 21-57 BL00951D 13.94 6.000e-38 161-196 BL00951B 14.23 3.100e- 31 57-88
252	BL01113	C1q domain proteins.	BL01113A 17.99 9.129e-15 200- 227 BL01113A 17.99 4.818e-14 194-221 BL01113A 17.99 7.818e- 14 182-209 BL01113A 17.99 1.730e-13 185-212 BL01113A 17.99 6.595e-13 191-218 BL01113A 17.99 6.077e-12 203- 230 BL01113A 17.99 9.182e-11 179-206 BL01113A 17.99 9.182e-11 179-206 BL01113A 17.99 9.043e-10 218-245 BL01113A 17.99 9.426e-10 209-236 BL01113A 17.99 4.115e-09 137- 164
257	BL00845	CAP-Gly domain proteins.	BL00845 16.43 1.837e-21 466-491
259	PR00248	METABOTROPIC GLUTAMATE GPCR SIGNATURE	PR00248G 12.67 2.688e-09 53-78
260	BL00678	Trp-Asp (WD) repeat proteins proteins.	BL00678 9.67 3.400e-10 441-452 BL00678 9.67 5.800e-10 481-492 BL00678 9.67 8.800e-10 358-369
261	BL00678	Trp-Asp (WD) repeat proteins proteins.	BL00678 9.67 3.400e-10 415-426 BL00678 9.67 5.800e-10 455-466

SEQ	ACCESSION	N DECCRIPE OF	PCT/US01/04098
ID.	NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
NO:	]	1	·
262	BL00678	Trp. Am (WD)	BL00678 9.67 8.800e-10 332-34
	BE00078	Trp-Asp (WD) repeat proteins proteins.	BL00678 9.67 3.400e-10 468-47
		· ·	BL00678 9.67 5.800e-10 508-51
263	BL50002	Cal	BL00678 9.67 8.800e-10 385-39
203	BL30002	Src homology 3 (SH3) domain proteins	BL50002B 15.18 2.200e-10 415-
264	DI 00040	profile.	429
204	BL00049	Ribosomal protein L14 proteins.	BL00049C 17.38 3.040e-12 94-
265	PROFES		130
203	PD01469	GLYCOPROTEIN PROTEIN	PD01469 20.59 2.091e-14 438-47
		PRECURSOR SA.	1201409 20.39 2.0916-14 438-47
266	PD01469	GLYCOPROTEIN PROTEIN	PD01460 20 50 2 00
		PRECURSOR SA.	PD01469 20.59 2.091e-14 279-31
267	BL00567	Phosphoribulokinase proteins.	DY 00
269	BL00049	Ribosomal protein L14 proteins.	BL00567A 10.66 1.161e-12 36-55
	1	radosomai protein L14 proteins.	BL00049C 17.38 2.688e-28 92-
	1		128 BL00049B 18.42 6.806e-24
			54-86 BL00049A 13.86 8.333e-1
	1		19-42 BL00049D 13.47 5.765e-1
272	BL01115	CTD birdi	129-140
273	PR00021	GTP-binding nuclear protein ran proteins	BL01115A 10.22 9.735e-12 14-58
213	PR00021	SMALL PROLINE-RICH PROTEIN	PR00021A 4.31 1.911e-09 819-
275		SIGNATURE	832
275	PR00179	LIPOCALIN SIGNATURE	PR00179B 9.56 2.895e-13 124-
			127 PRO0170 A 12 70 0 0 0 0
	•		137 PR00179A 13.78 3.250e-11
j			36-49 PR00179C 19.02 6.040e-11
276	PR00449	TRANSFORMING PROTEIN P21 RAS	154-170
1		SIGNATURE SIGNATURE	PR00449A 13.20 8.364e-17 22-44
l			PR00449C 17.27 1.000e-13 62-85
1	•		PR00449E 13.50 4.000e-12 172-
			195 PR00449B 14.34 5.680e-10
277	BL00140	I Thigniting and the second	45-62
- 1	2200140	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase	BL00140D 22.64 1.000e-40 161-
[		family 1 cysteine activ.	205 BL00140C 11.80 9.053e-30
		•	79-104 BL00140A 15.96 9.400e-
			28 5-35 BL00140B 12.29 4.649e-
278	DDOOGIO		17 37-55
2/6	PD02712	ELEMENT TRANSPOSASE FOR	PD02712A 23.03 8.013e-09 47-83
270		TRANSPOSON TRANSPOSABLE.	02.12125.05 8.0136-09 47-83
279	BL00678	Trp-Asp (WD) repeat proteins proteins	BL00678 9.67 1.474e-09 100-111
282	DM00892	3 RETROVIRAL PROTEINASE.	DM00802C 22 55 4 757
			DM00892C 23.55 4.767e-21 864- 898
283	BL00048	Protamine P1 proteins.	
286	PR00081	GLUCOSE/RIBITOL	BL00048 6.39 9.550e-09 56-83
j	!	DEHYDROGENASE FAMILY	PR00081A 10.53 1.878e-11 36-54
		SIGNATURE	
287	PR00310		
	1100310	ANTI-PROLIFERATIVE PROTEIN	PR00310B 10.59 4.231e-17 29-59
289	DD01055	BTG1 FAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00310D 9.10 6.679e-16 89-119
-07	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC-	PD01066 19.43 7.000e-36 37-76
002	77.00	FINGER METAL-BINDING NU	- 300 13:43 7:0006-30 37-70
293	BL00979	G-protein coupled receptors family 3	BL00979L 20.63 3.800e-12 111-
		proteins.	152 SL009/9L 20.63 3.800e-12 111-
295	PD02411	PROTEIN TRANSCRIPTION	
	ł	REGULATION NUCLEAR.	PD02411 21.89 7.000e-16 195-229
96	BL01064	Drawid and the state of the sta	
		Pyridoxamine 5'-phosphate oxidase proteins.	BL01064A 27.84 8.313e-28 77-
	1	protettis.	129 BL01064C 15.22 7.136e-25
97	BL00030	. 1	202-235
-,	I '	Eukaryotic RNA-binding region RNP-1	BL00030A 14.39 2.929e-13 37-56
			BL00030B 7.03 1.900e-11 167-
- 1	·		177 BL00030A 14.39 2.000e-10
	1		PLUUUSUA 14.39 2.000e-10
		I	128-147

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298	BL01183	ubiE/COQ5 methyltransferase family proteins.	BL01183B 21.31 6.660e-12 143- 188
299	BL01279	Protein-L-isoaspartate(D-aspartate) O-methyltransferase signa.	BL01279A 24.27 5.862e-11 57- 105
301	BL00191	Cytochrome b5 family, heme-binding domain proteins.	BL00191K 17.38 4.951e-27 184- 228 BL00191J 11.37 6.447e-17 128-150
302	DM00892	3 RETROVIRAL PROTEINASE.	DM00892C 23.55 3.893e-16 33-67
306	PF01140	Matrix protein (MA), p15.	PF01140D 15.54 2.988e-09 416- 451
307	PR00245	OLFACTORY RECEPTOR SIGNATURE	PR00245A 18.03 4.818e-21 59-81 PR00245C 7.84 5.154e-20 238- 254 PR00245D 10.47 4.000e-15 274-286 PR00245B 10.38 8.200e- 15 177-192 PR00245E 12.40 5.714e-12 291-306
309	BL00203	Vertebrate metallothioneins proteins.	BL00203 13.94 2.245e-10 612-658
310	BL00237	G-protein coupled receptors proteins.	BL00237A 27.68 7.632e-23 119- 159 BL00237C 13.19 3.864e-15 251-278 BL00237D 11.23 3.739e- 12 312-329
311	BL00380	Rhodanese proteins.	BL00380D 15.90 8.200e-28 110- 136 BL00380G 11.26 5.800e-16 267-280 BL00380B 14.77 7.000e- 14 49-62 BL00380F 9.76 5.886e- 13 203-214 BL00380C 15.67 7.387e-13 82-98 BL00380E 12.44 7.000e-11 181-193 BL00380A 10.48 1.000e-09 10-20
312	BL00227	Tubulin subunits alpha, beta, and gamma proteins.	BL00227B 19.29 1.000e-40 50- 105 BL00227C 25.48 1.000e-40 111-163 BL00227D 18.46 1.000e- 40 220-274 BL00227F 21.16 1.000e-40 372-426 BL00227A 24.55 3.250e-39 1-35 BL00227E 24.15 8.500e-34 324-359
327	BL00232	Cadherins extracellular repeat proteins domain proteins.	BL00232B 32.79 7.362e-21 225- 273 BL00232B 32.79 2.588e-17 435-483 BL00232B 32.79 6.301e- 15 116-164 BL00232B 32.79 6.769e-13 330-378 BL00232C 10.65 9.341e-12 223-241 BL00232C 10.65 5.696e-11 328- 346 BL00232C 10.65 3.942e-10 433-451
329	PD02749	TRANSCRIPTION PROTEIN FACTOR BTF3 REGULATION NUCL.	PD02749B 12.75 2.241e-37 35-71 PD02749C 13.96 4.892e-28 87- 121 PD02749A 9.56 6.000e-15 2- 15
330	PR00391	PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL TRANSFER PROTEIN SIGNATURE	PR00391E 12.50 7.785e-15 211- 231 PR00391B 8.39 1.000e-13 83-104 PR00391D 12.21 9.328e- 13 191-207 PR00391A 7.83 5.390e-11 16-36
332	BL01030	RNA polymerases M / 15 Kd subunits proteins.	BL01030 23.44 1.818e-23 87-125
337	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 2.929e-32 6-45
340	PD02711	SYNTHASE	PD02711B 14.26 1.973e-20 944-

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SEC	-	ION DESCRIPTION	PCT/US01/04098
ID	1 110.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
NO	:		
<u></u>		PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLY	/ 060
343	BL0022	Annexins repeat proteins domain	
1	1	proteins.	BL00223C 24.79 1.000e-40 245-
ł			300 BL00223B 28.47 8 7146.30
ĺ			168-218 BL00223A 15.59 8 250
			1 27 98-132 BL00223A 15 50
1			8.750e-27 26-60 BL00223C 24.7
			1 9.438e-16 13-68 BL00223C 24 7
246			2.735e-15 85-140 BL00223A
346	PR00345	STATHMIN FAMILY SIGNATURE	15.59 2.253e-11 258-292
			1 ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
			PR00345E 8.54 7.652e-28 158-
		•	183 PR00345C 4.54 9.100e-28
			110-134 PR00345D 10.97 1.964e
247			24 134-158 PR00345A 13.46
347	BL00586	Ribosomal protein L16 proteins.	5.645e-16 52-71
240	-		BL00586B 17.00 3.215e-15 184-
348	PR00388	3',5'-CYCLIC NUCLEOTIDE CLASS	221 
251	ļ	PHOSPHODIESTERASE SIGNATUR	II PR00388A 10.45 2.778e-09 86-
351	BL00018	Er-nand calcium-binding domain	
354	+	proteins.	BL00018 7.41 3.118e-11 160-173
358	BL00678	Trp-Asp (WD) repeat proteins proteins	BL00018 7.41 2.350e-10 244-257
338	DM01206	COKONAVIRUS NUCLEOCADSID	
•	1	PROTEIN.	DM01206B 10.69 3.278e-09 175-
			195 DM01206B 10.69 6.696e-09
			183-203 DM01206B 10.69
			8.633e-09 132-152 DM01206B
	}		10.69 8.861e-09 181-201
361	777.0		DM01206B 10.69 9.316e-09 177-
301	PD01498	OXIDASE BIOSYNTHESIS	
362	DDOTAGO	OXIDOREDUCTASE PORP	PD01498C 24.90 6.880e-14 219- 263
302	PD01498	OXIDASE BIOSYNTHESIS	PD01498C 24.90 6.880e-14 219-
365	BL00178	OXIDOREDUCTASE PORP.	263
303	DF001\8	Aminoacyl-transfer RNA synthetases	BL00178B 7.11 1.000e-11 589-
		class-I proteins.	600 BL00178A 14.23 8.500e-09
366	BL00523		46-56
	DL00323	Sulfatases proteins.	BL00523E 19.27 1.000e-23 318-
1			348 BL00523A 13.36 5.500e-16
[			30-47 BL00523B 8.64 1.964e-13
			78-90 BL00523C 12.64 9.625e-13
		•	129-140 BL00523G 9.46 5.500e-
369	BL00107	Protein Li	10 506-516
- 1	~~~~/U/	Protein kinases ATP-binding region	BL00107A 18.39 4.818e-09 21-52
70	BL00880	proteins.	7.0106-09 21-52
71	BL00107	Acyl-CoA-binding protein.	BL00880 17.52 1.000e-40 75-125
	DD0010/	Protein kinases ATP-binding region	BL00107A 18.39 1.000e-23 276-
- 1		proteins.	307 BL00107B 13.31 1.692e-12
72	PR00211	CLUTTON	342-358
_	1 100211	GLUTELIN SIGNATURE	PR00211B 0.86 6.602e-11 326-
- 1		•	347 PR00211B 0.86 6.106e-10
- 1		1	320-341 PR00211B 0.86 3.167e-
73	BL00279	1	09 333-354
	DL002/9	Membrane attack complex components /	BL00279F 37 11 0 240
75	PD01066	perform proteins.	BL00279E 37.11 9.349e-10 749- 797
-	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC-	
77	DDCTAGE	FINGER METAL-BINDING NII	PD01066 19.43 1.231e-33 10-49
′   ~	PD01066	PRUTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC	PD01066 10 42 5 555
	BL00598	FINGER METAL-BINDING NII	PD01066 19.43 7.563e-28 10-49
9	DI 00-00-	Chromo domain proteins.	

SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
ID	NO.	DESCRIPTION	KESOLIS.
NO:	140.		
380	PR00413	HALOACID	PR00413D 11.28 8.941e-09 864-
300	PR00413	DEHALOGENASE/EPOXIDE	878 .
		HYDROLASE FAMILY SIGNATURE	
383	PR00413		DD00413D 11 00 0 041 00 064
383	PK00413	HALOACID	PR00413D 11.28 8.941e-09 864-
		DEHALOGENASE/EPOXIDE	878
L	77.010.00	HYDROLASE FAMILY SIGNATURE	
387	BL01060	Flagella transport protein fliP family	BL01060A 15.65 1.535e-09 131-
		proteins.	174
388	PR00209	ALPHA/BETA GLIADIN FAMILY	PR00209B 4.88 6.318e-11 1009-
		SIGNATURE	1028
389	PR00837	ALLERGEN V5/TPX-1 FAMILY	PR00837B 11.64 1.000e-10 469-
		SIGNATURE	483
391	BL00240	Receptor tyrosine kinase class III	BL00240B 24.70 7.907e-10 118-
		proteins.	142
392	PR00014	FIBRONECTIN TYPE III REPEAT	PR00014D 12.04 8.412e-10 691-
		SIGNATURE	706
393	PR00014	FIBRONECTIN TYPE III REPEAT	PR00014D 12.04 8.412e-10 706-
	•	SIGNATURE	721
394	BL01209	LDL-receptor class A (LDLRA) domain	BL01209 9.31 3.368e-15 47-60
		proteins.	BL01209 9.31 5.500e-13 92-105
395	BL00634	Ribosomal protein L30 proteins.	BL00634 34.38 4.090e-13 70-121
396	BL01013	Oxysterol-binding protein family	BL01013D 26.81 8.000e-26 358-
	2201013	proteins.	402 BL01013A 25.14 7.231e-21
1		proteins.	45-81 BL01013C 9.97 1.000e-13
]			132-142 BL01013B 11.33 1.000e-
		,	11 110-121
397	BL00930	Peripherin / rom-1 proteins.	BL00930E 17.80 1.000e-40 56-92
37,	DE00750	1 cripherm / form-1 proteins.	BL00930D 9.12 4.632e-37 12-56
			BL00930F 16.91 2.800e-36 92-
			133
400	PR00780	LEUSERPIN 2 SIGNATURE	PR00780B 4.89 4.491e-09 262-
	1100700	BBOODIG IN 2 SIGNATORE	285
401	PR00819	CBXX/CFQX SUPERFAMILY	PR00819B 10.83 7.158e-11 4-20
.01	1100019	SIGNATURE	1 R00017B 10:03 7:130C-11 4-20
403	BL00381	Endopeptidase Clp serine proteins.	BL00381C 23.84 1.250e-32 150-
103	DD00301	Endopopulaise Cip serme proteins.	194 BL00381A 16.48 2.286e-22
			74-111 BL00381B 21.42 8.326e-
			14 78-130
405	BL01105	Ribosomal protein L35Ae proteins.	BL01105A 17.37 1.000e-40 4-49
700	DEGLIG	100000than protein 15574e proteins.	BL01105B 12.95 1.000e-40 68-
		,	108
406	BL00344	GATA-type zinc finger domain proteins.	BL00344 17.99 7.000e-12 814-852
407	PR00211	GLUTELIN SIGNATURE	
407	PR00910	<del></del>	PR00211B 0.86 9.750e-09 73-94
409	LKOONI	LUTEOVIRUS ORF6 PROTEIN	PR00910A 2.51 4.321e-09 9-22
410	DI 00760	SIGNATURE	DY 007/04 00 40 : 000 00 777
410	BL00762	WHEP-TRS domain proteins.	BL00762A 23.43 1.000e-28 752-
			789 BL00762A 23.43 4.400e-21
			903-940 BL00762A 23.43 5.415e-
			18 825-862 BL00762B 16.14
412	DT 00600	DEALT I ATER 1	8.759e-12 1154-1168
412	BL00690	DEAH-box subfamily ATP-dependent	BL00690B 13.38 5.320e-15 262-
1		helicases proteins.	280 BL00690A 6.87 1.818e-13
	77 00000	m 1 1	230-240
415	BL00227	Tubulin subunits alpha, beta, and gamma	BL00227B 19.29 1.000e-40 52-
		proteins.	107 BL00227C 25.48 1.000e-40
		1	113-165 BL00227D 18.46 1.000e-
] [		1	40 222-276 BL00227F 21.16
			1.000e-40 382-436 BL00227E
<u>1</u>		<u></u>	24.15 1.750e-34 326-361

SEC		N DESCRIPTION	PCT/US01/04098
ID NO:	NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
416	DECCOOL		BL00227A 24.55 1.000e-33 1-35
	1100332	Troponin.	PF00992A 16.67 1.711e-09 557-
418		Nuclear transition protein 1 proteins.	
419	BL00541	Nuclear transition protein 1 proteins	BL00541 8.44 9.875e-09 256-310
420	PF00856	SET domain proteins.	BL00541 8.44 9.875e-09 197-251
		•	PF00856A 26.14 9.074e-13 901-
401			938 PF00856B 16.42 2.397e-12 951-973
421	BL00678	Trp-Asp (WD) repeat proteins proteins.	
423	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC	
424	<del>-</del>	FINGER METAL-BINDING NU	PD01066 19.43 8.600e-30 130-16
424	PF00564	Octicosapeptide repeat proteins.	PE00564P 24 74 1 22 7
126			PF00564B 24.74 1.305e-17 421-
426	PR00988	URIDINE KINASE SIGNATURE	
427	PR00988	URIDINE KINASE SIGNATURE	PR00988A 6.39 4.569e-12 3-21
428	BL00478	LIM domain proteins.	PR00988A 6.39 4.569e-12 3-21
			BL00478B 14.79 3.250e-13 115-
431	- Francisco		130 BL00478B 14.79 9.036e-13 50-65
431	BL00282	Kazal serine protease inhibitors family	
432	DD CCC-	proteins.	BL00282 16.88 8.875e-12 464-487
+32	PD00930	PROTEIN GTPASE DOMAIN	PD00930B 33.72 7.800e-18 316-
•		ACTIVATION.	357 PD00030A 25 CO 0 517
			357 PD00930A 25.62 9.617e-12
433	77010		125-151 PD00930B 33.72 2.521e- 10 214-255
433	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC-	
434	PROCES	FINGER METAL-BINDING NU	PD01066 19.43 4.649e-34 34-73
TJ#	PR00449	TRANSFORMING PROTEIN P21 PAG	PR00449A 13.20 7.563e-11 56-78
436	PR00120	SIGNATURE	13.20 /.303e-11 36-78
.50	FR00120	H+-TRANSPORTING ATPASE	PR00120C 9.90 5.800e-19 705-
437	BL00115	(PROTON PUMP) SIGNATURE	722
	DE00112	Eukaryotic RNA polymerase II	BL00115T 8.45 7.273e-29 1208-
		heptapeptide repeat proteins.	1242 BL00115O 18 08 2 776e-21
		1	1 953-983 BL00115Y 11.86 8 000e
			1/1604-1650 BL00115M 19 19
1			8.130e-16 731-774 BL00115H
Í			14.34 9.392e-16 463-496
			BL00115A 15.44 7.414e-15.43-82
1	•		BL00115R 6.50 6.128e-14 983-
1			1010 BL00115J 16.71 9.289e-14
			391-617 BL00115I 8.33 4.336e-
			13 535-590 BL00115L 12 25
		•	5.939e-13 662-694 BL00115G
- 1	İ		11.65 6.011e-13 435-463
		,	BL00115K 15.03 3.417e-10.617-
		I	659 BL00115O 16.76 5.805e-10
			863-913 BL00115P 11.54 7.538e-
-	ĺ		10 913-953 BL00115S 18.24
			7.968e-10 1010-1052 BL0011511
38	PF00628	PHD-finger.	10.34 4.475e-09 1242-1265
10		PROTEIN ZING PRACES	PF00628 15.84 4.536e-10 219-234
	1	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC-	PD01066 19.43 6.351e-34 10-49
11	PR00309	FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	
	1110000	ARRESTIN SIGNATURE	PR00309A 9.68 5.250e-24 32-55
	ļ		PR00309D 7.09 4.938e-23 290-
- 1			309 PR00309B 7.81 2.800e-21
			69-88 PR00309C 8.22 1.621e-19
			165-183 PR00309E 9.82 9.438e-
2	BL00600	Aminotransferases class-III pyridoxal-	15 374-389
_ ,			BL00600B 19.60 7.324e-14 103-

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
		phosphate attachment si.	129 BL00600G 12.43 2.125e-12 306-325 BL00600F 8.77 8.105e- 12 271-284 BL00600E 16.43 3.167e-11 228-257 BL00600D 8.71 8.650e-09 207-221
443	BL00972	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases family 2 proteins.	BL00972A 11.93 3.160e-18 69-87
	BL00349	CTF/NF-I proteins.	BL00349A 10.07 1.000e-40 8-54 BL00349C 9.33 1.000e-40 82-125 BL00349E 10.79 1.000e-40 152- 195 BL00349F 11.81 1.000e-40 213-255 BL00349H 15.70 7.387e- 36 361-399 BL00349B 10.51 2.227e-34 54-82 BL00349D 11.70 9.100e-34 125-152 BL00349G 19.72 5.781e-30 323-356
445	BL00154	E1-E2 ATPases phosphorylation site proteins.	BL00154F 8.23 8.941e-21 271- 295 BL00154E 20.37 2.620e-15 124-165
448	DM00215	PROLINE-RICH PROTEIN 3.	DM00215 19.43 4.882e-11 82-115 DM00215 19.43 6.492e-09 87-120
451	BL01283	T-box domain proteins.	BL01283A 24.15 3.100e-40 112- 160 BL01283D 11.70 6.000e-39 253-286 BL01283B 23.17 6.538e- 38 170-212 BL01283C 13.05 7.750e-19 222-236
452	PR00420	AROMATIC-RING HYDROXYLASE (FLAVOPROTEIN MONOOXYGENASE) SIGNATURE	PR00420A 14.78 2.579e-11 3-26
453	PR00162	RIESKE 2FE-2S SUBUNIT SIGNATURE	PR00162B 12.77 7.429e-17 215- 228 PR00162A 9.35 2.324e-14 193-205 PR00162C 8.10 7.120e- 14 227-240
454	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 7.000e-30 87-126
456	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 9.333e-18 1149- 1192
457	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 2.737e-24 16-55
459	BL00290	Immunoglobulins and major histocompatibility complex proteins.	BL00290A 20.89 1.529e-14 154- 177 BL00290B 13.17 9.000e-12 214-232
460	PR00413	HALOACID DEHALOGENASE/EPOXIDE HYDROLASE FAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00413F 14.91 7.333e-11 193- 214 PR00413E 15.78 5.714e-09 175-192
463	PR00759	BASIC PROTEASE (KUNITZ-TYPE) INHIBITOR FAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00759B 11.26 8.385e-09 74-85
466	BL00019	Actinin-type actin-binding domain proteins.	BL00019D 15.33 4.200e-19 300- 330
467	BL00019	Actinin-type actin-binding domain proteins.	BL00019D 15.33 4.200e-19 300- 330
469	PR00153	CYCLOPHILIN PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS-TRANS ISOMERASE SIGNATURE	PR00153D 11.99 3.250e-15 510- 523 PR00153C 11.01 4.682e-14 495-511 PR00153E 9.10 8.548e- 14 523-539 PR00153B 11.57 1.720e-13 452-465
470	BL00491	Aminopeptidase P and proline dipeptidase proteins.	BL00491C 12.15 3.912e-09 557- 572
471	PD00289	PROTEIN SH3 DOMAIN REPEAT	PD00289 9.97 1.000e-14 1482-

SEQ		ON DESCRIPTION	PCT/US01/04098
ID NO:	NO.	~200KH HOW	RESULTS*
		PRESYNA.	1406 88888
454			1496 PD00289 9.97 8.650e-11
474	BL50040	Elongation factor 1 gamma chain pro-	1122-1136
1		- 8 proj	
			329 BL50040E 18.79 1.000e-40
	1.		333-388 BL50040F 18.99 5.320
I		1	40 390-428 BL50040C 22.62
			3.739e-38 141-184 BL50040B 13.65 7.000e-30 59-85 BL50040
475	BL01144		12.98 1.450e-14 10-22
476	PR00007	Ribosomal protein L31e proteins.	BL01144 25.07 1.000e-40 22-74
	FR0000/	COMPLEMENT CIO DOMAIN	PR00007C 15.60 2.421e-21 589-
1	1	SIGNATURE	611 PR00007B 14.16 3.500e-21
		1	544-564 PR00007A 19.33 6.897e
			20 517-544 PR00007D 9.64
477	BL50002	Col	
	DE30002	Src homology 3 (SH3) domain proteins	BL50002A 14.19 5.846e-10 170-
479	DM01970	prome.	189
	22.1019/0	0 kw ZK632.12 YDR313C	DM01970B 8.60 9.500e-17 967-
480	PR00868	ENDOSOMAL III.	980
		DNA-POLYMERASE FAMILY A (PCI) SIGNATURE	
		JOIGNATURE	308 PR00868A 16.33 3 186e-13
	1		224-24/ PR00868H 12 51 3 3800
			13 431-448 PR008681 10 87
			7.938e-11 462-476 PR00868E
481	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	13.19 1.608e-10 340-366
482	BL00061	Short-chain dehydrogenases/reductases	BL00027 26.43 9.182e-22 53-96
		Lamily proteins	BL00061B 25.79 3.647e-21 188-
483	BL50002	Src homology 3 (SH3) domain proteins	226
		profile.	BL50002A 14.19 1.750e-12 1032-
485	PF00023	Ank repeat proteins.	1021
			PF00023A 16.03 9.625e-10 760-
486	DDOOG		776 PF00023A 16.03 3.571e-09 715-731
400	PD02870	RECEPTOR INTERLEUKIN-1	
ŀ		PRECURSOR.	PD02870B 18.83 9.262e-20 103-
487	PR00370		136 PD02870D 15.74 9.426e-09 201-236
.07	FR003/0	FLAVIN-CONTAINING	PR00370G 10.45 3.769e-28 471-
- 1		MONOOXYGENASE (FMO)	493 PR00370B 10.91 1.000e-24
		SIGNATURE	27-46 PR00370C 12.72 4.000e-21
1		1	140-157 PR00370E 11.96 9.229e-
- 1			21 320-339 PR00370D 16 33
1		}	1.750e-20 185-204 PR00370F
			17.75 7.395e-20 375-395
189	PD01675	GLYCOPROTEIN MA IOD TO	PR00370A 3.35 2.038e-18 4-20
		GLYCOPROTEIN MAJOR ENVELOPE PROBABLE U3.	PD01675C 19.89 2.330e-10 55-89
192	BL00211	ABC transporters family proteins.	L · 1
193	BL00211	ABC transporters family proteins.	BL00211A 12.23 5.050e-09 45-57
94	BL00211	ABC transporters family proteins.	BL00211A 12.23 5.050e-09 45-57
95	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00211A 12.23 5.050e-09 58-70
		domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 6.786e-12 509-552
1			BL00027 26.43 9.143e-12 310-362
		İ	BL00027 26.43 2.600e-11 627-670
97	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region	BL0002/26.43 3.625e-10 779-822
1		proteins.	BL0010/A 18.39 5 800e-22 214
1		•	245 BL00107B 13.31 1 000e-13
i	1		281-297 BI 001074 10 20 2 con
	1		12.500 10/A 18.39 3.520e-
9	BL00383	Tyrosine specific protein phosphatases	281-297 BL00107A 18.39 3.520e- 13 583-614 BL00107B 13.31 8.615e-12 652-668

SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
ID NO:	NO.		
		proteins.	1913 BL00383D 11.92 3.077e-14
			1862-1875 BL00383A 13.34
			5.500e-14 1730-1745 BL00383C
			10.10 2.000e-13 1785-1796 BL00383F 15.51 9.069e-12 1940-
l			1956 BL00383B 7.61 1.692e-11
			1755-1764
501	PR00019	LEUCINE-RICH REPEAT	PR00019B 11.36 1.360e-09 136-
		SIGNATURE	150 PR00019A 11.19 1.667e-09 91-105 PR00019B 11.36 4.600e-
			09 160-174
503	BL00226	Intermediate filaments proteins.	BL00226D 19.10 1.000e-40 367-
		•	414 BL00226B 23.86 6.143e-27
			195-243 BL00226A 12.77 7.840e-
			14 96-111 BL00226C 13.23
			2.600e-13 309-340 BL00226C 13.23 6.143e-12 266-297
			BL00226B 23.86 1.209e-09 146-
		<u> </u>	194
505	PD02407	3-BISPHOSPHOGLYCERATE-	PD02407F 7.61 6.739e-09 916-
506	PF00632	INDEPENDENT PHOSPHOGLYCER.  HECT-domain (ubiquitin-transferase).	930 PF00632C 20.66 9.830e-19 991-
500	1100032	TIECT-domain (doiquidir-dansierase).	1023 PF00632B 18.45 1.155e-11
			940-968
507	BL01082	Ribosomal protein L7Ae proteins.	BL01082 20.37 4.273e-20 76-116
508	BL00678	Trp-Asp (WD) repeat proteins proteins.	BL00678 9.67 2.421e-09 493-504
509 510	BL00678 PR00320	Trp-Asp (WD) repeat proteins proteins. G-PROTEIN BETA WD-40 REPEAT	BL00678 9.67 2.421e-09 473-484
310	FK00320	SIGNATURE	PR00320B 12.19 4.774e-11 567- 582 PR00320B 12.19 5.886e-10
		S.G.W.T.G.L.D	763-778 PR00320C 13.01 6.760e-
			10 567-582 PR00320A 16.74
			7.618e-10 846-861 PR00320A
			16.74 3.415e-09 763-778 PR00320A 16.74 6.268e-09 567-
			582
511	BL00479	Phorbol esters / diacylglycerol binding	BL00479C 12.01 3.250e-12 170-
	77.4	domain proteins.	183
512 513	BL50058 BL00524	G-protein gamma subunit profile.  Somatomedin B domain proteins.	BL50058 27.23 7.494e-09 10-58
515	BL00324 BL00041	Bacterial regulatory proteins, araC family	BL00524A 9.65 8.925e-14 80-101 BL00041 23.99 1.964e-19 492-524
		proteins.	BL00041 23.99 1.904c-19 492-324
516	PD00066	PROTEIN ZINC-FINGER METAL- BINDI.	PD00066 13.92 8.500e-13 391-404
517	BL00415	Synapsins proteins.	BL00415E 4.82 9.291e-09 959-
518	PR00109	TYROSINE KINASE CATALYTIC	996 PR00109B 12.27 9.471e-12 126-
·		DOMAIN SIGNATURE	145
519	BL00290	Immunoglobulins and major histocompatibility complex proteins.	BL00290B 13.17 4.750e-09 47-65
522	PR00505	D12 CLASS N6 ADENINE-SPECIFIC	PR00505A 14.15 7.128e-09 364-
		DNA METHYLTRANSFERASE	381
		SIGNATURE	
525	BL00312	Glycophorin A proteins.	BL00312B 9.22 5.781e-10 891- 920
528	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC-	PD01066 19.43 2.500e-32 16-55
		FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	
529	PR00254	NICOTINIC ACETYLCHOLINE	PR00254D 15.50 4.000e-17 131-
,		RECEPTOR SIGNATURE	150 PR00254A 11.23 4.706e-14 61-78 PR00254C 11.36 4.000e-12
		<u></u>	01-76 FX00234C 11.36 4.000e-12

SEQ		N DESCRIPTION	PCT/US01/04098
ID NO:	NO.		RESULTS*
			113-126 PR00254B 12.97 1.4866
531	BL00741	Cumina	11 95-110
	DE00741	Guanine-nucleotide dissociation	BL00741B 14.27 6.870e-16 787-
532	PR00193	stimulators CDC24 family sign.	810
		MYOSIN HEAVY CHAIN SIGNATURE	PR00193D 14.36 3.143e-34 447-
		SIGNATURE	4/6 PR00193C 12.60 7.632e-32
	ł		216-244 PR00193B 11.69 7 750e
			29 167-193 PR00193A 15 A1
			2.588e-22 111-131 PR00193F
533	PD02870	RECEPTOR INTERLEUKIN-1	19.47 2.200e-21 501-530
		PRECURSOR.	PD02870B 18.83 5.596e-09 348-
535	PR00683	SPECTRIN PLECKSTRIN	381
		HOMOLOGY DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00683D 15.87 2.452e-10 465-
536	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	484
538	PR00239	MOLLUSCAN RHODOPSIN C-	BL00027 26.43 6.684e-24 164-207
	<u> </u>	TERMINAL TAIL SIGNATURE	PR00239E 1.58 2.739e-09 225-
539	BL00406	Actins proteins.	237
		F	BL00406C 6.75 1.000e-40 157-
			212 BL00406B 5.47 6.143e-37
		,	90-145 BL00406D 12.58 4.600e-
			36 291-346 BL00406E 8.44
540			2.200e-33 364-414 BL00406A 9.95 4.441e-23 7-42
340	PR00456	RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN P2	PRO0456F 2 06 0 605
541	DD00456	SIGNATURE	PR00456E 3.06 9.625e-10 44-59
341	PR00456	RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN P2	PR00456E 3.06 9.625e-10 44-59
542	PF00023	SIGNATURE	1100430E 3.00 9.625e-10 44-59
342	PF00023	Ank repeat proteins.	PF00023A 16.03 7.857e-11 138-
544	PF00642	77'	
1	11.00042	Zinc finger C-x8-C-x5-C-x3-H type (and	PF00642 11.59 9.082e-10 838-849
546	BL00383	similar).	71.05 5.0020-10 656-649
.	2200303	Tyrosine specific protein phosphatases proteins.	BL00383E 10.35 4.115e-10 104-
547	BL01226		115
	01220	Hydroxymethylglutaryl-coenzyme A synthase proteins.	BL01226A 13.79 1.000e-40 50-89
ı		synthase proteins.	BL01226C 13.51 1.000e-40 127
		1	167 BL01226D 11.60 1.000e-40
ļ			174-210 BL01226E 13 74 1 000e
1			40 212-253 BL01226H 17.74
1			1.000e-40 386-434 BL012261
1			25.06 1.000e-40 460-508
			BL01226G 15.76 3.483e-32 292-
1		·	321 BL01226B 13.35 1.818e-31
40		-	95-127 BL01226F 9.78 8.714e-23
49	BL00964	Syndecans proteins.	253-271 BL 00064D 12 05 0 15
51	- D) (6:5	·	BL00964B 12.05 2.426e-10 1246- 1289
11	DM01930	2 kw FINGER SMCX SMCY	
1		YDR096W.	DM01930E 15.41 1.367e-37 170-
	1	· .	215 DM01930F 14.16 8.232e-28 267-303 DM01930B 19.86
52	DI 00105		9.163e-10 37-71
54	BL00195	Glutaredoxin proteins.	BL00195B 15.31 7.158e-09 9-29
	BL00383	Tyrosine specific protein phosphatases	BL00383E 10.35 2.756e-12 436-
55		proteins.	447
	FK00403	WW DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00403B 12.19 7.612e-11 122-
1	ĺ		137 PR00403A 16.82 3.912e-10
1	ŀ	İ	107-121 PR00403B 12.19 2.068e-
8	PR00380		09 76-91
·	1 -		PR00380A 14.18 2.714e-26 76-98

SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
ID NO:	NO.		
			297 PR00380C 13.18 5.154e-20
			226-245 PR00380B 12.64 9.400e-
559 .	BL00518	Zino Specia C2HCA+ (DDIC 5	20 195-213
		Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger), proteins.	BL00518 12.23 5.333e-09 522-531
561	PD01795	PROTEIN AMINOPEPTIDASE	PD01795B 11.56 2.333e-12 159-
		PRECURSOR HYDROLASE SIGNA.	172 PD01795A 10.27 1.000e-09 135-144
562	PD01795	PROTEIN AMINOPEPTIDASE	PD01795B 11.56 2.333e-12 110-
		PRECURSOR HYDROLASE SIGNA.	123 PD01795A 10.27 1.000e-09 86-95
563	BL00018	EF-hand calcium-binding domain proteins.	BL00018 7.41 1.391e-09 41-54
565	BL00348	p53 tumor antigen proteins.	BL00348F 23.19 4.143e-09 188- 231
567	PD00301	PROTEIN REPEAT MUSCLE CALCIUM-BI.	PD00301B 5.49 4.115e-09 284- 295
569	PF00850	Histone deacetylase family.	PF00850E 8.88 6.553e-21 756-782
			PF00850D 14.76 1.519e-16 722-
		1	746 PF00850F 15.70 1.118e-11 794-827 PF00850G 22.75 8.375e-
			11 833-875
570	PD00289	PROTEIN SH3 DOMAIN REPEAT PRESYNA.	PD00289 9.97 4.960e-10 137-151
571	BL00518	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger), proteins.	BL00518 12.23 8.800e-11 44-53
573	BL00299	Ubiquitin domain proteins.	BL00299 28.84 1.123e-11 123-175
574	PF01140	Matrix protein (MA), p15.	PF01140D 15.54 3.700e-10 986- 1021
576	BL00284	Serpins proteins.	BL00284C 28.56 5.200e-26 200-
			242 BL00284A 15.64 4.913e-18
			71-95 BL00284B 17.99 7.261e-15 173-194 BL00284D 16.34 5.846e-
	•		13 306-333 BL00284E 19.15
			7.429e-12 387-412
579	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 6.553e-29 15-54
580	BL50001	Src homology 2 (SH2) domain proteins profile.	BL50001B 17.40 4.500e-12 1010- 1031
581	PD00930	PROTEIN GTPASE DOMAIN	PD00930B 33.72 3.189e-22 608-
		ACTIVATION.	649 PD00930A 25.62 6.806e-17 505-531
584	BL00612	Osteonectin domain proteins.	BL00612B 11.35 2.034e-11 93- 126
585	DM01551	kw OSTEOINDUCTIVE YOPM MEMBRANE OUTER.	DM01551C 14.62 8.859e-10 102- 122
586	PF00628	PHD-finger.	PF00628 15.84 3.455e-12 235-250
587	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 6.063e-10 85-128
588	PR00326	GTP1/OBG GTP-BINDING PROTEIN	PR00326A 8.75 7.525e-16 227-
		FAMILY SIGNATURE	248 PR00326C 9.79 6.760e-15
			276-292 PR00326D 19.09 6.657e-   13 293-312 PR00326B 16.74
			9.229e-13 248-267
589	BL00422	Granins proteins.	BL00422A 28.34 7.429e-09 2349- 2378
590	BL00415	Synapsins proteins.	BL00415N 4.29 9.794e-10 295- 339
591	BL00128	Alpha-lactalbumin / lysozyme C proteins.	BL00128A 20.76 3.423e-13 35-65
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L	BL00128C 19.34 2.980e-11 110-

SEQ	ACCESSION	DECONTE	PCT/US01/04098
ID NO:	NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
596	PR00049	Will belong the second	132
597		WILM'S TUMOUR PROTEIN SIGNATURE	PR00049D 0.00 3.136e-09 31-46
397	DM00547	1 kw CHROMO BROMODOMAIN SHADOW GLOBAL.	DM00547C 17.30 1.667e-19 207 229 DM00547E 13.94 6.200e-18 319-342 DM00547B 11.28 1.000e-17 179-193 DM00547D 11.60 9.250e-13 289-303 DM00547F 23.43 6.727e-12 679- 726 DM00547A 12.38 4.818e-11
600	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	158-170 PD01066 19.43 1.882e-27 13-52
601	BL00192	Cytochrome b/b6 heme-ligand proteins.	BL00192A 11.90 6.400e-09 390-
602	BL00936	Ribosomal protein L35 proteins.	430 BL00936B 27.27 8.615e-09 118-
603	BL00936	Ribosomal protein L35 proteins.	BL00936B 27.27 8.615e-09 118-
606	PR00019	LEUCINE-RICH REPEAT SIGNATURE	PR00019B 11.36 7.300e-10 292- 306 PR00019A 11.19 5.667e-09
607	PR00019	LEUCINE-RICH REPEAT SIGNATURE	323-337 PR00019B 11.36 7.300e-10 292- 306 PR00019A 11.19 5.667e-09 323-337
608	PR00320	G-PROTEIN BETA WD-40 REPEAT SIGNATURE	PR00320C 13.01 9.500e-12 168- 183 PR00320A 16.74 2.853e-10 60-75 PR00320A 16.74 4.706e-10 14-29 PR00320C 13.01 5.320e-10 60-75 PR00320C 13.01 5.680e-10 14-29 PR00320A 16.74 6.049e-09 217-232 PR00320B 12.19 8.875e- 09 168-183
610	BL00750	Chaperonins TCP-1 proteins.	BL00750B 16.17 1.000e-40 70- 120 BL00750A 20.07 6.211e-37 26-69 BL00750G 20.12 8.800e-31 431-471 BL00750F 18.40 5.125e- 30 370-411 BL00750E 24.59 8.650e-29 295-332 BL00750H 21.44 1.000e-27 489-524 BL00750C 25.65 5.345e-17 149- 181 BL00750D 16.16 6.318e-14
613	BL00766	Tetrahydrofolate dehydrogenase/cyclohydrolase proteins.	203-222 BL00766B 24.49 1.000e-40 142- 190 BL00766E 13.78 1.000e-40 322-359 BL00766C 25.86 5.500e- 39 208-256 BL00766D 17.05 4.536e-26 283-313 BL00766A 21.48 6.063e-24 102-132
615	BL00256	Adipokinetic hormone family proteins.	BL00256 12.28 3.298e-10 746-755
616	BL00319	Amyloidogenic glycoprotein extracellular domain proteins.	BL00319C 17.12 9.053e-09 419- 453
517	BL00030	Eukaryotic RNA-binding region RNP-1 proteins.	BL00030A 14.39 4.429e-09 44-63
518	BL00030	Eukaryotic RNA-binding region RNP-1 proteins.	BL00030A 14.39 4.429e-09 44-63
520	BL00325	Actin-depolymerizing proteins.	BL00325B 21.66 5.817e-16 77-
522	ł		123

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
		family 2 proteins.	231 BL00972D 22.55 2.742e-16 501-526 BL00972B 9.45 1.000e- 11 297-307 BL00972C 16.48 3.160e-11 370-385 BL00972E 20.72 7.517e-10 526-548
625	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 6.333e-39 6-45
628	BL00039	DEAD-box subfamily ATP-dependent helicases proteins.	BL00039D 21.67 7.750e-31 478- 524 BL00039A 18.44 2.000e-25 198-237 BL00039C 15.63 1.844e- 15 327-351 BL00039B 19.19 5.636e-14 242-268
630	PD00306	PROTEIN GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR RE.	PD00306A 10.26 7.000e-12 232- 246
631	PD00306	PROTEIN GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR RE.	PD00306A 10.26 7.000e-12 290- 304
633	BL00785	5'-nucleotidase proteins.	BL00785C 9.45 3.625e-16 108- 122 BL00785E 15.85 4.000e-16 279-295 BL00785A 9.73 6.500e- 14 29-40 BL00785B 10.65 5.500e-13 72-86 BL00785D 9.89 4.000e-12 135-145
636	PR00832	PAXILLIN SIGNATURE	PR00832E 14.43 9.901e-14 85- 108
637	PR00109	TYROSINE KINASE CATALYTIC DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00109B 12.27 6.362e-13 221- 240
638	PF00635	MSP (Major sperm protein) domain proteins.	PF00635B 15.84 4.900e-11 463- 502
639	PR00860	VERTEBRATE METALLOTHIONEIN SIGNATURE	PR00860B 7.04 1.900e-18 85-99 PR00860C 9.61 1.474e-14 99-109 PR00860A 5.46 1.720e-14 63-76
641	PD00066	PROTEIN ZINC-FINGER METAL-BINDI.	PD00066 13.92 4.462e-15 271-284 PD00066 13.92 4.462e-15 299-312 PD00066 13.92 2.800e-14 327-340 PD00066 13.92 2.800e-14 383-396 PD00066 13.92 2.800e-14 411-424 PD00066 13.92 7.000e-14 355-368 PD00066 13.92 8.800e-14 439-452 PD00066 13.92 8.800e-14 495-508 PD00066 13.92 1.500e-13 551-564 PD00066 13.92 7.000e-13 467-480 PD00066 13.92 7.000e-13 223-536 PD00066 13.92 9.500e-13 215-228 PD00066 13.92 9.500e-13 243-256 PD00066 13.92 9.500e-13 579-592 PD00066 13.92 8.615e-10 607-620 PD00066 13.92 1.600e-09 187-200
642	BL00961	Ribosomal protein S28e proteins.	BL00961B 11.24 7.429e-37 67- 100 BL00961A 9.90 4.079e-26 42-66
643	BL00585	Ribosomal protein S5 proteins.	BL00585A 28.43 1.391e-40 103- 155 BL00585B 18.78 3.250e-30 193-230
647	BL00678	Trp-Asp (WD) repeat proteins proteins.	BL00678 9.67 9.400e-10 181-192
648	PR00876	NEMATODE METALLOTHIONEIN SIGNATURE	PR00876C 6.15 9.229e-09 112- 126
652	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 5.941e-27 29-68
653	BL00047	Histone H4 proteins.	BL00047A 13.53 1.000e-40 2-41

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
			BL00047B 6.51 1.429e-40 41-74 BL00047C 12.18 1.310e-38 74- 104
654	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 4.109e-25 30-69
655	BL01115	GTP-binding nuclear protein ran proteins.	BL01115A 10.22 3.483e-17 19-63
657	BL00518	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger), proteins.	BL00518 12.23 8.286e-10 31-40
658	BL00125	Serine/threonine specific protein phosphatases proteins.	BL00125B 21.48 1.000e-40 89- 135 BL00125C 19.97 1.000e-40 153-200 BL00125D 33.11 1.000e- 40 213-268 BL00125A 14.83
659	PD00066	PROTEIN ZINC-FINGER METAL-BINDI.	8.941e-38 47-84  PD00066 13.92 8.200e-16 492-505  PD00066 13.92 9.308e-15.380-393  PD00066 13.92 6.000e-13 352-365  PD00066 13.92 7.000e-13 240-253  PD00066 13.92 7.500e-13 268-281  PD00066 13.92 7.500e-13 408-421  PD00066 13.92 2.174e-11 464-477
660	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC-	PD00066 13.92 1.000e-10 436-449 PD01066 19.43 2.189e-26 29-68
661	BL00795	FINGER METAL-BINDING NU. Involucrin proteins.	BL00795C 17.06 7.882e-15 193-
			238 BL00795C 17.06 3.797e-13 187-232 BL00795C 17.06 5.014e- 13 188-233 BL00795C 17.06 4.506e-12 196-241 BL00795C 17.06 7.896e-12 191-236 BL00795C 17.06 1.667e-11 185- 230 BL00795C 17.06 2.000e-11 198-243 BL00795C 17.06 3.778e- 11 171-216 BL00795C 17.06 6.111e-11 197-242 BL00795C 17.06 6.444e-11 194-239 BL00795C 17.06 8.000e-11 189- 234 BL00795C 17.06 8.556e-11 192-237 BL00795C 17.06 1.733e- 10 195-240 BL00795C 17.06 2.779e-10 184-229 BL00795C 17.06 4.035e-10 199-244 BL00795C 17.06 5.081e-10 186- 231 BL00795C 17.06 6.965e-10 190-235 BL00795C 17.06 6.965e-10 190-235 BL00795C 17.06 5.800e-09 175-220 BL00795C 17.06 6.500e-09 182-227 BL00795C 17.06 6.600e-09 202-247 BL00795C 17.06 6.600e-09
662	BL00469	Nucleoside diphosphate kinases proteins.	09 208-253
663	BL01160	Kinesin light chain repeat proteins.	BL00469 22.22 1.000e-40 149-204 BL01160B 19.54 9.411e-11 331-
664	BL00601	Tryptophan pentad repeat proteins (IRF	385 BL00601A 20.29 5.500e-23 7-46
665	BL00082	family) proteins.  Extradiol ring-cleavage dioxygenases	BL00601B 20.92 3.631e-13 69-98 BL00082A 19.07 8.615e-12 49-72
666	D)401525	proteins.	
000	DM01537	kw SKI2W SKI2 NUCLEOLAR	DM01537B 21.63 4.073e-37 834-

SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
ID ID	NO.	DESCRITION	1650215
NO:	1,0.		
-110.		HELICASE.	881 DM01537B 21.63 9.750e-21
Ì		122.0.102.	1669-1716 DM01537A 15.14
			8.650e-18 698-718 DM01537A
			15.14 6.766e-12 1537-1557
667	DM01537	kw SKI2W SKI2 NUCLEOLAR	DM01537B 21.63 7.923e-38 820-
00,	211201337	HELICASE.	867 DM01537B 21.63 9.750e-21
			1655-1702 DM01537A 15.14
			8.650e-18 684-704 DM01537A
			15.14 6.766e-12 1523-1543
669	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region	BL00107A 18.39 6.786e-24 849-
		proteins.	880 BL00107B 13.31 6.727e-13
		•	916-932
670	BL00299	Ubiquitin domain proteins.	BL00299 28.84 9.735e-27 37-89
671	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 6.571e-12 432-475
676	PR00861	ALPHA-LYTIC ENDOPEPTIDASE	PR00861E 9.88 2.385e-09 206-
		SERINE PROTEASE (S2A)	221
		SIGNATURE	İ
678	BL00225	Crystallins beta and gamma 'Greek key'	BL00225B 18.06 7.517e-24 1805-
		motif proteins.	1840 BL00225B 18.06 8.297e-20
			1987-2022 BL00225B 18.06
	•		2.575e-19 1896-1931 BL00225B
			18.06 8.200e-19 175-210
			BL00225B 18.06 8.200e-19 1698-
			1733 BL00225B 18.06 4.808e-14
			73-108 BL00225B 18.06 4.808e-
			14 1596-1631 BL00225B 18.06
			5.500e-14 2077-2112 BL00225A
			13.82 5.829e-12 2043-2064
			BL00225A 13.82 3.127e-09 1759-
			1780
679	PR00320	G-PROTEIN BETA WD-40 REPEAT	PR00320C 13.01 4.240e-10 169-
		SIGNATURE	184 PR00320A 16.74 6.294e-10
	DY 000 10		169-184
680	BL00243	Integrins beta chain cysteine-rich domain	BL00243I 31.77 1.143e-11 172-
- 601	77700050	proteins.	215
681	PR00852	XERODERMA PIGMENTOSUM	PR00852H 5.90 1.000e-29 612-
		GROUP D PROTEIN SIGNATURE	635 PR00852E 8.14 3.769e-27
			348-371 PR00852D 11.38 8.875e-
	•		27 309-331 PR00852B 11.08 2.800e-25 249-269 PR00852I
			17.26 3.500e-25 683-704
			PR00852F 11.85 5.909e-24 379-
			398 PR00852G 16.19 4.462e-23
			468-486 PR00852C 8.81 9.143e-
			23 284-303
682	BL50058	G-protein gamma subunit profile.	BL50058 27.23 1.375e-35 15-63
685	BL00972	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases	BL00972A 11.93 7.500e-20 40-58
555	DD00712	family 2 proteins.	BL00972D 22.55 3.903e-16 300-
			325 BL00972B 9.45 1.000e-13
			120-130 BL00972E 20.72 5.500e-
			11 325-347
687	BL00237	G-protein coupled receptors proteins.	BL00237A 27.68 4.273e-14 98-
3,	220027	a transmit combrate recobeout brossers.	138
688	BL00388	Proteasome A-type subunits proteins.	BL00388A 23.14 1.000e-40 8-54
335	00000	2101000011011 type subunits proteins.	BL00388B 31.38 3.864e-33 66-
		1	108 BL00388D 20.71 1.000e-21
			153-184 BL00388C 18.79 8.147e-
			16 126-148
689	PD02796	PROTEIN STEROL CARRIER LIPID-	PD02796B 20.92 1.105e-15 347-

NO.   NO.   NO.	SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
PD01572		NO.		
CENTRE T PROTEIN PHOTOS   BL00028   Zinc finger, CZHZ type, domain proteins.   BL00028   6.07 7.600e-10 488-50   694   BL01013   Oxysterol-binding protein family   BL01013A 25.14 9.357s-33 527-563 BL01013D 26.81 8.235s-233   814-858 BL01013D 26.81 8.235s-233   814-858 BL01013D 26.81 8.235s-233   814-858 BL01013D 26.81 8.235s-233   814-858 BL01013D 26.81 8.235s-233   814-858 BL01013D 26.81 8.235s-233   814-858 BL01013D 26.81 8.235s-233   814-858 BL01013D 26.81 8.235s-233   814-858 BL01013D 26.81 8.235s-233   8165-815 92-603   978.5526-603				394
BL01013   Oxysterol-binding protein family proteins.   BL01013D 26.81 & 23.5e.23	L		CENTRE T PROTEIN PHOTOS.	
PRO0289   PROTEIN SH3 DOMAIN REPEAT   PD00289 9.77 6.2116-118 1.2316-25 BL01013D 26.81 8.2356-23 814-858 BL01013C 9.97 6.2116-118 1.2416-178 PRESYNA.   PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00289 9.97 3.5716-13 164-178 PD00249 9.97 3.5716-13 139-156 PR00749 13.63 8.6366-1			Zinc finger, C2H2 type, domain proteins.	BL00028 16.07 7.600e-10 488-505
Section   Sect	694	BL01013		563 BL01013D 26.81 8.235e-23
PRESYNA.  PRO0289 9.97 8.650e-11 2147- 2161 PD00289 9.97 2.552e-09 23 37 PR00161 NICKEL-DEPENDENT HYDROGENASE/B-TYPE CYTOCHROME SIGNATURE  PR00749 LYSOZYME G SIGNATURE  PR00749F 13.63 8.636e-13 139- 156 PR00749F 18.22 3.681e-12 173-194 PR00749B 16.54 1.419e- 11 48-70 PR00749C 7.26 3.060e- 11 72-91 PR00749H 10.33 4.815e-10.24-45 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 13.63 1.000e- 22 187-215 PR00704G 13.81 1.237e-21 317-339 PR00704H 13.38 8.138e-21 367-385 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704D 11.000e- 22 187-215 PR00704D 13.61 1.000e-	(05	DDAGGG		3.605e-13 592-603
HYDROGENASE/B-TYPE			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PD00289 9.97 8.650e-11 2147- 2161 PD00289 9.97 2.552e-09 23-
PR00749	698	PR00161	HYDROGENASE/B-TYPE	
156 PR00749H 8.22 3.681e-12   173-194 PR00749H 8.22 3.681e-12   173-194 PR00749H 1.654 1.419e-	700	PR00749		PR00749F 13 63 8 636e 13 130
A.815e-10 24-45   PR007041 9.52 1.000e-29 476-505   PR007041 9.52 1.000e-29 476-505   PR007041 9.52 1.000e-29 476-505   PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132-158   PR00704E 12.55 5.500e-27 132-158   PR00704E 12.55 5.500e-27 152-186   PR00704E 13.61 1.000e-22 187-215   PR00704E 13.67 1.037e-21 137-339   PR00704H 13.38 8.138e-21 367-385   PR00704C 11.88 1.257e-17 96-113   PR00704C 11.88 1.257e-17 96-113   PR00704C 11.88 1.257e-17 96-113   PR00704E 17.94 1.833e-15 72-95				156 PR00749H 8.22 3.681e-12 173-194 PR00749B 16.54 1.419e- 11 48-70 PR00749C 7.26 3.060e-
FAMILY SIGNATURE    PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132-158 PR00704F 13.61 1.000e-22 187-215 PR00704F 13.61 1.000e-22 187-215 PR00704G 13.87 1.000e-22 187-215 PR00704G 13.87 1.237e-21 317-339 PR00704H 13.38 8.138e-21 367-385 PR00704A 14.68 2.125e-19 27-51 PR00704C 11.88 1.257e-17 96-113 PR00704C 11.88 1.257e-17 96-113 PR00704B 17.94 1.833e-15 705 PR00859 PROKARYOTE METALLOTHIONEIN PR00859C 7.06 2.776e-09 94-111 SIGNATURE    PR00826	702	DD 00704	CALDADI CVCTEDIE DE OTE AGE (CO)	4.815e-10 24-45
1.237e-21 317-339 PR00704H   13.38 8.138e-21 367-385   PR00704A 14.68 2.125e-19 27-51   PR00704C 11.88 1.257e-17 96-113 PR00704B 17.94 1.833e-15 72-95   PR00704C 11.88 1.257e-17 96-113 PR00704B 17.94 1.833e-15 72-95   PR00859   PROKARYOTE METALLOTHIONEIN SIGNATURE   PR00859C 7.06 2.776e-09 94-111   PR00859C 7.06 2.776e-09 94-1	703	PR00/04		PR00704D 11.05 2.500e-27 132- 158 PR00704E 12.55 5.500e-27 162-186 PR00704F 13.61 1.000e-
PR00859   PROKARYOTE METALLOTHIONEIN   PR00859C 7.06 2.776e-09 94-111				1.237e-21 317-339 PR00704H 13.38 8.138e-21 367-385 PR00704A 14.68 2.125e-19 27-51 PR00704C 11.88 1.257e-17 96- 113 PR00704B 17.94 1.833e-15
A16 BL00226B 23.86 3.250e-24   203-251 BL00226C 13.23 8.269e-21 268-299 BL00226A 12.77   8.200e-14 103-118   PR00021A 4.31 2.440e-10 2-15	705	PR00859		1
203-251 BL00226C 13.23 8.269e-21 268-299 BL00226A 12.77 8.200e-14 103-118     707	706	BL00226	Intermediate filaments proteins.	BL00226D 19.10 9.581e-26 369-
R.200e-14 103-118				203-251 BL00226C 13.23 8.269e-
PR00021   SMALL PROLINE-RICH PROTEIN   PR00021A 4.31 2.440e-10 2-15	]			
Total	707	PR00021		
SIGNATURE   Fibrinogen beta and gamma chains C- terminal domain proteins.   BL00514C 17.41 8.412e-27 160-197 BL00514E 14.28 8.909e-16 219-236 BL00514H 14.95 1.551e-15 317-342 BL00514G 15.98 7.750e-15 284-314 BL00514D 15.35 4.789e-10 201-214   PD00930   PROTEIN GTPASE DOMAIN ACTIVATION.   PD00930B 33.72 8.714e-12 49-90 ACTIVATION.   BL00400C 24.53 6.029e-17 158-202 BL00400D 23.26 2.080e-14 222-259 BL00400A 21.59 1.600e-			Ribosomal protein S10 proteins.	1
terminal domain proteins.  197 BL00514E 14.28 8.909e-16 219-236 BL00514H 14.95 1.551e- 15 317-342 BL00514G 15.98 7.750e-15 284-314 BL00514D 15.35 4.789e-10 201-214  PD00930 PROTEIN GTPASE DOMAIN ACTIVATION.  PD00930B 33.72 8.714e-12 49-90  ACTIVATION.  BL00400C 24.53 6.029e-17 158- 202 BL00400D 23.26 2.080e-14 222-259 BL00400A 21.59 1.600e-			SIGNATURE	PR00021A 4.31 2.200e-10 2-15
711         PD00930         PROTEIN GTPASE DOMAIN ACTIVATION.         PD00930B 33.72 8.714e-12 49-90           714         BL00400         LBP / BPI / CETP family proteins.         BL00400C 24.53 6.029e-17 158- 202 BL00400D 23.26 2.080e-14 222-259 BL00400A 21.59 1.600e-	710	BL00514		197 BL00514E 14.28 8.909e-16 219-236 BL00514H 14.95 1.551e- 15 317-342 BL00514G 15.98 7.750e-15 284-314 BL00514D
202 BL00400D 23.26 2.080e-14 222-259 BL00400A 21.59 1.600e-			l e	
10 27-59	714	BL00400		202 BL00400D 23.26 2.080e-14 222-259 BL00400A 21.59 1.600e-
715 BL01154 RNA polymerases L / 13 to 16 Kd BL01154B 24.55 5.500e-36 40-76	715	BL01154	RNA polymerases L / 13 to 16 Kd	

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
		subunits proteins.	BL01154A 18.70 3.000e-22 19-40
716	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 9.786e-32 10-49
717	BL00215	Mitochondrial energy transfer proteins.	BL00215A 15.82 9.206e-14 77- 102 BL00215A 15.82 8.412e-10 175-200
719	BL00309	Vertebrate galactoside-binding lectin proteins.	BL00309C 18.65 2.241e-09 62-87
726	BL00687	Aldehyde dehydrogenases glutamic acid proteins.	BL00687E 25.37 7.136e-33 266- 316 BL00687D 26.00 5.333e-28 151-198 BL00687B 17.54 3.647e- 26 39-81 BL00687C 24.13 6.087e-22 96-133 BL00687F 9.55 2.500e-11 352-363
727	DM01354	kw TRANSCRIPTASE REVERSE II ORF2.	DM01354N 13.17 1.000e-40 129- 174 DM01354O 8.73 6.605e-15 180-226
734	PD00301	PROTEIN REPEAT MUSCLE CALCIUM-BI.	PD00301A 10.24 6.400e-09 101- 112
735	BL01024	Protein phosphatase 2A regulatory subunit PR55 proteins.	BL01024A 10.26 1.000e-40 22-69 BL01024B 8.91 1.000e-40 86-127 BL01024C 7.80 1.000e-40 146- 185 BL01024D 13.22 1.000e-40 185-222 BL01024E 11.96 1.000e- 40 222-266 BL01024F 9.42 1.000e-40 266-317 BL01024G 11.09 1.000e-40 317-349 BL01024H 13.88 1.000e-40 389- 442
736	PF00913	Trypanosome variant surface glycoprotein.	PF00913D 11.90 7.130e-10 24-51
737	PR00700	PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE SIGNATURE	PR00700D 12.47 2.200e-09 82- 101
740	PR00320	G-PROTEIN BETA WD-40 REPEAT SIGNATURE	PR00320C 13.01 1.600e-09 68-83 PR00320A 16.74 7.366e-09 68-83
743	PR00871	DNA NUCLEOTIDYLEXOTRANSFERASE (TDT) SIGNATURE	PR00871G 14.48 8.000e-09 178- 201
745	BL00518	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger), proteins.	BL00518 12.23 2.286e-10 33-42
749	BL00215	Mitochondrial energy transfer proteins.	BL00215A 15.82 5.200e-15 221- 246 BL00215A 15.82 7.618e-14 20-45 BL00215A 15.82 8.851e-11 123-148 BL00215B 10.44 9.526e- 11 69-82 BL00215B 10.44 7.300e-09 272-285 BL00215B 10.44 8.500e-09 165-178
751	BL50002	Src homology 3 (SH3) domain proteins profile.	BL50002A 14.19 1.000e-14 370- 389 BL50002B 15.18 2.200e-10 408-422
752	BL00353	HMG1/2 proteins.	BL00353B 11.47 3.089e-12 390- 440
753	PF00622	Domain in SPIa and the RYanodine Receptor.	PF00622B 21.00 4.214e-14 47-69
754	BL00211	ABC transporters family proteins.	BL00211A 12.23 8.941e-10 66-78
755	PR00926	MITOCHONDRIAL CARRIER PROTEIN SIGNATURE	PR00926F 17.75 7.750e-19 392- 415 PR00926C 16.07 5.935e-17 253-274 PR00926D 10.53 2.059e- 15 301-320 PR00926E 11.70

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
			4.971e-15 344-363 PR00926B 16.07 9.526e-13 210-225 PR00926A 10.41 1.514e-12 197- 211
756	BL01187	Calcium-binding EGF-like domain proteins pattern proteins.	BL01187A 9.98 2.125e-12 324- 336 BL01187A 9.98 4.789e-11 377-389 BL01187B 12.04 3.057e- 10 439-455
757	PF00651	BTB (also known as BR-C/Ttk) domain proteins.	PF00651 15.00 4.429e-10 43-56
758	PR00055	HIV TAT DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00055A 8.13 8.855e-09 144- 156
759	PD00066	PROTEIN ZINC-FINGER METAL- BINDI.	PD00066 13.92 5.304e-11 110-123
760	PR00448	NSF ATTACHMENT PROTEIN SIGNATURE°	PR00448D 12.42 3.455e-27 162- 186 PR00448A 10.74 1.273e-22 37-57 PR00448B 16.01 9.379e-21 100-118 PR00448C 11.46 1.000e- 20 129-147
765	BL01042	Homoserine dehydrogenase proteins.	BL01042A 13.29 5.909e-11 74-95
766	PR00625	DNAJ PROTEIN FAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00625A 12.84 2.154e-18 26-46 PR00625B 13.48 9.000e-16 57-78
768	BL00762	WHEP-TRS domain proteins.	BL00762A 23.43 8.500e-28 112- 149 BL00762B 16.14 3.793e-12 64-78 BL00762A 23.43 6.625e-12 6-43 BL00762C 15.58 4.176e-09 459-472 BL00762D 11.15 9.667e- 09 210-220
769	PR00709	AVIDIN SIGNATURE	PR00709A 4.60 1.934e-09 1-20
770	PR00320	G-PROTEIN BETA WD-40 REPEAT SIGNATURE	PR00320C 13.01 1.720e-10 262- 277 PR00320A 16.74 2.853e-10 262-277 PR00320C 13.01 4.300e- 09 96-111 PR00320B 12.19 5.500e-09 262-277 PR00320A 16.74 6.268e-09 55-70
771	PR00019	LEUCINE-RICH REPEAT SIGNATURE	PR00019B 11.36 8.714e-12 87- 101 PR00019A 11.19 1.000e-10 90-104
772	PD02807	APOLIPOPROTEIN E PRECURSOR APO-E GLYCOPROTEIN PLAS.	PD02807C 8.91 6.308e-10 110- 159
773	PD02807	APOLIPOPROTEIN E PRECURSOR APO-E GLYCOPROTEIN PLAS.	PD02807C 8.91 6.308e-10 155- 204
774	DM00547	1 kw CHROMO BROMODOMAIN SHADOW GLOBAL,	DM00547F 23.43 3.942e-28 943- 990 DM00547E 13.94 9.750e-21 652-675 DM00547B 11.28 1.818e-18 518-532 DM00547C 17.30 3.531e-17 546-568 DM00547A 12.38 1.273e-11 497- 509 DM00547D 11.60 9.200e-11 622-636
776	PR00779	INOSITOL 1,4,5-TRISPHOSPHATE- BINDING PROTEIN RECEPTOR SIGNATURE	PR00779F 14.51 5.147e-09 769- 792
777	PR00779	INOSITOL 1,4,5-TRISPHOSPHATE- BINDING PROTEIN RECEPTOR SIGNATURE	PR00779F 14.51 5.147e-09 742- 765
778	PR00779	INOSITOL 1,4,5-TRISPHOSPHATE- BINDING PROTEIN RECEPTOR SIGNATURE	PR00779F 14.51 5.147e-09 742- 765

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
779	BL01282	BIR repeat proteins.	BL01282B 30.49 2.543e-09 6-45
781	PR00205	CADHERIN SIGNATURE	PR00205B 11.39 3.118e-11 654- 672 PR00205B 11.39 8.588e-11 230-248 PR00205B 11.39 8.527e- 10 551-569 PR00205B 11.39 4.203e-09 336-354
783	BL00625	Regulator of chromosome condensation (RCC1) proteins.	BL00625B 17.69 2.167e-19 193- 227 BL00625A 16.21 5.500e-17 199-228 BL00625B 17.69 1.885e- 16 140-174 BL00625B 17.69 2.770e-16 245-279 BL00625A 16.21 9.115e-16 251-280 BL00625A 16.21 6.507e-14 146- 175
785	PF00084	Sushi domain proteins (SCR repeat proteins.	PF00084B 9.45 7.188e-10 595-607 PF00084B 9.45 6.400e-09 656-668
786	PF00084	Sushi domain proteins (SCR repeat proteins.	PF00084B 9.45 7.188e-10 595-607 PF00084B 9.45 6.400e-09 656-668
787	BL00826	MARCKS family proteins.	BL00826C 7.63 6.738e-09 203- 230
788	PR00453	VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR TYPE A DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00453A 12.79 1.310e-14 36-54 PR00453B 14.65 8.568e-10 75-90
789	PR00102	ORNITHINE CARBAMOYLTRANSFERASE SIGNATURE	PR00102B 14.82 5.418e-09 963- 977
790	BL00030	Eukaryotic RNA-binding region RNP-1 proteins.	BL00030B 7.03 5.500e-11 199- 209
791	BL00415	Synapsins proteins.	BL00415N 4.29 9.519e-10 393- 437 BL00415N 4.29 2.117e-09 103-147 BL00415N 4.29 3.628e- 09 97-141 BL00415N 4.29 5.664e-09 387-431
795	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 2.091e-36 105-144
799	PF00731	AIR carboxylase.	PF00731C 23.16 7.333e-35 337- 380 PF00731B 19.47 7.429e-28 299-336 PF00731A 19.32 6.333e- 24 268-297
804	BL00170	Cyclophilin-type peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase signatur.	BL00170B 20.97 8.071e-09 297- 337
805	BL00678	Trp-Asp (WD) repeat proteins proteins.	BL00678 9.67 3.400e-10 378-389 BL00678 9.67 5.800e-10 418-429 BL00678 9.67 8.800e-10 295-306
806	PD01719	PRECURSOR GLYCOPROTEIN SIGNAL RE.	PD01719A 12.89 7.571e-14 290- 318
807	PR00320	G-PROTEIN BETA WD-40 REPEAT SIGNATURE	PR00320B 12.19 9.100e-09 451- 466
809	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region proteins.	BL00107A 18.39 4.462e-12 564- 595
810	PR00453	VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR TYPE A DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00453A 12.79 1.310e-14 36-54 PR00453B 14.65 8.568e-10 75-90
814	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 2.047e-31 16-55
815	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 2.047e-31 16-55
817	PR00193	MYOSIN HEAVY CHAIN SIGNATURE	PR00193D 14.36 5.154e-36 125- 154 PR00193E 19.47 3.919e-18 179-208
818	PR00830	ENDOPEPTIDASE LA (LON) SERINE	PR00830A 8.41 9.571e-11 115-

SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	DECLE DOL
ID NO:	NO.		RESULTS*
		PROTEASE (S16) SIGNATURE	135
819	BL00126	3'5'-cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterases proteins.	BL00126C 22.07 7.857e-24 528- 569 BL00126E 35.22 3.714e-15 669-724 BL00126D 25.50 1.173e- 14 584-623 BL00126B 15.20 1.000e-12 502-514 BL00126A 27.56 3.361e-09 461-498
820	PR00511	TEKTIN SIGNATURE	PR00511B 12.25 8.826e-22 174- 195 PR00511A 13.59 7.723e-11 155-172
821	BL00741	Guanine-nucleotide dissociation stimulators CDC24 family sign.	BL00741B 14.27 2.800e-15 13-36
822	PF00780	Domain found in NIK1-like kinases, mouse citron and yeast ROM.	PF00780I 14.69 4.825e-09 231- 261
827	BL00030	Eukaryotic RNA-binding region RNP-1 proteins.	BL00030A 14.39 5.235e-11 144-
828	BL00326	Tropomyosins proteins.	BL00326D 8.76 9.357e-11 545-
829	PD02448	TRANSCRIPTION PROTEIN DNA-	586
	1202440	BINDIN.	PD02448A 9.37 1.000e-40 46-85 PD02448B 10.17 1.000e-40 85- 133 PD02448C 13.62 1.000e-40 152-189 PD02448E 11.33 9.000e- 30 235-261 PD02448F 14.22
	-		9.654e-25 279-303 PD02448D 11.48 3.659e-18 197-211 PD02448G 10.73 7.857e-16 305- 318
830	BL00720	Guanine-nucleotide dissociation stimulators CDC25 family sign.	BL00720B 16.57 4.500e-23 483- 507
831	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region proteins.	BL00107A 18.39 6.625e-21 143- 174 BL00107B 13.31 4.214e-10 213-229
832	BL00215	Mitochondrial energy transfer proteins.	BL00215A 15.82 5.787e-11 32-57
833	PR00497	NEUTROPHIL CYTOSOL FACTOR P40 SIGNATURE	PR00497A 6.92 4.375e-09 41-59
834	BL00229	Tau and MAP proteins tubulin-binding domain proteins.	BL00229A 23.57 9.565e-10 99- 138
835	BL00421	Transmembrane 4 family proteins.	BL00421E 20.97 2.216e-09 1053- 1083
836	BL00795	Involucrin proteins.	BL00795B 12.41 7.931e-09 405- 445
837	PR00020	MAM DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00020A 18.17 1.000e-17 34-53 PR00020B 15.52 5.846e-16 68-85 PR00020D 12.70 2.543e-15 147- 162 PR00020C 13.66 3.483e-13 95-107 PR00020E 8.64 6.586e-13
838	BL50017	Death domain proteins profile.	165-179 BL50017B 17.60 6.897e-13 1499-
839	PF00850	Histone deacetylase family.	1515 PF00850C 14.55 9.542e-09 1352-
840	PF00023	Ank repeat proteins.	1369 PF00023A 16.03 4.500e-12 44-60 PF00023B 14.20 7.923e-11 73-83 PF00023B 14.20 9.000e-10 139- 149 PF00023B 14.20 5.500e-09 40-50
842	BL01194	Ribosomal protein L15e proteins.	BL01194B 13.66 1.000e-40 37-85 BL01194C 12.35 9.250e-40 103- 138 BL01194A 18.70 7.632e-38

40 155-398 BL00610F 29.02   1.000e-40 445-4509 BL00610D   20.97 6.063e-35 272-325   BL00610G 12.89 8.588e-13 514-537   S45   BL00143   Insulinase family, zinc-binding region proteins.	SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
139-178		NO.		
family proteins.   BL00610B 23.65 1,000e-40 104-154 BL00810C 12.94 1,000e-40 4535-398 BL00610F 20.02 1,000e-40 454-598 BL00610D 20.97 6,063e-35 277-325 BL00610F 29.02 1,000e-40 454-599 BL00610D 20.97 6,063e-35 277-325 BL00610G 12.94 1,000e-40 454-599 BL00610D 20.97 6,063e-35 277-325 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-537 BL00610G 12.98 6,586-13 514-52 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-914 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-914 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-914 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-914 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-914 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-914 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.086 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355e-09 898-916 BL00824D 1.087 1.355				139-178
PRO0543   OESTROGEN RECEPTOR   PR00543D 10.871.355e-09 898-   10.141-156	843			BL00610B 23.65 1.000e-40 104- 154 BL00610C 12.94 1.000e-40 206-258 BL00610E 20.34 1.000e- 40 355-398 BL00610F 29.02 1.000e-40 454-509 BL00610D 20.97 6.063e-35 272-325 BL00610G 12.89 8.588e-13 514-
SIGNATURE   914	845	BL00143		121 BL00143C 14.16 5.500e-13 245-258 BL00143B 14.41 9.053e-
SIGNATURE   914   BL00824   Elongation factor 1 beta/beta/delta chain   proteins.   BL00824C 14.58 1.000e-40 129-39 167-202 BL00824B 9.21 2.080e-21 96-116 BL00824B 9.21 2.080e-21 96-116 BL00824B 12.49 3.333e-19 21-226 BL00824A 13.78 8.650e-14 19-34   13.78 8.650e-17 1.68 3.314e-25   249-274 BL01272A 6.49 1.231e-18 99-117   13.78 8.185e-27 8.590e-19 10.050e-19 9.97 6.850e-11 140-154   13.78 8.185e-19 1.050e-	846	PR00543		PR00543D 10.87 1.355e-09 898-
Proteins	847		SIGNATURE	
FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.   PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC-FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.   PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC-FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.   BL01272B 19.61 6.870e-30 136-171 BL01272C 11.68 3.314e-25 249-274 BL01272A 6.49 1.231e-18 99-117   PRO0930B 33.72 9.341e-20 65-106   PROTEIN GTPASE DOMAIN ACTIVATION.   PD00930B 33.72 9.341e-20 65-106   PROTEIN SH3 DOMAIN REPEAT PRESYNA.   PD00289 PROTEIN SH3 DOMAIN REPEAT PRESYNA.   PRO0450C 12.22 3.250e-25 68-90 PRO0450B 11.76 8.125e-23 22-42 PR00450D 16.58 8.920e-22 92-112 PR00450C 15.33 5.500e-19 166-187 PRO0450C 15.30				167 BL00824D 14.04 6.192e-39 167-202 BL00824B 9.21 2.080e- 21 96-116 BL00824E 12.49 3.333e-19 210-226 BL00824A
FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.   Glucokinase regulatory protein family proteins.   BL01272B 19.61 6.870e-30 136-171 BL01272C 11.68 3.314e-25 249-274 BL01272A 6.49 1.231e-18 99-117   BP00930	849	PD01066	1	PD01066 19.43 1.000e-40 12-51
Proteins		PD01066	1	PD01066 19.43 7.316e-24 10-49
PD00930	852	BL01272		171 BL01272C 11.68 3.314e-25 249-274 BL01272A 6.49 1.231e-
PRESYNA.  RECOVERIN FAMILY SIGNATURE PR00450C 12.22 3.250e-25 68-90 PR00450B 11.76 8.125e-23 22-42 PR00450B 11.76 8.125e-23 22-42 PR00450D 16.58 8.920e-22 92- 112 PR00450E 12.14 1.581e-19 114-133 PR00450G 15.33 5.500e- 19 166-187 PR00450F 12.30 4.375e-15 140-156 PR00450A 13.58 1.857e-14 8-23  BL00027 'Homeobox' domain proteins. BL00027 26.43 7.188e-27 74-117  B66 BL00477 Alpha-2-macroglobulin family thiolester region proteins. BL00477 BBL01078 Molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis proteins.  BL01078 BL01078 Molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis proteins.  BL01078B 14.20 1.621e-20 408- 429 BL01078A 10.16 2.000e-13 366-379 BL01078D 5.99 3.455e- 11 566-576 BL01078C 10.52 3.793e-11 501-513  BL01177E 20.64 5.800e-24 462- 489 BL01177C 17.39 5.333e-19 416-435 BL01177D 17.50 1.900e-15 441-459	853	PD00930		1
PR00450B 11.76 8.125e-23 22-42	854	PD00289		
860         BL00027         'Homeobox' domain proteins.         BL00027 26.43 7.188e-27 74-117           866         BL00477         Alpha-2-macroglobulin family thiolester region proteins.         BL00477L 23.51 7.480e-20 54-87           867         BL01078         Molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis proteins.         BL01078B 14.20 1.621e-20 408-429 BL01078A 10.16 2.000e-13 366-379 BL01078D 5.99 3.455e-11 566-576 BL01078C 10.52 3.793e-11 501-513           868         BL01177         Anaphylatoxin domain proteins.         BL01177E 20.64 5.800e-24 462-489 BL01177C 17.39 5.333e-19 416-435 BL01177B 13.61 7.840e-16 122-138 BL01177D 17.50 1.900e-15 441-459	858		RECOVERIN FAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00450B 11.76 8.125e-23 22-42 PR00450D 16.58 8.920e-22 92- 112 PR00450E 12.14 1.581e-19 114-133 PR00450G 15.33 5.500e- 19 166-187 PR00450F 12.30 4.375e-15 140-156 PR00450A
region proteins.  BL01078  Molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis proteins.  BL01078B 14.20 1.621e-20 408- 429 BL01078A 10.16 2.000e-13 366-379 BL01078C 10.52 3.793e-11 501-513  BL01177  Anaphylatoxin domain proteins.  BL01177E 20.64 5.800e-24 462- 489 BL01177C 17.39 5.333e-19 416-435 BL01177B 13.61 7.840e- 16 122-138 BL01177D 17.50 1.900e-15 441-459				BL00027 26.43 7.188e-27 74-117
proteins.  429 BL01078A 10.16 2.000e-13 366-379 BL01078D 5.99 3.455e- 11 566-576 BL01078C 10.52 3.793e-11 501-513  868 BL01177 Anaphylatoxin domain proteins.  BL01177E 20.64 5.800e-24 462- 489 BL01177C 17.39 5.333e-19 416-435 BL01177B 13.61 7.840e- 16 122-138 BL01177D 17.50 1.900e-15 441-459			region proteins.	
868 BL01177 Anaphylatoxin domain proteins. BL01177E 20.64 5.800e-24 462-489 BL01177C 17.39 5.333e-19 416-435 BL01177B 13.61 7.840e-16 122-138 BL01177D 17.50 1.900e-15 441-459	867	BL01078		429 BL01078A 10.16 2.000e-13 366-379 BL01078D 5.99 3.455e- 11 566-576 BL01078C 10.52
1.900e-15 441-459	868	BL01177	Anaphylatoxin domain proteins.	BL01177E 20.64 5.800e-24 462- 489 BL01177C 17.39 5.333e-19 416-435 BL01177B 13.61 7.840e-
	869	BL01177	Anaphylatoxin domain proteins.	

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
			442 BL01177C 17.39 5.333e-19 369-388 BL01177B 13.61 7.840e- 16 122-138 BL01177D 17.50 1.900e-15 394-412
871	BL50007	Phosphatidylinositol-specific phospholipase X-box domain proteins prof.	BL50007A 19.61 1.000e-40 322- 368 BL50007D 19.54 1.000e-40 589-631 BL50007B 20.90 6.700e- 36 383-421 BL50007E 25.63 9.053e-33 748-785 BL50007C 8.97 5.200e-19 452-469
872	BL00972	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases family 2 proteins.	BL00972D 22.55 3.250e-17 90-
874	PR00452	SH3 DOMAIN SIGNATURE	PR00452B 11.65 4.250e-09 370-
877	BL00741	Guanine-nucleotide dissociation stimulators CDC24 family sign.	BL00741B 14.27 5.500e-13 1343-
878	DM00215	PROLINE-RICH PROTEIN 3.	DM00215 19.43 2.525e-09 52-85
881	PD02807	APOLIPOPROTEIN E PRECURSOR	PD02807E 10.90 4,702e-09 358-
		APO-E GLYCOPROTEIN PLAS.	407
882	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 7.188e-37 8-47
885	PF00023	Ank repeat proteins.	PF00023A 16.03 8.071e-09 10-26
886	PR00372	BIOPTERIN-DEPENDENT AROMATIC AMINO ACID HYDROXYLASE SIGNATURE	PR00372B 10.30 9.308e-27 225- 248 PR00372A 13.39 7.000e-24 134-154 PR00372E 12.62 2.125e- 23 360-380 PR00372C 7.90 3.025e-22 289-309 PR00372F 13.09 6.333e-21 395-414 PR00372D 10.22 1.000e-19 329-
887	BL00301	GTP-binding elongation factors proteins.	BL00301B 20.09 2.800e-24 103- 135 BL00301A 12.41 4.316e-13
888	BL00518	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger), proteins.	21-33 BL00518 12.23 1.667e-09 30-39
889	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 4.906e-26 6-45
890	DM00179	w KINASE ALPHA ADHESION T- CELL.	DM00179 13.97 7.652e-09 113- 123
892	BL01022	PTR2 family proton/oligopeptide symporters proteins.	BL01022B 22.19 6.016e-14 72- 118 BL01022E 23.51 1.173e-12 472-508 BL01022A 11.58 9.135e- 12 42-61 BL01022D 9.42 3.455e- 11 199-212
893	PD02407	3-BISPHOSPHOGLYCERATE- INDEPENDENT PHOSPHOGLYCER.	PD02407K 12.59 6.529e-10 360- 383
894	PD02407	3-BISPHOSPHOGLYCERATE- INDEPENDENT PHOSPHOGLYCER.	PD02407K 12.59 6.529e-10 360- 383
895	PR00237	RHODOPSIN-LIKE GPCR SUPERFAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00237B 13.50 9.100e-14 116- 138 PR00237F 13.57 1.360e-13 312-337 PR00237G 19.63 9.069e- 13 353-380 PR00237E 13.03 7.120e-12 243-267 PR00237D 8.94 4.150e-11 194-216 PR00237A 11.48 4.375e-11 83- 108
896	BL00129	Glycosyl hydrolases family 31 proteins.	BL00129D 16.76 8.258e-26 634- 678 BL00129A 26.21 1.720e-25 384-430 BL00129E 22.60 4.857e-

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
			23 698-734 BL00129C 15.12 1.750e-22 596-624 BL00129B 19.19 5.891e-18 495-522 BL00129F 26.19 7.545e-15 814- 852
897	BL00598	Chromo domain proteins.	BL00598 14.45 1.220e-13 9-31
898	BL00518	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger), proteins.	BL00518 12.23 6.000e-09 396-405
899	PD01101	INHIBITOR HEAVY CHAIN CHANNEL IN.	PD01101B 21.53 1.000e-40 274- 327 PD01101D 24.45 1.000e-40 457-512 PD01101A 18.25 6.268e- 23 83-117 PD01101C 12.69 1.237e-16 366-386 PD01101E 6.73 7.750e-12 566-576
900	PR00600	PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE PP2A 55KD REGULATORY SUBUNIT SIGNATURE	PR00600A 11.61 5.979e-09 31-52
901	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 8.116e-31 24-63
903	BL01115	GTP-binding nuclear protein ran proteins.	BL01115A 10.22 1.509e-11 21-65
906	DM00215	PROLINE-RICH PROTEIN 3.	DM00215 19.43 2.174e-13 539- 572 DM00215 19.43 4.750e-12 549-582 DM00215 19.43 9.824e- 11 551-584 DM00215 19.43 2.929e-10 548-581 DM00215 19.43 4.054e-10 550-583 DM00215 19.43 5.339e-10 552- 585 DM00215 19.43 7.107e-10 544-577
907	PR00988	URIDINE KINASE SIGNATURE	PR00988A 6.39 6.276e-12 314- 332
908	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region proteins.	BL00107A 18.39 5.950e-17 1125- 1156
909	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region proteins.	BL00107A 18.39 5.950e-17 1118- 1149
910	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region proteins.	BL00107A 18.39 8.560e-13 150- 181
911	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region proteins.	BL00107A 18.39 8.560e-13 150- 181
912	PF00856	SET domain proteins.	PF00856A 26.14 4.553e-11 243- 280
913	PF00628	PHD-finger.	PF00628 15.84 6.400e-13 197-212
914	PR00962	LETHAL(2) GIANT LARVAE PROTEIN SIGNATURE	PR00962D 10.40 1.000e-27 435- 459 PR00962G 15.71 4.086e-26 593-618 PR00962B 11.98 9.122e- 26 296-319 PR00962A 13.28 6.143e-22 15-34 PR00962C 8.00 4.000e-21 348-369 PR00962F 12.39 9.769e-21 552-572 PR00962H 13.32 2.636e-20 623- 643 PR00962I 11.68 9.786e-20 692-712 PR00962E 8.81 2.915e- 18 515-534
915	PR00962	LETHAL(2) GIANT LARVAE PROTEIN SIGNATURE	PR00962D 10.40 1.000e-27 365- 389 PR00962G 15.71 4.086e-26 523-548 PR00962A 13.28 6.143e- 22 15-34 PR00962C 8.00 4.000e- 21 278-299 PR00962F 12.39 9.769e-21 482-502 PR00962H

SEQ ID NO:	ACCESSION NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
			13.32 2.636e-20 553-573 PR00962I 11.68 9.786e-20 622- 642 PR00962E 8.81 2.915e-18 445-464
916	BL00134	Serine proteases, trypsin family, histidine proteins.	BL00134A 11.96 5.886e-14 90- 107
917	BL00478	LIM domain proteins.	BL00478B 14.79 8.393e-13 211- 226 BL00478B 14.79 6.712e-10 271-286
918	PR00049	WILM'S TUMOUR PROTEIN SIGNATURE	PR00049D 0.00 5.729e-09 973- 988
922	BL00150	Acylphosphatase proteins.	BL00150 25.33 1.000e-40 37-84
924	DM00031	IMMUNÔGLOBÛLIN V REGION.	DM00031B 15.41 8.063e-09 79-
925	BL00072	Acyl-CoA dehydrogenases proteins.	BL00072D 30.08 2.837e-24 280- 331 BL00072E 24.12 8.200e-24 368-411 BL00072C 25.30 7.873e- 20 226-267 BL00072B 9.48 6.049e-12 183-196
927	BL00237	G-protein coupled receptors proteins.	BL00237C 13.19 1.692e-13 229- 256 BL00237A 27.68 6.657e-13 90-130 BL00237D 11.23 9.571e- 13 290-307
928	BL01033	Globins profile.	BL01033A 16.94 7.923e-18 25-47 BL01033B 13.81 1.000e-15 93- 105
929	BL00216	Sugar transport proteins.	BL00216B 27.64 8.714e-13 203- 253
932	BL00415	Synapsins proteins.	BL00415N 4.29 9.519e-10 353- 397 BL00415N 4.29 2.117e-09 63-107 BL00415N 4.29 3.628e-09 57-101 BL00415N 4.29 5.664e-09
933	PD02448	TRANSCRIPTION PROTEIN DNA- BINDIN.	347-391 PD02448A 9.37 1.000e-40 46-85 PD02448B 10.17 1.000e-40 85-
			133 PD02448C 13.62 1.000e-40 152-189 PD02448E 11.33 9.000e- 30 223-249 PD02448F 14.22
			9.654e-25 267-291 PD02448D 11.48 3.659e-18 197-211
934	DM00101	CDA COA A OLG DESCRIPTION	PD02448G 10.73 7.857e-16 293- 306
	DM00191	w SPAC8A4.04C RESISTANCE SPAC8A4.05C DAUNORUBICIN.	DM00191D 13.94 9.083e-10 136- 175
935	BL01115	GTP-binding nuclear protein ran proteins.	BL01115A 10.22 4.696e-10 67- 111
936	BL00019	Actinin-type actin-binding domain proteins.	BL00019D 15.33 8.138e-14 865- 895
937	PR00762 BL00027	CHLORIDE CHANNEL SIGNATURE  'Homeobox' domain proteins.	PR00762A 14.22 4.000e-22 183- 201 PR00762C 9.29 1.000e-21 268-288 PR00762E 12.07 3.250e- 20 520-537 PR00762D 11.29 1.000e-19 470-491 PR00762F 15.12 1.429e-19 538-558 PR00762B 12.12 1.818e-18 214- 234 PR00762G 14.13 3.455e-17 577-592
939	DM01111	4 kw PHOSPHATASE	BL00027 26.43 9.500e-25 291-334
	DIVIOLITY	TAW FRUSHRA IASE	DM01111E 17.28 1.568e-10 248-

SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
ID NO:	NO.		
		TRANSFORMING 61K PDF1.	297 DM01111E 17.28 5.168e-10 659-708 DM01111D 16.76
			5.263e-09 279-325 DM01111M 10.67 8.674e-09 911-935
940	BL00107	Protein kinases ATP-binding region proteins.	BL00107B 13.31 1.000e-14 293- 309 BL00107A 18.39 6.760e-13 229-260
942	BL01160	Kinesin light chain repeat proteins.	BL01160B 19.54 9.832e-11 543- 597
943	PD01066	PROTEIN ZINC FINGER ZINC- FINGER METAL-BINDING NU.	PD01066 19.43 3.500e-35 8-47
945	BL00989	Clathrin adaptor complexes small chain proteins.	BL00989B 26.51 1.000e-40 66- 117 BL00989A 11.66 1.000e-13 5-19
946	PR00178	FATTY ACID-BINDING PROTEIN SIGNATURE	PR00178D 13.52 9.571e-09 450- 469
947	BL00178	Aminoacyl-transfer RNA synthetases class-I proteins.	BL00178B 7.11 4.857e-09 713- 724
948	PF00628	PHD-finger.	PF00628 15.84 8.412e-14 201-216
951	BL00216	Sugar transport proteins.	BL00216B 27.64 2.050e-10 180- 230
952	PR00926	MITOCHONDRIAL CARRIER PROTEIN SIGNATURE	PR00926F 17.75 4.300e-11 26-49 PR00926F 17.75 6.348e-09 134- 157
955	PF00109	Beta-ketoacyl synthase.	PF00109 13.08 2.846e-12 342-357
957	PR00069	ALDO-KETO REDUCTASE SIGNATURE	PR00069A 16.01 8.826e-24 26-51 PR00069B 11.33 1.514e-17 86- 105 PR00069C 16.03 8.816e-14
958	PF00583	Acetyltransferase (GNAT) family.	155-173 PF00583A 12.53 5.500e-10 631-
961	PR00328	GTP-BINDING SAR1 PROTEIN	642 PR00328A 10.62 8.740e-10 7-31
962	BL00354	SIGNATURE HMG-I and HMG-Y DNA-binding	BL00354A 3.83 9.438e-10 1489-
963	BL00354	domain proteins (A+T-hook).  HMG-I and HMG-Y DNA-binding	1499 BL00354A 3.83 9.438e-10 1489-
		domain proteins (A+T-hook).	1499
964	BL00027	'Homeobox' domain proteins.	BL00027 26.43 7.188e-27 53-96
965	PF00992	Troponin.	PF00992A 16.67 2.421e-09 581- 616
966	PR00515	5-HYDROXYTRYPTAMINE 1F RECEPTOR SIGNATURE	PR00515D 7.91 5.741e-09 13-33
967	BL00579	Ribosomal protein L29 proteins.	BL00579B 21.99 5.065e-21 164- 194
970	BL00504	Fumarate reductase / succinate dehydrogenase FAD-binding site proteins.	BL00504C 18.68 2.227e-24 34-59 BL00504D 10.43 7.261e-21 75-93
973	PF00580	UvrD/REP helicase.	PF00580A 13.37 4.720e-09 249- 271
974	PR00456	RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN P2 SIGNATURE	PR00456F 5.86 1.000e-10 242-254
975	BL00237	G-protein coupled receptors proteins.	BL00237A 27.68 4.429e-22 99- 139
976	BL00031	Nuclear hormones receptors DNA- binding region proteins.	BL00031A 19.55 7.158e-33 60-93 BL00031B 22.25 5.500e-28 94- 126
977	PD00066	PROTEIN ZINC-FINGER METAL- BINDI.	PD00066 13.92 8.200e-16 196-209 PD00066 13.92 8.200e-16 336-349 PD00066 13.92 2.385e-15 476-489

SEQ	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	DECLI MOA
· ID	NO.	DESCRIPTION	RESULTS*
NO:	1.0.		
			DD0006612 00 0 000
			PD00066 13.92 9.308e-15 252-265
	}		PD00066 13.92 2.800e-14 448-461
]			PD00066 13.92 4.600e-14 392-405
1			PD00066 13.92 5.200e-14 280-293
ļ	]		PD00066 13.92 4.000e-13 224-237
			PD00066 13.92 4.429e-12 308-321
ŀ			PD00066 13.92 9.571e-12 420-433
070	77.00		PD00066 13.92 6.870e-11 168-181
978	BL00721	Formatetetrahydrofolate ligase proteins.	BL00721B 13.21 1.000e-40 346-
			401 BL00721D 13.90 1.000e-40
1	1		538-592 BL00721E 13.46 1.000e-
			40 597-646 BL00721I 18.79
			2.500e-40 814-860 BL00721H
1			21.20 8.239e-39 763-814
			BL00721A 15.31 9.719e-32 287-
			321 BL00721C 16.92 4.000e-30
	,		498-535 BL00721F 15.96 8.232e-
			27 660-702 BL00721G 7.97
			3.017e-10 721-734
981	PD00126	PROTEIN REPEAT DOMAIN TPR	PD00126A 22.53 2.552e-09 180-
	<u> </u>	NUCLEA.	201
982	BL00869	Renal dipeptidase proteins.	BL00869C 12.58 3.172e-19 59-95
1	•	•	BL00869E 13.12 9.129e-18 120-
			157 BL00869J 15.60 6.032e-17
		•	270-310 BL00869H 11.08 1.840e-
1 1			16 219-242 BL00869G 13.55
			2.543e-16 192-214 BL00869F
1			12.77 7.031e-14 157-192
1			BL00869I 12.92 3.274e-12 242-
			270 BL00869D 14.02 5.282e-10
			95-124 BL00869B 15.55 9.382e-
			10 31-61
983	PR00196	ANNEXIN FAMILY SIGNATURE	PR00196F 13.89 2.125e-09 92-108
984	BL00485	Adenosine and AMP deaminase proteins.	BL00485D 30.82 2.427e-10 154-
		proteins.	209
			200

<sup>\*</sup> Results include in order: accession number subtype; raw score; p-value; position of signature in amino acid sequence

TABLE 4

5

SEQ ID NO:	PFAM NAME	DESCRIPTION	p-value	PFAM SCORE
2	ig	Immunoglobulin domain	3.9e-17	60.3
3	HSP90	Hsp90 protein	0	1548.4
6	tsp_1	Thrombospondin type 1 domain	0.002	22.1
7	7tm_1	7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsin family)	6.7e-08	27.3
9	PWWP	PWWP domain	8.1e-16	66.0
12	C1q	Clq domain	1.7e-26	101.5
13.	Clq	C1q domain	2e-20	81.3
14	Aa_trans	Transmembrane amino acid transporter protein	2.7e-42	153.9
15	E1-E2_ATPase	E1-E2 ATPase	6.3e-124	412.2
16	trypsin	Trypsin	1.2e-87	278.6
17	ig	Immunoglobulin domain	7.6e-12	43.2
18	lectin_c	Lectin C-type domain	0.0003	21.2
20	Alpha_L_fucos	Alpha-L-fucosidase	1.2e-217	736.5

SEQ ID NO:	PFAM NAME	DESCRIPTION	p-value	PFAM SCORE
22	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	3.3e-87	303.1
23	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	2.7e-85	296.8
24	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	2.7e-85	296.8
25	ank	Ank repeat	5.5e-14	59.9
27	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	1.5e-100	347.4
28	spectrin	Spectrin repeat	4e-57	203.2
29	spectrin	Spectrin repeat	4e-57	203.2
30	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	1.2e-07	38.8
33	rrm	RNA recognition motif.	1.1e-17	72.2
34	rrm	RNA recognition motif.	1.1e-17	72.2
36	7tm_1	7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsin family)	3e-36	117.3
37	ank	Ank repeat	5.9e-25	96.3
38	SRF-TF	SRF-type transcription factor	1.4e-36	133.9
40	alk_phosphatase	Alkaline phosphatase	0	1034.9
44	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	8.6e-103	354.9
45	sugar_tr	Sugar (and other) transporter	3.1e-08	40.3
47	7tm_2	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	6.4e-79	275.6
50	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	1.3e-98	341.0
51	filament	Intermediate filament proteins	1.2e-176	600.3
52	zf-C3HC4	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)	2.7e-10	37.7
53	Cadherin_C_ter m	Cadherin cytoplasmic region	1.9e-94	327.2
54	S_100	S-100/ICaBP type calcium binding domain	5.2e-18	73.3
58	inositol P	Inositol monophosphatase family	5e-13	49.8
59	7tm_1	7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsin family)	8.8e-46	147.6
60	Kunitz_BPTI	Kunitz/Bovine pancreatic trypsin inhibito	3.7e-47	148.6
62	DAD	DAD family	2.5e-74	260.3
63	MOZ SAS	MOZ/SAS family	5.9e-133	455.1
64	MOZ SAS	MOZ/SAS family	1.7e-123	423.6
65	ras	Ras family	9.3e-89	308.3
67 .	Hamlp_like	Ham1 family	3.7e-49	176.7
68	7tm_l	7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsin family)	5.2e-39	126.1
70	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	1.5e-112	387.3
71	Peptidase M41	Peptidase family M41	1.3e-112 1.2e-110	381.0
72	abhydrolase	alpha/beta hydrolase fold	9.8e-05	26.5
81	K tetra	K+ channel tetramerisation domain	0.022	-16.8
82	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	5e-49	
84	AAA AAA	ATPases associated with various cellular act	3e-49 1.3e-77	176.3 271.3
85	homeobox	Homeobox domain	1.4e-28	108.3
87	TGF-beta	Transforming growth factor beta like	6.7e-68	210.2
91	mito carr	Mitochondrial carrier proteins	4.6e-57	
95	adenylatekinase	Adenylate kinase		198.5
95 96			1.1e-15	60.0
	ig	Immunoglobulin domain	4.1e-20	69.8
99	CNH	CNH domain	3.4e-120	412.7
100	homeobox	Homeobox domain	7.4e-32	119.3
101	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	2.2e-47	170.8
102	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	4.4e-89	309.4
103	dynamin	Dynamin family	1.4e-150	513.6
104	lectin_c	Lectin C-type domain	4.2e-15	63.6
105	lectin_c	Lectin C-type domain	4.2e-15	63.6
108	metalthio	Metallothionein	2e-25	97.9

SEQ III	PFAM NAME	DESCRIPTION	p-value	PFAM SCORE
112	HSP20	Hsp20/alpha crystallin family	2.6e-20	77.7
115	EF TS	Elongation factor TS	3.8e-63	221.1
116	sugar_tr	Sugar (and other) transporter	4e-63	223.1
118	catalase	Catalase	0	1158.9
119	UCH	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal	1e-10	
		hydrolase, famil	16-10	24.4
122	metalthio	Metallothionein	2.8e-25	97.4
125	adh_short	short chain dehydrogenase	1.6e-45	164.6
126	KRAB	KRAB box	7.9e-25	
127	G-alpha	G-protein alpha subunit		95.9
128	mito carr	Mitochondrial carrier proteins	1e-249	843.0
131	EF1BD	EF-1 guanine nucleotide exchange	2e-65	227.2
		domain	4.9e-53	189.6
132	GYF	GYF domain	4.02.20	1000
133	GYF	GYF domain	4.9e-28	106.6
134	lipocalin	Lipocalin / cytosolic fatty-acid	4.9e-28	106.6
15.	npooum	binding pr	2.1e-33	119.1
135	pkinase	Eulementia matria Lina di	<del> </del>	
136	ank	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain Ank repeat	3.3e-86	299.8
137	IL8		2.2e-29	111.1
137	11.6	Small cytokines	3.1e-18	65.2
139	pyridoxal deC	(intecrine/chemokine), inter		
133	pyridoxai_deC	Pyridoxal-dependent decarboxylase	0.00011	19.0
140	cadherin	conse		
140	efhand	Cadherin domain	1.3e-88	307.8
143		EF hand	5.7e-33	123.0
146	Acyltransferase	Acyltransferase	2e-29	111.2
	cytochrome_c	Cytochrome c	1.7e-33	124.7
147	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	2.3e-86	300.3
148	PDZ	PDZ domain (Also known as DHR or GLGF).	1.7e-09	45.0
149	aldo_ket_red	Aldo/keto reductase family	7.4e-189	640.8
150	homeobox	Homeobox domain	3.2e-08	38.7
151	PseudoU_synth_ 1	tRNA pseudouridine synthase	4.7e-57	203.0
152	abhydrolase	alpha/beta hydrolase fold	1.7e-31	118.0
153	PDZ	PDZ domain (Also known as DHR or GLGF).	1.1e-09	45.6
156	PHD	PHD-finger	7.6e-15	<del> </del>
157	fn3	Fibronectin type III domain		62.8
158	homeobox	Homeobox domain	0.015	21.9
160	PWI	PWI domain	2.7e-27	104.1
162	DnaJ	DnaJ domain	3.9e-24	93.6
164	Cbl N	CBL proto-oncogene N-terminal	2e-06	34.8
	001_11	domain	8e-117	401.5
166	metalthio	Metallothionein	3.1e-26	100.6
167	LRR	Leucine Rich Repeat	0.00069	26.3
169	fibrinogen_C	Fibrinogen beta and gamma chains,	5.3e-180	611.4
		C-term	100	011.4
70	fibrinogen_C	Fibrinogen beta and gamma chains, C-term	5.3e-180	611.4
71	fibrinogen_C	Fibrinogen beta and gamma chains, C-term	1e-149	510.8
73	homeobox	Homeobox domain	1.5e-29	111.6
74	FYVE	FYVE zinc finger	7.4e-28	
75	GRIP	GRIP domain		103.8
82	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	3.9e-08	40.5
85	CAP GLY	CAP-Gly domain	3.4e-71	250.0
86	TBC	TBC domain	5.6e-51	182.8
87	TBC		2.2e-50	180.8
	100	TBC domain	2.2e-50	180.8

SEQ ID NO:	PFAM NAME	DESCRIPTION	p-value	PFAM SCORE
188	PDZ	PDZ domain (Also known as DHR or GLGF).	4e-13	57.0
189	Kelch	Kelch motif	5.2e-106	365.6
190	Tropomyosin	Tropomyosins	3.8e-171	535.4
192	Rieske	Rieske [2Fe-2S] domain	0.0016	18.5
199	ig	Immunoglobulin domain	5.9e-19	66.1
202	EGF	EGF-like domain	3.4e-54	193.5
203	trefoil	Trefoil (P-type) domain	1e-24	95.5
204	TBC	TBC domain	8.5e-38	139.0
205	efhand	EF hand	0.0096	22.6
206	ISK_Channel	Slow voltage-gated potassium channel	0.0031	8.1
207	trefoil	Trefoil (P-type) domain	2.9e-48	173.7
209	Ribosomal S13	Ribosomal protein S13/S18	1.2e-78	274.7
210	hemopexin	Hemopexin	1.3e-62	221.5
213	TBC `	TBC domain	2.5e-48	174.0
215	Basic	Myogenic Basic domain	4.3e-50	179.8
216	Ribosomal L24	KOW motif	8.2e-23	89.2
222	fn3	Fibronectin type III domain	7.3e-141	481.4
223	cofilin_ADF	Cofilin/tropomyosin-type actin- binding pr	9.3e-47	168.8
224	efhand	EF hand	6.1e-06	33.2
225	Pterin_4a	Pterin 4 alpha carbinolamine dehydratase	9.3e-42	152.1
228	ABC tran	ABC transporter	4.1e-110	379.2
234	E1_DerP2_DerF	E1 family	3.7e-90	312.9
235	E1_DerP2_DerF	E1 family	1.6e-48	174.6
237	PMP22 Claudin	PMP-22/EMP/MP20/Claudin family	1.7e-25	98.1
238	Opiods_neurope p	Vertebrate endogenous opioids neurope	1.8e-159	543.2
239	eIF-5a	Eukaryotic initiation factor 5A hypusine	5.9e-104	358.8
240	Amino oxidase	Flavin containing amine oxidase	2.5e-11	37.8
243	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	2.1e-99	343.6
244	Band 7	SPFH domain / Band 7 family	2.3e-53	190.7
245	ank	Ank repeat	1.6e-88	307.5
246	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	6.7e-49	175.9
247	actin	Actin	2.3e-42	140.3
248	ER_lumen_recep	ER lumen protein retaining receptor	2.4e-155	529.5
250	PMP22 Claudin	PMP-22/EMP/MP20/Claudin family	2.2e-38	140.9
252	Collagen	Collagen triple helix repeat (20 copies)	1.4e-13	58.6
255	C2	C2 domain	0.052	7.8
257	CAP GLY	CAP-Gly domain	1.4e-20	81.8
260	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	9.9e-62	218.5
261	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	9.9e-62	218.5
262	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	9.9e-62	218.5
263	cofilin_ADF	Cofilin/tropomyosin-type actin- binding pr	7.8e-21	82.6
264	Ribosomal L14	Ribosomal protein L14p/L23e	9.2e-10	40.6
265	SAPA	Saposin A-type domain	4.4e-27	103.4
266	SAPA	Saposin A-type domain	4.4e-27	103.4
267	ABC tran	ABC transporter	9.5e-39	142.2
269	Ribosomal_L14	Ribosomal protein L14p/L23e	6.2e-62	219.2
270	abhydrolase	alpha/beta hydrolase fold	0.042	-3.3
272	ras	Ras family	4.3e-87	302.8

SEQ	ID PFAM NAME			P
NO:		DESCRIPTION	p-value	PFAN SCOF
273	rrm	RNA recognition motif.	0.074	14.6
275	lipocalin	Lipocalin / cytosolic fatty-acid	2.5e-41	146.4
276	ras.	binding pr		1
277	UCH	Ras family	1.1e-67	238.3
	OCII	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase, famil	1.2e-147	503.9
278	START	START domain		
279	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	3.2e-09	44.1
282	G-patch	G-patch domain	1.8e-27	104.7
287	Anti proliferat	BTG1 family	7.8e-22	86.0
289	KRAB	KRAB box	1.2e-101	351.0
293	7tm_3	7 transmembrane receptor	7.1e-21	82.8
295	SET	SET domain	3.3e-73	256.6
296	Pyridox_oxidase	Pyridoxamine 5'-phosphate oxidase	5e-30	113.2
297	rrm	RNA recognition motif.		268.0
298	Ubie_methyltrar	ubiE/COQ5 methyltransferase famil	5.4e-45	162.9
299	Ubie methyltrar	ubiE/COQ5 methyltransferase famil	y 6.3e-05	-96.3
301	Cyt_reductase	FAD/NAD-binding Cytochrome		-118.1
		reductase reductase	7.7e-61	215.5
302	G-patch	G-patch domain	3.1e-14	
307	7tm_1	7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsi	n 7.7e-43	60.7
		family)	11 /./6-43	138.2
308	PH	PH domain	0.0015	17.0
310	7tm_1	7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsii	1 1.4e-84	17.8 270.8
<u> </u>		family)	1.46-64	270.8
311	Rhodanese	Rhodanese-like domain	3.3e-64	226.7
312	tubulin	Tubulin/FtsZ family	4.9e-286	963.6
314	SURF4	SURF4 family	1.2e-199	676.6
325	IMS	impB/mucB/samB family	2e-58	207.5
327 329	cadherin	Cadherin domain	4.3e-91	316.0
330	NAC	NAC domain	2.1e-28	107.8
332	IP_trans	Phosphatidylinositol transfer protein	6.5e-98	338.7
337	TFIIS zf-C2H2	Transcription factor S-II (TFIIS)	8.8e-05	29.3
340	AIRS	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	3.6e-61	216.6
343	annexin	AIR synthase related protein	4e-32	120.2
346	Stathmin	Annexin	4.6e-80	279.4
347	Ribosomal L16	Stathmin family	1.8e-90	314.0
348	lactamase B	Ribosomal protein L16	4.6e-09	34.9
351	efhand	Metallo-beta-lactamase superfamily	0.012	-6.0
353	lectin c	EF hand	2.5e-14	61.0
354	WD40 .	Lectin C-type domain	1.3e-05	32.1
360	lipocalin	WD domain, G-beta repeat	2.2e-18	74.5
	pocuim	Lipocalin / cytosolic fatty-acid binding pr	6.3e-10	38.3
362	Acetyltransf			<u>.l</u>
365	tRNA-synt_1	Acetyltransferase (GNAT) family	0.0019	24.9
		tRNA synthetases class I (I, L, M and V)	4.6e-185	628.2
366	Sulfatase	Sulfatase	610 000	1
368	START	START domain	6.1e-228	770.6
369	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	3.8e-11	50.5
370	ACBP	Acyl CoA binding protein	2.4e-10 4.4e-56	41.3
371	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain		199.7
373	EGF	EGF-like domain	1.6e-94	327.5
375	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	2.6e-12	54.3
377	KRAB	KRAB box	8.2e-64 3.7e-27	225.4
79	SET	SET domain		103.7
80	Glyco_transf_8	Glycosyl transferase family 8	7.3e-61 0.0028	215.6
81	ZI-CZHZ	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	4.3e-06	-40.1 33.7
	Glyco_transf 8	Glycosyl transferase family 8	T. JUTINI	

SEQ ID NO:	PFAM NAME	DESCRIPTION	p-value	PFAM SCORE
384	RasGEF	RasGEF domain	8.1e-43	155.7
385	TBC	TBC domain	0.017	-66.6
389	Glycos_transf_2	Glycosyl transferases	1.3e-15	65.3
390	Na Ca Ex	Sodium/calcium exchanger protein	3.9e-105	362.7
391	fn3	Fibronectin type III domain	4.1e-102	352.6
392	fn3	Fibronectin type III domain	3.4e-45	163.6
393	fn3	Fibronectin type III domain	3.4e-45	163.6
394	ldl_recept_b	Low-density lipoprotein receptor	7.1e-49	175.8
395	Ribosomal L30	repeat Ribosomal protein L30p/L7e	0.0023	16.0
396	Oxysterol_BP	Oxysterol-binding protein	1.5e-94	327.5
397	RDS ROM1	Peripherin/rom-1	2.9e-33	123.9
399	lactamase B	Metallo-beta-lactamase superfamily	3.4e-39	143.6
402	F-box			f
		F-box domain.	0.0002	28.1
403	CLP_protease	Clp protease	4.8e-64	226.2
405	Ribosomal_L35 Ae	Ribosomal protein L35Ae	6e-77	269.0
406	LIM	LIM domain containing proteins	0.00021	20.7
410	tRNA-synt 1c	tRNA synthetases class I (E and Q)	1e-236	799.8
411	NTP transf 2	Nucleotidyltransferase domain	3.9e-16	67.0
412	DEAD	DEAD/DEAH box helicase	0.00016	17.2
414	DUF94	Domain of unknown function DUF94	0.00010	26.9
415	tubulin	Tubulin/FtsZ family	4.5e-289	973.7
420	SET	SET domain	3.3e-57	203.5
421	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	6.1e-29	109.6
423	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	1.5e-39	144.9
424	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	_	
428	LIM		8.9e-75	261.8
431 431	kazal	LIM domain containing proteins  Kazal-type serine protease inhibitor domain	1.8e-34 3.7e-18	73.8
432	SH2	Src homology domain 2	1.4e-67	198.4
432	zf-C2H2			
		Zinc finger, C2H2 type	2.8e-144	492.7
434	ras	Ras family	0.012	-106.8
436	E1-E2_ATPase	E1-E2 ATPase	1.6e-117	391.0
437	RNA_pol_A	RNA polymerase alpha subunit	0	1077.7
438	PHD	PHD-finger	1.6e-11	51.7
439	lectin_c	Lectin C-type domain	4.7e-30	113.3
440	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	1.1e-65	231.6
441	arrestin	Arrestin (or S-antigen)	2.9e-254	858.1
442	aminotran_3	Aminotransferases class-III pyridoxal-pho	8.2e-80	231.1
443.	UCH-1	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolases famil	8.5e-12	52.6
444	CTF_NFI	CTF/NF-I family	2.6e-277	934.6
151	T-box	T-box	3.8e-117	402.6
153	Rieske	Rieske [2Fe-2S] domain	2.6e-13	57.7
454	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	3.9e-64	226.5
156	homeobox	Homeobox domain	2.8e-08	38.9
159	ig	Immunoglobulin domain	2.6e-08 2.6e-20	70.5
160	Hydrolase	haloacid dehalogenase-like hydrolase	4e-25	96.9
62	<del> </del>			
	rve	Integrase core domain	1.6e-13	50.7
166	CH	Calponin homology (CH) domain	2.4e-17	71.1
167	CH	Calponin homology (CH) domain	2.4e-17	71.1
168	Sterol_desat	Sterol desaturase	7.5e-38	139.2
169	pro_isomerase	Cyclophilin type peptidyl-prolyl cis- tr	2.6e-63	220.9
170	Peptidase_M24	metallopeptidase family M24	6e-08	28.1
171	PDZ	PDZ domain (Also known as DHR or	5.4e-129	441.9
-	- <del></del>	GLGF).		' ' ' ' '

NO:		Œ	DESCRIPTION		p-value	<del></del> -	PC'
472	myb_DNA-		Myb-like DNA-binding domain	·	_   _		SCORI
473	binding ZZ				3.6e-06		33.9
474	EF1G_doma	in	Zinc finger present in dystrophin	, CB	0.012		20.0
			Elongation factor 1 gamma, conserved doma		6.3e-88		305.5
475	Ribosomal 1	_31e	Ribosomal protein L31e				
476	Clq		Clq domain		6.1e-66		232.5
477 478	SH3		SH3 domain		2.5e-75 1.1e-12		263.7
4/8	MoaA_NifB qE	_Pq	moaA / nifB / pqqE family		0.002		55.6 -17.7
479	FYVE				3,002		-17.7
480	DNA pol A		FYVE zinc finger		9.3e-21		78.6
482	adh_short		DNA polymerase family A short chain dehydrogenase		2.3e-46		167.4
483	ank		Ank repeat		1.2e-62		221.6
484	IMS		impB/mucB/samB family		1.3e-17		71.9
486 487	TIR		TIR domain		2.2e-83 3.2e-19		290.5
488	FMO-like		Flavin-binding monooxygenase-lik	ce l	0 0		67.8
495	I_LWEQ homeobox		DL WEQ domain	-	9.5e-101		1425.5
497	pkinase		Homeobox domain	$\neg$	3.6e-06	$\longrightarrow$	341.0 30.8
499	fin3	-	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain		2.3e-166	-+	566.1
501	LRR		Fibronectin type III domain		2.5e-237	_	801.8
502	RGS		Leucine Rich Repeat Regulator of G protein signaling		9.3e-31		115.6
			domain		0.041	-	11.9
503	filament		ntermediate filament proteins		1 140	$\bot$	
505 506	fn3	1	ibronectin type III domain		1e-142 1.3e-100		487.5
000	HECT	1	IECT-domain (ubiquiting		le-13		347.7
507	Ribosomal_L7	l to	ransferase).		10-15		59.0
	e	4   1	Libosomal protein L7Ae	1:	5.7e-26	-   9	99.7
80	WD40	V	VD domain, G-beta repeat		062		
09 10	WD40	N	D domain, G-beta reneat		).063 ).063		9.8
11	WD40 pkinase	W	D domain, G-beta repeat		.1e-42		9.8
12	G-gamma	_   E	ukaryotic protein kinase domain		.3e-86	1/3	54.3 00.4
13	SH3	10	GL domain 13 domain	1	.9e-08		4.3
15	HTH AraC	R	15 domain	3	e-06		4.2
16		Pi	acterial regulatory helix-turn-helix otei	3.	.9e-27	10	03.6
7	zf-C2H2	Zi	nc finger, C2H2 type	+-	7e-34	4.	
8	S1 pkinase		RNA binding domain		7e-34 1e-58		28.0
5	cadherin	Eu	karyotic protein kinase domain		8e-75		)5.9 54.2
8	zf-C2H2	L'a	dherin domain		-80		0.6
9	neur chan	Ne	nc finger, C2H2 type	4e	-70		6.4
1	RhoGEF	Rh	urotransmitter-gated ion-channel oGEF domain		Be-222	75	0.8
2	myosin_head	My	osin head (motor domain)		e-44		0.2
3	LRR	Leu	cine Rich Repeat	0	- 15		94.5
5	Sec7	Sec	7 domain		e-15 e-92	62.	
	homeobox actin		neobox domain		e-92 e-05	319	
	ank	Act			e-100	26. 330	
	zf-CCCH	Ank	repeat		e-35	131	
	DSPc	Line	finger C-x8-C-x5-C-x3-H type	2.8	e-10	41.	
		] Dua	specificity phosphatase, ytic doma		-40	147	
	HMG_CoA_synt	Hyd	roxymethylglutaryl-coenzyme A				_
-+	aminin G	Synu	ias	0	l	125	8.0
	PHD	Lam	inin G domain	3.3e	-76	266.	6
	PDZ	THD	-finger	0.00		9.3	<u>~</u>
		_FUZ	domain (Also known as DHR or	0.00		25.0	

SEQ ID NO:	PFAM NAME	DESCRIPTION	p-value	PFAM SCORE
		GLGF).		
555	WW	WW domain	1.3e-24	95.3
558	kinesin	Kinesin motor domain	1.8e-176	599.7
559	zf-C3HC4	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)	0.00085	16.5
563	efhand	EF hand	7.9e-11	49.4
567	PH	PH domain	7.8e-06	25.9
568	PH	PH domain	3.1e-39	143.8
569	Hist_deacetyl	Histone deacetylase family	5.2e-106	365.6
570	PDZ	PDZ domain (Also known as DHR or GLGF).	3.4e-20	80.5
571	zf-C3HC4	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)	le-16	58.5
573	ubiquitin	Ubiquitin family	1.4e-08	31.1
574	FH2	Formin Homology 2 Domain	1.3e-110	380.9
576	serpin	Serpins (serine protease inhibitors)	4.3e-146	496.4
579	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	5.7e-76	265.8
580	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	6.9e-79	275.5
581	RhoGAP	RhoGAP domain	4.4e-53	189.8
582	Ribosomal_L7A e	Ribosomal protein L7Ae	0.028	1.0
584	kazal	Kazal-type serine protease inhibitor domain	2.2e-52	187.4
585	LRR	Leucine Rich Repeat	4.4e-28	106.7
586	PHID	PHD-finger	3.8e-12	53.8
588	GTP1_OBG	GTP1/OBG family	1.1e-62	215.2
590	Collagen	Collagen triple helix repeat (20 copies)	8e-42	152.4
591	lys	C-type lysozyme/alpha-lactalbumin family	1.6e-31	116.4
596	ACBP	Acyl CoA binding protein	0.0022	-9.4
597	SNF2_N	SNF2 and others N-terminal domain	3.7e-98	339.5
600	KRAB	KRAB box	1.3e-29	111.8
606	LRR	Leucine Rich Repeat	1e-05	32.5
607	LRR	Leucine Rich Repeat	1e-05	32.5
608	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	5.3e-23	89.8
610	cpn60_TCP1	TCP-1/cpn60 chaperonin family	1.7e-237	802.4
613	THF_DHG_CY H	Tetrahydrofolate dehydrogenase/cyclohydro	4.9e-173	588.3
617	rrm	RNA recognition motif.	4e-14	60.4
618	rrm	RNA recognition motif.	4e-14	60.4
620	cofilin_ADF	Cofilin/tropomyosin-type actin- binding pr	3e-06	34.2
621	Nop	Putative snoRNA binding domain	6.1e-95	328.8
622	UCH-2	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase family	5.8e-21	83.1
625	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	2.5e-124	426.4
628	DEAD	DEAD/DEAH box helicase	2.5e-68	219.0
632	GST	Glutathione S-transferases.	4.8e-26	89.0
633	5_nucleotidase	5'-nucleotidase	6.6e-248	837.0
636	LIM	LIM domain containing proteins	1.6e-88	307.5
637	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	1.5e-73	257.8
638	MSP_domain	MSP (Major sperm protein) domain	8.4e-09	42.7
639	metalthio	Metallothionein	2e-24	94.6
641	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	6.1e-114	391.9
642	Ribosomal_S28e	Ribosomal protein S28e	9.3e-48	172.1
543	Ribosomal_S5	Ribosomal protein S5	8.3e-87	301.8
546	PHD	PHD-finger	0.00025	23.1
647	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	1.5e-22	88.4

NO	Q ID   PFAM NAM	E DESCRIPTION	p-value	PCT/U
648		Lipase/Acylhydrolase with GDSI		SCORE
652	zf-C2H2	TIKE MOUIT	- 0.015	2.2
653	histone	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	4.1e-14	6 498.8
654	zf-C2H2	Core histone H2A/H2B/H3/H4	1.2e-10	
655	ras	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	1.9e-87	
657		Ras family	6.4e-77	
		Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)	5.3e-13	
658	PITOSPIIGIG	se Ser/Thr protein phosphatase	126-100	
659		Zinc finger, C2H2 type	2.6e-182	
660	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	1.3e-92	321.1
662	NDK	Nucleoside diphosphate kinases	1.5e-85	297.6
664	IRF	Interferon regulatory factor	1.4e-119	
665		transcription f	7e-20	79.5
665	4HPPD_C	4-hydroxyphenylpyruvate		
		dioxygenase C term	1.4e-16	68.5
666	DEAD	DEAD/DEAH box helicase	10-51	
667	DEAD	DEAD/DEAH box helicase	4.8e-74	237.1
669	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	2.9e-70	225.1
671	homeobox	Homeobox domain	6.1e-93	322.2
678	crystall	Beta/Gamma crystallin	0.018	16.5
679	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	4.7e-106	365.8
680	Keratin B2	Keratin, high sulfur B2 protein	1.9e-06	34.9
682	G-gamma	GGL domain	4.1e-06	15.9
685	UCH-2	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal	8.5e-33	117.9
		hydrolase family	1.4e-29	111.7
586	Acetyltransf	Acetyltransferase (GNAT) family		
587	7tm_1	7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsis	6.6e-10	46.4
-		family)	4.6e-15	50.0
88	proteasome	Proteasome A-type and B-type		
89	SCP2	SCP-2 sterol transfer family	6.5e-64	225.7
90	TS-N	TS-N domain	6.2e-37	136.1
92	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	0.041	20.1
93	zf-MYND	MYND finger	9.9e-60	211.9
94	Oxysterol BP	Oxysterol-binding protein	0.038	5.5
95	PDZ	PDZ domain (Also known as DHR or	3.9e-133	455.7
32	<del></del>	( GLGF).	1.3e-30	115.1
)3 )6	Peptidase_C2	Calpain family cysteine protease	00 155	·
	filament	Intermediate filament proteins	2.3e-175	596.0
0	fibrinogen_C	Fibrinogen beta and gamma chains,	7.2e-107	368.5
1		C-term	7e-80	278.0
2	SH2	Src homology domain 2	22.66	
$\frac{2}{3}$	ATP-synt_DE	ATP synthase, Delta/Ensilon chain	2.3e-65 0.00062	192.1
	ARID	ARID DNA binding domain		19.0
4	LBP_BPI_CETP	LBP / BPI / CETP family	2e-17	71.3
5	RNA_pol_L	RNA polymerases L / 13 to 16 kDa	8.6e-34	125.7
	T 170	Subunit	4.8e-49	176.3
7	KRAB	KRAB box	10 10	
	mito_carr	Mitochondrial carrier proteins	1.3e-42	155.0
	Gal-bind_lectin	Vertebrate galactoside-binding lectin	4.8e-38	133.3
	aldedh	Aldehyde dehydrogenase family	1.5e-25	90.2
	Glycos_transf_2	UIVCOSVI transferaçõe	1.3e-119	410.8
	ELM2	EI M2 domein	4e-21	83.6
	PR55	Protein phocphotogo 2 4	2e-34	127.8
		subunit PR	0	1038.2
	DSPc	Dual specificity phasely		
		-r	70.14	(0.1
_		catalytic doma	4e-14	60.4
	WD40 zf-C3HC4	catalytic doma	5.6e-14	59.9

SEQ ID NO:	PFAM NAME	DESCRIPTION	p-value	PFAM SCORE
		finger)		
749	mito_carr	Mitochondrial carrier proteins	4.5e-67	232.8
750	DUF27	Domain of unknown function DUF27	4.5e-12	53.5
751	SH3	SH3 domain	3.6e-17	70.5
752	HMG_box	HMG (high mobility group) box	8.6e-13	55.9
753	SPRY	SPRY domain	5.9e-05	23.3
754	GTP_CDC	Cell division protein	7.5e-153	521.2
755	mito carr	Mitochondrial carrier proteins	3e-88	305.4
756	TSPN	Thrombospondin N-terminal -like domains	8.1e-58	205.5
757	BTB	BTB/POZ domain	5.7e-23	89.7
759	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	1.2e-12	55.4
760	NSF	NSF attachment protein	6.4e-127	435.1
762	Ribosomal S14	Ribosomal protein S14p/S29e	2.1e-06	24.8
765	ThiF family	ThiF family	1.7e-39	144.6
766	DnaJ	DnaJ domain	3.9e-36	133.5
768	tRNA-synt 2b	tRNA synthetase class II	9.1e-81	281.7
769	ldl recept a	Low-density lipoprotein receptor	0	1404.5
		domain		
770	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	2e-21	84.6
771	LRR	Leucine Rich Repeat	3.8e-06	33.9
774	SNF2_N	SNF2 and others N-terminal domain	5.5e-99	342.3
776	VPS9	Vacuolar sorting protein 9 (VPS9) domain	1.1e-30	115.4
777	VPS9	Vacuolar sorting protein 9 (VPS9) domain	1.1e-30	115.4
778	VPS9	Vacuolar sorting protein 9 (VPS9) domain	1.1e-30	115.4
779	zf-C3HC4	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)	3.1e-08	31.0
781	cadherin	Cadherin domain	5.6e-113	388.7
783	HECT	HECT-domain (ubiquitin- transferase).	4.2e-31	116.8
785	sushi	Sushi domain (SCR repeat)	1.8e-60	214.3
786	sushi	Sushi domain (SCR repeat)	1.8e-60	214.3
788	vwa	von Willebrand factor type A domain	1.9e-52	187.7
790	rrm	RNA recognition motif.	2.8e-20	80.8
791	Collagen	Collagen triple helix repeat (20	0.00097	9.7
792	pkinase	copies)  Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	0.023	124
795	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type		12.4
795 796	adh_short	short chain dehydrogenase	6.5e-95	328.7
790 799	SAICAR_synt		4.1e-05	
805		SAICAR synthetase	6e-125	428.5
	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	4e-65	229.8
806	ZU5	ZU5 domain	4.7e-37	136.5
807	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	0.016	21.8
808	WD40	WD domain, G-beta repeat	0.0041	23.8
809	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	2e-31	117.2
810	vwa	von Willebrand factor type A domain	1.9e-52	187.7
814	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	4.5e-83	289.4
815	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	6e-74	259.1
817	myosin_head	Myosin head (motor domain)	1.5e-176	599.9
818	GSPII_E	Bacterial type II secretion system protein	0.012	11.5
819	PDEase	3'5'-cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase	1.1e-74	215.5
821	PH	PH domain	0.00025	20.5
822	CNH	CNH domain	0.00023	-24.7
*// '		i Civi uviiaiii — i		

SE NO	Q ID PFAM NAM	IE DESCRIPTION	p-value	PCT
829			p-vaide	PFAM SCORI
830		HMG (high mobility group) box	7.8e-34	125.8
831		Rasuer domain	2.2e-102	353.5
832		CNH domain	3e-118	406.2
833		Mitochondrial carrier proteins	3.7e-37	130.3
837		PX domain	2.7e-19	77.5
838		- Jacobile phospilalase	1.6e-263	888.8
840		Ank repeat	2.4e-270	
842		Ank repeat	5.8e-38	139.6
843	Ribosomal_I		1 90 121	448.8
043	SNF	Sodium:neurotransmitter symport	er 0	1201.8
845	Peptidase M	lamily	l l	1201.6
848	EF1BD		4.7e-67	236.2
	LITED	Er-1 guanine nucleotide exchange	2.2e-56	200.7
849	zf-C2H2	domain		200.7
850	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	1.5e-122	420.5
852	SIS	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	2e-67	237.4
853		SIS domain	3.8e-30	
854	RhoGAP	RhoGAP domain	1 1 20	113.6
0.74	PDZ	PDZ domain (Also known as DHR	or 5.1e-10	138.6
856	1000	(GLGF).	3.16-10	46.7
858	ACOX	Acyl-CoA oxidase	9.1e-263	006
860	efhand	EF hand	2.4e-18	886.3
	homeobox	Homeobox domain	4e-22	74.4
862	TFIIF_beta	Transcription initiation factor IIF,		86.9
966		Deta	2.2e-134	459.8
866	A2M	Alpha-2-macroglobulin family	4.9e-21	
867	MoCF_biosynt	h Molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis	5.8e-205	70.9
0.60		protei	3.8e-205	694.3
868	EGF	EGF-like domain	4.1e-22	
869	EGF	EGF-like domain		86.9
871	PI-PLC-X	Phosphatidylinositol-specific	1.1e-22	88.8
100		phospholipase	7.2e-95	328.6
872	UCH-2	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal	11.00	
77.		hydrolase family	1.1e-20	82.1
74	SH3	SH3 domain	2.2e-14	
77	SH3	SH3 domain	8.6e-90	61.2
82	KRAB	KRAB box		311.7
85	ank	Ank repeat	6.9e-45	162.6
86	biopterin_H	Biopterin-dependent aromatic amino	7.1e-07	36.3
		I acid ii	0	988.3
87	GTP_EFTU	Elongation factor Tu family	1 0- 100	10-
88	zf-C3HC4	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING	4.9e-129	437.5
20		(Imger)	1.6e-14	51.4
39	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	27-00	
00	ig	Immunoglobulin domain	3.7e-92	319.6
2	PTR2	POT family	3.8e-06	24.8
3	Sulfatase	Sulfatase	9.5e-48	163.0
4	Sulfatase	Sulfatase	3.5e-78	273.2
5	7tm_1	7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsin	3.5e-78	273.2
		family)	4.5e-51	164.4
6	Glyco_hydro 31	Glycosyl hydrolases family 31	-	<u>                                     </u>
7	chromo	'chromo' (CHRromatin Organization	0	1277.3
		MOdifier)	3.9e-06	26.0
3	Cbl_N	CBL proto-oncogene N-terminal		
_	<del>-</del>	domain	1.2e-273	922.4
	vwa			
<del>,  </del>	WD40	von Willebrand factor type A domain	5.5e-32	119.7
$\neg +$	zf-C2H2	WD domain, G-beta repeat	2.7e-07	37.7
	ras	Zinc finger, C2H2 type Ras family	4e-156	532.1
	··	Nas lamily	6.6e-101	348.6

SEQ ID NO:	PFAM NAME	DESCRIPTION	p-value	PFAM SCORE
904	Armadillo_seg	Armadillo/beta-catenin-like repeats	1.1e-06	35.6
906	FH2	Formin Homology 2 Domain	4.5e-112	385.7
907	Cytidylyltransf	Cytidylyltransferase	1.4e-05	29.3
908	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	1.2e-64	228.2
909	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	8.5e-70	245.3
910	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	2.9e-42	153.8
911	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	1.2e-35	131.8
912	PHD	PHD-finger	5.1e-06	33.4
913	PHD	PHD-finger	5.5e-16	66.5
916	filament	Intermediate filament proteins	9.7e-121	414.5
917	LIM	LIM domain containing proteins	5.9e-15	57.9
918	SAM	SAM domain (Sterile alpha motif)	4.3e-16	66.9
922	Acylphosphatase	Acylphosphatase	2.9e-63	223.6
924.		Immunoglobulin domain	1.3e-08	32.8
925	ig Acyl-CoA dh	Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase		
			2.4e-131	449.8
927	7tm_1	7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsin family)	2.9e-45	145.9
928	globin	Globin	2.4e-52	186.9
929	sugar_tr	Sugar (and other) transporter	1.2e-16	68.8
932	Collagen	Collagen triple helix repeat (20 copies)	0.00097	9.7
933	HMG box	HMG (high mobility group) box	7.8e-34	125.8
934	SEA	SEA domain	0.0021	24.7
935	ras	Ras family	6.4e-59	209.2
936	CH	Calponin homology (CH) domain	3.8e-21	83.7
937	voltage CLC	Voltage gated chloride channels	1.9e-199	676.0
938	homeobox	Homeobox domain	1.9e-199 1.9e-25	98.0
940	pkinase	Eukaryotic protein kinase domain	9.9e-58	205.2
942	Myosin tail			1
		Myosin tail	3.7e-09	38.2
943	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	2.2e-92	320.3
945	Clat_adaptor_s	Clathrin adaptor complex small chain	1.3e-76	268.0
946	sugar_tr	Sugar (and other) transporter	0.017	-122.8
947	tRNA-synt_le	tRNA synthetases class I (C)	0.00097	15.6
948	PHD	PHD-finger	2.2e-17 .	71.2
951	sugar_tr	Sugar (and other) transporter	0.0082	-113.9
952	mito_carr	Mitochondrial carrier proteins	1.7e-54	189.7
953	myb_DNA- binding	Myb-like DNA-binding domain	4.5e-20	80.1
955	ketoacyl-synt	Beta-ketoacyl synthase	7.1e-133	454.8
957	aldo ket red	Aldo/keto reductase family	1.5e-98	340.8
959	Kelch	Kelch motif	0.02	20.8
961	ras	Ras family	2.2e-29	111.1
964	homeobox	Homeobox domain	5.4e-22	86.5
965	PH	PH domain	3e-21	80.9
966	zf-C3HC4	Zinc finger, C3HC4 type (RING finger)	2.2e-09	34.7
967	Ribosomal L29	Ribosomal L29 protein	1.6e-15	65.0
970	FAD binding 2	FAD binding domain	8.9e-47	166.6
971	rve	Integrase core domain	0.00015	19.8
972	Glycos transf 2	Glycosyl transferases	2.1e-21	84.5
974	Ribosomal L10	Ribosomal protein L10	3.3e-48	173.6
975	7tm_1	7 transmembrane receptor (rhodopsin	1.6e-37	121.3
976	of CA	family)	2 10 52	1705
	zf-C4 .	Zinc finger, C4 type (two domains)	2.1e-52	178.5
977	zf-C2H2	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	6.6e-150	511.4
978	FTHFS	Formatetetrahydrofolate ligase	0	1367.2
982	Renal_dipeptase	Renal dipeptidase	1.3e-73	258.0
984	A_deaminase	Adenosine/AMP deaminase	2.6e-05	-48.6

TABLE 5

of full-length nucleotide sequence	SEQ ID NO: of full-length peptide sequence	SEQ ID Not of contiguate nucleotide sequence	of contig	O: Priority docket number_correspond g SEQ ID NO: in priority application	SEQ ID NO: in U.S.S.N. 09/496,914
1	985	1969	2953	7970170	
2	986	1970	2954	787CIP2_1 787CIP2_2	150
3	987	1971	2955		223
4	988	1972	2956		1884
5	989	1973	2957	787CIP2_4	2123
6	990	1974	2958	787CIP2_5	2313
7	991	1975	2959	787CIP2_6	3284
8	992	1976	2960	787CIP2_7	3324
9	993	1977	2961	787CIP2_8	6182
10	994	1978	2962	787CIP2_9	6210
11	995	1979	2963	787CIP2_10	6213
12	996	1980	2964	787CIP2_11	6257
13	997	1981	2965	787CIP2_12	6294
14	998	1982	2966	787CIP2_13	6294
15	999	1983	2966	787CIP2_14	6330
16	1000	1984	2967	787CIP2_15	6364
17	1001	1985	2968	787CIP2_16	6455
18	1002	1986	2969	787CIP2_17	6486
19	1003	1987		787CIP2_18	6503
20	1004	1988	2971	787CIP2_19	6528
21	1005	1989	2972	787CIP2_20	6572
22	1006	1990	2973	787CIP2_21	6578
23	1007	1991	2974	787CIP2_22	6593
4	1008	1992	2975	787CIP2_23	6603
.5	1009	1992	2976	787CIP2_24	6603
6	1010	1993	2977	787CIP2_25	6679
7	1011	1995	2978	787CIP2_26	6744
8	1012	1996	2979	787CIP2_27	6762
	1013	1997	2980	787CIP2_28	6770
	1014	1997	2981	787CIP2_29	6770
	1015	1999	2982	787CIP2_30	6787
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		2010	2994	787CIP2_42	7014
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701	1685	2669	3653	787CIP2B_354	8610
702	1686	2670	3654	787CIP2B_355	8610
703	1687	2671	3655	787CIP2B_356	8615
704	1688	2672	3656	787CIP2B_357	8622
705	1689	2673	3657	787CIP2B_358	8626
706	1690	2674	3658	787CIP2B_359	8628
707	1691	2675	3659	787CIP2B_360	8629
708	1692	2676	3660	787CIP2B_361	8630
709	1693	2677	3661	787CIP2B_362	8632
710	1694	2678	3662	787CIP2B_363	8634
711	1695	2679	3663	787CIP2B_364	8643
712	1696	2680	3664	787CIP2B_365 787CIP2B_366	8644 8645
713	1697	2681	3665		

714		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
714	1698	2682	3666	787CIP2B 367	8646	
715	1699	2683	3667	787CIP2B 368	8657	
716	1700	2684	3668	787CIP2B 369	8661	
717	1701	2685	3669	787CIP2B 370	8670	
718	1702	2686	3670	787CIP2B 371	8692	
719	1703	2687	3671	787CIP2B 372	8698	
720	1704	2688	3672	787CIP2B 373	8762	
721	1705	2689	3673	787CIP2B 374	8768	
722	1706	2690	3674	787CIP2B_375		
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728	1712		3679	787CIP2B_380	8822	
729		2696	3680	787CIP2B_381	8833	
	1713	2697	3681	787CIP2B_382	8835	
_/_//	_   1/14	2698	3682	787CIP2B 383	8877	
731	1715	2699	3683	787CIP2B 384	8886	
732	1716	2700	3684	787CIP2B 385	9003	
733	1717	2701	3685	787CIP2B 386	9157	
734	1718	2702	3686	787CIP2B 387	9175	
735	1719	2703	3687	787CIP2B 388	9205	
736	1720	2704	3688	787CIP2B 389	9260	
737	1721	2705	3689	787CIP2B 390		
738	1722	2706	3690	787CIP2B_390	9295	
739	1723	2707	3691		9307	
740	1724	2708	3692	787CIP2B_392	9307	
741	1725	2709		787CIP2B_393	9312	
742	1726		3693	787CIP2B_394	9347	
743	1727	2710	3694	787CIP2B_395	9370	
744	1728	2711	3695	787CIP2B_396	9370	
745		2712	3696	787CIP2B_397	9382	
746	1729	2713	3697	787CIP2B_398	9591	
747	1730	2714	3698	787CIP2B_399	9650	
	1731	2715	3699	787CIP2B_400	9655	
748	1732	2716	3700	787CIP2B 401	9663	
749	1733	2717	3701	787CIP2B 402	9715	
750	1734	2718	3702	787CIP2B 403	9755	
751	1735	2719	3703	787CIP2B 404	9766	
752	1736	2720	3704	787CIP2B 405	9771	
753	1737	2721	3705	787CIP2B 406	9784	
754	1738	2722	3706	787CIP2B 407	9925	
755	1739	2723	3707	787CIP2B 408	9970	
756	1740	2724	3708	787CIP2B 409	9997	
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759	1743	2727	3711	787CIP2B_411	10010	
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762	1746		3713	787CIP2B_414	10093	
763	1746	2730	3714	787CIP2B_415	10172	
764		2731	3715	787CIP2B_416	10184	$\neg$
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767	1751	2735	3719	787CIP2C 1	886	
68	1752	2736	3720	787CIP2C 2	1028	
69	1753	2737	3721 .	787CIP2C 3	1916	
70	1754	2738	3722	787CIP2C 4	2072	$\dashv$
71	1755	2739	3723	787CIP2C 5	2424	
72	1756	2740	3724	787CIP2C 6	2474	
73	1757	2741	3725	787CIP2C 7	<del></del>	
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774	1758	2742	3726	787CIP2C 8	2887
775	1759	2743	3727	787CIP2C 9	3001
776	1760	2744	3728	787CIP2C 10	3182
777	1761	2745	3729	787CIP2C 11	3182
778	1762	2746	3730	787CIP2C_11	3182
779	1763	2747	3731	787CIP2C 13	3193
780	1764	2748	3732	787CIP2C_13	3196
781	1765	2749	3733	787CIP2C_14	3224
782	1766	2750	3734	787CIP2C_13	3225
783	1767	2751	3735	787CIP2C_16	3234
784	1768	2752	3736	787CIP2C_17	3241
785	1769	2753			
786	1770	2754	3737	787CIP2C_19	3243
			3738	787CIP2C_20	3243
787	1771	2755	3739	787CIP2C_21	3259
788 789	1772	2756	3740	787CIP2C_22	3272
	1773	2757	3741	787CIP2C_23	3278
790	1774	2758	3742	787CIP2C_24	3296
791	1775	2759	3743	787CIP2C_25	3327
792	1776	2760	3744	787CIP2C_26	3334
793	1777	2761	3745	787CIP2C_27	3339
794	1778	2762	3746	787CIP2C_28	3347
795	1779	2763	3747	787CIP2C_29	3387
796	1780	2764	3748	787CIP2C_30	3392
797	1781	2765	3749	787CIP2C_31	3411
798	1782	2766	3750	787CIP2C_32	3427
799	1783	2767	3751	787CIP2C_33	3432
800	1784	2768	3752	787CIP2C_34	3441
801	1785	2769	3753	787CIP2C_35	3479
802	1786	2770	3754	787CIP2C_36	3488
803	1787	2771	3755	787CIP2C_37	3488
804	1788	2772	3756	787CIP2C_38	3553
805	1789	2773	3757	787CIP2C_39	3560
806	1790	2774	3758	787CIP2C_40	3618
807	1791	2775	3759	787CIP2C_41	3642
808	1792	2776	3760	787CIP2C_42	3649
809	1793	2777	3761	787CIP2C_43	3676
810	1794	2778	3762	787CIP2C_44	3747
811	1795	2779	3763	787CIP2C_45	3917
812	1796	2780	3764	787CIP2C_46	4218
813	1797	2781	3765	787CIP2C_47	4219
814	1798	2782	3766	787CIP2C_48	4222
815	1799	2783	3767	787CIP2C_49	4222
816	1800	2784	3768	787CIP2C_50	4229
817	1801	2785	3769	787CIP2C_51	4230
818	1802	2786	3770	787CIP2C_52	4240
819	1803	2787	3771	787CIP2C_53	4241
820	1804	2788	3772	787CIP2C_54	4249
821	1805	2789	3773	787CIP2C_55	4252
822	1806	2790	3774	787CIP2C_56	4267
823	1807	2791	3775	787CIP2C_57	. 4272
824	1808	2792	3776	787CIP2C_58	4273
825	1809	2793	3777	787CIP2C_59	4275
826	1810	2794	3778	787CIP2C_60	4283
827	1811	2795	3779	787CIP2C_61	4290
828	1812	2796	3780	787CIP2C_62	4292
829	1813	2797	3781	787CIP2C_63	4305
830	1814	2798	3782	787CIP2C_64	4306
831	1815	2799	3783	787CIP2C_65	4308
832	1816	2800	3784	787CIP2C_66	4322
833	1817	2801	3785	787CIP2C_67	4351
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836	1819	2803	3787	787CIP2C_69	4399
837	1820	2804	3788	787CIP2C_70	4400
838	1821	2805	3789	787CIP2C_71	4520
839	1822	2806	3790	787CIP2C_72	4598
	1823	2807	3791	787CIP2C_73	4599
840	1824	2808	3792	787CIP2C_74	4600
841	1825	2809	3793	787CIP2C 75	4670
842	1826	2810	3794	787CIP2C 76	4708
843	1827	2811	3795	787CIP2C 77	4734
844	1828	2812	3796	787CIP2C 78	4738
845	1829	2813	3797	787CIP2C 79	4749
846	1830	2814	3798	787CIP2C 80	4752
847	1831	2815	3799	787CIP2C 81	4752
848	1832	2816	3800	787CIP2C_82	4770
849	1833	2817	3801	787CIP2C 83	4784
850	1834	2818	3802	787CIP2C 84	4785
851	1835	2819	3803	787CIP2C 85	4792
852	1836	2820	3804	787CIP2C 86	4803
853	1837	2821	3805	787CIP2C_80	4811
854	1838	2822	3806	787CIP2C_87	4817
855	1839	2823	3807	787CIP2C 89	
856	1840	2824	3808	787CIP2C_89	4818
857	1841	2825	3809	787CIP2C_90	4820
858	1842	2826	3810	787CIP2C_91 787CIP2C_92	4831
859	1843	2827	3811	787CIP2C_92	4841
860	1844	2828	3812		4869
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863	1847	2831	3815	787CIP2C_96	4910
864	1848	2832		787CIP2C_97	4931
865	1849	2833	3816	787CIP2C_98	5303
866	1850	2834	3817	787CIP2C_99	5317
867	1851	2835	3818	787CIP2C_100	5322
868	1852	2836	3819	787CIP2C_101	5330
869	1853	2837	3820	787CIP2C_102	5333
870	1854		3821	787CIP2C_103	5333
871	1855	2838	3822	787CIP2C_104	5356
872	1856	2839	3823	787CIP2C_105	5363
873		2840	3824	787CIP2C_106	5364
874	1857	2841	3825	787CIP2C_107	5379
875	1858	2842	3826	787CIP2C_108	5386
876	1859	2843	3827	787CIP2C_109	5397
877	1860	2844	3828	787CIP2C_110	5401
	1861	2845	3829	787CIP2C_111	5419
878	1862	2846	3830	787CIP2C_112	5420
879	1863	2847	3831	787CIP2C_113	5452
880	1864	2848	3832	787CIP2C_114	5467
881	1865	2849	3833	787CIP2C_115	5482
882	1866	2850	3834	787CIP2C 116	5483
883	1867	2851	3835	787CIP2C 117	5492
384	1868	2852	3836	787CIP2C 118	5499
385	1869	2853	3837	787CIP2C 119	5525
386	1870	2854 .	3838	787CIP2C 120	5538
387	1871	2855	3839	787CIP2C 121	5539
888	1872	2856	3840	787CIP2C 122	5558
889	1873	2857	3841	787CIP2C 123	5559
90	1874	2858	3842	787CIP2C 124	
91	1875	2859	3843	787CIP2C_124 787CIP2C_125	5586
				10/01/20_123	5619
92.	1876	2860	3844	787CIP2C 126	5628

894	1878	2862	3846	787CIP2C_128	5640
895	1879	2863	3847	787CIP2C_129	5827
896	1880	2864	3848	787CIP2C_130	6094
897	1881	2865	3849	787CIP2C_131	6195
898	1882	2866	3850	787CIP2C_132	6206
899	1883	2867	3851	787CIP2C_133	6355
900	1884	2868	3852	787CIP2C_134	6362
901	1885	2869	3853	787CIP2C_135	6386
902	1886	2870	3854	787CIP2C_136	6431
903	1887	2871	3855	787CIP2C_137	6457
904	1888	2872	3856	787CIP2C_138	6480
905	1889	2873	3857	787CIP2C_139	6497
906	1890	2874	3858	787CIP2C_140	6532
907	1891	2875	3859	787CIP2C_141	6598
908	1892	2876	3860	787CIP2C_142	6644
909	1893	2877	3861	787CIP2C_143	6644
910	1894	2878	3862	787CIP2C_144	6645
911	1895	2879	3863	787CIP2C_145	6645
912	1896	2880	3864	787CIP2C_146	6761
913	1897	2881	3865	787CIP2C_147	6782
914	1898	2882	3866	787CIP2C_148	6981
915	1899	2883	3867	787CIP2C_149	6981
916	1900	2884	3868	787CIP2C_150	7000
917	1901	2885	3869	787CIP2C_151	7029
918	1902	2886	3870	787CIP2C_152	7885
919	1903	2887	3871	787CIP2C_153	8143
920	1904	2888	3872	787CIP2C_154	8143
921	1905	2889	3873	787CIP2C_155	8234
922	1906	2890	3874	787CIP2C_156	8463
923	1907	2891	3875	787CIP2C_157	8467
924	1908	2892	3876	787CIP2C_158	8540
925	1909	2893	3877	787CIP2C_159	8600
926	1910	2894	3878	787CIP2C_160	9656
927	1911	2895	3879	787CIP2C_161	9669
928	1912	2896	3880	787CIP2C_162	9695
929	1913	2897	3881	787CIP2C_163	9744
930	1914	2898	3882	787CIP2C_164	9849
931	1915	2899	3883	787CIP2D_1	4180
932	1916	2900	3884	787CIP2D_2	4181
933	1917	2901	3885	787CIP2D_3	4314
934	1918	2902	3886	787CIP2D_4	4500
935	1919	2903	3887	787CIP2D_5	5651
936	1920	2904	3888	787CIP2D_6	5691
937	1921	2905	3889	787CIP2D_7	5881
938	1922	2906	3890	787CIP2D_8	5882
939	1923	2907	3891	787CIP2D_9	6209
940	1924	2908	3892	787CIP2D_10	6719
941	1925	2909	3893	787CIP2D_11	8130
942	1926	2910	3894	787CIP2D_12	8863
943	1927	2911	3895	787CIP2D_13	8902
944	1928	2912	3896	787CIP2D_14	9162
945	1929	2913	3897	787CIP2D_15	9197
946	1930	2914	3898	787CIP2D_16	9215
947	1931	2915	3899	787CIP2D_17	9232
948	1932	2916	3900	787CIP2D_18	9262
949	1933	2917	3901	787CIP2D_19	9369
950	1934	2918	3902	787CIP2D_20	9371
951	1935	2919	3903	787CIP2D_21	9516
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952 953	1936 1937	2920 2921	3904 3905	787CIP2D_22 787CIP2D_23	9601 9731

954	1938	2922	3906	787CIP2D 24	9733
955	1939	2923	3907	787CIP2D 25	9769
956	1940 .	2924	3908	787CIP2D 26	9804
957	1941	2925	3909	787CIP2D 27	9816
958	1942	2926	3910	787CIP2D 28	9844
959	1943	2927	3911	787CIP2D 29	9924
960	1944	2928	3912	787CIP2D 30	9936
961	1945	2929	3913	787CIP2D 31	10163
962	1946	2930	3914	787CIP2D 32	10165
963	1947	2931	3915	787CIP2D 33	10165
964	1948	2932	3916	787CIP2D 34	10244
965	1949	2933	3917	787CIP2D 35	10278
966	1950	2934	3918	787CIP2E 1	4251
967	1951	2935	3919	787CIP2E 2	5310
968	1952	2936	3920	787CIP2E 3	5697
969	1953	2937	3921	787CIP2E 4	5731
970	1954	2938	3922	787CIP2E 5	5733
971	1955	2939	3923	787CIP2E 6	5734
972	1956	2940	3924	787CIP2E 7	5740
973	1957	2941	3925	787CIP2E 8	7657
974	1958	2942	3926	787CIP2E 9	9572
975	1959	2943	3927	787CIP2F 1	1363
976	1960	2944	3928	787CIP2F 2	4303
977	1961	2945	3929	787CIP2F 3	5760
978	1962	2946	3930	787CIP2F 4	5766
979	1963	2947	3931	787CIP2F 5	5767
980	1964	2948	3932	787CIP2F 6	5767
981	1965	2949	3933	787CIP2F 7	5770
982	1966	2950	3934	787CIP2F 8	6855
983	1967	2951	3935	787CIP2F 9	10026
984	1968	2952	3936	787CIP2F 10	10227

TABLE 6

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \
2953	A	3	324	ISEHRIEASGNYLAQRLTSSFLRGLSSWKSNPLML CGWTILLTLTMVQGEP*GP\KGIPG\FHTNSSYPH WGTVAKPPAGD*DLLPAPGQEGTPLFTR*SLCTY CPID
2954	A	18	467	REELGKDLFDCTLYVLLKYDDFNADKHLALEEF YRAFQVIQLSLPEDQKLSITAATVGQSAVLSCAIQ GTLRPPIIWKRNNIILNNLDLEDINDFGDDGSLYIT KVTTTHVGNYTCYADGYEQVYQTHIFQVNVPPV IRVYPESQARRAG
2955	Α	3	23	FYSAFLVADKGIVTSKHNNDTQHIWESDSNEFSV IADPRGNTLGRGTTIT*VSIPPSL
2956	A	1	493	RTKTDVYILNLAVADLLLLFTLPFWAVNAVHGW VLGKIMCKITSALYTLNFVSGMQFLACISIDRYV AVTKVPSQSGVGKPCWIICFCVWMAAILLSIPQL VFYTVNDNARCIPIFPRYLGTSMKALIQMLEICIG FVVPFLIMGVCYFITARTLMKMPNIKIS
2957	A	703	302	EETGVREKRRERMKEKMWQNVLCCTLQTAVIL KLFQNKVLNILKNFFLSPLDTRKNKVFKKWAGG PGAVAHACNPSTLGGRGGRITKSGDRDHPGQHG

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				ETRSLPACWAQWKSLALPVSRAPGRQGSLVVFP LP
2958	A	575	1054	CTKCKADCDTCFNKNFCTKCKSGFYLHLGKCLD NCPEGLEANNHTMECVSIVHCEVSEWNPWSPCT KKGKTCGFKRGTETRVREIIQHPSAKGNLCPPTN ETRKCTVQRKKCQKGERGKKGRERKRKKPNKG ESKEAIPDSKSLESSKEIPEQRENKQQQ
2959	A	1	426	LSMLSTISTEHRLSVLWPIWYCCHCPTHLSAVMC VLLWALSLLQSILEWMFCSFLFSDVDSDNWCQIL DFLTAVWLIFLNLVLCGFTLVLLVRIICGSQKMPL TRLYVTILLTGLVFLFCSLPLSIQ*FLLYWIEKDLD DL
2960	A	1194	852	EKRKTSYSQCLNSKQRNVSMRPSIWIHVHLKPPC RLVELLPFSSALQGLSHLSLGTTLP/V*GHLRFRL RNLPQSLRTVILPERNEEQNLQELSHNADKYQM GDCCKEEIDDSIFY
2961	A	274	2250	EKGKVKDAGAEQWISLSLSCKGSWETQFSNHLN SLTPPTSVRRMPLITTVTLLKMVARHHMKLLCSK AFSTQLQQKIFLHSQMGIHHQSVCMKLKPNTSHII SILMGQPMALVQLETLAPLTIIIQKFQTQDHMKF WKNLPLHSHHLTPSVPQTVIPKKTGSPEIKLKITK TIQNGRELFESSLCGDLLNEVQASE\Q*NQSIESRK EKRKKSNKHDSSRSEERKSHKIPKLEPEEQNRPN ERVDTVSEKPREEPVLKEGSPSSANTIFCSNNGSV HW\FKFQVGDLVWSKVGTYPWWPCMVSSDPQL EVHTKINTRGAREYHVQFFSNQPERAWVHEKRV REYKGHKQYEELLAEATKQASNHSEKQKIRKPR PQRERAQWDIGIAHAEKALKMTREERIEQYTFIYI DKQPEEALSQAKKSVASKTEVKKTRRPRSVLNT QPEQTNAGEVASSLSSTEIRRHSQRRHTSAEEEEP PPVKIAWKTAAARKSLPASITMHKGSLDLQKCN MSPVVKIEQVFALQNATGDGKFIDQFVYSTKGIG NKTEISVRGQDRLIISTPNQRNEKPTQSVSSPEATS GSTGSVEKKQQRRSIRTRSESEKSTEVVPKKKIK KEQVETVPQATVKTGLQKGSADRGVQGSVRFSD SSVSAAIEETVD
2962	A	2408	836	SASPPPPPPPPSRFPFSGAPGARDRSGPLGSEPQR NPGARPRTLEATVTPPGSVGAMSSSGLNSEKVA ALIQKLNSDPQFVLAQNVGTTHDLLDICLKRATV QRAQHVFQHAVPQEGKPITNQKSSGRCWIFSCLN VMRLPFMKKLNIEEFEFSQSYLFFWDKVERCYFF LSAFVDTAQRKEPEDGRLVQFLLMNPANDGGQ WDMLVNIVEKYGVIPKKCFPESYTTEATRRMND ILNHKMREFCIRLRNLVHSGATKGEISATQDVM MEEIFRVVCICLGNPPETFTWEYRDKDKNNKKIG P\TTPLEFNR/EQHVKPLFNMEDKICLVNDPRPQH KYNKLYTV\EYL\SNMVWRGEKLFYNNQPIDFLK KMVAASIKDG\EAVWFGCDVGKHF\NSKLG\LSD MNLYDHELVFGVSLKNMNKAER\LTFGES\LMT HTMTFTAV/SQSRDDSGMVLFTKW\RVGEFQWG EDHGH\KGYLCMTD*VGSLEYVYEVV/VWDRKH VP\EEVLAVLGAGNPFVLPAWDPMGALAE
2963	A	90	543	RHYDSAGKITLKIAKNYLEQRAVGGASPRLAQS VLTCSREPILENSLTSLIEYLHNALEHDMRLRFNN DRMKTTIKETST*LSNSYLVFPLM*SLTYLMKMS

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Corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence			beginning nucleotide	nucleotide location	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
Internation of peptide sequence   Peptide sequence   Peptide sequence   Peptide sequence   Peptide sequence   Peptide sequence   Peptide sequence   Pertia				to last amino	
peptide sequence    PERCTARNKMFVNSPFTKVDNYCTSS\WKKFYL				acid residue of	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
PERCTAENKMEVNSPITKVDNYCTSSWKKFYI. KCYÉSLNTIKKEKKMT  2964 A 3 2454 FDTYRGLPSINGNYSQLQFQAREYSGAPYSQRIS AITTVSVAWKVLSGKIGGAEGNCKCVISEGAW AVCPTQCGKARPYKHLKDLLSKLLINGSYFSKEY VPKNAKEKEVPLEEMLJOSEKKTQLSK TESVKE SESLMEFAQPEJQPGETLARRYMTEVDYSNKQGE EQPWEADYARPNIPREWDMLTEPDGQEKKQE SFKSWEASGKHQEVSKPAVSLEQRKQDTSKLRS TLPEEGKKQEISKSKPSPSQWKQDTPKSWATSY MQSEQNTTKSWTIPMCEEGDSKOPETFKSWEN VESQKHSLTSQSJISFKSWGVATASLIPNDQLLPR KLNTEPEDVPILACASA*GFLPQPFPRIJHVLRK EKLQDLMTQJQGTCNFMQESVLDFDKPSSAIPTS QPPSATPG*PRRHLKEQNLSVKVIFQGAVTVVF NVNAPLPPRREGEKESPYSGYNQSFTTASTQTP PQCQLPSHIVEQTVHSQETANYHPDGTIQVSNGS LAFYPAQTNVPPRTQFFVNSRSVKGCTRGGRL ITNSYRSPGGYKGFDTYRGLPSISNGNYSQLQFO AREYSGAPYSQRDNFQCVKRGGTSGGPRANSY AGWSDSSQVSSPERDNETFNSGDSGGODSRSMT PVDVPVTNPAATILPVHVYPLPQQMRVAFSAAR TISNLAPGTLDGJVFFDLLINNLGETFDLQLGRIN CPVNGTYVFFHMLKLAVNVPLYVNLMKNEEVL VSAYANDGAPDHETASNHALUGFQGDJWIRL HRGAIYGSSW  2965 A 3 2454 FDTYRGLPSISNGNYSQLQFQAREYSGAPYSQRIS AITTVSVAWKVLSGKIGGAEGNCKCVISGGAW AVCPTOPCGKARPDKHLKDLLSKLLNSGYFESIP VPKNAKEKEVPLEEBMLJGSEKKTQLSKTESVEK SESLMEFAQPEIQPGFLINRYMTEVDYSNRQGE EQPWEADYARKPHLPRWFMLTLEPPDGEKKOP SFKSWEASGKHQEVSKPAVSLEGRKQDTSKLRS TLPEEGKKQEISKLSFPSGWKQDTPKSKAGY QEEHKKQETFKLWPVQLQKEQDPKKQTPKSWTPS MQSEGNTTLSWTTPMCEEGDSKQPTFKSWENN VESQKHSLTSQSJSPKSWGVATASLEPNDQLIPF KLNTEFKDVPJACASA*GFLPLQPFFRRIHVLKK EKLQDLMTQLGGTCOTNMGESVLOPTFKSKATYPS MQSEGNTTLSWTTPMCEEGDSKQPTFKSWENN VESQKHSLTSQSJSPKSWGVATASLEPNDQLIPF KLNTEFKDVPJACASA*GFLPLQPFFRRIHVLKK EKLQDLMTQLGGTCOTNMGESVLOPTFKSKATYPS MQSEGNTTLSWTTPMCEEGDSKQPTFKSWENN VESQKHSLTSQSJSPKSWGVATASLEPNDQLIPF KLNTEFKDVPJACASA*GFLPLQPFFRRIHVLKK EKLQDLMTQLGGTCOTNMGESVLOPTFKSKATYPS MQSEGNTTLSWTTPMCEEGDSKQPTFKSWENN VESQKHSLTSQSJSPKSWGVATASLEPNDQLIPF KLNTEFKDVPJACASA*GFLPLQPFFRRIHVLKK EKLQDLMTQLGGTCOTNFMGESVLOPTKSKATYPS MQSEGNTTLSWTTPMCETGDSKGGTGGRGR INSYRSPGGYFTPRHLKEGNSFGSTLASTTOTP PQCQLPSIHVQTVHSQETANYHPDGTIQVSNGS LAFYPAQTINVPFRTPOPTVNSRGSTTLASTOTP PQCQLPSIHVQTVHSQETANYHPDGTIQVSNGS LAFYPAGTYPGFHILKLLAVVPLYVNLIMKNEEVL VSAYAMDGAPDHETHNAGDGGGDSRSMT PVDVPVTRPAATILQLLFQGDQIWLRL HRGAIYGSSW  DYVLTAELHRQRSPGVSFGLSVFILLMAAMGSG		1	peptide		<b>\=possible nucleotide insertion</b>
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TSNLAPGTLDQPIVFDLLLNNLGETFDLQLGRFN CPVNGTYVFIFHMLKLAVNVPLYVNLMKNEEVL VSAYANDGAPDHETASNHAILQLFQGDQIWLRL HRGAIYGSSW  2966 A 1693 227 DYVLTAELHRQRSPGVSFGLSVFNLMNAIMGSGI LGLAYVMANTGVFGFSFLLLTVALLASYSVHLL					PVDVPVTNPAATII PVHVVDI POOMRVAERAAD
CPVNGTYVFIFHMLKLAVNVPLYVNLMKNEEVL VSAYANDGAPDHETASNHAILQLFQGDQIWLRL HRGAIYGSSW  2966 A 1693 227 DYVLTAELHRQRSPGVSFGLSVFNLMNAIMGSGI LGLAYVMANTGVFGFSFLLLTVALLASYSVHLL					
VSAYANDGAPDHETASNHAILQLFQGDQIWLRL HRGAIYGSSW  2966 A 1693 227 DYVLTAELHRQRSPGVSFGLSVFNLMNAIMGSGI LGLAYVMANTGVFGFSFLLLTVALLASYSVHLL			1		
2966 A 1693 227 DYVLTAELHRQRSPGVSFGLSVFNLMNAIMGSGI LGLAYVMANTGVFGFSFLLLTVALLASYSVHLL	ļ			1	VSAYANDGAPDHETASNHAILQLFQGDQIWLRL
LGLAYVMANTGVFGFSFLLLTVALLASYSVHLL	2066		1603	207	
	2700	Α.	1073	221	
					LSMCIQTAYLGP*TNYFMVLPAH*LTCLPLIEFLQ

	1 S 2 V S	I 80 - 31-4 - 3	Marata a	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide	Predicted end nucleotide location	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
	ł	location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
		corresponding to first amino	to last amino acid residue of	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
		acid residue of	peptide	\=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide sequence	sequence	
				SL*NSL\*AVTSYEDLGLFAFGLPGKLVVAGTIIIQ
				NIGAMSSYLLIIKTELPAAIAEFLTGDYSRYWYLD
		ł		GQTLLIIICVGIVFPLALLPKIGFLGYTSSLSFFFM
	l	ĺ	İ	MFFALVVIIKKWSIPCPLTLNYVEKGFQISNVTDD
				CKPKLFHFSKESAYALPTMAFSFLCHTSILPIYCE
				LQSPSKKRMQNVTNTAIALSFLIYFISALFGYLTF
	1	i		YD/GTTKAQRGEVTCHRIKDKVESELLKG***IP*
				SHDVVVMT\VKLCILFAVLL\TVPLIHFPARKAVT
	· .			MMFFSNFPFSWIRHFLITLALNIIIVLLAIYVPDIRN   VFGVVGASTSTCLIFIFPGLFYLKLSREDFLSWKK
				LGVGCFC/LLSFKTSILRNSLSVYIILPASRKSIYFK
				I
2967	Α	3	3222	SGIVVRALWREKKPGGGRRVKRRNPGRQAVGH
2301	^	3	J-22	TEEDPPRVGTPWKEHTGPGPQEGSTMEAAHAKT
				TEECLAYFGVSETTGLTPDQVKRNLEKYGLNELP
				AEEGKTLWELVIEQFEDLLVRILLLAACISFVLA
			•	WFEEGEETITAFVEPFVILLILIANAIVGVWQERN
	j			AENAIEALKEYEPEMGKVYRADRKSVQRIKARD
				IVPGDIVEVAVGDKVPADIRILAIKSTTLRVDQSIL
				TGEYVSVIKHTEPVPDPRAVNQDKKNMLFSGTNI
		]		AAGKALGIVATTGVGTEIGKIRDQMAATEQDKT
				PLQQKLDEFGEQLSKVISLICVAVWLINIGHFNDP
				VHGGSWFRGAIYYFKIAVALAVAAIPEGLPAVIT
İ			İ	TCLALGTRRMAKKNAIVRSLPSVETLGCTSVICS
٠.				DKTGTLTTNQMSVCKMFIIDKVDGDICLLNEFSIT
				GSTYAPEGEVLKNDKPVRPGQYDGLVELATICA
				LCNDSSLDFNEAKGVYEKVGEATETALTTLVEK
				MNVFNTDVRSLSKVERANACNSVIRQLMKKEFT
				LEFSRDRKSMSVYCSPAKSSRAAVGNKMFVKGA
				PEGVIDRCNYVRVGTTRVPLTGPVKEKIMAVIKE
				WGTGRDTLRCLALATRDTPPKREEMVLDDSARF
		İ		LEYETDLTFVGVVGMLDPPRKEVTGSIQLCRDA GIRVIMITGDNKGTAIAICRRIGIFGENEEVADRA
				Y/TGREFDDL\PLAEQ\REACRRACCFARVEPSHK
	1			SKIVEYLQSYDEITAMTGDGVNDAPALKKAEIGI
				AMGSGTAVAKTASEMVLADDNFSTIVAAVEEGR
				AIYNNMKQFIRYLISSNVGEVVCIFLTAALGLPEA
				LIPVQLLWVNLVTDGLPATALGFNPPDLDIMDRP
	}	1		PRSPKEPLI\SGWLFFRYMAIGGYVGAATVGAAA
	,			WWFLYAEDGPHVNYSQLTHFMQCTEDNTHFEGI
١,				DCEVFEAPEPMTMALSVLVTIEMCNALNSLSEN
		}	}	QSLLRMPPWVNIWLLGSICLSMSLHFLILYVDPLP
				MIFKLRALDLTQWLMVLKISLPVIGLDEILKFVA
				RNYLEG*LFPLLHL*ARVTDPEDERRK
2968	Α	3	2414	GARSCSRLGRCTFPLWKGREMEVRKLSISWQFLI
		·		VLVLILQILSALDFDPYRVLGVSRTASQADIKKA
				YKKLAREWHPDKNKDPGAEDKFIQISKAYEILSN
		ļ		EEKRSNYDQYGDAGENQGYQKQQQQREYRFRH
		1		FHENFYFDESFFHFPFNSERRDSIDEKYLLHFSHY
				VNEVAPDSFKKPYLIKITSDWCFSCIHIEPVWKEV
				I CONCUSSION AND EAST OF VERY LEGAL TO SELECT A CONCUSSION AND EAST
	1			LGIINGKISFFHNAVVRENLRQFVESLLPGNLVEK
				VTNKNYVRFLSGWQQENKPHVLLFDQTPIVPLL YKLTAFAYKDYLSFGYVYVGLRGTEEMTRRYNI
				NIYAPTLLVFKEHINRPADVIQARGMKKQIIDDFI
	<u> </u>	L	L	THE TELEVISION OF A LANGUAGE CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				TRNKYLLAARLTSQKLFHELCPVKRSHRQRKYC VVLLTAETTKLSKPFEAFLSFALANTQDTVRFVH VYSNRQQEFADTLLPDSEAFQGKSAVSILERRNT AGRVVYKTLEDPWIGSESDKFILLGYLDQLRKDP ALLSSEAVLPDLTDELAPVFLLRWFYSASDYISD CWDSIFHNNWREMMPLLSLIFSALFILFGTVIVQ AFSDSNDERESSPPEKEEAQEKTGKTEPSFTKENS SKIPKKGFVEVTELTDVTYTSNLVRLRPGHMNV VLILSNSTKTSLLQKFALEVYTFTGSSCLHFSFLSL DKHREWLEYLLEFAQDAAPIPNQYDKHFMERDY TGYVLALNGHKKYFCLFKPQKTVEEGGKP*GSC SDVDSSLYLGESRGKPSCGLGSRPIKGKLSKLSL WMERLLEGSLQRFYIPSWPELD
2969	A	48	1117	KGLSPDQVLSAFAPLDCEMWLKVFTTFLSFATG ACSGLKVTVPSHTVHGVRGQALYLPVHYGFHTP ASDIQIIWLFERPHTMPKYLLGSVNKSVVPD/YGI P/YTSSP*CHPMASLLINPLQFPDEGNYIVKVNIQG NGTLSASQKIQVTVDDPVTKPVVQIHPPSGAVEY VGNMTLTCHVEGGTRLAYQWLKNGRPVHTSST YSFSPQNNTLHIAPVTKEDIGNYSCLVRNPVSEM ESDIIMPIIYYGPYGLQVNSDKGLKVGEVFTVDL GEAILFDCSADSHPPNTYSWIRRTDNTTYIIKHGP RLEVASEKVAQKTMDYVCCAYNNITGRQDETHF TVIITSVGMCDIQGRDPNKT
2970	A	68	936	HSALLTHSSFCVFTLCQDFFTYSSMSEEVTYADL QFQNSSEMEKIPEIGKFGEKAPPAPSHVWRPAAL FLTLLCLLLLIGLGVLASMFHVTLKIEMKKMNKL QNISEELQRNISLQLMSNMNISNKIRNLSTTLQTI ATKLCRELYSKEQEHKCKPCPRR WIWHKDSCYF LSDDVQTWQESKMACAAQNASLLKINNKNALE FIKSQSRSYDYWLGLSPEEDS/YSWYESG*YNQ\P SAWVIRNAPDLNNMYCGYINRLYVQYYHCTYK QRMICEKMANPVQLGSTYFREA
2971	A	912	2287	VPNYLPSVSSAIGGEVPQRYVWRFCIGLHSAPRF LVAFAYWNHYLSCTSPCSCYRPLCRLNFGLNVV ENLALLVLTYVSSSEDF/TWVPG*GRSGEVFPEGT GLPLPHSDLPTSWCGHSLQCGSQSSFPPAIHENAF IVFIASSLGHMLLTCILWRLTKKHTVSQE\DGLSL AGAPRQPRRKSRTSVLRIRVMVRWELSSNGNPG RGVLGLGLGLGNKLRVVGQNLGL*HCVWVVWE TGE*KRWRLQMGIE*GVASRRQ*VRNSVRGLVC HNSSAPPMYMGFFSPTVFGGGVGG*LHVTFILHP PEVEAAGIPLLLGPSLPQRQGREHIVVILAAPACA PFHDR*WEPREIRPSP*ELGLRGEPTLSYPASCRVI RQPIP*DRKSYSWKQRLFIINFISFFSALAVYFRHN MYCEAGVYTIFAILEYTVVLTNMAFHMTAWWD FGNKELLITSQPEEKRF
2972	A	1734	246	GGILSGRDGRTALPRPREPAERTAGLRRDMRPQE LPRLAFPLLLLLLLLPPPPCPAHSATRFDPTWES LDARQLPAWFDQAKFGIFIHWGVFSVPSFGSEWF WWYWQKEKIPKYVEFMKDNYPPSFKYEDFGPL FTAKFFNANQ\WADIFQASGAKYIVLTSKHHEGF TLWG\SEYSWNWNAIDEGPKRDIVKELEVAIRNR TDLRFGLYYSLFEWFHPLFLEDESSSFHKRQFPVS KTLPELYELVNNYQPEVLWSDGDGGAPDQYWN

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutnmic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				STGFLAWLYNESPVRGTVVTNDRWGAGSICKHG GFYTCSDRYNPGHLLPHKWENCMTIDKLSWGY RREAGISDYLTIEELVKQLVETVSCGGNLLMNIG PTLDGTISVVFEERLRQMGSWLKVNGEAIYETHT WRSQNDTVTPDVWYTSKPKEKLVYAIFLKWPTS GQLFLGHPKAILGATEVKLLGHGQPLNWISLEQN GIMVELPQLTIHQMPCKWGWALALTNVI
2973	A		1133	SVPRAGGDMETGAAELYDQALLGILQHVGNVQ DFLRVLFGFLYRKTDFYRLLRHPSDRMGFPPGAA QALVLQVFKTFDHMARQDDEKRRQELEEKIRRK EEEEAKTVSAAAAEKEPVPVPVQEIEIDSTTELDG HQEVEKVQPPGPVKEMAHGSQEAEAPGAVAGA AEVPR\EPPILPRIQEQFQKNPDSYNGAVRENYTW SQDYTDLEVRVPVPKHVVKGKQVSVALSSSSIRV AMLEENGERVLMEGKLTHKINTESSLWSLEPGK CVLVNLSKVGEYWWNAILEGEEPIDIDKINKERS MATVDEEEQAVLDRLTFDYHQKLQGKPQSHEL KVHEMLKKGWDAEGSPFRGQRFDPAMFNISPGA VQF
2974	A	271	1854	MQFGRAHGDCVSGAQLCGCPSMDDYMVLRMIG EGSFGRALLVQHESSNQMFAMKEIRLPKSFSNTQ NSRKEAVLLAKMKHPNIVAFKESFEAEGHLYIV MEYCDGGDLMQKIKQQKGKLFPEDMILNWFTQ MCLGVNHIHKKRVLHRDIKSKNIFLTQNGKGKL GDFGSARLLSNPMAFACTYVGTPYYVPPEIWEN LPYNNKSDIWSLGCILYELCTLKHPFQANSWKNL ILKVCQGCISPLPSHYSYELQFLVKQMFKRNPSH RPSATTLLSRGIVARLVQKCLPPEIIMEYGEEVLE EIKNSKHNTPRKKTNPSRIRIALGNEASTVQEEEQ DRKGSHTDLESINENLVESALRRVNREEKGNKSV HLRKASSPNLHRRQWEKNVPNTALTALENASILT SSLTAEDDRGGSVIKYSKNTTRKQWLKETPDTLL NILKNADLSLAFQTYTIYRPGS\EGFLKGPLSEETE ASDSVDGGHDSVILDPERLEPGLDEEDTDFEEED DNPDWVSELKKRAGWQGLCDR
2975	A	32	2833	PPGEPGAGRGALSPCGPLSGPPPLPGREAGGTCG QPVNPVFDLSRRNPQEDFELIQRIGSGTYGDVYK ARNVNTGELAAIKVIKLEPGEDFAVVQQEIIMMK D\CKHP\DIVAYF\GSYL\RDKLWI\CMEF\CGSGS \LQDIYHVTGPLSELQIAYVSRETLQGLYYLHSKG KMHRDIKGANILLTDNGHVKLADFGVSAQITATI AKRKSFIGTPYWMAPEVAAVERKGGYNQLCDL WAVGITAIELAELQPPMFDLHPMRALFLMTKSNF QPPKLKDKMKWSNSFHHFVKMALTKNPKKRPT AEKLLQHPFVTQHLTRSLAIELLDKVNNPDHSTY HDFDDDDDPEPLVAVPHRIHSTSRNVREEKTRSEIT FGQVKFDPPLRKETEPHHELPDSDGFLDSSEEIYY TARSNLDLQLEYGQGHQG\GYFLGANKSLLKSV EEELHQRGHVAHLEDDEGDDDESKHSTLKAKIP PPLPPKPKSIFIPQEMHSTEDENQGTIKRCPMSGSP \AKPSQVPPRPPPPRLPPHKPVALGNGMSSFQLNG ERDGSLCQQQNEHRGENLSRKEKKDVPKPISNG LPPTPKVHMGACFSKVFNGCPLKIHCASSWINPD TRDQYLIFGAEEGIYTLNLNELHETSMEQLFPRR CTWLYVMNNCLLSISGKASQLYSHNLPGLFDYA

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:		beginning nucleotide	nucleotide location	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
		location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, O=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine
	!	to first amino	to last amino acid residue of	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
		acid residue of	peptide	
		peptide sequence	sequence	·
				RQMQKLPVAIPAHKLPDRILPRKFSVSAKIPETK
				WCQKCCVVRNPYTGHKYLCGALQTSIVLLEWV
				EPMQKFMLIKHIDFPIPCPLKMFEMLVVPEQEYP
[				LVCVGVSRGRDFNQVVRFETVNPNSTSSWFTES DTPQTNVTHVTQLERDTILVCLDCCIKIVNLQGR
	1			LKSSRKLSSELTFDFRIESIVCLQDSVLAFWKHG
}	1			MQGRSFRSNEVTQEISDSTRIFRLLGSDRVVVLES
		<u></u>		RPTDNPTANSNLYILAGHENSY
2976	Α	32	2833	PPGEPGAGRGALSPCGPLSGPPPLPGREAGGTCG
			i	QPVNPVFDLSRRNPQEDFELIQRIGSGTYGDVYK
				ARNVNTGELAAIKVIKLEPGEDFAVVQQEIIMMK
				D\CKHP\DIVAYF\GSYL\RRDKLWI\CMEF\CGSGS
				LQDIYHVTGPLSELQIAYVSRETLQGLYYLHSKG
1		[	•	KMHRDIKGANILLTDNGHVKLADFGVSAQITATI AKRKSFIGTPYWMAPEVAAVERKGGYNQLCDL
				WAVGITAIELAELQPPMFDLHPMRALFLMTKSNF
	1			QPPKLKDKMKWSNSFHHFVKMALTKNPKKRPT
				AEKLLQHPFVTQHLTRSLAIELLDKVNNPDHSTY
				HDFDDDDPEPLVAVPHRIHSTSRNVREEKTRSEIT
				FGQVKFDPPLRKETEPHHELPDSDGFLDSSEEIYY
}				TARSNLDLQLEYGQGHQG\GYFLGANKSLLKSV
				EEELHQRGHVAHLEDDEGDDDESKHSTLKAKIP
ĺ				PPLPPKPKSIFIPQEMHSTEDENQGTIKRCPMSGSP \AKPSQVPPRPPPPRLPPHKPVALGNGMSSFQLNG
				ERDGSLCQQNEHRGENLSRKEKKDVPKPISNG
			-	LPPTPKVHMGACFSKVFNGCPLKIHCASSWINPD
				TRDQYLIFGAEEGIYTLNLNELHETSMEQLFPRR
ļ		1		CTWLYVMNNCLLSISGKASQLYSHNLPGLFDYA
				RQMQKLPVAIPAHKLPDRILPRKFSVSAKIPETK
				WCQKCCVVRNPYTGHKYLCGALQTSIVLLEWV
				EPMQKFMLIKHIDFPIPCPLKMFEMLVVPEQEYP
				LVCVGVSRGRDFNQVVRFETVNPNSTSSWFTES DTPQTNVTHVTQLERDTILVCLDCCIKIVNLQGR
•				LKSSRKLSSELTFDFRIESIVCLQDSVLAFWKHG
	1			MQGRSFRSNEVTQEISDSTRIFRLLGSDRVVVLES
				RPTDNPTANSNLYILAGHENSY
2977	Α	174	1543	YSLRKGITFKLAGAMVHIKKGELTQEEKELLEVI
				GKGTVQEAGTLLSSKNVRVNCLDENGMTPLMH
		j	J	AAYKGKLDMCKLLLRHGADVNCHQHEHGYTA
			.	LMFAALSGNKDITWVMLEAGAETDVVNSVGRT
				AAQMAAFVGQHDCVTIINNFFPRERLDYYTKPQ GLDKEPKLPPKLAGPLHKIITTTNLHPVKIVMLV
		1		NENPLLTEEAALNKCYRVMDLICEKCMKQRDM
		1		NEVLAMKMHYISCIFQKCINFLKDGENKLDTLIK
		į	.	SLLKG\RASDGFPVYPEKILRESIRK\FPYCEATLL
				QQLVRSIAPVEIGSDPTAFSVLTQAITGQVGFVDV
				EFCTTCGEKGASKRCSVCKMVIYCDQTCQKTHW
			,	FTHKKICKNLKDIYEKQQLEAAKEKRQEENHGK
			1	LDVNSNCVNEEQPEAEVGISQKDSNPEDSGEGK
2978	A	3	5177	KESLESEAELEGLQDAPAGPQVSEE SDDLRTGLFQDVQDAESLKLPGVYEVLFYNETE
-	-	- , .		DCPGMMLWRYPEPRGLTLVRITPVPFNTTEDPDI
ì				STADLGDVLQDPCSLEYWDELQKVFVAFREFNL
		1		SESKVCELQLPDINLVNDQKKLVSSDLWRIVLNS
				SQNGADDQSSASESGSQSTCDPLVTPTALAACTR
		<del> </del>		

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:	Method	beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine,
		nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
		location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
	1	corresponding	to last amino	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino acid residue of	acid residue of	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide	peptide sequence	
	ļ	sequence		
				VDSCFTPWFVPSLCVSFQFAHLEFHLCHHLDQLG
				TAAPQYLQPFVSDRNMPSELEYMIVSFREPHMYL
				RQWNNGSVCQEIQFLAQADCKLLECRNVTMQS
				VVKPFSIFGQMAVSSDVVEKLLDCTVIVDSVFVN
				LGQHVVHSLNTAIQAWQQNKCPEVEELVFSHFV
				ICNDTQETLRFGQVDTDENILLASLHSHQYSWRS
	l	1		HKSPQLLHICIEGWGNWRWSEPFSVDHAGTFIRT
				IQYRGRTASLIIKVQQLNGVQKQIIICGRQIICSYL
				SQSIELKVVQHYIGQDGQAVVREHFDCLTAKQK
				LPSYILENNELTELCVKAKGDEDWSRDVCLESK
				APEYSIVIQVPSSNSSIIYVWCTVLTLEPNSQVQQ
				RMIVFSPLFIMRSHLPDPIIIHLEKRSLGLSETQIIP
1	}			GKGQEKPLQNIEPDLVHHLTFQAREEYDPSDCA
	1	Ī.		VPISTSLIKQIATKVHPGGTVNQILDEFYGPEKSL
	}		i	QPIWPYNKKDSDRNEQLSQWDSPMRVKLSIWKP
				YVRTLLIELLPWALLINESKWDLWLFEGEKIVLO
				VPAGKIIIPPNFQEAFQIGIYWANTNTVHKSVAIK
				LVHNLTSPKWKDGGNGEVVTLDEEAFVDTEIRL
				GAFPGHQKLCQFCISSMVQQGIQIIQIEDKTTIINN
				TPYQIFYKPQLSVCNPHSGKEYFRVPDSATFSICP
				GGEQPAMKSSSLPCWDLMPDISQSVLDASLLQK'
				QIMLGFSPAPGADSSQCWSLPAIVRPEFPRQSVA
,				VPLGNFRENGFCTRAIVLTYQEHLGVTYLTLSED
				PSPRVIIHNRCPVKMLIKENIKDIPKFEVYCKKIPS
				ECSIHHELYHQISSYPDCKTKDLLPSLLLRVEPLD
				EVTTEWSDAIDINSQGTQVVFLTGFGYVYVDVV
				HQCGTVFITVAPEGKAGPILTNTNRAPEKIVTF/K
:				MFITQLSLAVFDDLTHHKASAELLRLTLDNIFLC
•				VAPGAGPLPGEEPVAALFELYCVEICCGDLQLDN
				QLYNKSNFHFAVLVCQGEKAEPIQCSKMQSLLIS
İ				NKELEEYKEKCFIKLCITLNEGKSILCDINEFSFEL
	1			KPARLYVEDTFVYYIKTLFDTYLPNSRLAGHSTH
				LSGGKQVLPMQVTQHARALVNPVKLRKLVIQPV
				NLLVSIHASLKLYIASDHTPLSFSVFERGPIFTTAR
	]			QLVHALAMHYAAGALFRAGWVVGSLDILGSPA
				SLVRSIGNGVADFFRLPYEGLTRGPGAFVSGVSR
		1		GTTSFVKHISKGTLTSITNLATSLARNMDRLSLDE
				EHYNRQEEWRRQLPESLGEGLRQGLSRLGISLLG
		1		AIAGIVDQPMQNFQKTSEAQASAGHKAKGVISG
				VGKGIMGVFTKPIGGAAELVSQTGYGILHGAGLS
				QLPKQRHQPSD\VHADQAPNSHVKYVWKMLQS
		}		LGRPEVHMALDVVLVRGSGQEHEGCLLLTSEVL
	ĺ			FVVSVSEDTQQQAFPVTEIDCAQDSKQNNLLTV
				QLKQPRVACDVEVDGVRERLSEQQYNRLVDYIT
,				KTSCHLAPSCSSMQIPCPVVAAEPPPSTVKTYHY
				LVDPHFAQVFLSKFTMVKNKALRKGFP
2979	Α	255	2673	AWLFPASVLCPRCLTGSAVGSAEWKSLVVLFPFS
••				SRPTLGHLDSKPSSKSNMIRGRNSATSADEQPHIG
				NYRLLKTIGKGNFAKVKLARHILTGKEVAVKIID
				KTQLNSSSLQKLFREVRIMKVLNHPNIVKLFEVIE
				TEKTLYLVMEYASGGEVFDYLVAHGRMKEKEA
				RAKFRQIVSAVQYCHQKFIVHRDLKAENLLLDA
				DMNIKIADFGFSNEFTFGNKLDTFCGSPPYAAPEL
		]		FQGKKYDGPEVDVWSLGVILYTLVSGSLPFDGQ
i				NLKELRERVLRGKYRIPFYMSTDCENLLKKFLIL
	L	1	L	

SEQ 1	ID Metho	d Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	acid residue of	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				NPSKRGTLEQIMKDRWMNVGHE\DDELKPYGEP LP\DYKDPRTELMVSMGYTREEIQDSLVGQRYN EVMATYLLLGYKSSELEGDTITLKPRPSADLTNS SAPSPSHKVQRSVSANPKQRRFSDQAGPAIPTSNS YSKKTQSNNAENKRPEEDRESGRKASSTAKVPA SPLPGLERKKTTPTPSTNSVLSTSTNRSRNSPLL\E RASL\GQGFHPEWAKTALTMPGSRASTASASAA VSAARPRQHQKSMSASVHPNKASGLPPTESNCE VPRPRQVCWGSCTAPQRVPVASPSAHNISSSGGA PDRTNFPRGVSSRSTFHAGQLRQVR\DQQNLPYG VTPASPSGHSQGRRGASGSIFSKFTSKFVRRNLNE PESKDR\VETLRPHVV\NSGGNDKEKEEFREAKPR SLRFTWSMKTTSSMEPNEMMREIRKVLDANSCQ SELHEKYMLLCMHGTPGHEDFVQWEMEVCKLP
2980	A	120 ·	3433	RUSLNGVRFKRISGTSMAFKNIASKIANFI.KI
				NCLLLQAKGFHGEIEDLQQWLTDTERHLLASKP LGGLPETAKEQLNVHMEVCAAFEAKEETYKSLM QKGQQMLARCPKSAETNIDQDINNLKEKWESVE TKLNER\KT\KLEEALNLA\MEFHNSL\QDFINWLT QAEQTLNVASRPSLILDTVLFQIDEHKVFANEVN SHREQIIELDKTGTHLKYFSQKQDVVLIKNLLISV QSRWEKVVQRLVERGRSLDDARKRAKQFHEAW SKLMEWLEESEKSLDSELEIANDPDKIKTQLAQH KEFQKSLGAKHSVYDTTNRTGRSLKEKTSLADD NLKLDDMLSELRDKWDTICGKSVERQNKLEEA\ LLFSGQFTDALQALIDWLYRVEPQLAEDQPVHG DIDLVMNLIDNHKAFQKELGKRTSSVQALKRSA RELIEGSRDDSSWVKVQMQELSTRWETVCALSIS KQTRLEAALRQAEEFHSVVHALLEWLAEAEQTL RFHGVLPDDEDALRTLIDQHKEFMKKLEEKRAE LNKATTMGDTVLAICHPDSITTIKHWITIIRARFEE VLAWAKQHQQRLASALAGLIAKQELLEALLAW LQWAETTLTDKDKEVIPQEIEEVKALIAEHQTFM EEMTRKQPDVDKVTKTYKRRAADPSSLQSHIPV LDKGRAGRKRFPASSLYPSGSQTQIETKNPRVNL LVSKWQQVWLLALERRKLNDALDRLEELREF ANFDFDIWRKKYMRWMNHKKSRVMDFFRRIDK DQDGKITRQEFIDGILSSKFPTSRLEMSAVADIFD RDGDGYIDYYEFVAALHPNKDAYKPITDADKIE
2981	A	120	3433 N L Q T Q SS	DEVTRQVAKCKCAKRFQVEQIGDNKYRFFLGNQ FGDSQQLRLVRILRSTVMVRVGGGWMALDEFL VKNDPCRAKGRTNMELREKFILADGASQGMAA FRPRGRRSRPSSRGASPNRSTSVSSQAAQAASPQ VPATTTPKILHPLTRNYGKPWLTNSKMSTPCKAA CCSDFPVPSAEGTPIQGSKLRLPGYLSGKGFHSGE DSGLITTAAARVRTQFADSKKTPSRPGSRAGSKA GSRASSRRGSDASDFDISEIQSVCSDVETVPQTHR TPRAGSRPSTAKPSKIPTPQRKSPASKLDKSSKR ICLLLQAKGFHGEIEDLQQWLTDTERHLLASKP GGLPETAKEQLNVHMEVCAAFEAKEETYKSLM UKGQQMLARCPKSAETNIDQDINNLKEKWESVE KLNER\KT\KLEEALNLA\MEFHNSL\QDFINWLT AEQTLNVASRPSLILDTVLFQIDEHKVFANEVN HREQIIELDKTGTHLKYFSQKQDVVLIKNLLISV SRWEKVVQRLVERGRSLDDARKRAKQFHEAW

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	acid residue of peptide sequence	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				SKLMEWLEESEKSLDSELEIANDPDKIKTQLAQH KEFQKSLGAKHSVYDTTNRTGRSLKEKTSLADD NLKLDDMLSELRDKWDTICGKSVERQNKLEEA\
				LLFSGQFTDALQALIDWLYRVEPQLAEDQPVHG DIDLVMNLIDNHKAFQKELGKRTSSVQALKRSA RELIEGSRDDSSWVKVQMQELSTRWETVCALSIS
				KQTRLEAALRQAEEFHSVVHALLEWLAEAEQTL RFHGVLPDDEDALRTLIDQHKEFMKKLEEKRAE
				LNKATTMGDTVLAICHPD\$ITTIKHWITIIRARFEE VLAWAKQHQQRLASALAGLIAKQELLEALLAW LQWAETTLTDKDKEVIPQEIEEVKALIAEHQTFM
		,		EEMTRKQPDVDKVTKTYKRRAADPSSLQSHIPV LDKGRAGRKRFPASSLYPSGSQTQIETKNPRVNL LVSKWQQVWLLALERRRKLNDALDRLEELREF
				ANFDFDIWRKKYMRWMNHKKSRVMDFFRRIDK DQDGKITRQEFIDGILSSKFPTSRLEMSAVADIFD
				RDGDGYIDYYEFVAALHPNKDAYKPITDADKIE DEVTRQVAKCKCAKRFQVEQIGDNKYRFFLGNQ FGDSQQLRLVRILRSTVMVRVGGGWMALDEFL
		!		VKNDPCRAKGRTNMELREKFILADGASQGMAA FRPRGRRSRPSSRGASPNRSTSVSSQAAQAASPQ VPATTTPKILHPLTRNYGKPWLTNSKMSTPCKAA
				ECSDFPVPSAEGTPIQGSKLRLPGYLSGKGFHSGE DSGLITTAAARVRTQFADSKKTPSRPGSRAGSKA GSRASSRRGSDASDFDISEIQSVCSDVETVPQTHR
2982	A	1	2065	PTPRAGSRPSTAKPSKIPTPQRKSPASKLDKSSKR MAAGGAEGGSGPGAAMGDCAEIKSQFRTREGF
2702	**	•		YKLLPGDGAARRSGPASAQTPVPPQPPQPPPGPA SASGPGAAGPASSPPPAGPGPGPALPAVRLSLVR
				LGEPDSAGAGEPPATPAGLGSGGDRVCFNLGRE LYFYPGCCRRGSQRWHTPLTPFLPPLKSIDLNKPI
		•		DKRIYKGTQPTCHDFNQFTAATETISLLVGFSAG QVQYLDLIKKDTSKLFNEERLIDKTKVTYLKWLP ESESLFLASHASGHLYLYNVSHPCASAPPOYSLL
				KQ\AWGFSFYAAKSKAPRNPLAKWAVGEGPLNE FAFSPDGRHLACVSQDGCLRVFHFDSMLLRGLM
				KSYFGGLLCVCWSPDGRYVVTGGEDDLVTVWS FTEGRVVARGHGHKSWVNAVAFDPYTTRAEEA ATAAGADGERSGEEEEEEPEAAGTGSAGGAPLSP
,				LPKAGSITYRFGSAGQDTQFCLWDLTEDVLYPHP PLARTRTLPGTPGTTPPAASSSRGGEPGPGPLPRS
				LSRSNSLPHPAGGGKAGGPGVAAEPGTPFSIGRF ATLTLQERRDRGAEKEHKRYHSLGNISRGGSGG SGSGGEKPSGPVPRSRLDPAKVLGTALCPRIHEV
			,	PLLEPLVCKKIAQERLTVLLFLEDCIITACQEGLIC TWARPGKAFTDEETEAQTGEGSWPRSPSKSVVE GISSQPGNSPSGTVV
2983	A	3855	220	RRFRLSAHRAQPCCRCRGLEMPRGVFQQLSNLV LQELNANLSNLTSAFEKATAEKIKCQQEADATN RVILLANRLVGGLASENIRWAESVENFRSQGVTL
				CGDVLLISAFVSYVGYFTKKYRNELMEKFWIPYI HNLKVPIPITNGLDPLSLLTDDADVATWNNQGLP
				SDRMSTENATILGNTERWPLIVDAQLQGIKWIKN KYRSELKAIRLGQKSYLDVIEQATSEGDTLLIENI GETVDPALDPLLGRNTIKKGKYIKIGDKEVGVPP

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	PC1/US01/04098
NO:		beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
2984				QVPPDPTHQVLQPTLQARDAGSVH\LINFLVTRD GLEDQLLAAVVAKERPDLEQLKANLTKSQNEFK IVLKELEDSLLARLSAASGNFLGDTALVENLETT KHTASEIEEKVVEAKITEVKINEARENYRPAAER ASLLYFILNDLNKINPVYQFSLKAFNVVFEKAIQR TTPANEVKQRVINLTDEITYSVYMYTARGLFERD KLIFLAQVTFQVLSMKKELNPVELDFLLRFPFKA GVVSPVDFLQHQGWGGIKALSEMDEFKNLDSDI EGSAKRWKKLVESEAPEKEIFPKEWKNKTALQK LCMVRCLRPDRMTYAIKNFVEEKMGSKFVEGRS VEFSKSYEESSPSTSIFFILSPGVDPLKDVEALGKK LGFTIDNGKLHNVSLGQGQEVVAENALDVAAEK GHWVILQNIHLVARWLGTLDKKLERYSTGRHED YRVFIRAEPAPSPETHIIPQGILENAIKITNEPPTGM YANLYKALDLFTQDTLEMCTKEMEFKCMLFAL CYFHAVVAERRKFGAQGWNRSYPFNNGDLTISI NVLYNYLEANPKVPWDDLRYLFGEIMYGGHITD DWDRRLCRTYLAEYIRTEMLEGDVLLAPGFQIPP NLDYKGYHEYIDENLPPESPYLYGLHPNAEIGFL TVTSEKLFRTVLEMQPKETDSGAGTGVSREEKV KAVLDDILEKIPETFNMAEIMAKAAEKTPYVVV AFQECERMNILTNEMRRSLKELNLGLKGELTITT DVEDLSTALFYDTVPDTWVARAYPSMMGLAAW YANLLLRIRELEAWTTDFALPTTVWLAGFFNPQS FLTAIMQSMARKNEWPLDKMCLSVEVTKKNRE DMTAPPREGSYVYGLFMEGARWDTQTGVIAEA RLKELTPAMPVIFIKAIPVARMETKNIYECPVYKT RIRGPTYVWTFNLKTKEKAAKWILAAVALLLQV
2984	A			AGAATSKQRVLDEEEYIEGLQTVIQRDFFPDVEK LQAQKEYLEAEENGDLERMRQIAIKFGSALGKM SREPPPPYVTPATFETPEVHAGTGVVGNKPRPRG RGLEDGEAGEEEKEPLPSLDVFLSRYTSEDNAS FQEIMEVAKERSRARHAWLYQAEEEFEKRQKDN LELPSAEHQAIESSQASVETWKYKAKNSLMYYP EGVPDEEQLFKKPRQVVHKNTRFLRDPFSQALSR CQLQQAAALNAQHKQGKVGPDGKELIPQESPRV GGFGFVATPSPAPGVNESPMMTWGEVENTPLRV EGSETPYVDRTPGPAFKILEPGRRERLGLKMANE AAAKNRAKKQEALRRVTENLASLTPKGLSPAMS PALQRLVSRTASKYTDRALRASYTPSPARSTHLK NPGPVGCRPPQSTPGA/PGSATRTPL\TQDPA\SIT DNLLQLPARRKASDFF
F				ASTQEAGLLSPPGVGAQRCWNFVACLPVRACAD MASNDYTQQATQSYGAYPTQPGQGYSQQSSQP YGQQSYSGYSQSTDTSGYGQSSYSSYGQSQNSY GTQSTPQGYGSTGGYGSSQSSQSSYGQQSSYPGY GQQPAPSSTSGSYGSSSQSSYGQPQSGSYSQQPS YGGQQQSYGQQQSYNPPRGYGQQNQYNSSSGG GGGGGGGSYGQDQSSMSGSGGGGGGGGGGS GGGGGYGNQDQTGAAGSRGYRQ\QDRGGRCRG SGGGGS\GGAAGYNRSSGGYEPRGRGGRGGR GGMGGSDRGGFNKFGGPRDQGSRHDSEQDNSD INTIFVQGLGENVTIESVADYFKQIGIIKTNKKTG

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:	Michiga	beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine,
	1	nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
		location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
	1	corresponding	to last amino	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino acid residue of	acid residue of peptide	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide	sequence	
		sequence		
				WFDGKEFSGNPIKVSFATRRADFNRGGGNGRGG
				RGRGGPMGRGGYGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG
				GGQQRAGDWKCPNPTCENMNFSWRNECNQCK
				APKPDGPGGGPGGSHMGGNYGDDRRGGRGGYD
	1	1		RGGYRGRGGDRGGFRGGRGGGDRGGFGPGKM
				DSRGEHRQDRRERPY
2986	Α	1890	178	ASTQEAGLLSPPGVGAQRCWNFVACLPVRACAD
	ľ			MASNDYTQQATQSYGAYPTQPGQGYSQQSSQP
				YGQQSYSGYSQSTDTSGYGQSSYSSYGQSQNSY
	ŀ		•	GTQSTPQGYGSTGGYGSSQSSQSSYGQQSSYPGY
				GQQPAPSSTSGSYGSSSQSSSYGQPQSGSYSQQPS
	}			YGGQQQSYGQQQSYNPPRGYGQQNQYNSSSGG
				GGGGGGGSYGQDQSSMSGSGGGGGGGGGGG
				GGGGGYGNQDQTGAAGSRGYRQ\QDRGGRCRG
	1	1		GSGGGGS\GGAAGYNRSSGGYEPRGRGGGRGGR
				GGMGGSDRGGFNKFGGPRDQGSRHDSEQDNSD
		•		NNTIFVQGLGENVTIESVADYFKQIGIIKTNKKTG
				QPMINLYTDRETGKLKGEATVSFDDPPSAKAAID
		1		WFDGKEFSGNPIKVSFATRRADFNRGGGNGRGG
				RGRGGPMGRGGYGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG
				GGQQRAGDWKCPNPTCENMNFSWRNECNQCK
				APKPDGPGGGPGGSHMGGNYGDDRRGGRGGYD
				RGGYRGRGGDRGGFRGGRGGGDRGGFGPGKM
				DSRGEHRQDRRERPY
2987	Α	1376	898	GGAKAGGAPHPFTLPFRHVGGLSAAPEEVEGML
	ł			WAGARQHGRNWRKRETSPGTQGPLPPVPR/VPP
				GPDG\PHAIAPTLSWAIPRQQCSPQPGRLNALPPD
	İ			RCSGPHFGDRAPESCFPGACSVSGACAFKGTRPA
				CPPQEPSLRSSRNRLREGQTFGRMEI
2988	Α	1	1011	MGNDSVSYEYGDYSDLSDRPVDCLDGACLAIDP
	ł	1		LRVAPLPLYAAIFLVGVPGNAMVAWVAGKVAR
				RRVGATWLLHLAVADLLCCLSLPILAVPIARGGH
				ICCOCAT WEBSTER VADELCEESES TEAVITAROUS
				WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC
				WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAWCLRFS/GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL
				WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN
				WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC
·				WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA
·				WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ
				WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAWCLRFS/GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL
		·		WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAWCLRFS/GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAWCLRFS/GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP PPSPQLPKHNLHVTKTLMETRRRLEQERATMQM
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAWCLRFS/GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV  KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP PPSPQLPKHNLHVTKTLMETRRLEQERATMQM TPGEFRRPRLASFGGMGTTSSLPSFVGSGNHNPA
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP PPSPQLPKHNLHVTKTLMETRRLEQERATMQM TPGEFRRPRLASFGGMGTTSSLPSFVGSGNHNPA KHQLQNGYQGNGDYGSYAPAAPTTSSMGSSIRH
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAW\CLRFS\GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP PPSPQLPKHNLHVTKTLMETRRLEQERATMQM TPGEFRRPRLASFGGMGTTSSLPSFVGSGNHNPA KHQLQNGYQGNGDYGSYAPAAPTTSSMGSSIRH SPLSSGISTPVTNVSPMHLQHIREQMAIALKRLKE
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAWCLRFS/GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP PPSPQLPKHNLHVTKTLMETRRLEQERATMQM TPGEFRRPRLASFGGMGTTSSLPSFVGSGNHNPA KHQLQNGYQGNGDYGSYAPAAPTTSSMGSSIRH SPLSSGISTPVTNVSPMHLQHIREQMAIALKRLKE LEEQVRTIPVLQVKISVLQEEKRQLVSQLKNQRA
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAWCLRFS/GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP PPSPQLPKHNLHVTKTLMETRRLEQERATMQM TPGEFRRPRLASFGGMGTTSSLPSFVGSGNHNPA KHQLQNGYQGNGDYGSYAPAAPTTSSMGSSIRH SPLSSGISTPVTNVSPMHLQHIREQMAIALKRLKE LEEQVRTIPVLQVKISVLQEEKRQLVSQLKNQRA ASQINVCGVRKRSYSAGNASQLEQLSRARRSGG
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAWCLRFS/GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP PPSPQLPKHNLHVTKTLMETRRLEQERATMQM TPGEFRRPRLASFGGMGTTSSLPSFVGSGNHNPA KHQLQNGYQGNGDYGSYAPAAPTTSSMGSSIRH SPLSSGISTPVTNVSPMHLQHIREQMAIALKRLKE LEEQVRTIPVLQVKISVLQEEKRQLVSQLKNQRA ASQINVCGVRKRSYSAGNASQLEQLSRARRSGG ELYIDYEEEEMETVEQSTQRIKEFRQL\TADMQA
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAWCLRFS/GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP PPSPQLPKHNLHVTKTLMETRRRLEQERATMQM TPGEFRRPRLASFGGMGTTSSLPSFVGSGNHNPA KHQLQNGYQGNGDYGSYAPAAPTTSSMGSSIRH SPLSSGISTPVTNVSPMHLQHIREQMAIALKRLKE LEEQVRTIPVLQVKISVLQEEKRQLVSQLKNQRA ASQINVCGVRKRSYSAGNASQLEQLSRARRSGG ELYIDYEEEEMETVEQSTQRIKEFRQL\TADMQA LEQKIQDSSCEASSELRENGECRSVAVGAEENMN
2989	A	27	4074	WPYGAVGCRALPSIILLTMYASVLLLAALSADLC FLALGPAWCLRFS/GACGVQVACGAAWTLALL LTVPSAIYRRLHQEHFPARLQCVVDYGGSSSTEN AVTAIRFLFGFLGPLVAVASCHSALLCWAARRC RPLGTAIVVGFFVCWAPYHLLGLVLTVAAPNSA LLARALRAEPLIVGLALAHSCLNPMLFLYFGRAQ LRRSLPAACHWALRESQGQDESVDSKKSTSHDL VSEMEV KSQLFCFWVGKAGDILSGDQDKEQKDPYFVETP YGYQLDLDFLKYVDDIQKGNTIKRLNIQKRRKPS VPCPEPRTTSGQQGIWTSTESLSSSNSDDNKQCP NFLIARSQVTSTPISKPPPPLETSLPFLTIPENRQLP PPSPQLPKHNLHVTKTLMETRRRLEQERATMQM TPGEFRRPRLASFGGMGTTSSLPSFVGSGNHNPA KHQLQNGYQGNGDYGSYAPAAPTTSSMGSSIRH SPLSSGISTPVTNVSPMHLQHIREQMAIALKRLKE LEEQVRTIPVLQVKISVLQEEKRQLVSQLKNQRA ASQINVCGVRKRSYSAGNASQLEQLSRARRSGG ELYIDYEEEEMETVEQSTQRIKEFRQL\TADMQA LEQKIQDSSCEASSELRENGECRSVAVGAEENMN DIVVYHRGSRSCKDAAVGTLVEMRNCGVSVTEA

	SEQ ID	Method	D. V.		PCT/US01/04098
	NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \( \) \(
			peptide	sequence	v-possible nucleofide insertion
2	990 A		peptide sequence	sequence  Sequence  Sequence  Sequence  Sequence  Sequence	LVFSKVVEAVVQTRDQMVGSHMDLVDTCVGTS VETNSVGISCQPECKNKVVGPELPMNWWIVKER VEMHDRCAGRSVEMCDKSVSVEVSVCETGSNTE ESVNDLTLLKTNLNLKEVRSIGCGDCSVDVTVCS PKECASRGVNTEAVSQVEAAVMAVPRTADQDT STDLEQVHQFTNTETATLIESCTNTCLSTLDKQTS TQTVETRTVAVGEGRVKDINSSTKTRSIGVGTLL SGHSGFDRPSAVKTKESGVGQININDNYLVGLK MRTIACGPPQLTVGLTASRRSVGVGDDPVGESLE NPQPQAPLGMMTGLDHYIERIQKLLAEQQTLLA ENYSELAEAFGEPHSQMGSLNSQLISTLSSINSVM KSASTEELRNPDFQKTSLGKITGSYLGYTCKCGG LQSGSPLSSQTSQPEQEVGTSEGKPISSLDAFPTQ EGTLSPVNLTDDQLAAGLYACTNNESTLKSIMKK KDGNKDSNGAKKNLQFVGINGGYETTSSDDSSS DESSSSESDDECDVIEYPLEEEEEEEDEDTRGMAE GHHAVNIEGLKSARVEDEMQVQECEPEKVEIRE RYELSEKMLSACNLLKNTINDPKALTSKDMRFC LNTLQHEWFRVSSQKSAIPAMVGDYIAAFEAISP DVLRYVINLADGNGNTALHYSVSHSNFEIVKLLL DADVCNVDHQNKAGYTPIMLAALAAVEAEKDM RIVEELFGCGDVNAKASQAGQTALMLAVSHGRI DMVKGLLACGADVNIQDDEGSTALMCASEHGH VEIVKLLLAQPGCNGHLEDNDGSTALSIALEAGH KDIAVLLYAHVNFAKAQSPGTPRLGRKTSPGPTH RGSFD  RELRPGQRAIRGPVPAAGACASLPPRAGPAQGRH AALGGAEPGSHLHCGVRLQRREEPGGQQRLLPQ GGSAQTGHQHPGPYECQCPGPPQFGTTPALLSL LEETRGPPASANPDKDHSTQPGTMGRKKIQISRI DQRNRQVIFTKRKFGLMKKAYELSVLCDCEIA IIFNSATRLFQYASTDMDRVLLKYTEYSEPHESR NTDILETLKRRGIGLDGPELEPDEGPEEPGEKFR LAGEGGDPALPRRLYPAAPAMPSPDVVYGAL PPG/CDPSGLGEALPAQSRPSFFRPAAPKAGPPG GHPLFSPSHLTSKTPPLYLPTEGRRSDLPGGLA PRGGLNTSRSLYSGLQNPCSTATPGPPLGSFPFL GGPPVGAEAWARRVPQPAAPPRRPPQSSIKSER LRPPGAPATFLRPSPIPCSSPGPWQSLCGLGPP\ AGCPWPTAGPGRRSPGGTSPERSPGTARARGDP LSFFI EVCISTNARA
299	91 A	3	115		ASI I DI VCISINKNARGAVEGERE
			1.0	CS	PVRPLSSLPDKKKELLONGPDLODEVICED
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				EY	ATATATIMLMGDTCTRGCPECSYNTA PARTS
				1	TOUR INTERNATIONAL TOURS OF THE
	- 1	1		KA	EKVALSGLDVYAHNVETVPELOSKI PROPE
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1				EEY	TTPEKFKYWEKVGNEI GELVTASCON I DOG
2992	2 A	3	1636		TOTAL LEIGHT VAK KK. LKINI
		<del></del>	1030	PVP	GVPTSPPSCCPQDMQGPWVLLLLGLRLQLSL
					·

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				GVIPAEEENPAFWNRQAAEALDAAKKLQPIQKV AKNLILFLGDGLGVPTVTATRILKGQKNGKLGPE TPLAMDRFPYLALSKTYNVDRQVPDSAATATAY LCGVKANFQTIGLSAAARFNQCNTTRGNEVISV MNRAKQAGKSVGVVTTTRVQHASPAGTYAHTV NRNWYSDADMPASARQEGCQDIATQLISNMDID VILGGGRKYMFPMGTPDPEYPADASQNGIRLDG KNLVQEWLAKHQGAWYVWNRTELMQASLDQS VTHLMGLFEPGDTKYEIHRDPTLDPSLMEMTEA ALRLLSRNPRGFYLFVEGGRIDHGHHEGVAYQA LTEAVMFDDAIERAGQLTSEEDTLTLVTADHSH VFSFGGYTLRGSSIFGLAPSKAQDSKAYTSILYGN GPGYVFNSGVRPDVNESESGSPDYHQQAG\VPLS SETHGGEDVAVFARGPQAHLVHGVQEQSFVAH VMAFAACLEPYTACDLAPPACTTDAAHPVAASL PLLAGTLLLLGASAAP
2993	A	3	685	DAWARLLKMNRLFGKAKPKAPPPSLTDCIGTVD SRAESIDKKISRLDAELVKYKDQIKKMREGPAKN MVKQKALRVLKQKRMYEQQRDNLA\NSHSTW\ TS\HYTIQSLKDTKTTVDAMKLGVKEMKKAYKQ VKIDQIEDLQDQLEDMMEDANEIQEALSRSYGTP ELDEDDLEAELDALGDELLADEDSSYLDEAASA PAIPEGVPTDTKNKDGVLVDEFGLPQIPAS
2994	A .	1710	161	RRCELTPFIIKTLILPKSWGAFPEDVVMQHVSSSQ SSQRHVQWPGACPGAGEEQPACSQPSLPLTLPSP SHQLQQLMVRGGPAGGQNMNVDLQGVGPGLQ GSPQVTLAPLPLPSPTSPGFQFSAQPRRFEHGSPS YIQVTSPLSQQVQTQSPTQPSPGPGQALQNVRAG APGPGLGLCSSSPTGDFVDASVLVRQISLSPSSGG HFVFQDGSGLTQIAQGAQVQLQHPGTPITVRERR PSQPHTQSGGTIHHLGPQSPAAAGGAGLQPLASP SHITTANLPPQISSIIQGQLVQQQVLQGPPLPRPL GFERTPGVLLPGAGGAAGFGMTSPPPPTSPSRTA VPPGLSSLPLTSVGNTGMKKVPKKLEEIPPASPE MAQMRKQCLDYHHQEMQALKEVFKEYLIELFF LQHFQGNMMDFLAFKERLYGPLQAYLRQNDLDI EEEEEE\HFEVINDEVKVVARKHGQPGTPVAIAT\ QLPPRTSAAFPAQQQPLQVLSDGSTVQLPRLSSL GFEDSMC
2995	A	3	924	SAPSGIDASTHAFARCKHPINVRRDPSIPIYGLRQS ILLNTRLQDCYVDSPALTNIWMARTCAKQNINAP APATTSSWEVVRNPLIASSFSLVKLVLRRQLKNK CCPPPCKFGEGKLSKRLKHKDDSVMKATQQARK RNFISSKSKQPAGHRRPAGGIRESKESSKEKKLTV RQDLEDRYAEHVAAT\QALPQDSGTAAWKG\RV LLPETQKRQQLSEDTLTIHGLPTEGYQALYHAVV EPMLWNPSGTPKRYSLELGKAIKQKLWEALCSQ GAISEGAQRDRFPGRKQPGVHEEPVLKKWPKLK SKK
2996	A .	3	1713	GKFGIKPSQRRISGKSTFHSEMEGEDTRDDSLYSI LEELWQDAEQIKRCQEKHNKLLSRTTFLNKKILN TEWDYEYKDFGKFVHPSPNLILSQKRPHKRDSFG KSFKHNLDLHIHNKSNAAKNLDKTIGHGQVFTQ NSSYSHHENTHTGVKFCERNQCGKVLSLKHSLS QNVKFPIGEKANTCTEFGKIFTQRSHFFAPQKIHT

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding	PCT/US01/04098  Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Scrine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Transaction, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Transaction, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Transaction, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparagine, N=Asparagine, S=Scrine, N=Asparag
		to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
2997 2998 A	A 3		1763  IT I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	VEKPHELSKCVNVFTQKPLLSIYLRVHRDEKLYIN CTKM/CGKGLHPRNSELIMHEKTHTREKPYKCNE \(CGKSFFQVSSLLRHQTTHTGEKLFECSECGKGFS\) \(LNSALNIHQKIHTGERHHKCSECGKAFTQKSTLR\) \(MHQRIHTGERSYICTQCGQAFIQKAHLLAHQRIH\) \(TGEKPYECSDCGKSFPSKSQLQMHKRIHTGEKPY\) \(LTECGKAFTNRSNLNTHQKSHTGEKSYICAECG\) \(KAFTDRSNFNKHQTIHTGEKPYVCADCGRAFIQK\) \(SELÍTHQRIHTTEKPYKCPDCEKSFSKKPHLKVHQ\) \(RIHTGEKPYICAECGKAFTDRSNFNKHQTIHTGD\) \(KPYKCSDCGKGFTQKSVLSMHRNIHT\) \(AASTRTMGSRHFEGIYDHVGHFGRFQRVLYFICA\) \(FQNISCGIHYLASVFMGVTPHHVCRPPGNVSQVV\) \(FHNHSNWSLEDTGALLSSGQKDYVTVQLQNGEI\) \(WELSRCSRNKRENTSSLGYEYTGSKKEFPCVDG\) \(YIYDQNTWKSTAVTQWNLVCDRKWLAMLIQPL\) \(FMFGGPTGIG/VTFGYF\SDRLGRRVVLWATSSS\) \(MFLFGIAAAFAVDYYTFMAARFFLAMVASGYLV\) \(VGFVYVMEFIGMKSRTWASVHLHSFFAVGTLLV\) \(ALTGYLVRTWWLYQMILSTVTVPFILCCWVLPE\) \(LPFWLLSEGRYEEAQK\IVDIMAKWNRASSCKLS\) \(ELLSLDLQGPVSNSPTEVQKHNLSYLFYNWSITK\) \(ALTLTVWLIWFTGSLGFYSFSLNSVNLGGNEYLNL\) \(LLGVEIPAYTFVCIAMDKVGRRTVLAYSLFC\S\) \(LACGVVMVPQKHYILGVVTAM\VGKILPIGAA\) \(G\LIYLYTAELYPTIVRSLAVGSGSMVCRLASIL\) \(LPFSVDLSSIWIFIPQLFVGTMALLSGVLTLKLPE\) \(LGKRLATTWEEAAKLESENESKSSKLLLTTNNS\) \(LEKTEAITPRDSGLGE\) \(RPASQLLAPFAAEALPGAPRAAMAQHFSLAAC\) \(VVGFDLDHTLCRYNLPESAPLIYNSFAQFLVKE\) \(GYDKELLNVTPEDWDFCCKGLALDLEDGNFL\) \(LANNGTVLRASHGTKMMTPEVLAEAYGKEW\) \(HFLSDTGMACRSGKYYFYDNYFDLPGALLCAR\) \(VVGFDLDHTLCRYNLPESAPLIYNSFAQFLVKE\) \(GYDKELLNVTPEDWDFCCKGLALDLEDGNFL\) \(LANNGTVLRASHGTKMMTPEVLAEAYGKKEW\) \(HFLSDTGMACRSGKYYFYDNYFDLPGALLCAR\) \(VVGFDLDHTLCRYNLPESAPLIYNSFAQFLVKE\) \(GYDKELLNVTPEDWDFCCKGLALDLEDGNFL\) \(LANNGTVLRASHGTKMMTPEVLAEAYGKKEW\) \(HFLSDTGMACRSGKYYFYDNYFDLPGALLCAR\) \(VVGFDLDHTLCRYNLPESAPLIYNSFAQFLVKE\) \(GYDKELLNYTPEDWDFCCKGLALVILGNDFTDLF\) \(VYGFLKENCGIYFPEIKRDPGRYLHSRPESVKKWLRQ\) \(NAGKILLLITSSHSDYCRLLCA\YILGNDFTDLF\) \(VYTNALKPGFFSHLPSQRPFRTLENDEEQEALP\) \(DXPGWYSQGNAVHLYELLKKMTGKPEPKVV\) \(GDSMHSDIFPARHYSNWETVLILEELRGDEGT\) \(GRESSEPLEKKGKYEGPKAKPLNTSSKKWGS\) \(IDSVLGLENTEDSLVYTWSCKRISTYSTIAIPSI\) \(IAFI BLDVVETEREQUETTSCOVTUSCKRISTYSTIAIPSI\)
999 A	320	241	DE TO LRI EDI LTV AGI GPP	IAELPLDYKFTRFSSSNSKTAGYYPNPPLVLSS TLISK RRKMTPQSLLQTTLFLLSLLFLVQGAHGRGHR FRFCSQRNQTHRSSLHYKPTPDLRISIENSEEA /HAPFPAAHPASRSFPDPRGLYHFCLYWNRH RLHLLYGKRDFLLSDKASSLLCFQHQEESLAQ LLATSVTSWWSPQNISLPSAASFTFSFHSPPH APASOOLOGI ESW TOOLOGICKHPQKASRR
,			NAT VLL DKN	APASQQLQSLESKLTSVRFMGDMGSFEEDRI 'VWKLQPTAGLQDLHIHSRQEEEQSEIMEYS PRTLFQRTKGRSGEAEKRLLLVDFSSQALFQ ISSQVLGEKVLGIVVQNTKVANLTEPVVLTF LQPKNVTLQCVFWVEDPTLSSPGHWSSAGC

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SEO ID	Mash	Dradistad	Dradieted and	Amino ocid comence (A-Alanina C-Custaina D-Assaulti 4 13
SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning	Predicted end nucleotide	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine.
,,,,,,		nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
	ľ	location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
		corresponding	to last amino	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
	1	to first amino	acid residue of	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
		acid residue of	peptide	\=possible nucleotide insertion
	<u> </u>	peptide sequence	sequence	_
				ETVRRETQTSCFCNHLTYFAVLMVSSVEVDAVH
	1			KHYLSLLSYVGCVVSALACLVTIAAYLCSRVPLP
	}	1		CRRKPRDYTIKVHMNLLLAVFLLDTSFLLSEPVA
	1			LTGSEAGCRASAIFLHFSLLTCLSWMGLEGYNLY
				RLVVEVFGTYVPGYLLKLSAMGWGFPIFLVTLV
	ļ			ALVDVDNYGPIILAVHRTPEGVIYPSMCWIRDSL
·				VSYITNLGLFSLVFLFNMAMLATMVVQILRLRPH
				TQKWSHVLTLLCLSLVLG\LPWALIFFSFASGTFQ
				LVVLYLFSIITSFQGFLIFIWYWSMRLQARGGPSP
	ł	1		LKSNSDSARLPISSGSTSSSRI
3000	Α	66	1003	SRGQLDAGQSSEQHGGNRQPEQSRSRSSSSSSSSP
	1			RRSRSAAEPAMALSMPLNGLKEEDKEPLIELFVK
1				AGSDGESIGNCPFSQRLFMILWLKGVVFSVTTVD
				LKRKPADLQNLAPGTHPPFITFNSEVKTDVNKIEE
		}		FLEEVLCPPKYLKLSPKHPESNTAGMDIFAKFSA
,	1			YIKNSRPEANEALERGLLKTLQKLDEYLNSPLPD
				EIDENSMEDIKFSTRKFLDGNEMTLADCNLLPKL
				HIVKVVAKKYRNFDIPKEMTGIWRYLTNAYSRD
	Í			EFTNTCPSDKEVEI\AYSDVAKRLHQVKSRLLKE
	Ì			1
2001		770	2006	VSFMSSP
3001	A	779	2006	LALTFRSALSTLPGSPMTSSGSPDLQLAWGPSLLP
	İ			HPPSVWSPALPSCFAGPCPLLPLSDTQGWWGPN
•				WLAPPSAALCRPDAAVWPDLPSSNILLVTPPPAK
				*SAVAV*PCPRGAHSLERAARQYTISGSSTSQSGK
				CSKRDTKCCAVTTSWGCFWQKHWKGDEDSGW
				AFQEGSHLGEGHL
3002	Α	909	2799	VEEAWTVWLHWGVRECLLEEETNQKEEAASSN
				WTKARGPFWQEDWVWDMRLKMTTRNFPEREV
				PCDVEVERFTREVPCLSSLGDGWDCENQEGHLR
				QSALTLEKPGTQEAICEYPGFGEHLIASSDLPPSQ
			ļ	RVLATNGFHAPDSNVSGLDCDPALPSYPKSYAD
				KRTGDSDACGKGFNHSMEVIHGRNPVREKPYKY
		İ		PESVKSFNHFTSLGHQKIMKRGKKSYEGKNFENI
	-			FTLSSSLNENQRNLPGEKQYRCTECGKCFKRNSS
				LVLHHRTHTGEKPYTCNECGKSFSKNYNLIVHQ
		1		RIHTGEKPYECSKCGKAFSDGSALTQHQRIHTGE
			1	KPYECLECGKTFNRNSSLILHQRTHTGEKPYRCN
				ECGKPFTDISHLTVHLRIHTGEKPYECSKCGKAF
				RDGSYLTQHERTHTGEKPFECAECGKSFNRNSHL
,				IVHQKIHSGEKPYECKECGKTFIESAYLIRHQRIH
	1	1		TGEKPYGCNQCQKLFRNIAGLIRHQRTHTGEKPY
				ECNQCGKAFRDSSCLTKHQRIHTKETPYQCPECG
				KSFKQNSHLAVHQRLHSREGPSRCPQCGKMFQK
				SSSLVRHQRAHLGEQPMET*WLGAT*VFQFTLTP
	1	1		
2002	<u> </u>	-	1400	VFRRRVLDLTPLWSVEKNPLSYPVN
3003	A	2	1489	SLTEHLSFFQPTAHSLTSLLGTMTTCSRQFTSSSS
				MKGSCGIGGGGGSSRISSVLAGGSCRAPSTYG
		1		GGLSVSSRFSSGGACGLGGGYGGGFSSSSSFGSG
	1		1	FGGGYGGGLGAGFGGGFAGGDGLL
				VGSEKVTMQNLNDRLASYLDKVRALEEANADL
	1			EVKIRDWYQRQRPSEIKDYSPYFKTIEDLRNKIIA
	1			ATIENAQPILQIDNARLAADDFRTKYEHELALRQ
	1			TVEADVNGLRRVLDELTLARTDLEMQIEGLKEE
	1			LAYLRKNH*EEMLALRGQTGGEVNVETDAAPG
		]		VDLSCILNEMRNQYEQMAEKNRRDAETWFLSKT
	I	J	<u></u>	1 Dan Santaning I Defendant to the total to

SEO ID	Method	Dunding		PCT/US01/04098
NO:	7720100	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \
				EELNKEVASNSELVQSSRSEVTELRRVLQGLEIEL QSQLSMKASLENSLEETKGRYCMQLSQIQGLIGS VEEQLAQLRCEMEQQSQEYQILLDVKTRLEQEIA TYRRLLEGEDAHLSSQQASGQSYSSREVFTSSSSS SSROTPPILKEOSGGGGS
3004	A	2	940	GCAPDTRFFVPEPGGRGAAPWVALVARGGCTFK DKVLVAARRNASAVVLYNFERVGNITT DAGUAG
	•	**	· -	RHVQEFISGQSVVFVAIAFITMMISLAWLIFYYIQ RFLYTGSQIGSQSHRKETKKVIGQLLLHTVKHGE KGIDVDAENCAVCIENEKVKDIRH ROWNEYS
				MPAPESPPGRDPAANLSLALPDDDGSDESSPPSA SPAESEPQCDPSFKGDAGENTALLEAGPSDSPLIC
3005	A	184	2552	TMTIHQFLLLFLFWVCLPHFCSPEIMFRRTPVPQQ RILSSRVPRSDGKILHROKRGWAWNOSTH LETTER
				LFIIDEKTGDIHATRRIDREEKAFYTLRAQAINRR TLRPVEPESEFVIKIHDINDNEDTEBEERATASI
				MSVVGTSVVQVTATDADDPSYGNSARVIYSILQ GQPYFSVEPETGIIRTALPNMNRENREQYQVVIQ AKDMGGQMGGLSGTTTVNITLTDVNDNPPRFPQ NTIHLRVLESSPVGTAIGSVKATDADTGKNAEVE
				RRLYTLKVEAENTHVDPRFYYLGPFKDTTIVKISI EDVDEPPVFSRSSYLFEVHEDIEVGTUGTTVAARS
			I K	PDSISSPIRFSLDRHTDLDRIFNIHSGNGSLYTSKP DRELSQWHNLTVIAAEINNPKETTRVAVFVRIL DANDNAPQFAVFYDTFVCENARPGQLIQTISAVD DDPLGGQKFFFSLAAVNPFTVQDNEDNTARIL
			R	VCACDSQGNMQSCSAEALLLPAGLSTGALIAIL CIIILLVIVVLFAALKRORKKERI HAVERRALIAIL
3006			II T.	PETLFIPRRTPTAPDNTDVRDFINERLKEHDLDP APPYDSLATYAYEGNDSIAFSI SSI ESCTTTOR
3006 A	2	54	SI	NYDYLREWGPRFNKLPQKYGGGESDKDS RVDKTWWGKSVGIMLTELEKALNSIIDVYHKY LIKGNFHAVYRDDLKKLLETECPQYIRKKGAD WFKELDINTDGAVNFQEFLILVIKMGVAALNSII VYHKYSLIKGNFHAVYRDDLQKLLETECPQYI
3007 A	1	125	V(	GSPQKKVASYF YEGIRCLLKALLGEVSLAIGTLYGDDOX
			GC YC DF	GRFGNQADHFLGSLAFAKLLNRSLAVPSWIE HHKPPFTNLHVSYQKYFKLEPLQAYHRVISLE MEKLAPTHWPPFKRVAYCEEVAAADSDRAW
			YR LQ	EQWSQRFSPKEHPVLALPGAPAQFPVLEEHRP KYMVWSDEMVKTGFAQIHAHI VPRVACHR
			RST	SDWKNACAMLKDGTAGSHFMASPQCVGYS FAAPLTMTMCLPDLKEIQRAVKLWVRSLDAQ YVATDSESYVPELQQLFKGKVKVVSLKPEVA

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				QVDLYILGQADHFIGNCVSSFTAFVKRERDLQGR PSSFFGMDRPPKLRDEF
3008	A	3136	1898	TARGGGSEPGPTMAANYSSTSTRREHVKVKTSS QPGFLERLSETSGGMFVGLMAFLLSFYLIFTNEG RALKTATSLAEGLSLVVSPDSIHSVAPENEGRLV HIIGALRTSKLLSDPNYGVHLPAVKLRRHVEMY QWVETEESREYTEDGQVKKETRYSYNTEWRSEII NSKNFDREIGHKNPRAMAGESFMATAPFVQIGRF FLSSGLIDKVDNFKSLSLSKLEDPHVDIIRRGDFF YHSENPKYPEVGDLRVSFSYAGLSGDDPDLGPA HVVTVIARQRGDQLVPFSTKSGDTLLLHHGDFS AEEVFHRELRSNSMKTWGLRAAGWMAMFMGL NLMTRILYTLVDWFPVFRDLVNIGLKAFAFCVAT SLTLLTVAAGWLFYRPLWALLIAGLALVPILVAR TRVPAKKLE
3009	A	93	659 .	DAAVAMTAQGGLVANRGRRFKWAIELSGPGGG SRGRSDRGSGQGDSLYPVGYLDKQVPDTSVQET DRILVEKRCWDIALGPLKQIPMNLFIMYMAGNTI SIFPTMMVCMMAWRPIQALMAISATFKMLESSS QKFLQGLVYLIGNLMGLALAVYKCQSMGLLPTH ASDWLAFIEPPERMEFSGGGLLL
3010	A		1041	LIDSAKARYWTQRGTWVYDNALLLLLKCLWSN VVPECTMASSNTVLMRLVASAYSIAQKAGMIVR RVIAEGDLGIVEKTCATDLQTKADRLAQMSICSS LARKFPKLTIIGEEDLPSEEVDQELIEDSQWEEILK QPCPSQYSAIKEEDLVVWVDPLDGTKEYTEGLL DNVTVLIGIAYEGKAIAGVINQPYYNYEAGPDAV LGRTIWGVLGLGAFGFQLKEVPAGKHIITTTRSH SNKLVTDCVAAMNPDAVLRVGGAGNKIIQLIEG KASAYVFASPGCKKWDTCAPEVILHAVGGKLTD IHGNVLQYHKDVKHMNSAGVLATLRNYDYYAS RVPESIKNALVP
3011	A	291	1452	SPQKTMRSHTITMTTTSVSSWPYSSHRMRFITNH SDQPPQNFSATPNVTTCPMDEKLLSTVLTTSYSVI FIVGLVGNIIALYVFLGIHRKRNSIQIYLLNVAIAD LLLIFCLPFRIMYHINQNKWTLGVILCKVVGTLFY MNMYISIILLGFISLDRYIKINRSIQQRKAITTKQSI YVCCIVWMLALGGFLTMIILTLKKGGHNSTMCF HYRDKHNAKGEAIFNFILVVMFWLIFLLIILSYIKI GKNLLRISKRRSKFPNSGKYATTARNSFIVLIIFTI CFVPYHAFRFIYISSQLNVSSCYWKEIVHKTNEIM LVLSSFNSCLDPVMYFLMSSNIRKIMCQLLFRRF QGEPSRSESTSEFKPGYSLHDTSVAVKIQSSSKST
3012	A	67	379	TEPVGYTKAEEPIAMRSLGALLLLLSACLAVSAG PVPTPPDNIQVQENFNISRIYGKWYNLAIGSTCPW LKKIMDRMTVSTLVLGEGATEAEISMTSTRWRK GVCEETSGAYEKTDTDGKFLYHKSKWNITMESY VVHTNYDEYAIFLTKKFSRHHGPTITAKLYGRAP QLRETLLQDFRVVAQGVGIPEDSIFTMADRGECV PGEQEPEPILIPRVRRAVLPQEEEGSGGGQLVTEV TKKEDSCQLGYSAGPCMGMTSRYFYNGTSMAC ETFQYGGCMGNGNNFVTEKECLQTCRTVAACN LPIVRGPCRAFIQLWAFDAVKGKCVLFPYGGCQ GNGNKFYSEKECREYCGVPGDGDEELLRFSN RQMALLKANKDLISAGLKEFSVLLNQQVFNDPL

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SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	PCT/US01/04098  Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \text{\tex{\tex
				VSEEDMVTVVEDWMNFYINYYRQQVTGEPQER DKALQELRQELNTLANPFLAKYRDFLKSHELPSH PPPSS
3014	A	1	373	GTSWSTLRAVMSASVVSVVSRVLEEYLSSTPQRL KLLDAYLLYIL TGALOFOVOLTH
3015	A			FFFCVGSFHSNVYFLLFTLSFLCFLFIAYFFLIRFFS LFIWFFHVFFIELSLFYF
	A	2	321 A	AAAEGTAPSPGRVSPPTPARGEPEVTVEIGETYLC RRPDSTWHSAEVIQSRVNDQEGREEFYVHYVGF NRRLDEWVDKNRLALTKTVKDAVQKNSEKYLS ELAEQPERKITRNQKRKHDEINHVQKTYAEMDP TTAALEKEHEAITKVKYVDKIHIGNYEIDAWYFS PFPEDYGKQPKLWLCEYCLKYMKYEKSYRFHLG QCQWRQPPGKEIYRKSNISVYEVDGKDHKIYCQ NLCLLAKLFLDHKTLYFDVEPFVFYILTEVDRQG AHIVGYFSKEKESPDGNNVACILTLPPYQRRGYG KFLIAFSYELSKLESTVGSPEKPLSDLGKLSYRSY WSWVLLEILRDFRGTLSIKDLSQMTSITQNDIIST LQSLNMVKYWKGQHVICVTPKLVEEHLKSAQY KKPPITGGWGAAVCRGRWGSVSIWTGRSQGLLI AVT AAAEGTAPSPGRVSPPTPARGEPEVTVEIGETYLC RRPDSTWHSAEVIQSRVNDQEGREEFYVHYVGF IRRLDEWVDKNRLALTKTVKDAVQKNSEKYLS LAEOPERKITRNOVERWEDEFERT
3017 A	38	70-	T P. Q N A A K. K. W L.C K. K. A V.C G.N V.Y L.V.	TAALEKEHEAITKVKYVDKIHIGNYEIDAWYFS FPEDYGKQPKLWLCEYCLKYMKYEKSYRFHLG CQWRQPPGKEIYRKSNISVYEVDGKDHKIYCQ LCLLAKLFLDHKTLYFDVEPFVFYILTEVDRQG HIVGYFSKEKESPDGNNVACILTLPPYQRRGYG FLIAFSYELSKLESTVGSPEKPLSDLGKLSYRSY SWVLLEILRDFRGTLSIKDLSQMTSITQNDIIST QSLNMVKYWKGQHVICVTPKLVEEHLKSAQY KPPITGGWGAAVCRGRWGSYSIWTCROOON
018 A	264	0 286	1 APV	VLILOMVKI SIVI TROPI SUPPLIENT
19 A	130	7 711	HTS PGI	SHSG TMAASLVGKKIVEVTONAME
			QGF GLH RGR	VLVEDTCLCFNALGGLPGPYIKWFLEKLKPE QLLAGFEDKSAYALCTFALSTGDPSQPVRLF TSGRIVAPRGCODEGWDBCTOND
20 A	1202	180	VSCI LVFY MNV	KAEKNAVSHRFRALLELQEYFGSLAA  LPTSCKMITLNNQDQPVPFNSSHPDEYKIAA YSCIFIIGLFVNITALWVFSCTTKKRTTVTIYM ALVDLIFIMTLPFRMFYYAKDEWPFGEYFC ALTVFYPSIALWLLAFISADRYMAIVQPKY

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
2001			1000	AKELKNTCKAVLACVGVWIMTLTTTTPLLLLYK DPDKDSTPATCLKISDIIYLKAVNVLNLTRLTFFF LIPLFIMIGCYLVIIHNLLHGRTSKLKPKVKEKSIRI IITLLVQVLVCFMPFHICFAFLMLGTGENSYNPW GAFTTFLMNLSTCLDVILYYIVSKQFQARVISVM LYRNYLRSMRRKSFRSGSLRSLSNINSEML
3021	A	27	1897	EEFCTWIAVRVGEMETAPKPGKDVPPKKDKLQT KRKKPRRYWEEETVPTTAGASPGPPRNKKNREL RPQRPKNAYILKKSRISKKPQVPKKPREWKNPES QRGLSGAQDPFPGPAPVPVEVVQKFCRIDKSRKL PHSKAKTRSRLEVAEAEEEETSIKAARSELLLAEE PGFLEGEDGEDTAKICQADIVEAVDIASAAKHFD LNLRQFGPYRLNYSRTGRHLAFGGRRGHVAALD WVTKKLMCEINVMEAVRDIRFLHSEALLAVAQN RWLHIYDNQGIELHCIRRCDRVTRLEFLPFHFLLA TASETGFLTYLDVSVGKIVAALNARAGRLDVMS QNPYNAVIHLGHSNGTVSLWSPAMKEPLAKILC HRGGVRAVAVDSTGTYMATSGLDHQLKIFDLRG TYQPLSTRTLPHGAGHLAFSQRGLLVAGMGDVV NIWAGQGKASPPSLEQPYLTHRLSGPVHGLQFCP FEDVLGVGHTGGITSMLVPGAGEPNFDGLESNPY RSRKQRQEWEVKALLEKVPAELICLDPRALAEV DVISLEQGKKEQIERLGYDPQAKAPFQPKPKQKG RSSTASLVKRKKVMDEEHRDKVRQSLQQQHH KEAKAKPTGARPSALDRFVR
3022	A	1	2249	MTAQDSNTSAHAQRDGPELPASSSWRSFWPLSC LSSPPVSAVEVATEGRDREVAKVGQRFCDTTSGE LRQARDRDCCVRMPAPVGRRSPPSPRSSMAAVA LRDSAQGMTFEDVAIYFSQEEWELLDESQRFLYC DVMLENFAHVTSLGYCHGMENEAIASEQSVSIQ VRTSKGNTPTQKTHLSEIKMCVPVLKDILPAAEH QTTSPVQKSYLGSTSMRGFCFSADLHQHQKHYN EEEPWKRKVDEATFVTGCRFHVLNYFTCGEAFP APTDLLQHEATPSGEEPHSSSKHIQAFFNAKSYY KWGEYRKASSHKHTLVQHQSVCSEGGLYECSK CEKAFTCKNTLVQHQQIHTGQKMFECSECEESFS KKCHLILHKIIHTGERPYECSDREKAFIHKSEFIHH QRRHTGGVRHECGECRKTFSYKSNLIEHQRVHT GERPYECGECGKSFRQSSSLFRHQRVHSGERPYQ CCECGKSFRQIFNLIRHRRVHTGEMPYQCSDCGK SFSCKSELIQHQRIHSGERPYECRECGKSFRQFSN LIRHRSIHTGDRPYECSECEKSFSRKFILIQHQRVH TGERPYECSECGKSFTRKSDLIQHRRIHTGTRPYE GSECGKSFRQRSGLIQHRRLHTGERPYECSECGK SFSQSASLIQHQRVHTGERPYQCCECGKSFRQIFN LIRHRRVHTGEMPYQCSDCGKSFSCKSELIQHRRI HSGERPYECSECGKSFSRKSNLIRHRRVHTEERP
3023	. ·	3148	634	AAGALRCLAAFPRAEPASRGRQSSPARACAASR AERATAAAMAHRCLRLWGRGGCWPRGLQQLL VPGGVGPGEQPCLRTLYRFVTTQARASRNSLLTD IIAAYQRFCSRPPKGFGKYFPNGKNGKKASEPKE VMGEKKESKPAATTRSSGGGGGGGKRGGKKD DSHWWSRFQKGDIPWDDKDFRMFFLWTALFWG GVMFYLLKRSGREITWKDFVNNYLSKGVVDRL EVVNKRFVRVTFTPGKTPVDGQYVWFNIGSVDT

SEC NO:		to firs	ning otide on sponding of amino esidue of le	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \text{\text{\colored}} possible nucleotide insertion
					FERNLETLQQELGIEGENRVPVVYIAESDGSFLLS MLPTVLIIAFLLYTIRRGPAAIGRTGRGMGGLFSV GETTAKVLKDEIDVKFKDVAGCEEAKLEIMEFV NFLKNPKQYQDLGAKIPKGAILTGPPGTGKTLLA KATAGEANVPFITVSGSEFLEMFVGVGPARVRDL FALARKNAPCILFIDEIDAVGRKRGRGNFGGQSE QENTLNQLLVEMDGFNTTTNVVILAGTNRPDILD PALLRPGRFDRQIFIGPPDIKGRASIFKVHLRPLKL DSTLEKDKLARKLASLTPGFSGADVANVCNEAA LIAARHLSDSINQKHFEQAIERVIGGLEKKTQVLQ PEEKKTVAYHEAGHAVAGWYLEHADPLLKVSII PRGKGLGYAQYLPKEQYLYTKEQLLDRMCMTL GGRVSEEIFFGRITTGAQDDLRKVTQSAYAQIVQ FGMNEKVGQISFDLPRQGDMVLEKPYSEATARLI DDEVRILINDAYKRTVALLTEKKADVEKVALLL LEKEVLDKNDMVELLGPRPFAEKSTYEEFVEGT GSLDEDTSLPEGLKDWNKEREKEKEEPPGEKVA
3024	A	621	30	1	LRACSLPSMSALEKSMHLGRLPSRPPLPGSGGSQ SGAKMRMGPGRKRDFSPVPWSQYFESMEDVEV ENETGKDTFRVYKSGSEGPVLLLLHGGGHSALS WAVFTAAIISRVQCRIVALDLRSHGETKVKNPED LSAETMAKDVGNVVEAMYGDLPPPIMLIGHSMG GAIAVHTASSNLVPSLLGLCMIDVVEGTAMDAL NSMQNFLRGRPKTFKSLENAIEWSVKSGQIRNLE SARVSMVGQVKQCEGITSPEGSKSIVEGIIEEEEE DEEGSESISKRKKEDDMETKKDHPYTWRIELAKT EKYWDGWFRGLSNLFLSCPIPKLLLLAGVDRLD KDLTIGQMQGKFQMQVLPQCGHAVHEDAPDKV AEAVATFLIRHRFAEPIGGFQCVFPGC  YHGGQRGRAGGSFRSVQGWGGQLRNPFRTSKSL SWKGLSSLLFPLYNLOMGRPRDRKELGRGHSDR
3026	A	1533	45	4	HLEGPHMLPSGAARWRWLEAPVLVLEPLVLRPA AAPTP  AKVPQSTREEKRENGLEARSPAINLMGFNVEEM YEAHAWIQRILSLQNHHIIENNHILYLGRKEHDIL SQLQKTSSVSITEIISPGRTELEIEGARADLIEVVM NIEDMLCKVQEEMARKKERGLWRSLGQWTIQQ QKTQDEMKENIIFLKCPVPPTQELLDQKKQFEKC GLQVLKVEKIDNEVLMAAFQRKKKMMEEKLHR QPVSHRLFQQVPYQFCNVVCRVGFQRMYSTPCD PKYGAGIYFTKNLKNLAEKAKKISAADKLIYVFE AEVLTGFFCQGHPLNIVPPPLSPGAIDGHDSVVD NVSSPETFVIFSGMQAIPQYLWTCTQEYVQSQDY SGGPMRPFAQHPWRGFASGSPVD
3027	A	179	703	S E K G	FHLGASSNTFRLQVQTQESKAQKEVKMGFIFSK MNESMKNQKEFMLMNARLQLERQLIMQSEMR RQMAMQIAWSREFLKYFGTFFGLAAISLTAGAI KKKPAFLVPIVPLSFILTYQYDLGYGTLLERMK EAEDILETEKSKLQLPRGMITFESIEKARKEQSR FIDK
3028	A	876	1226	A D Q	VGKEPESSSTWVRDREGHIRSRRSMKMLWKLT NIKYEDCEVSATPARSSVRSQAPSLTLPLLLLSL PAAKRGWDKLSPAQRPSLGFARRTRGRSCRER WMLPSLVSEFLHRD

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid.
NO:	IMERIOD	beginning nucleotide location corresponding	nucleotide location corresponding to last amino	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino acid residue of peptide	acid residue of peptide sequence	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
3029	 	sequence 3	1731	EDECDECOGGANA ADI ACEOCI EGGAT AVEODE
3029	A	3	1/31	FREGRFGSSCAVAAPLAGFQGLIECGYLAVDSPP SCWTPGGSNPAAPLPQALLPPRLPPTVLPFLGPGL
				SGELEMFTLPQKDFRAPTTCLGPTCMQDLGSSHG
		1		EDLEGECSRKLDQKLPELRGVGDPAMISSNTSYL
1				SSRGRMIKWFWDSAEEGYRTYHMDEYDEDKNP
				SGIINLGTSENKLCFDLLSWRLSQRDMQRVEPSL LQYADWRGHLFLREEVAKFLSFYCKSPVPLRPE
				NVVVLNGGASLFSALATVLCEAGEAFLIPTPYYG
				AITQHVCLYGNIRLAYVYLDSEVTGLDTRPFQLT
				VEKLEMALREAHSEGVKVKGLILISPQNPLGDVY
Ì	! 			SPEELQEYLVFAKRHRLHVIVDEVYMLSVFEKSV
				GYRSVLSLERLPDPQRTHVMWATSKDFGMSGLR FGTLYTENQDVATAVASLCRYHGLSGLVQYOM
				AQLLRDRDWINQVYLPENHARLKAAHTYVSEEL
				RALGIPFLSRGAGFFIWVDLRKYLLKGTFEEEML
		·		LWRRFLDNKVLLSFGKAFECKEPGWFRFVFSDQ
		İ		VHRLCLGMQRVQQVLAGKSQVAEDPRPSQSQEP SDQRR
3030	A	1	584	PWLPWSDGRAARSSRKCPRSRFPVQVGKMAVST
				VFSTSSLMLALSRHSLLSPLLSVTSFRRFYRGDSP
				TDSQKDMIEIPLPPWQERTDESIETKRARLLYESR
				KRGMLENCILLSLFAKEHLQHMTEKQLNLYDRLI NEPSNDWDIYYWATEAKPAPEIFENEVMALLRD
				FAKNKNKEQRLRAPDLEYLFEKPR
3031	A	1177	359	SLWPWILMDDSLMQISLQLLCVYTANFPNGCSSL
				CWSSCGQHPVQATHRGAVSNSLMLCILKLASQM
				PLENTTVQQMVFMLLSNLALSHDCKGVIQKSNF LQNFLSLALPKGGNKHLSNLTILWLKLLLNISSGE
				DGQQMILRLDGCLDLLTEMSKYKHKSSPLLPLLI
				FHNVCFSPANKPKILANEKVITVLAACLESENQN
				AQRIGAAALWALIYNYQKAKTALKSPSVKRRVD
				EAYSLAKKTFPNSEANPLNAYYLKCLENLVQLL NSS
3032	A	2	1242	GISGRPPRPAKRRMGKNPVRPPRALPPVPSQDDIP
				LSRPKKKKPRTKNTPASASLEGLAQTAGRRPSEG
				NEPSTKELKEHPEAPVQRRQKKTRLPLELETSST
		]		QKKSSSSSLLRNENGIDAEPAEEAVIQKPRRKTK KTQPAELQYANELGVEDEDIITDEQTTVEQQSVF
				TAPTGISQPVGKVFVEKSRRFQAADRSELIKTTEN
				IDVSMDVKPSWTTRDVALTVHRAFRMIGLFSHG
				FLAGCAVWNIVVIYVLAGDQLSNLSNLLQQYKT
				LAYPFQSLLYLLLALSTISAFDRIDFAKISVAIRNF
	,			LALDPTALASFLYFTALILSLSQQMTSDRIHLYTP SSVNGSLWEAGIEEQILQPWIVVNLVVALLVGLS
				WLFLSYRPGMDLSEELMFSSEVEEYPDKEKEIKA
				SS
3033	Α	3	.1436	TATSGGIWLRRKWRCHWPRPLPQSCVGTEGGLQ
				VRDTSSRIAKGGVDHTKMSLHGASGGHERSRDR RRSSDRSRDSSHERTESQLTPCIRNVTSPTRQHHV
				EREKDHSSSRPSSPRPQKASPNGSISSAGNSSRNS
				SQSSSDGSCKTAGEMVFVYENAKEGARNIRTSER
				VTLIVDNTRFVVDPSIFTAQPNTMLGRMFGSGRE
				HNFTRPNEKGEYEVAEGIGSTVFRAILDYYKTGII RCPDGISIPELREACDYLCISFEYSTIKCRDLSALM
				HELSNDGARRQFEFYLEEMILPLMVASAQSGERE
		L		HELSNUGARRQFEFYLEEMILPLMVASAQSGERE

SEQ ID	Method	- D		PCT/US01/04098
NO:	MACHIOU	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \text{\text{\colored}}possible nucleotide insertion
				CHIVVLTDDDVVDWDEEYPPQMGEEYSQIIYSTK LYRFFKYIENRDVAKSVLKERGLKKIRLGIEGYP TYKEKVKKRPGGRPEVIYNYVQRPFIRMSWEKE EGKSRHVDFQCVKSKSITNLAAAAADIPQDQLV
3034	A	3	1972	TARE TO A DEPOSIT STREET OF THE PROPERTY OF TH
				SGVRKREEEGDGAGAVAAPPAIDFPAEGPDPEY DESDVPAEIOVLKEPLOOPTEPEAVANOLLUSE
·				SELECTIVITE INFLICTION OF TACE I
				TCSDEFSSLRLHHNRAITHLMRSAKERVRQDPCE DISRIQKIRSREVALEAQTSRYLNEFEELAILGKG
				O A OR VIRVALINATION OF THE PROPERTY OF A THE PR
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1	ì			RADRAAIELPSLEVLSDQEEDREQCGVKNDESSS SSIIFAEPTPEKEKRFGESDTENQNNKSVKYTTNL
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	1			VMANVATKIFOEL VEGVEVILLING CHARREST
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		}		MYSLGVVLLELFQPFGTEMERAEVLTGLRTGQL PESLRKRCPVQAKYIQHLTRRNSSQRPSAIQLLQS
	1		1 ~	XVOON AND I DOME HELIER ELVEL AND VINTER
035 A	1	110		
		·	1 *	LISCPCSHGTRVTAVRGPRLKAGVQWHDLGSLQ
			17	PPSGLKQSSHLSLSSSWDFRHAPTHPETYTCPK MEMEQAEAQLAELDLLASMFPGENELIVNDQL
	İ	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			, ~	TANK THE SEACILPER YPAVI DEITTIDGGG T CROSS
			1 *	QLNTDLTAFLQKHCHGDVCILNATEWVREHAS YVSRDTSSSPTTGSTVQSVDLIFTRLWIYSHHIY
1		}	1 *1	TORGETTIE WALELS LNGFSMPGVPGVVCVPC
		)	1 * '	CONCERN MAKINKINWK DII IDIIDED DODO CON-
26			, 10.	ETERQRKFSIFEEKVFSVNGARGNHMDFGQLY FLNTKGCGDVFQMFLWV
)36 A	1	2	200 FF	RFAERRAAAESDVSAKMAGRSMOAARGDDD
	1		,	DELINOA V VIVER DEONG (ACHAIND TODATED VIDER 1
	ľ		,	STATION ALCOHOLDING MARCH CICODERS 1
			,	DKAKQCIGTMTIEIDFLQKKSIDSNPYDTDKM AEFIQQFNNQAFSVGQQLVFSFNEKLFGLLVKD
.	1		1	TIME STEINGERATOR KORTHVOT VVONTOOTAN
			1241	TELEBOLIVLIGICAK   KENROSIMIDINIA TERRAKA
				GLDKEFSDIFRRAFASRVFPPEIVEQMGCKHVK LLYGPPGCGKTLLARQIGKMLNAREPKVVNG
	1		1 2 20	CANCEL A CESCANIKKI HALIA FEECDDI CANCOLL
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	1	1	]	DGVEQLNNILVIGMTNRPDLIDEALLRPGRLEV EIGLPDEKGRLQILHIHTARMRGHQLLSADV
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			KA	STKVEVDMEKAESLOVTRODELASI ENDRA
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			KA AFO LVO	CONTRACTOR OF A RESIDENCE OF A SECOND CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \( \)=possible nucleotide insertion
			·	FSTTIHVPNIATGEQLLEALELLGNFKDKERTTIA QQVKGKKVWIGIKKLLMLIEMSLQMDPEYRVRK FLALLREEGASPLDFD
3037	A		1347	MLDTGSEHLNRILKALPALQSAGSEGQNGSAESL GEGGTRDSDRARRKLRGGNKEIPTFYPCLVVRSP VTASDLRGTQDFAAYHGLSLILEPLGACNRLSVC VPVHSPPGMRVSPRSPSLRTLVIDPAEPAGAQRL RFSGKERSGEAGSAVEGLAVAVSMGDGGAERD RGPARRAESGGGGGRCGDRSGAGDLRADGGGH SPTEVAGTSASSPAGSRESGADSDGQPGPGEADH CRRILVRDAKGTIREIVLPKGLDLDRPKRTRTFFT AEQLYRLEMEFQRCQYVVGRERTELARQLNLSE TQVKVWFQNRRTKQKKDQSRDLEKRASSSASEA FATSNILRLLEQGRLLSVPRAPSLLALTPSLPGLP ASHRGTSLGDPRNSSPRLNPLSSASASPPLPPPLP AVCFSSAPLLDLPAGYELGSSAFEPYSWLERKVG
3038	A	924	501	SASSCKKANT TELLPLCSRSGPKPQSGDPLLQLAQQARPRLSGE RLETAPSLLLSRMACVISGWALSRGARTWTWAT PTGPVHRAQPAIRSLSAEGALTRLKEEKWPGRYI LPNHLTPPFLYKHLGSVPPSHWRSPLISHSVNILA LNWR
3039	A	1263		ACGIRHEGALPGLTATPEAMLRFLPDLAFSFLLIL ALGQAVQFQEYVFLQFLGLDKAPSPQKFQPVPYI LKKIFQDREAAATTGVSRDLCYVKELGVRGNVL RFLPDQGFFLYPKKISQASSCLQKLLYFNLSAIKE REQLTLAQLGLDLGPNSYYNLGPELELALFLVQE PHVWGQTTPKPGKMFVLRSVPWPQGAVHFNLL DVAKDWNDNPRKNFGLFLEILVKEDRDSGVNFQ PEDTCARLRCSLHASLLVVTLNPDQCHPSRKRRA AIPVPKLSCKNLCHRHQLFINFRDLGWHKWIIAP KGFMANYCHGECPFSLTISLNSSNYAFMQALMH AVDPEIPQAVCIPTKLSPISMLYQDNNDNVILRHY EDMVVDECGCG
3040		15	849	ASRLPRGPGCGADMRPLLGLLLVFAGCTFALYL LSTRLPRGRRLGSTEEAGGRSLWFPSDLAELREL SEVLREYRKEHQAYVFLLFCGAYLYKQGFAIPGS SFLNVLAGALFGPWLGLLLCCVLTSVGATCCYL LSSIFGKQLVVSYFPDKVALLQRKVEENRNSLFF FLLFLRLFPMTPNWFLNLSAPILNIPIVQFFFSVLI GLIPYNFICVQTGSILSTLTSLDALFSWDTVFKLL AIAMVALIPGTLIKKFSQKHLQLNETSTANHIHSR KDT
3041	A	1015	175	GLKRRLCFAKVGDVLGCLSLPPSRSARVLEDISI LSCISVDSRIVRTKVPCSVTMSRPRKRLAGTSGSD KGLSGKRTKTENSGEALAKVEDSNPQKTSATKN CLKNLSSHWLMKSEPESRLEKGVDVKFSIEDLKA QPKQTTCWDGVRNYQARNFLRAMKLGEEAFFY HSNCKEPGIAGLMKIVKEAYPDHTQFEKNNPHY DPSSKEDNPKWSMVDVQFVRMMKRFIPLAELKS YHQAHKATGGPLKNMVLFTRQRLSIQPLTQEEF DFVLSLEEKEPS
3042	A	1015	175	GLKRRRLCFAKVGDVLGCLSLPPSRSARVLEDISI LSCISVDSRIVRTKVPCSVTMSRPRKRLAGTSGSD

SEQ II	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	T=Threonine V-Voline W-T
2042				KGLSGKRTKTENSGEALAKVEDSNPQKTSATKN CLKNLSSHWLMKSEPESRLEKGVDVKFSIEDLKA QPKQTTCWDGVRNYQARNFLRAMKLGEEAFFY HSNCKEPGIAGLMKIVKEAYPDHTQFEKNNPHY DPSSKEDNPKWSMVDVQFVRMMKRFIPLAELKS YHQAHKATGGPLKNMVLFTRQRLSIQPLTQEEF DFVLSLEEKEPS
3043	A	153	1133	VGTAPAPGGRDRAPAMGSFQLEDFAAGWIGGA ASVIVGHPLDTVKTRLQAGVGYGNTLSCIRVVY RRESMFGFFKGMSFPLASIAVYNSVVFGVFSNTQ RFLSQHRCGEPEASPPRTLSDLLLASMVAGVVSV GLGGPVDLIKIRLQMQTQPFRDANLGLKSRAVAP AEQPAYQGPVHCITTIVRNEGLAGLYRGASAML LRDVPGYCLYFIPYVFLSEWITPEACTGPSPCAV WLAGGMAGAISWGTATPMDVVKSRLQADGVY LNKYKGVLDCISOSYOKEGLKVFFRGITVNAVP
3044	A	41	1316	GFPMSAAMFLGYELSLQAIRGDHAVTSP PPLGAGAGIHARSPHPARRLRLTAAGVGGRASG LLPTPWRRHHGPSGAAPYPAARLWQGPWRCRR PQPMAQRYDELPHYPGIADGPAALAGFPEAVPA APGPYGPHRPPQPLPPGLDSDGLKRDKDEIYGHP LFPLLALGFEKCELATCSPRDGAGAGLGTPRGGD VCSSDSFNEDNTAFAKQVCSERPFSSNPELDNLM IQAIQVLRFHLLELEKGKMPIDLVIEDRDGGCRE DFEDYPAPCPSLPDQNNIWIRDHEDSGSVHLGTP GPSSGGLASQSGDNSSDQGVGLDTSVASPSSGGE DEDLDQEPRRNKKRGIFPKVATNIMRAWLFQHL SHPYPSEEQKKQLAQDTGLTILQVNNWFINARRR IVQPMIDQSNRTGQGAAFSPEGQPIGGYTETEPH
046	A			VAFRAPASVGMSLNSEGEWHYL  VAHTQWHTCQRLSQLTHRSILKYLLIDTHACQV LILKHTHASLSLPSCQECFPSSIPSASHMVSHPHPP PSPRWGQTPEGLPAASPCGPGPRSCFSSILPTGDS WGMLACLCTVLWHLPAVPALNRTGDPGPGPSIQ KTYDLTRYLEHQLRSLAGTYLNYLGPPFNEPDFN PPRLGAETLPRATVDLEVWRSLNDKLRLTQNYE AYSHLLCYLRGLNRQAATAELRRSLAHFCTSLQ GLLGSIAGVMAALGYPLPQPLPGTEPTWTPGPAH SDFLQKMDDFWLLKELQTWLWRSAKDFNRLKK KMQPPAAAVTLHLGAHGF
	A	1185	584	MYAYMYICTHICICAYRGIHIDVYLYMCIYIHIWI HTYLCVHIYVYVYICTHICMCIHTYVYVYTYMY VYTYICLCVYICLCVHIYLCVYIHMYMCTHICMC HTYVHMCICVYIHMYTCVYVYTYTCVYMY
047	A	811	JA C	SLDLLGPIGILQEGRDPGTQGPQEKEKQMPASPM NTDAHLDINFKEGLKKERSYTGQFEANVRDEER QCGCGVVPDSLLMKVLSQRLDQQDCIQKGWVL IGVPRDLDQAHLLNRLGYNPNREFFLNVPFDSI MERLTLRRIDPVTGERYHLMYKPPPTMEIQARLL QNPKDAEEQVKLKMDLFYRNSADI FOLYGSAIT
)48	A 2	2 11	P	NGDQDPYTVFEYIESGIINPLPKKIP PRRGQGLVQEVQTENVTVAEGGVAEITCRLHQ DGSIVVIQNPARQTLFFNGTRALKDERFQLEEFS RRVRIRLSDARLEDEGGYFCQLYTEDTHHQIAT TVLVAPENPVVEVREQAVEGGEVELSCLVPRSR

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine,
NO:	}	beginning nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methlonine,
		location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
		corresponding to first amino	to last amino acid residue of	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion.
		acid residue of	peptide	\=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide sequence	sequence	
				PAATLRWYRDRKELKGVSSSQENGKVWSVAST VRFRVDRKDDGGIIICEAQNQALPSGHSKQTQYV
			i.	LDVQYSPTARIHASQAVVREGDTLVLTCAVTGN
				PRPNQIRWNRGNESLPERAEAVGETLTLPGLVSA
		:		DNGTYTCEASNKHGHARALYVLVVYGESRLRPT
			,	EGGGGAPDPGAVVEAQTSVPYAIVGGILALLVFL
1			ŗ	IICVLVGMVWCSVRQKGSYLTHEASGLDEQGEA
				REAFLNGSDGHKRKEEFFI
3049	Α	3159	882	VGCTLRVGVMAAAGSRKRRLAELTVDEFLASGF
			•	DSESESESENSPQAETREAREAARSPDKPGGSPSA
				SRRKGRASEHKDQLSRLKDRDPEFYKFLQENDQ
		:		SLLNFSDSDSSEEEEGPFHSLPDVLEEASEEEDGA
				EEGEDGDRVPRGLKGKKNSVPVTVAMVERWKQ
}				AAKQRLTPKLFHEVVQAFRAAVATTRGDQESAE
				ANKFQVTDSAAFNALVTFCIRDLIGCLQKLLFGK
	Ì			VAKDSSRMLQPSSSPLWGKLRVDIKAYLGSAIQL VSCLSETTVLAAVLRHISVLVPCFLTFPKQCRML
				LKRMVVVWSTGEESLRVLAFLVLSRVCRHKKDT
ł		ł		FLGPVLKQMYITYVRNCKFTSPGALPFISFMQWT
				LTELLALEPGVAYQHAFLYIRQLAIHLRNAMTTR
				KKETYQSVYNWQYVHCLFLWCRVLSTAGPSEA
				LQPLVYPLAQVIIGCIKLIPTARFYPLRMHCIRALT
				LLSGSSGAFIPVLPFILEMFQQVDFNRKPGRMSSK
				PINFSVILKLSNVNLQEKAYRDGLVEQLYDLTLE
			t.	YLHSQAHCIGFPELVLPVVLQLKSFLRECKVANY
				CRQVQQLLGKVQENSAYICSRRQRVSFGVSEQQ
				AVEAWEKLTREEGTPLTLYYSHWRKLRDREIQL
				EISGKERLEDLNFPEIKRRKMADRKDEDRKQFKD
				LFDLNSSEEDDTEGFSERGILRPLSTRHGVEDDEE DEEEGEEDSSNSEDGDPDAEAGLAPGELQQLAQ
  -		1		GPEDELEDLQLSEDD
3050	A	870	182	HLDRYIKSPGSGSSTPAPPSHLLLYLLHPQSTRTM
				GCCGCSRGCGSGCGGCGSGCGGCGSG
				RGGCGSGCGSSSCGGCGSRCYVPVCCCKPVC
				SWVPACSCTSCGSCGGSKGGCGSCGGSKGGCGS
	·			CGCSQSSCCKPCCCSSGCGSSCSQSSCCKPCCCSS
				GCGSSCCQSSCCKPYCCQSSCCKPCSCFSGCGSS
L			10.50	CCQSSCYKPCCCQSSCCVPVCCQCKI
3051	A	175	4330	NIPRWNFQGKSFGVVLVHFSSEEVDMASDSPARS
				LDEIDLSALRDPAGIFELVELVGNGTYGQVYKGR HVKTGQLAAIKVMDVTGDEEEEIKQEINMLKKY
				SHHRNIATYYGAFIKKNPPGMDDQLWLVMEFCG
				AGSVTDLIKNTKGYTLKEEWIAYICREILRGLSHL
				HQHKVIHRDIKGQNVLLTENAEVKLVDFGVSAQ
				LDRTVGRRNTFIGTPYWMAPEVIACDENPDATY
				DFKSDLWSLGITAIEMAEGAPPLCDMHPMRALF
				LIPRNPAPRLKSKKWSKKFQSFIESCLVKNHSQRP
			,	ATEQLMKHPFIRDQPNERQVRIQLKDHIDRTKKK
			-	RGEKDETEYEYSGSEEEEEENDSGEPSSILNLPGE
				STLRRDFLRLQLANKERSEALRRQQLEQQQREN
				EEHKRQLLAERQKRIEEQKEQRRRLEEQQRREKE
				LRKQQEREQRRHYEEQMRREEERRAEHEQEYI
				RRQLEEEQRQLEILQQQLLHEQALLLEYKRKQLE
				EQRQAERLQRQLKQERDYLVSLQHQRQEQRPVE KKPLYHYKEGMSPSEKPAWAKEVEERSRLNRQS
	<u></u>	L		MALE I II I NEUMOFSENFA WANE VEEKSKLINKUS

	SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \ -possible nucleotide insertion
					SPAMPHKVANRISDPNLPPRSESFSISGVQPARTP PMLRPVDPQIPHLVAVKSQGPALTASQSVHEQPT KGLSGFQEALNVTSHRVEMPRQNSDPTSENPPLP TRIEKFDRSSWLRQEEDIPPKVPQRTTSISPALAR KNSPGNGSALGPRLGSQPIRASNPDLRRTEPILES PLQRTSSGSSSSSSTPSSQPSSQGGSQPGSQAGSSE RTRVRANSKSEGSPVLPHEPAKVKPEESRDITRPS RPASYKKAIDEDLTALAKELRELRIEETNRPMKK VTDYSSSSEESESSEEEEDGESETHDGTVAVSDI PRLIPTGAPGSNEQYNVGMVGTHGLETSHADSFS GSISREGTLMIRETSGEKKRSGHSDSNGFAGHINL PDLVQQSHSPAGTPTEGLGRVSTHSQEMDSGTE YGMGSSTKASFTPFVDPRVYQTSPTDEDEEDEES SAAALFTSELLRQEQAKLNEARKISVVNVNPTNI RPHSDTPEIRKYKKRFNSEILCAALWGVNLLVGT ENGLMLLDRSGQGKVYNLINRRRFQQMDVLEG LNVLVTISGKKNKLRVYYLSWLRNRILHNDPEV EKKQGWITVGDLEGCIHYKVVKYERIKFLVIALK NAVEIYAWAPKPYHKFMAFKSFADLQHKPLLVD LTVEEGQRLKVIFGSHTGFHVIDVDSGNSYDIYIP SHIQGNITPHAIVILPKTDGMEMLVCYEDEGVYV NTYGRITKDVVLQWGEMPTSVAYIHSNQIMGW GEKAIEIRSVETGHLDGVFMHKRAQRLKFLCERN DKVFFASVRSGGSSQVFFMTLNRNSMMNW
	3052	A	1	615	MGQVECGGQKLGNQLEDDSEPAEGKVYSSDEE KLEASAGDPAGSEQEEEGSGGDSEDDGFLDSSA GGPGALLGPKPKLKGSLGTGAEEGAPVTAGVTA PGGKSRRRTAFTSEQLLELEKEFHCKKYLSLTE RSQIAHALKLSEVQVKIWFQNRRAKWKRIKAGN VSSRSGEPVRNPKIVVPIPVHVNRFAVRSQHQQM EQGARP
	3053	A	203		FGVRVPSNTQCLVPSFHCMQTSEWDSECLTSLQP LPLPTPPAANEAHLQTAAISLWTVVAAVQAIERK VEIHSRRLLHLEGRTGTAEKKLASCEKTVTELGN QLEGKGAVLGTLLQEYGLLQRRLENLENLLRNR NFWILRLPPGIKGDIPKVPVAFDDVSIYFSTPEWE KLEEWQKELYKNIMKGNYESLISMDYAINQPDV LSQIQPEGEHNTEDQAGPEESEIPTDPSEEPGISTS DILSWIKQEEEPQVGAPPESKESDVYKSTYADEE LVIKAEGLARSSLCPEVPVPFSSPPAAAKDAFSDV AFKSQQSTSMTPFGRPATDLPEASEGQVTFTQLG SYPLPPPVGEQVFSCHHCGKNLSQDMLLTHQCS HATEHPLPCAQCPKHFTPQADLSSTSQDHASETP PTCPHCARTFTHPSRLTYHLRVHNSTERPFPCPDC PKRFADQARLTSHRRAHASERPFRCAQCGRSFSL KISLLLHQRGHAQERPFSCPQCGIDFNGHSALIRH QMIHTGERPYPCTDCSKSFMRKEHLLNHRRLHT GERPFSCPHCGKSFIRKHHLMKHQRIHTGERPYP CSYCGRSFRYKQTLKDHLRSGHNGGCGGDSDPS GQPPNPPGPLITGLETSGLGVNTEGLETNQWYGE
3	054	A :	3	2212	SCGHKSAYGSYTGLQLFWEDGQELLQHQQLQD LRLCVHLRPQSEKVELSLWTLFVVGKGEPSAVR EKLGKAGFAAASGPGGRPGAERASTVLNILHLT AESRWEPNACNRVSSSPAGVGPLDLPVGPLLYFF

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				APWARASFLCHAFQRPLTGIGLNTVRFTSEFPLH SKDPTAHKLLFTGNYLCKLHPRPRHAPQGSLSDF CHGTEGKDLPSEHNVSVEGVAQDRSPEATLCPQ KTCPCDICGLRLKDILHLAEHQTTHPRQKPFVCE AYVKGSEFSANLPRKQVQQNVHNPIRTEEGQAS PVKTCRDHTSDQLSTCREGGKDFVATAGFLQCE VTPSDGEPHEATEGVVDFHIALRHNKCCESGDAF NNKSTLVQHQRIHSRERPYECSKCGIFFTYAADL TQHQKVHNRGKPYECCECGKFFSQHSSLVKHRR VHTGESPHVCGDCGKFFSRSSNLIQHKRVHTGEK PYECSDCGKFFSQRSNLIHHKRVHTGRSAHECSE CGKSFNCNSSLIKHWRVHTGERPYKCNECGKFFS HIASLIQHQIVHTGERPHGCGECGKAFIRSSDLMK HQRVHTGERPYECNECGKLFSQSSSLNSHRRLHT GERPYQCSECGKFFNQSSSLNNHRRLHTGERPYE CSECGKTFRQRSNLRQHLKVHKPDRPYECSECG
				KAFNQRPTLIRHQKIHIRERSMENVLLPCSQHTPE ISSENRPYQGAVNYKLKLVHPSTHPGEVP
3055	A	268	2954	ARRSSSSQGSAAPTPCQVVEASRDQLVAGPSGK MGNREMEELIPLVNRLQDAFSALGQSCLLELPQI AVVGGQSAGKSSVLENFVGRDFLPRGSGIVTRP LVLQLVTSKAEYAEFLHCKGKKFTDFDEVRLEIE AETDRVTGMNKGISSIPINLRVYSPHVLNLTLIDL PGITKVPVGDQPPDIEYQIRMIMQFITRENCLILA VTPANTDLANSDALKLAKEVDPQGLRTIGVITKL DLMDEGTDARDVLENKLLPLRRGYVGVVNRSQ KDIDGKKDIKAAMLAERKFFLSHPAYRHIADRM GTPHLQKVLNQQLTNHIRDTLPNFRNKLQGQLLS IEHEVEAYKNFKPEDPTRKTKALLQMVQQFAVD FEKRIEGSGDQVDTLELSGGAKINRIFHERFPFEIV KMEFNEKELRREISYAKNIHGIRTGLFTPDMAFE AIVKKQIVKLKGPSLKSVDLVIQELINTVKKCTK KLANFPRLCEETERIVANHIREREGKTKDQVLLLI DIQVSYINTNHEDFIGFANAQQRSSQVHKKTTVG NQVIRKGWLTISNIGIMKGGSKGYWFVLTAESLS WYKDDEEKEKKYMLPLDNLKVRDVEKSFMSSK HIFALFNTEQRNVYKDYRFLELACDSQEDVDSW KASLLRAGVYPDKSVGNNKAENDENGQAENFS MDPQLERQVETIRNLVDSYMSIINKCIRDLIPKTI MHLMINNVKDFINSELLAQLYSSEDQNTLMEES AEQAQRRDEMLRMYQALKEALGIIGDIGTATVS TPAPPPVDDSWIQHSRRSPPPSPTTQRPTLSAPL ARPTSGRGPAPAIPSPGPHSGAPPVPFRPGPLPPFP SSSDSFGAPPQVPSRPTRAPPSVPSRRPPPSPTRPTI IRPLESSLLD
3056	A	1674	1839	VVRVTCCPPARSTTERTNAYDEEDCVEMVASGG WNDVACHTTMYFMCEFDKKNM
3057	A	1674	1839	VVRVTCCPPARSTTERTNAYDEEDCVEMVASGG WNDVACHTTMYFMCEFDKKNM
3058	A	3363	2525	FLVKLILIILCRCLHSLSRSVQQLRTSFQDHAVWK PLMKVLQNAPDEILVVASSMLCNLLLEFSPSKEPI LESGAVELLCGLTQSENPALRVNGIWALMNMAF QAEQKIKADILRSLSTEQLFRLLSDSDLNVLMKT LGLLRNLLSTRPHIDKIMSTHGKQIMQAVTLILEG EHNIEVKEQTLCILANIADGTTAKDLIMTNDDILQ

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	
NO:		beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \
				KIKYYMGHSHVKLQLAAMFCISNLIWNEEEGSQ ERQDKLRDMGIVDILHKLSQSPDSNLCDKAKMA LQQYLA
3059	A	679	167	SSWPSLSSQMHFPSFHLHVAAHYGRDSFVRLLLE FKAEVDPLSDKGTTPLQLAIIRERSSCVKILLDHN ANIDIQNGFLLRYAVIKSNHSYCRMFLQRGADTN LGRLEDGQTPLHLSALRDDVLCARMLYNYGAD TNTRNYEGQTPLAVSISISGSSRPCLDFLQEVTSM
3060	A	30	234	PPLQLDMDPNCYCADGDSCTCAGSCKCKECKCT SCKKSCCSCCPAGCAKCAQGCICKGATDKCSCC A
3061	A	428	720	VRRDVRQQATWAMASDLDFSPPEVPEPTFLENL LRYGLFLGAIFQLICVLAIIVPIPKSHEAEAEPSEPR SAEVTRKPKAAVPSVNKRPKKETKKKR
3062	A	1589	276	WKQKYEPLGLDAAGIEEAITAVGSFILKANELLQ VIDSSMKNFKAFFRWLYVAMLRMTEDHVLPELN KMTQKDITFVAEFLTEHFNEAPDLYNRKGKYFN VERVGQYLKDEDDDLVSPPNTEGNQWYDFLQN SSHLKESPLLFPYYPRKSLHFVKRRMENIIDQCLQ KPADVIGKSMNQAICIPLYRDTRSEDSTRRLFKFP FLWNNKTSNLHYLLFTILEDSLYKMCILRRHTDIS QSVSNGLIAIKFGSFTYATTEKVRRSIYSCLDAQF
			•	YDDETVTVVLKDTVGREGRDRLLVQLPLSLVYN SEDSAEYQFTGTYSTRLDEQCSAIPTRTMHFEKH WRLLESMKAQYVAGNGFRKVSCVLSSNLRHVR VFEMDIDDEWELDESSDEEEEASNKPVKIKEEVL SESEAENQQAGAAALAPEIVIKVEKLDPELDS
3063	A	50	849	DKMPSIFAYQSSEVDWCESNFQYSELVAEFYNTF SNIPFFIFGPLMMLLMHPYAQKRSRYIYVVWVLF MIIGLFSMYFHMTLSFLGQLLDEIAILWLLGSGYS IWMPRCYFPSFLGGNRSQFIRLVFITTVVSTLLSFL RPTVNAYALNSIALHILYTVCQEYRKTSNKELRH LIEVSVVLWAVALTSWISDRLLCSFWQRIHFFYL HSIWHVLISITFPYGMVTMALVDANYEMPGETL KVRYWPRDSWPVGLPYVEIRGDDKDC
3064	A	1523	925	AATMADGQMPFSCHYPSRLRRDPFRDSPLSSRLL DDGFGMDPFPDDLTASWPDWALPRLSSAWPGTL RSGMVPRGPTATARFGVPAEGRTPPPFPGEPWK VCVNVHSFKPEELMVKTKDGYVEVSGKHEEKQ QEGGIVSKNFTKKIQLPAEVDPVTVFASLSPEGLL IIEAPQVPPYSTFGESSFNNELPQDSQEVTCT
3065	A	230	2929	LSTSLTGSHLFSLGNHSTRENLNAGNFNFPSEGH LVRSTGPGGSFAKHMVAQCVSPKGPLACSRTYF FGATHVPYLGGDSKLPKKTEQIRLLSQIYAAVIE AVLAGIACYAKTSSLTKAKEVAEQTLGSGLDSFE LIPFKAALRSKMTFHIHAVNNQGRIVPLDSEDSLS FVKTACMAVYDIPDLLGGNGCLGSVVFSESFLTS QILVKEKDGTVTTETSSVVLTAAVPRFCSWLVED NEVKLSEKTHQAVRGDESFLGTYLTGGEGAYLY SSNLQSWPEEGNVHFFSSGLLFSHCRHGSIIISKD HMNSISFYDGDSTSTVAALLIDFKSSLLPHLPVHF HGSSNFLMIALFPKSKIYQAFYSEVFSLWKQQDN SGISLKVIQEDGLSVEQKRLHSSAQKLFSALSQPA GEKRSSLKLLSAKLPELDWFLQHFAISSISQEPVM RTHLPVLLQQAEINTTHRIESDKVIISIVTGLPGCH

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion  ASELCAFLVTLHKECGRWMVYRQIMDSSECFHA
				AHFQRYLSSALEAQQNRSARQSAYIRKKTRLLV VLQGYTDVIDVVQALQTHPDSNVKASFTIGAITA CVEPMSCYMEHRFLFPKCLDQCSQGLVSNVVFT SHTTEQRHPLLVQLQSLIRAANPAAAFILAENGIV TRNEDIELILSENSFSSPEMLRSRYLMYPGWYEG KLNAGSVYPLMVQICVWFGRPLEKTRFVAKCKA IQSSIKPSPFSGNIYHILGKVKFSDSERTMEVCYNT LANSLSIMPVLEGPTPPPDSKSVSQDSSGQQECYL VFIGCSLKEDSIKDWLRQSAKQKPQRKALKTRG MLTQQEIRSIHVKRHLEPLPAGYFYNGTQFVNFF GDKTDFHPLMDQFMNDYVEEANREIEKYNQELE QQEYHDLFELKP
3066	A	130	588	LAPLRCQPGTRTQPRSHPAANDPSAAMSAAGAR GLRATYHRLLDKVELMLPEKLRPLYNHPAGPRT VFFWAPIMKWGLVCAGLADMARPAEKLSTAQS AVLMATGFIWSRYSLVIIPKNWSLFAVNFFVGAA GASQLFRIWRYNQELKAKAHK
3067	<b>A</b>	2	1016	EFARRRVFIAAREMSLLRSLRVFLVARTGSYPAG SLLRQSPQPRHTFYAGPRLSASASSKELLMKLRR KTGYSFVNCKKALETCGGDLKQAEIWLHKEAQ KEGWSKAAKLQGRKTKEGLIGLLQEGNTTVLVE VNCETDFVSRNLKFQLLVQQVALGTMMHCQTL KDQPSAYSKGFLNSSELSGLPAGPDREGSLKDQL ALAIGKLGENMILKRAAWVKVPSGFYVGSYVHG AMQSPSLHKLVLGKYGALVICETSEQKTNLEDV GRRLGQHVVGMAPLSVGSLDDEPGGEAETKML SQPYLLDPSITLGQYVQPQGVSVVDFVRFECGEG EEAAETE
3068		3	1679	NSRVWGPWTEPSAGSLRPMARKQNRNSKELGL VPLTDDTSHAGPPGPGRALLECDHLRSGVPGGR RRKDWSCSLLVASLAGAFGSSFLYGYNLSVVNA PTPYIKAFYNESWERRHGRPIDPDTLTLLWSVTV SIFAIGGLVGTLIVKMIGKVLGRKHTLLANNGFAI SAALLMACSLQAGAFEMLIVGRFIMGIDGGVALS VLPMYLSEISPKEIRGSLGQVTAIFICIGVFTGQLL GLPELLGKESTWPYLFGVIVVPAVVQLLSLPFLP DSPRYLLLEKHNEARAVKAFQTFLGKADVSQEV EEVLAESRVQRSIRLVSVLELLRAPYVRWQVVT VIVTMACYQLCGLNAIWFYTNSIFGKAGIPPAKIP YVTLSTGGIETLAAVFSGLVIEHLGRRPLLIGGFG LMGLFFGTLTITLTLQDHAPWVPYLSIVGILAIIAS FCSGPGGIPFILTGEFFQQSQRPAAFIIAGTVNWLS NFAVGLLFPFIQKSLDTYCFLVFATICITGAIYLYF VLPETKNRTYAEISQAFSKRNKAYPPEEKIDSAV TDGKINGRP
3069	A .	861	300	AAGAVVSAMPKAKGKTRRQKFGYSVNRKRLNR NARRKAAPRIECSHIRHAWDHAKSVRQNLAEMG LAVDPNRAVPLRKRKVKAMEVDIEERPKELVRK PYVLNDLEAEASLPEKKGNTLSRDLIDYVRYMV ENHGEDYKAMARDEKNYYQDTPKQIRSKINVY KRFYPAEWQDFLDSLQKRKMEVE
3070	A	325	2019	LAEPEVATDSGQQADLPAEGGDPRAEASCSVLH SKPHAMADSRDPASDQMQHWKEQRAAQKADV LTTGAGNPVGDKLNVITVGPRGPLLVQDVVFTD

SEQ II NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				EMAHFDRERIPERVVHAKGAGAFGYFEVTHDIT KYSKAKVFEHIGKKTPIAVRFSTVAGESGSADTV RDPRGFAVKFYTEDGNWDLVGNNTPIFFIRDPILF PSFIHSQKRNPQTHLKDPDMVWDFWSLRPESLH QVSFLFSDRGIPDGHRHMNGYGSHTFKLVNANG EAVYCKFHYKTDQGIKNLSVEDAARLSQEDPDY GIRDLFNAIATGKYPSWTFYIQVMTFNQAETFPF NPFDLTKVWPHKDYPLIPVGKLVLNRNPVNYFA EVEQIAFDPSNMPPGIEASPDKMLQGRLFAYPDT HRHRLGPNYLHIPVNCPYRARVANYQRDGPMC MQDNQGGAPNYYPNSFGAPEQQPSALEHSIQYS GEVRRFNTANDDNVTQVRAFYVNVLNEEQRKR LCENIAGHLKDAQIFIQKKAVKNFTEVHPDYGSH IQALLDKYNAEKPKNAIHTFVQSGSHLAAREKA NL
3071	A	1	1187	SLGWLERPPALSRAAGDGARRLSGSRRGDVWLT SSAAGLLRSVAGGSWCGGQLRARGGSGRCVAR AMTGNAGEWCLMESDPGVFTELIKGFGCRGAQ VEEIWSLEPENFEKLKPVHGLIFLFKWQPGEEPA GSVVQDSRLDTIFFAKQVINNACATQAIVSVLLN CTHQDVHLGETLSEFKEFSQSFDAAMKGLALSN SDVIRQVHNSFARQQMFEFDTKTSAKEEDAFHF VSYVPVNGRLYELDGLREGPIDLGACNQDDWIS AVRPVIEKRIQKYSEGEIRFNLMAIVSDRKMIYEQ KIAELQRQLAEEEPMDTDQGNSMLSAIQSEVAK NQMLIEEEVQKLKRYKIENIRRKHNYLPFIMELL KTLAEHQQLIPLVEKAKEKQNAKKAQETK
3072	A	103		RLRTLAPPGLLLGPPLVPDSRRRHQASLTPLHISG SPQLVGRGDRKLRTEVLVPPAALPAETRQRRSER LPRRTCPRGGAPGPGRSRLPRSLPPPSAIPGLRSPV WAAGLGGGGRREPSRGKGGAALRARHRSTMAE LGAGGDGHRGGDGAVRSETAPDSYKVQDKKNA SSRPASAISGQNNNHSGNKPDPPPVLRVDDRQRL ARERREEREKQLAAREIVWLEREERARQHYEKH LEERKKRLEEQRQKEERRRAAVEEKRRQRLEED KERHEAVVRRTMERSQKPKQKHNRWSWGGSLH GSPSIHSADPDRRSVSTMNLSKYVDPVISKRLSSS SATLLNSPDRARRLQLSPWESSVVNRLLTPTHSF LARSKSTAALSGEAVIPICPRSASCSPIIMPYKAAH SRNSMDRPKLFVTPPEGSSRRRIIHGTASYKKERE RENVLFLTSGTRRAVSPSNPKARQPARSRLWLPS KSLPHLPGTPRPTSSLPPGSVKAAPAQVRPPSPGN IRPVKREVKVEPEKKDPEKEPQKVANEPSLKGRA PLVKVEEATVEERTPAEPEVGPAAPAMAPAPAS APAPASAPAPAPVPTPAMVSAPSSTVNASASVKT SAGTTDPEEATRLLAEKRRLAREQREKEERERRE QEELERQKREELAQRVAEERTTRREEESRRLEAE QAREKEEQLQRQAEERALREWEEAERAQRQKEE EARVREEAERVRQEREKHFQREEQERLERKKRL EEIMKRTRRTEATDKKTSDQRNGDIAKGALTGG IEVSALPCTTNAPGNGKPVGSPHVVTSHQSKVT VESTPDLEKQPNENGVSVQNENFEEIINLPIGSKP SRLDVTNSESPEIPLNPILAFDDEGTLGPLPQVDG
3073	A	67 2		VQTQQTAEVI PPRVCRDHVCLICWDPIAGTGGSRSTMPALPLDQ

CFO TO	Method	Predicted	Predicted and	Amino said sequence (A-Algrina C-Custains D-Assa-4: 4-13
SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide	Predicted end nucleotide location, corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Prollne, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
		sequence		
				LQITHKDPKTGKLRTSPALHPEQKADRYFVLYKP PPKDNIPALVEEYLERATFVANDLDWLLALPHD KFWCQVIFDETLQKCLDSYLRYVPRKFDEGVAS APEVVDMQKRLHRSVFLTFLRMSTHKESKDHFIS PSAFGEILYNNFLFDIPKILDLCVLFGKGNSPLLQ KMIGNIFTQQPSYYSDLDETLPTILQVFSNILQHC GLQGDGANTTPQKLEERGRLTPSDMPLLELKDIV LYLCDTCTTLWAFLDIFPLACQTFQKHDFCYRLA SFYEAAIPEMESAIKKRRLEDSKLLGDLWQRLSH SRKKLMEIFHIILNQICLLPILESSCDNIQGFIEEFL QIFSSLLQEKRFLRDYDALFPVAEDISLLQQASSV LDETRTAYILQAVESAWEGVDRRKATDAKDPSV IEEPNGEPNGVTVTAEAVSQASSHPENSEEEECM GAAAAVGPAMCGVELDSLISQVKDLLPDLGEGFI LACLEYYHYDPEQVINNILEERLAPTLSQLDRNL DREMKPDPTPLLTSRHNVFQNDEFDVFSRDSVDL SRVHKGKSTRKEENTRSLLNDKRAVAAQRQRYE QYSVVVEEVPLQPGESLPYHSVYYEDEYDDTYD GNQVGANDADSDDELISRRPFTIPQVLRTKVPRE GQEEDDDDEEDDADEEAPKPDHFVQDPAVLREK AEARRMAFLAKKGYRHDSSTAVAGSPRGHGQS
				RETTQERRKKEANKATRANHNRRTMADRKRSK
		•		GMIPS
3074	<b>A</b>	3	251	GEARSPPPAAALLDMDPETCPCPSGGSCTCADSC KCEGCKCTSCKKSCCSCCPAECEKCAKDCVCKG GEAAEAEKCSCCQ
3075	A	255	982	SQFSLSQVLVDSAEEGSLAAAAELAAQKREQRL RKFRELHLMRNEARKLNHQEVVEEDKRLKLPAN WEAKKARLEWELKEEEKKKECAARGEDYEKVK LLEISAEDAERWERKKKRKNPDLGFSDYAAAQL RQYHRLTKQIKPDMETYERLREKHGEEFFPTSNS LLHGTHVPSTEEIDRMVIDLEKQIEKRDKYSRRR PYNDDADIDYINERNAKFNKKAERFYGKYTAEI KQNLERGTAV
3076	A .	255	982	SQFSLSQVLVDSAEEGSLAAAAELAAQKREQRL RKFRELHLMRNEARKLNHQEVVEEDKRLKLPAN WEAKKARLEWELKEEEKKKECAARGEDYEKVK LLEISAEDAERWERKKKRKNPDLGFSDYAAAQL RQYHRLTKQIKPDMETYERLREKHGEEFFPTSNS LLHGTHVPSTEEIDRMVIDLEKQIEKRDKYSRRR PYNDDADIDYINERNAKFNKKAERFYGKYTAEI KQNLERGTAV
3077	A	1	968	FRLRPRRACAQLLWHPAAGMASWAKGRSYLAP GLLQGQVAIVTGGATGIGKAIVKELLELGSNVVI ASRKLERLKSAADELQANLPPTKQARVIPIQCNIR NEEEVNNLVKSTLDTFGKINFLVNNGGGQFLSPA EHISSKGWHAVLETNLTGTFYMCKAVYSSWMK KHGGSIVNIIVPTKAGFPLAVHSGAARAGVYNLT KSLAFEWACSGIRINCVAPGVIYSQTAVENYGSW GQSFFEGSFQKIPAKRIGVPEEVSSVVCFLLSPAA SFITGQSVDVDGGRSLYTHSYEVPDHDNWPKGA GDLSVVKKMKETFKEKAKL
3078	A	2	3508	FVRESGKAPVTFDDITVYLLQEEWVLLSQQQKEL CGSNKLVAPLGPTVANPELFRKFGRGPEPWLGS VQGQRSLLEHHPGKKQMGYMGEMEVQGPTRES

	SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
	NO:		beginning nucleotide location	nucleotide location	E-Glutamic Acid, F-Phenylalanine, G-Glycine, H-Histidine,
	ĺ		corresponding	corresponding to last amino	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
			to first amino acid residue of	acid residue of peptide	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion
	!		peptide	sequence	⊨possible nucleotide insertion
			sequence		COCL PROTECTION OF THE COLUMN O
					GQSLPPQKKAYLSHLSTGSGHIEGDWAGRNRKL LKPRSIQKSWFVQFPWLIMNEEQTALFCSACREY
					PSIRDKRSRLIEGYTGPFKVETLKYHAKSKAHMF
					CVNALAARDPIWAARFRSIRDPPGDVLASPEPLF
			·		TADCPIFYPPGPLGGFDSMAELLPSSRAELEDPGG
					DGAIPAMYLDCISDLRQKEITDGIHSSSDINILYN
			•		DAVESCIQDPSAEGLSEEVPVVFEELPVVFEDVA
					VYFTREEWGMLDKRQKELYRDVMRMNYELLAS LGPAAAKPDLISKLERRAAPWIKDPNGPKWGKG
					RPPGNKKMVAVREADTQASAADSALLPGSPVEA
		ĺ			RASCCSSSICEEGDGPRRIKRTYRPRSIORSWFGO
				1	FPWLVIDPKETKLFCSACIERPNLHDKSSRLVRG
					YTGPFKVETLKYHEVSKAHRLCVNTVEIKEDTPH
					TALVPEISSDLMANMEHFFNAAYSIAYHSRPLND FEKILQLLQSTGTVILGKYRNRTACTQFIKYISETL
					KREILEDVRNSPCVSVLLDSSTDASEQACVGIYIR
				1	YFKQMEVKESYITLAPLYSETADGYFETIVSALD
					ELDIPFRKPGWVVGLGTDGSAMLSCRGGLVEKF
-					QEVIPQLLPVHCVAHRLHLAVVDACGSIDLVKK
ĺ					CDRHIRTVFKFYQSSNKRLNELQEGAAPLEQEIIR
ı					LKDLNAVRWVASRRRTLHALLVSWPALARHLQ RVAEAGGQIGHRAKGMLKLMRGFHFVKFCHFL
					LDFLSIYRPLSEVCQKEIVLITEVNATLGRAYVAL
1			1		ESLRHQAGPKEEEFNASFKDGRLHGICLDKI EVA
.					EQRFQADRERTVLTGIEYLOORFDADRPPOLKN
	٠				MEVFDTMAWPSGIELASFGNDDILNLARYFECSL
					PTGYSEEALLEEWLGLKTIAQHLPFSMLCKNALA QHCRFPLLSKLMAVVVCVPISTSCCERGFKAMN
					RIRTDERTKLSNEVLNMLMMTAVNGVAVTEYD
ĺ					PQPAIQHWYLTSSGRRFSHVYTCAOVPARSPASA
					RLRKEEMGALYVEEPRTQKPPILPSREAAEVLKD
$\vdash$	3079	A .	343	1513	CIMEPPERLLYPHTSQEAPGMS
		**	343	1313	FSPLEPRLCSLGGWGALQAGEPCQPSRAGCGRE GATMGCTLSAEERAALERSKAIEKNLKEDGISAA
					KDVKLLLLGAGESGKSTIVKQMKIIHEDGFSGED
		]			VKQYKPVVYSNTIQSLAAIVRAMDTLGIEYGDK
		]			ERKADAKMVCDVVSRMEDTEPFSAELLSAMMR
					LWGDSGIQECFNRSREYQLNDSAKYYLDSLDRIG
					AADYQPTEQDILRTRVKTTGIVETHFTFKNLHFR
		!			LFDVGGQRSERKKWIHCFEDVTAIIFCVALSGYD QVLHEDETTNRMHESLKLFDSICNNKWFTDTSII
				1	LFLNKKDIFEEKIKKSPLTICFPEYTGPSAFTEAVA
					YIQAQYESKNKSAHKEIYSHVTCATDTNNIOFVF
-3	080	A	41	007	DAVTDVIIAKNLRGCGLY
٦	,000	л	41	997	EARTARELTDGVTDGLTMADQPKPISPLKNLLA
	•			ļ	GGFGGVCLVFVGHPLDTVKVRLQTQPPSLPGQPP MYSGTFDCFRKTLFREGITGLYRGMAAPIIGVTP
					MFAVCFFGFGLGKKLQQKHPEDVLSYPQLFAAG
1					MLSGVFTTGIMTPGERIKCLLOIOASSGESKYTGT
İ	.	ļ			LDCAKKLYQEFGIRGIYKGTVLTLMRDVPASGM
				•	YFMTYEWLKNIFTPEGKRVSELSAPRILVAGGIA
					GIFNWAVAIPPDVLKSRFQTAPPGKYPNGFRDVL
					RELIRDEGVTSLYKGFNAVMIRAFPANAACFLGF EVAMKFLNWATPNL
3	081	Α	3		IMADMEDLFGSDADSEAERKDSDSGSDSDSDQE
			<del></del>		

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:	Wichiod	beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine,
	-	nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
		location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
		corresponding to first amino	to last amino acid residue of	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion.
	1	acid residue of	peptide	\=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide	sequence	, positive manufactures
		sequence		NA A SCENIA SCESSOODED CDSCODSNIVEY FORD
				NAASGSNASGSESDQDERGDSGQPSNKELFGDD SEDEGASHHSGSDNHSERSDNRSEASERSDHEDN
	ĺ			
			Í	DPSDVDQHSGSEAPNDDEDEGHRSDGGSHHSEA
			ł	EGSEKAHSDDEK WGREDKSDQSDDEKIQNSDDE
			1	ERAQGSDEDKLQNSDDDEKMQNTDDEERPQLS
				DDERQQLSEEEKANSDDERPVASDNDDEKQNSD
				DEEQPQLSDEEKMQNSDDERPQASDEEHRHSDD
				EEEQDHKSESARGSDSEDEVLRMKRKNAIASDSE
				ADSDTEVPKDNSGTMDLFGGADDISSGSDGEDK
		ŀ		PPTPGQPVDENGLPQDQQEEEPIPETRIEVEIPKV
		ľ		NTDLGNDLYFVKLPNFLSVEPRPFDPQYYEDEFE
		1		DEEMLDEEGRTRLKLKVENTIRWRIRRDEEGNEI
				KESNARIVK WSDGSMSLHLGNEVFDVYKAPLQG
	1	Ì		DHNHLFIRQGTGLQGQAVFKTKLTFRPHSTDSAT
			•	HRKMTLSLADRCSKTQKIRILPMAGRDPECQRTE
				MIKKEEERLRASIRRESQQRRMREKQHQRGLSAS
				YLEPDRYDEEEEGEESISLAAIKNRYKGGIREERA
				RIYSSDSDEGSEEDKAQRLLKAKKLTSDEVRPNL
3082	A	1	021	FNSRGLSCTQEPTALNEELTDQAGTN
3002	A	3	921	VEFCLPASADSSSLVAASLAGVRKMATNFLAHE
		ļ.		KIWFDKFKYDDAERRFYEQMNGPVAGASRQEN
	1			GASVILRDIARARENIQKSLAGSSGPGASSGTSGD
				HGELVVRIASLEVENQSLRGVVQELQQAISKLEA
				RLNVLEKSSPGHRATAPQTQHVSPMRQVEPPAK
				KPATPAEDDEDDDIDLFGSDNEEEDKEAAQLREE   RLRQYAEKKAKKPALVAKSSILLDVKPWDDETD
		•		MAQLEACVRSIQLDGLVWGASKLVPVGYGIRKL
	-			QIQCVVEDDKVGTDLLEEEITKFEEHVQSVDIAA
				FNKI
3083	Α	3	921	VEFCLPASADSSSLVAASLAGVRKMATNFLAHE
				KIWFDKFKYDDAERRFYEQMNGPVAGASRQEN
				GASVILRDIARARENIQKSLAGSSGPGASSGTSGD
				HGELVVRIASLEVENQSLRGVVQELQQAISKLEA
				RLNVLEKSSPGHRATAPQTQHVSPMRQVEPPAK
				KPATPAEDDEDDDIDLFGSDNEEEDKEAAQLREE
				RLRQYAEKKAKKPALVAKSSILLDVKPWDDETD
				MAQLEACVRSIQLDGLVWGASKLVPVGYGIRKL
				QIQCVVEDDKVGTDLLEEEITKFEEHVQSVDIAA
				FNKI
3084	A	128	4050	KSIVKIRKRMAAETQTLNFGPEWLRALSSGGSITS
				PPLSPALPKYKLADYRYGREEMLALFLKDNKIPS
				DLLDKEFLPILQEEPLPPLALVPFTEEEQRNFSMS
				VNSAAVLRLTGRGGGGTVVGAPRGRSSSRGRGR
				GRGECGFYQRSFDEVEGVFGRGGGREMHRSQS
				WEERGDRRFEKPGRKDVGRPNFEEGGPTSVGRK
				HEFIRSESENWRIFREEQNGEDEDGGWRLAGSRR
	ļ	]		DGERWRPHSPDGPRSAGWREHMERRRRFEFDFR
			•	DRDDERGYRRVRSGSGSIDDDRDSLPEWCLEDA
				EEEMGTFDSSGAFLSLKKVQKEPIPEEQEMDFRP
		·		VDEGEECSDSEGSHNEEAKEPDKTNKKEGEKTD
•	1		!	RVGVEASEETPQTSSSSARPGTPSDHQSQEASQFE
		{	İ	RKDEPKTEQTEKAEEETRMENSLPAKVPSRGDE
		.		MVADVQQPLSQIPSDTASPLLILPPPVPNPSPTLRP
				VETPVVGAPGMGSVSTEPDDEEGLKHLEQQAEK
	<u></u>	<u> </u>		MVAYLQDSALDDERLASKLQEHRAKGVSIPLMH
		<del></del>		

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
1.0.		nucleotide	location	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
		location corresponding	corresponding to last amino	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, O=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine
		to first amino	acid residue of	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
		acid residue of	peptide	/=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide sequence	sequence	
				EAMQKWYYKDPQGEIQGPFNNQEMAEWFQAG
		ĺ		YFTMSLLVKRACDESFQPLGDIMKMWGRVPFSP
1				GPAPPPHMGELDQERLTRQQELTALYQMQHLQY
				QQFLIQQQYAQVLAQQQKAALSSQQQQQLALLL QQFQTLKMRISDQNIIPSVTRSVSVPDTGSIWELQ
				PTASQPTVWEGGSVWDLPLDTTTPGPALEQLQQ
		1		LEKAKAAKLEQERREAEMRAKREEEERKROEEL
1 1				RRRQKGILRRQQEEERKRREEEELARRKOEEALR
				RQREQEIALRRQREEEERQQQEEALRRLEERRRE
1 1				EEERRKQEELLRKQEEEAAKWAREEEEAQRRLE ENRLRMEEEAARLRHEEEERKRKELEVQRQKEL
				MRQRQQQEALRRLQQQQQQQQLAQMKLPSSS
				TWGQQSNTTACQSQATLSLAEIQKLEEERERQLR
,				EEQRRQQRELMKALQQQQQQQOOKLSGWGNV
				SKPSGTTKSLLEIQQEEARQMQKQQQQQQQOOO
				PNRARNNTHSNLHTSIGNSVWGSINTGPPNQWA
				SDLVSSIWSNADTKNSNMGFWDDAVKEVGPRN STNKNKNNASLSKSVGVSNRQNKKVEEEEKLLK
				LFQGVNKAQDGFTQWCEQMLHALNTANNLDVP
1	}	ĺ	i	TFVSFLKEVESPYEVHDYIRAYLGDTSEAKEFAK
				QFLERRAKQKANQQRQQQQLPQQQOPPQQPP
				QQPQQQDSVWGMNHSTLHSVFQTNOSNNOOSN
				FEAVQSGKKKKKQKMVRADPSLLGFSVNASSER LNMGEIETLDDY
3085	A	128	4050	KSIVKIRKRMAAETQTLNFGPEWLRALSSGGSITS
				PPLSPALPKYKLADYRYGREEMLALFLKDNKIPS
		1		DLLDKEFLPILQEEPLPPLALVPFTEEEORNFSMS
		1		VNSAAVLRLTGRGGGGTVVGAPRGRSSSRGRGR
ł		ł		GRGECGFYQRSFDEVEGVFGRGGGREMHRSQS
				WEERGDRRFEKPGRKDVGRPNFEEGGPTSVGRK HEFIRSESENWRIFREEQNGEDEDGGWRLAGSRR
				DGERWRPHSPDGPRSAGWREHMERRRRFEFDFR
	1			DRDDERGYRRVRSGSGSIDDDRDSLPEWCLEDA
	1			EEEMGTFDSSGAFLSLKKVQKEPIPEEOEMDFRP
	.			VDEGEECSDSEGSHNEEAKEPDKTNKKEGEKTD
				RVGVEASEETPQTSSSSARPGTPSDHQSQEASQFE RKDEPKTEQTEKAEEETRMENSLPAKVPSRGDE
		[	ļ	MVADVQQPLSQIPSDTASPLLILPPPVPNPSPTLRP
				VETPVVGAPGMGSVSTEPDDEEGLKHLEOOAEK
			İ	MVAYLQDSALDDERLASKLQEHRAKGVSIPLMH
			i	EAMQKWYYKDPQGEIQGPFNNQEMAEWFOAG
		-		YFTMSLLVKRACDESFQPLGDIMKMWGRVPFSP GPAPPPHMGEI DOEPLTBOOELTAL VONOUL OV
		İ		GPAPPPHMGELDQERLTRQQELTALYQMQHLQY QQFLIQQQYAQVLAQQQKAALSSQQQQQLALLL
١.		. ,	1	QQFQTLKMRISDQNIIPSVTRSVSVPDTGSIWELQ
				PTASQPTVWEGGSVWDLPLDTTTPGPALEOLOO
	.		1.	LEKAKAAKLEQERREAEMRAKREEEERKROEEL
		1	] ;	RRRQKGILRRQQEEERKRREEEELARRKQEEALR
		İ		RQREQEIALRRQREEEERQQQEEALRRLEERRRE EEERRKQEELLRKQEEEAAKWAREEEEAQRRLE
		.	l i	ENRLRMEEEAARLRHEEEERKRKELEVQRQKEL
		1	[ ]	MRQRQQQEALRRLQQQQQQQQLAOMKLPSSS
			] [	TWGQQSNTTACQSQATLSLAEIOKLEEEREROLR
			]	EEQRRQQRELMKALQQQQQQQOKLSGWGNV
			1	SKPSGTTKSLLEIQQEEARQMQKQQQQQQQQQQQQ

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				PNRARNNTHSNLHTSIGNSVWGSINTGPPNQWA SDLVSSIWSNADTKNSNMGFWDDAVKEVGPRN STNKNKNNASLSKSVGVSNRQNKKVEEEEKLLK LFQGVNKAQDGFTQWCEQMLHALNTANNLDVP TFVSFLKEVESPYEVHDYIRAYLGDTSEAKEFAK QFLERRAKQKANQQRQQQLPQQQQPPQQPP QQPQQQDSVWGMNHSTLHSVFQTNQSNNQQSN FEAVQSGKKKKKQKMVRADPSLLGFSVNASSER LNMGEIETLDDY
3086	A	675	1334	LHPAATSTAWLHVPPGLSMALSWVLTVLSLLPL LEAQIPLCANLVPVPITNATLDRITGKWFYIASAF RNEEYNKSVQEIQATFFYFTPNKTEDTIFLREYQT RQDQCIYNTTYLNVQRENGTISRYVGGQEHFAH ' LLILRDTKTYMLAFDVNDEKNWGLSVYADKPET TKEQLGEFYEALDCLRIPKSDVVYTDWKKDKCE PLEKQHEKERKQEEGES
3087	A	1	1575	CTPVARSMATTATCTRFTDDYQLFEELGKGAFS VVRRCVKKTSTQEYAAKIINTKKLSARDHQKLE REARICRLLKHPNIVRLHDSISEEGFHYLVFDLVT GGELFEDIVAREYYSEADASHCIHQILESVNHIHQ HDIVHRDLKPENLLLASKCKGAAVKLADFGLAIE VQGEQQAWFGFAGTPGYLSPEVLRKDPYGKPVD IWACGVILYILLVGYPPFWDEDQHKLYQQIKAG AYDFPSPEWDTVTPEAKNLINQMLTINPAKRITA DQALKHPWVCQRSTVASMMHRQETVECLRKFN ARRKLKGAILTTMLVSRNFSAAKSLLNKKSDGG VKPQSNNKNSLVSPAQEPAPLQTAMEPQTTVVH NATDGIKGSTESCNTTTEDEDLKVRKQEIIKITEQ LIEAINNGDFEAYTKICDPGLTSFEPEALGNLVEG MDFHKFYFENLLSKNSKPIHTTILNPHVHVIGED AACIAYIRLTQYIDGQGRPRTSQSEETRVWHRRD GKWLNVHYHCSGAPAAPLQ
3088	A	12	1039	SSVAEFPERVQLSQPQNWNFSGAGGAWSLDFAE QLKWSAELARLGESIMDGKQGGMDGSKPAGPR DFPGIRLLSNPLMGDAVSDWSPMHEAAIHGHQL SLRNLISQGWAVNIITADHVSPLHEACLGGHLSC VKILLKHGAQVNGVTADWHTPLFNACVSGSWD CVNLLLQHGASVQPESDLASPIHEAARRGHVEC VNSLIAYGGNIDHKISHLGTPLYLACENQQRACV KKLLESGADVNQGKGQDSPLHAVARTASEELAC LLMDFGADTQAKNAEGKRPVELVPPESPLAQLF LEREGPPSLMQLCRLRIRKCFGIQQHHKITKLVLP EDLKQFLLHL
3089	A	73	432	DMAGLMTIVTSLLFLGVCAHHIIPTGSVVLPSPCC MFFVSKRIPENRVVSYQLSSRSTCLKAGVIFTTKK GQQFCGDPKQEWVQRYMKNLDAKQKKASPRA RAVAVKGPVQRYPGNQTTC
3090	A	4627	611	LMEAGGGGGALPAGVETMVLTLGESWPVLVGR RFLSLSAADGSDGSHDSWDVERVAEWPWLSGTI RAVSHTDVTKKDLKVCVEFDGESWRKRRWIEV YSLLRRAFLVEHNLVLAERKSPEISERIVQWPAIT YKPLLDKAGLGSITSVRFLGDQQRVFLSKDLLKP IQDVNSLRLSLTDNQIVSKEFQALIVKHLDESHLL KGDKNLVGSEVKIYSLDPSTQWFSATVVNGNPA SKTLQVNCEEIPALKIVDPSLIHVEVVHDNLVTC

SEQ II	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:		beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine
		nucleotide location	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
1		corresponding	to last amino	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
	İ	to first amino	acid residue of	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion.
		acid residue of	peptide	\=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide sequence	sequence	
			<u> </u>	GNSARIGAVKRKSSENNGTLVSKQAKSCSEASPS
				MCPVQSVPTTVFKEILLGCTAATPPSKDPRQQST
	ĺ		!	PQAANSPPNLGAKIPQGCHKQSLPEEISSCLNTKS
	ļ			EALRTKPDVCKAGLLSKSSQIGTGDLKILTEPKGS
İ				CTQPKTNTDQENRLESVPQALTGLPKECLPTKAS
}	1		!	SKAELEIANPPELQKHLEHAPSPSDVSNAPEVKA
1	1			GVNSDSPNNCSGKKVEPSALACRSQNLKESSVK
				VDNESCCSRSNNKIQNAPSRKSVLTDPAKLKKLQ
	ł			QSGEAFVQDDSCVNIVAQLPKCRECRLDSLRKD
1	ļ			KEQQKDSPVFCRFFHFRRLQFNKHGVLRVEGFLT
				PNKYDNEAIGLWLPLTKNVVGIDLDTAKYILANI
	ł			GDHFCQMVISEKEAMSTIEPHRQVAWKRAVKG
	1		,	VREMCDVCDTTIFNLHWVCPRCGFGVCVDCYR
	ĺ			MKRKNCQQGAAYKTFSWLKCVKSQIHEPENLM
				PTQIIPGKALYDVGDIVHSVRAKWGIKANCPCSN
1 '				RQFKLFSKPASKEDLKQTSLAGEKPTLGAVLQQ
	1			NPSVLEPAAVGGEAASKPAGSMKPACPASTSPLN
				WLADLTSGNVNKENKEKQPTMPILKNEIKCLPPL
	1	1 1		PPLSKSSTVLHTFNSTILTPVSNNNSGFLRNLLNSS
				TGKTENGLKNTPKILDDIFASLVQNKTTSDLSKR
			ĺ	PQGLTIKPSILGFDTPHYWLCDNRLLCLQDPNNK
				SNWNVFRECWKQGQPVMVSGVHHKLNSELWK
	1	1		PESFRKEFGEQEVDLVNCRTNEIITGATVGDFWD
			ĺ	GFEDVPNRLKNEKEPMVLKLKDWPPGEDFRDM
				MPSRFDDLMANIPLPEYTRRDGKLNLASRLPNYF
	ļ			VRPDLGPKMYNAYGLITPEDRKYGTTNLHLDVS
		1		DAANVMVYVGIPKGQCEQEEEVLKTIQDGDSDE
		1		LTIKRFIEGKEKPGALWHIYAAKDTEKIREFLKK
		] [		VSEEQGQENPADHDPIHDQSWYLDRSLRKRLHO
<u> </u>		]	İ	EYGVQGWAIVQFLGDVVFIPAGAPHOVHNLYSC
			1	IKVAEDFVSPEHVKHCFWLTQEFRYLSOTHTNHE
2001				DKLQVKNVIYHAVKDAVAMLKASESSFGKP
3091	A	97	1838	KRGARRGGWKRKMPSTDLLMLKAFEPYLEILEV
				YSTKAKNYVNGHCTKYEPWQLIAWSVVWTLLI
	1	1		VWGYEFVFQPESLWSRFKKKCFKLTRKMPIIGRK
				IQDKLNKTKDDISKNMSFLKVDKEYVKALPSQG
	ŀ			LSSSAVLEKLKEYSSMDAFWQEGRASGTVYSGE
	1	1		EKLTELLVKAYGDFAWSNPLHPDIFPGLRKIEAEI
				VRIACSLFNGGPDSCGCVTSGGTESILMACKAYR
		[		DLAFEKGIKTPEIVAPQSAHAAFNKAASYFGMKI
		} ·		VRVPLTKMMEVDVRAMRRAISRNTAMLVCSTP
	1		j	QFPHGVIDPVPEVAKLAVKYKIPLHVDACLGGFL
	1			IVFMEKAGYPLEHPFDFRVKGVTSISADTHKYGY
				APKGSSLVLYSDKKYRNYQFFVDTDWQGGIYAS
			l	PTIAGSRPGGISAACWAALMHFGENGYVEATKQI
				IKTARFLKSELENIKGIFVFGNPQLSVIALGSRDFD
				IYRLSNLMTAKGWNLNQLQFPPSIHFCITLLHAR
		.		KRVAIQFLKDIRESVTOIMKNPKAKTTGMGAIYG
				MAQTTVDRNMGAELSSVFLDSLYSTDTVTQGSQ
3092	<u> </u>	70		MNGSPKPH
JU92	A	79	2652	LCSQNSPEDWVNFSSEKQKRYPWYWTGRKLRSE
				RAMKIQKKLTGCSRLMLLCLSLELLLEAGAGNIH
				YSVPEETDKGSFVGNIAKDLGLQPQELADGGVRI
		ļ	1.	VSRGRMPLFALNPRSGSLITARRIDREELCAQSM
	<u></u>	·		PCLVSFNILVEDKMKLFPVEVEIIDINDNTPQFQL

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		-		EELEFKMNEITTPGTRVSLPFGQDLDVGMNSLQS YQLSSNPHFSLDVQQGADGPQHPEMVLQSPLDR EEEAVHHLILTASDGGEPVRSGTLRIYIQVVDAN DNPPAFTQAQYHINVPENVPLGTQLLMVNATDP DEGANGEVTYSFHNVDHRVAQIFRLDSYTGEISN KEPLDFEEYKMYSMEVQAQDGAGLMAKVKVLI KVLDVNDNAPEVTITSVTTAVPENFPPGTIIALISV HDQDSGDNGYTTCFIPGNLPFKLEKLVDNYYRL VTERTLDRELISGYNITITAIDQGTPALSTETHISL LVTDINDNSPVFHQDSYSAYIPENNPRGASIFSVR AHDLDSNENAQITYSLIEDTIQGAPLSAYLSINSD TGVLYALRSFDYEQFRDMQLKVMARDSGDPPLS SNVSLSLFLLDQNDNAPEILYPALPTDGSTGVEL APRSAEPGYLVTKVVAVDRDSGQNAWLSYRLL KASEPGLFSVGLHTGEVRTARALLDRDALKQSL VVAVQDHGQPPLSATVTLTVAVADRIPDILADLG SLEPSAKPNDSDLTLYLVVAEAAVSCVFLAFVIV LLAHRLRRWHKSRLLQASGGGLASTPGSHFVGV DGVRAFLQTYSHEVSLTADSRKSHLIFPQPNYAD TLISQESCEKKGFLSAPQSLLEDKKEPFSQVNFCD
3093	A	1	3868	PPDNQKLGLLEALLKIGDWQHAQNIMDQMPPYY AASHKLIALAICKLIHITIEPLYRSVTSWAVDHAG FLESDPCDSTVGHLLSRVGVPKGAKGSPVNALQ NKRAPKQAESFEDLRRDVFNMFCYLGPHLSHDPI LFAKVVRIGKSFMKEFQSDGSKQEDKEKTEVILS CLLSITDQVLLPSLSLMDCNACMSEELWGMFKT FPYQHRYRLYGQWKNETYNSHPLLVKVKAQTID RAKYIMKRLTKENVKPSGRQIGKLSHSNPTILFD YVCFEILSQIQKYDNLITPVVDSLKYLTSLNYDVL ACILSNCIIEALANPEKERMKHDDTTISSWLQSLA SFCGAVFRKYPIDLAGLLQYVANQLKAGKSFDL LILKEVVQKMAGIEITEEMTMEQLEAMTGGEQL KAEGGYFGQIRNTKKSSQRLKDALLDHDLALPL CLLMAQQRNGVIFQEGGEKHLKLVGKLYDQCH DTLVQFGGFLASNLSTEDYIKRVPSIDVLCNEFHT PHDAAFFLSRPMYAHHISSKYDELKKSEKGSKQ QHKVHKYITSCEMVMAPVHEAVVSLHVSKVWD DISPQFYATFWSLTMYDLAVPHTSYEREVNKLK VQMKAIDDNQEMPPNKKKEKERCTALQDKLL EEEKKQMEHVQRVLQRLKLEKDNWLLAKSTKN ETITKFLQLCIFPRCIFSAIDAVYCARFVELVHQQ KTPNFSTLLCYDRVFSDIIYTVASCTENEASRYGR FLCCMLETVTRWHSDRATYEKECGNYPGFLTIL RATGFDGGNKADQLDYENFRHVVHKWHYKLT KASVHCLETGEYTHIRNILIVLTKILPWYPKVLNL GQALERRVHKICQEEKEKRPDLYALAMGYSGQL KSRKSYMIPENEFHHKDPPPRNAVASVQNGPGG GPSSSSIGSASKSDESSTEETDKSRERSQCGVKAV NKASSTTPKGNSSNGNSGSNSNKAVKENDKEKG KEKEKEKKEKTPATTPEARVLGKDGKEKPKEER PNKDEKARETKERTPKSDKEKEKFKKEEKAKDE KFKTTVPNAESKSTQEREREKEPSRERDIAKEMK SKENVKGGEKTPVSGSLKSPVPRSDIPEPEREQKR RKIDTHPSPSHSSTVKDSLIELKESSAKLYINHTPP

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				PLSKSKEREMDKKDLDKSRERSREREKKDEKDR KERKRDHSNNDREVPPDLTKRRKEENGTMGVSK HKSESPCESPYPNEKDKEKNKSKSSGKEKGSDSF KSEKMDKISSGGKKESRHDKEKIEKKEKRDSSGG KEEKKHHKSSDKHR
3094	A	2	891	AMLGTREPSRRGAGAVQAEVSERLAMAGPQQQ PPYLHLAELTASQFLEIWKHFDADGNGYIEGKEL ENFFQELEKARKGSGMMSKSDNFGEKMKEFMQ KYDKNSDGKIEMAELAQILPTEENFLLCFRQHVG SSAEFMEAWRKYDTDRSGYIEANELKGFLSDLL KKANRPYDEPKLQEYTQTILRMFDLNGDGKLGL SEMSRLLPVQENFLLKFQGMKLTSEEFNAIFTFY DKDRSGYIDEHELDALLKDLYEKNKKEMNIQQL TNYRKSVMSLAEAGKLYRKDLEIVLCSEPPM
3095	A	1685	700	RRPTGRPGALGAPAAGRVGMPLHVKWPFPAVPP LTWTLASSVVMGLVGTYSCFWTKYMNHLTVHN REVLYELIEKRGPATPLITVSNHQSCMDDPHLWG ILKLRHIWNLKLMRWTPAAADICFTKELHSHFFS LGKCVPVCRGAEFFQAENEGKGVLDTGRHMPG AGKRREKGDGVYQKGMDFILEKLNHGDWVHIF PEGKVNMSSEFLRFKWGIGRLIAECHLNPIILPLW HVGMNDVLPNSPPYFPRFGQKITVLIGKPFSALP VLERLRAENKSAVEMRKALTDFIQEEFQHLKTQ AEQLHNHLQAWEIGLACCLLDSWPAQSWG
3096	A	6642	4022	FVPGLREPQWEPAQPSATMSAPSEEEEYARLVM EAQPEWLRAEVKRLSHELAETTREKIQAAEYGL AVLEEKHQLKLQFEELEVDYEAIRSEMEQLKEAF GQAHTNHKKVAADGESREESLIQESASKEQYYV RKVLELQTELKQLRNVLTNTQSENERLASVAQE LKEINQNVEIQRGRLRDDIKEYKFREARLLQDYS ELEEENISLQKQVSVLRQNQVEFEGLKHEIKRLE EETEYLNSQLEDAIRLKEISERQLEEALETLKTER EQKNSLRKELSHYMSINDSFYTSHLHVSLDGLKF SDDAAEPNNDAEALVNGFEHGGLAKLPLDNKTS TPKKEGLAPPSPSLVSDLLSELNISEIQKLKQQLM QMEREKAGLLATLQDTQKQLEHTRGSLSEQQEK VTRLTENLSALRRLQASKERQTALDNEKDRDSH EDGDYYEVDINGPEILACKYHVAVAEAGELREQ LKALRSTHEAREAQHAEEKGRYEAEGQALTEKV SLLEKASRQDRELLARLEKELKKVSDVAGETQG SLSVAQDELVTFSEELANLYHHVCMCNNETPNR VMLDYYREGQGGAGRTSPGGRTSPEARGRRSPI LLPKGLLAPEAGRADGGTGDSSPSPGSSLPSPLSD PRREPMNIYNLIAIRDQIKHLQAAVDRTTELSRQ RIASQELGPAVDKDKEALMEEILKLKSLLSTKRE QITTLRTVLKANKQTAEVALANLKSKYENEKAM VTETMMKLRNELKALKEDAATFSSLRAMFATRC DEYITQLDEMQRQLAAAEDEKKTLNSLLRMAIQ QKLALTQRLELLELDHEQTRRGRAKAAPKTKPA TPSVSHTCACASDRAEGTGLANQVFCSEKHSIYC D
3097	A	1		MVKVVPATRGNLPRSQLTGTHQHCQPREPKITA SERLRRPRATARLRAHAAPPEPPLAVFAPPSDR KELLALPVACDPVIASVMSWVQAASLIQGPGDK GDVFDEEADESLLAQREWQSNMQRRVKEGYRD

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				GIDAGKAVTLQQGFNQGYKKGAEVILNYGRLRG TLSALLSWCHLHNNNSTLINKINNLLDAVGQCEE YVLKHLKSITPPSHVVDLLDSIEDMDLCHVVPAE KKIDEAKDERLCENNAEFNKNCSKSHSGIDCSYV ECCRTQEHAHSGKPKPHMDFGTDSQF
3098	A	2	505	GAATLLRSASSAARKAAEAEQVWLHLHRYLSA DRRVLGLREWGRPASERECSLCQRLKRELNMGD VEKGKKIFIMKCSQCHTVEKGGKHKTGPNLHGL FGRKTGQAPGYSYTAANKNKGIIWGEDTLMEYL ENPKKYIPGTKMIFVGIKKKEERADLIAYLKKAT NE
3099	A .	144	1386	WAVGQARSFPSHPRMSSWIWSRRWSPSVALRVT CTSTSSQRWTVLALSKPGSQQQVSMHTPAPGPPT AGHTEPPSEPPRRARVAKYRAKFDPRVTAKYDIK ALIGRGSFSRVVRVEHRATRQPYAIKMIETKYRE GREVCESELRVLRRVRHANIIQLVEVFETQERVY MVMELATGGELFDRIIAKGSFTERDATRVLQMV LDGVRYLHALGITHRDLKPENLLYYHPGTDSKIII TDFGLASARKKGDDCLMKTTCGTPEYIAPEVLV RKPYTNSVDMWALGVIAYILLSGTMPFEDDNRT RLYRQILRGKYSYSGEPWPSVSNLAKDFIDRLLT VDPGARMTALQALRHPWVVSMAASSSMKNLHR SISQNLLKRASSRCQSTKSAQSTRSSRSTRSNKSR RVRERELREL
3100	A .	3	1500	ARWNGRWVQVPAWPGPGCGTNASGERQRQLPR AWRPVGRTLGSEPIALAWSPPLYLFPIPLPSWAVS QPTPTLGTMFADLDYDIEEDKLGIPTVPGKVTLQ KDAQNLIGISIGGGAQYCPCLYIVQVFDNTPAAL DGTVAAGDEITGVNGRSIKGKTKVEVAKMIQEV KGEVTIHYNKLQADPKQGMSLDIVLKKVKHRLV ENMSSGTADALGLSRAILCNDGLVKRLEELERTA ELYKGMTEHTKNLLRAFYELSQTHRGNGIPQSC AFGDVFSVIGVREPQPAASEAFVKFADAHRSIEK FGIRLLKTIKPMLTDLNTYLNKAIPDTRLTIKKYL DVKFEYLSYCLKVKEMDDEEYSCIALGEPLYRV STGNYEYRLILRCRQEARARFSQMRKDVLEKME LLDQKHVQDIVFQLQRLVSTMSKYYNDCYAVLR DADVFPIEVDLAHTTLAYGLNQEEFTDGEEEEEE EDTAAGEPSRDTRGAAGPLDKGGSWCDS
3101	A	1173	197	QGMDSKQQCVKLNDGHFMPVLGFGTYAPPEVP RSKALEVTKLAIEAGFRHIDSAHLYNNEEQVGLA IRSKIADGSVKREDIFYTSKLWSTFHRPELVRPAL ENSLKKAQLDYVDLYLIHSPMSLKPGEELSPTDE NGKVIFDIVDLCTTWEAMEKCKDAGLAKSIGVS NFNRRQLEMILNKPGLKYKPVCNQVECHPYFNR SKLLDFCKSKDIVLVAYSALGSQRDKRWVDPNS PVLLEDPVLCALAKKHKRTPALIALRYQLQRGV VVLAKSYNEQRIRQNVQVFEFQLTAEDMKAIDG LDRNLHYFNSDSFASHPNYPYSDEY
3102	A	144	1098	EQPRPPPCGRRPLPLGSAPCRVRLGRAPRQAPAM SMLPSFGFTQEQVACVCEVLQQGGNLERLGRFL WSLPACDHLHKNESVLKAKAVVAFHRGNFREL YKILESHQFSPHNHPKLQQLWLKAHYVEAEKLR GRPLGAVGKYRVRQKFPLPRTIWDGEETSYCFK EKSRGVLREWYAHNPYPSPREKRELAEATGLTT

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				TQVSNWFKNRRQRDRAAEAKERENTENNNSSSN KQNQLSPLEGGKPLMSSSEEEFSPPQSPDQNSVLL LQGNMGHARSSNYSLPGLTASQPSHGLQTHQHQ LQDSLLGPLTSSLVDLGS
3103	A		1582	LVYSWGCHIMADNDTDRNQTEKLLKRVRELEQ EVQRLKKEQAKNKEDSNIRENSSGAGKTKRAFD FSAHGRRHVALRIAYMGWGYQGFASQENTNNTI EEKLFEALTKTRLVESRQTSNYHRCGRTDKGVS AFGQVISLDLRSQFPRGRDSEDFNVKEEANAAAE EIRYTHILNRVLPPDIRILAWAPVEPSFSARFSCLE RTYRYFFPRADLDIVTMDYAAQKYVGTHDFRNL CKMDVANGVINFQRTILSAQVQLVGQSPGEGRW QEPFQLCQFEVTGQAFLYHQVRCMMAILFLIGQ GMEKPEIIDELLNIEKNPQKPQYSMAVEFPLVLY DCKFENVKWIYDQEAQEFNITHLQQLWANHAV KTHMLYSMLQGLDTVPVPCGIGPKMDGMTEWG NVKPSVIKQTSAFVEGVKMRTYKPLMDRPKCQG LESRIQHFVRRGRIEHPHLFHEEETKAKRDCNDT LEEDNTNLETPTKRVCVDTEIKSII
3104	A	227	1519	VTLIKMNAMLETPELPAVFDGVKLAAVAAVLYV IVRCLNLKSPTAPPDLYFQDSGLSRFLLKSCPLLT KEYIPPLIWGKSGHIQTALYGKMGRVRSPHPYGH RKFITMSDGATSTFDLFEPLAEHCVGDDITMVICP GIANHSEKQYIRTFVDYAQKNGYRCAVLNHLGA LPNIELTSPRMFTYGCTWEFGAMVNYIKKTYPLT QLVVVGFSLGGNIVCKYLGETQANQEKVLCCVS VCQGYSALRAQETFMQWDQCRRFYNFLMADN MKKIILSHRQALFGDHVKKPQSLEDTDLSRLYTA TSLMQIDDNVMRKFHGYNSLKEYYEEESCMRYL HRIYVPLMLVNAADDPLVHESLLTIPKSLSEKRE NVMFVLPLHGGHLGFFEGSVLFPEPLTWMDKLV VEYANAICQWERNKLQCSDTEQVEADLE
3105	A	1	1251	MGLLLMILASAVLGSFLTLLAQFFLLYRRQPEPP ADEAARAGEGFRYIKPVPGLLLREYLYGGGRDE EPSGAAPEGGATPTAAPETPAPPTRETCYFLNATI LFLFRELRDTALTRRWVTKKIKVEFEELLQTKTA GRLLEGLSLRDVFLGETVPFIKTIRLVRPVVPSAT GEPDGPEGEALPAACPEELAFEAEVEYNGGFHLA IDVDLVFGKSAYLFVKLSRVVGRLRLVFTRVPFT HWFFSFVEDPLIDFEVRSQFEGRPMPQLTSIIVNQ LKKIKRKHTLPNYKIRFKPFFPYQTLQGFEEDEE HIHIQQWALTEGRLKVTLLECSRLLIFGSYDREA NVHCTLELSSSVWEEKQRSSIKTGTISLTAVFMG WHRVSEAFPGLWYKLLVDLPFWGLEDGGPLLT VPLRQCPG
3106	A	972	468	MAAAGAGRLRRVASALLLRSPRLPARELSAPAR LYHKKVVDHYENPRNVGSLDKTSKNVGTGLVG APACGDVMKLQIQVDEKGKIVDARFKTFGCGSA IASSSLATEWVKGKTVEEALTIKNTDIAKELCLPP VKLHCSMLAEDAIKAALADYKLKQEPKKGEAE KK
3107	A	106	1221	TCQDVRSVFSLVRANIFGEESTAGAGWHREEDM RKELQLSLSVTLLLVCGFLYQFTLKSSCLFCLPSF KSHQGLEALLSHRRGIVFLETSERMEPPHLVSCS VESAAKIYPEWPVVFFMKGLTDSTPMPSNSTYPA

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:	Memod	beginning nucleotide location	nucleotide location corresponding	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
		corresponding	to last amino	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino acid residue of	acid residue of peptide	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide sequence	sequence	, ,
				FSFLSAIDNVFLFPLDMKRLLEDTPLFSWYNQINA
				SAERNWLHISSDASRLAIIWKYGGIYMDTDVISIR
				PIPEENFLAAQASRYSSNGIFGFLPHHPFLWECME NFVEHYNSAIWGNQGPELMTRMLRVWCKLEDF
				QEVSDLRCLNISFLHPQRFYPISYREWRRYYEVW
				DTEPSFNVSYALHLWNHMNQEGRAVIRGSNTLV
		}		ENLYRKHCPRTYRDLIKGPEGSVTGELGPGNK
3108	A	1612	839	EVALFCFEMAAGMYLEHYLDSIENLPFELQRNFQ
		:		LMRDLDQRTEDLKAEIDKLATEYMSSARSLSSEE
			·	KLALLKQIQEAYGKCKEFGDDKVQLAMQTYEM
				VDKHIRRLDTDLARFEADLKEKQIESSDYDSSSS KGKKKGRTQKEKKAARARSKGKNSDEEAPKTA
				QKKLKLVRTSPEYGMPSVTFGSVHPSDVLDMPV
				DPNEPTYCLCHQVSYGEMIGCDNPDCSIEWFHFA
				CVGLTTKPRGKWFCPRCSQERKKK
3109	Α	1	2613	MVAVRAAGPREGASQDEAGTVWAPMTGCPCQC
				RPGPSWLLVDTLEPETAYPVQRPGPEQAGNQRL
		}		QMKRAQFGPHDWLSLPVPPGPSWLLVDTLEPET AYQFSVLAQNKLGTSAFSEVVTVNTLAFPITTPEP
				LVLVTPPRCLIANRTQQGVLLSWLPPANHSFPIDR
				YIMEFRVAERWELLDDGIPGTEGEFFAKDLSQDT
				WYEFRVLAVMQDLISEPSNIAGVSSTDIFPQPDLT
				EDGLARPVLAGIVATICFLAAAILFSTLAACFVNK
				QRKRKLKRKKDPPLSITHCRKSLESPLSSGKVSPE
				SIRTLRAPSESSDDQGQPAAKRMLSPTREKELSL
				YKKTKRAISSKKYSVAKAEAEAEATTPIELISRGP   DGRFVMDPAEMEPSLKSRRIEGFPFAEETDMYPE
				FRQSDEENEDPLVPTSVAALKSQLTPLSSSQESYL
				PPPAYSPRFQPRGLEGPGGLEGRLQATGQARPPA
		1		PRPFHHGQYYGYLSSSSPGEVEPPPFYVPEVGSPL
				SSVMSSPPLPTEGPFGHPTIPEENGENASNSTLPLT
				QTPTGGRSPEPWGRPEFPFGGLETPAMMFPHQLP
				PCDVPESLQPKAGLPRGLPPTSLQVPAAYPGILSL EAPKGWAGKSPGRGPVPAPPAAKWQDRPMQPL
				VSQGQLRHTSQGMGIPVLPYPEPAEPGAHGGPST
_				FGLDTRWYEPQPRPRPSPRQARRAEPSLHQVVLQ
				PSRLSPLTQSPLSSRTGSPELAARARPRPGLLQQA
				EMSEITLQPPAAVSFSRKSTPSTGSPSQSSRSGSPS
				YRPAMGFTTLATGYPSPPPGPAPAGPGDSLDVFG
				QTPSPRRTGEELLRPETPPPTLPTLGKLRRDRPAP ATSPPERALSKL
3110	Α	88	924	ILGSRTMSLTNTKTGFSVKDILDLPDTNDEEGSV
j				AEGPEEENEGPEPAKRAGPLGQGALDAVQSLPL KNPFYDSSDNPYTRWLASTEGLQYSLHGLAAGA
				PPQDSSSKSPEPSADESPDNDKETPGGGGDAGKK
				RKRRVLFSKAQTYELERRFRQQRYLSAPEREHLA
		[		SLIRLTPTQVKIWFQNHRYKMKRARAEKGMEVT
ļ			-	PLPSPRRVAVPVLVRDGKPCHALKAQDLAAATF
				QAGIPFSAYSAQSLQHMQYNAQYSSASTPQYPT
3111		595	201	AHPLVQAQQWTW
3111	Α	252	291	PSVASLARRFSGRÄLWPPSHSVPGNRALCPRLLH GTTLPGGNQRELARQKNMKKQSDSVKGKRRDD
				GLSAAARKQRDSTPRDSEIMQQKQKKANEKKEE
				PK
3112	A	3641	1555	APMLQIHHFSFKLIFQNIHKSKFISQRLSQNADST

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:		beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine,
	1	nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine.
		location corresponding	corresponding to last amino	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
		to first amino	acid residue of	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
		acid residue of	peptide	=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide	sequence	
	<del> </del>	sequence		
	1			RHTNLSNTHYSDLIVWNCCLFFRNWCNEFFLKS
[	İ	ĺ		CHFAQEREGSGDLCNSRAEKTKSAACVIFRRFPV
İ				APLIPYPLITKEDINAIEMEEDKRDLISREISKFRDT
		İ	}	HKKLEEEKGKKEKERQEIEKERRERERERERE
		İ	]	RREREREREREREKEKERERERERDRDRDRTK
		1		ERDRDRDRERDRDRDRERSSDRNKDRSRSREKS
				RDRERERERERERERERERERERERE
			1	REREKDKKRDREEDEEDAYERRKLERKLREKEA
	1.	ĺ		AYQERLKNWEIRERKKTREYEKEAEREEERRRE
	1	ļ	i	MAKEAKRLKEFLEDYDDDRDDPKYYRGSALQK
				RLRDREKEMEADERDRKREKEELEEIRQRLLAE
				GHPDPDAELQRMEQEAERRRQPQIKQEPESEEEE
]				EEKQEKEEKREEPMEEEEEPEQKPCLKPTLRPISS
1				APSVSSASGNATPNTPGDESPCGIIIPHENSPDQQ
				QPEEHRPKIGLSLKLGASNSPGQPNSVKRKKLPV
'				DSVFNKFEDEDSDDVPRKRKLVPLDYGEDDKNA
				TKGTVNTEEKRKHIKSLIEKIPTAKPELFAYPLDW
				SIVDSILMERRIRPWINKKIIEYIGEEEATLVDLVC
				SKVMAHSPPQSILDDVAMVLDEEAEVFIVKMWR
2112	<del> </del>			LLIYETEAKKIGLVK
3113	A	1	669	VCAGIRDPCSTPLAKPAAGGAENLSFGKQPGLET
				NILKMTTPNKTPPGADPKQLERTGTVREIGSQAV
į			•	WSLSSCKPGFGVDQLRDDNLETYWQSDGSQPHL
				VNIQFRRKTTVKTLCIYADYKSDESYTPSKISVRV
	Ī			GNNFHNLQEIRQLELVEPSGWIHVPLTDNHKKPT
				RTFMIQIAVLANHQNGRDTHMRQIKIYTPVEESSI
3114	Α		1610	GKFPRCTTIDFMMYRSIR
3114	A	1	1613	MTSKEESRRQQPTAGPAGQGKLPSPSEPQLPTPP
		]		TRSLHHFRRPLSPSREAQAHIAPSSELHLPQSQSA
				GPPPLGAGTEVELVVPGRDEGSRGALPGSSGVKF
				VWRKIVRFPVSDQVRTLSISRLMRRLLEMMQTL
				VQFIIGWRSLLGRTLGTIMNTMYVMMAQILRSH
		•	•	LIKATVIPNRVKMLPYFGIIRNRMMSTHKSKKKI
				REYYRLLNVEEGCSADEVRESFHKLAKQYHPDS
				GSNTADSATFIRIEKAYRKVLSHVIEQTNASQSK
				GEEEEDVEKFKYKTPQHRHYLSFEGIGFGTPTQR
	j	ļ	ļ	EKHYRQFRADRAAEQVMEYQKQKLQSQYFPDS
}			1	VIVKNIRQSKQQKITQAIERLVEDLIQESMAKGDF
1				DNLSGKGKPLKKFSDCSYIDPMTHNLNRILIDNG
			i	YQPEWILKQKEISDTIEQLREAILVSRKKLGNPMT
ł				PTEKKQWNHVCEQFQENIRKLNKRINDFNLIVPI
	1		ł	LTRQKVHFDAQKEIVRAQKIYETLIKTKEVTDRN
3115	A	1	2036	PNNLDQGEGEKTPEIKKGFLNLMDLVEIY  FPHPCGCLSVCPSPRCIPRVEDLBRADADADADADADADADADADADADADADADADADADAD
		•	2000	FRHRCGCLSYCRSRRGIRRVEPLRRARARVGPRF
1				RPLCRMEIIRSNFKSNLHKVYQAIEEADFFAIDGE
				FSGISDGPSVSALTNGFDTPEERYQKLKKHSMDF
- 1			}	LLFQFGLCTFKYDYTDSKYITKSFNFYVFPKPFNR
l		1	j	SSPDVKFVCQSSSIDFLASQGFDFNKGFRKGIPYL
				NQEEERQLREQYDEKRSQANGAGALSYVSPNTS
İ				KCPVTIPEDQKKFIDQVVEKIEDLLQSEENKNLDL
			. 1	EPCTGFQRKLIYQTLSWKYPKGIHVETLETEKKE
		-		RYIVISKVDEEERKRREQQKHAKEQEELNDAVG
ľ	3			
J	• [		·	FSRVIHAIANSGKLVIGHNMLLDVMHTVHQFYC
				FSRVIHAIANSGKLVIGHNMLLDVMHTVHQFYC PLPADLSEFKEMTTCVFPRLLDTKLMASTQPFKD IINNTSLAELEKRLKETPFNPPKVESAEGFPSYDT

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				ASEQLHEAGYDA YITGLCFISMANYLGSFLSPPKI HVSARSKLIEPFFNKLFLMRVMDIPYLNLEGPDL QPKRDHVLHVTFPKEWKTSDLYQLFSAFGNIQIS WIDDTSAFVSLSQPEQVKIAVNTSKYAESYRIQT YAEYMGRKQEEKQIKRKWTEDSWKEADSKRLN PQCIPYTLQNHYYRNNSFTAPSTVGKRNLSPSQE EAGLEDGVSGEISDTELEQTDSCAEPLSEGRKKA KKLKRMKKELSPAGSISKNSPATLFEVPDTW
3116	A	3	1443	TREAPMALAVAPWGRQWEEARALGRAVRMLQ RLEEQCVDPRLSVSPPSLRDLLPRTAQLLREVAH SRRAAGGGGPGGPGGSGDFLLIYLANLEAKSRQ VAALLPPRGRRSANDELFRAGSRLRRQLAKLAII FSHMHAELHALFPGGKYCGHMYQLTKAPAHTF WRESCGARCVLPWAEFESLLGTCHPVEPGCTAL ALRTTIDLTCSGHVSIFEFDVFTRLFQPWPTLLKN WQLLAVNHPGYMAFLTYDEVQERLQACRDKPG SYIFRPSCTRLGQWAIGYVSSDGSILQTIPANKPLS QVLLEGQKDGFYLYPDGKTHNPDLTELGQAEPQ QRIHVSEEQLQLYWAMDSTFELCKICAESNKDV KIEPCGHLLCSCCLAAWQHSDSQTCPFCRCEIKG WEAVSIYQFHGQATAEDSGNSSDQEGRELELGQ VPLSAPPLPPRPDLPPRKPRNAQPKVRLLKGNSPP AALGPQDPAPA
3117	A	296	3547	ERHSSPLLQHILTHALMRNKKHSNNWLAQHWF QSSIILCFSPVGRTLRVRARKFPAIVNCTAIDWFH AWPQEALVSVSRRFIEETKGIEPVHKDSISLFMAH VHTTVNEMSTRYYQNERRHNYTTPKSFLEQISLF KNLLKKKQNEVSEKKERLVNGIQKLKTTASQVG DLKARLASQEAELQLRNHDAEALITKIGLQTEKV SREKTIADAEERKVTAIQTEVFQKQRECEADLLK AEPALVAATAALNTLNRVNLSELKAFPNPPIAVT NVTAAVMVLLAPRGRVPKDRSWKAAKVFMGK VDDFLQALINYDKEHIPENCLKVVNEHYLKDPEF NPNLIRTKSFAAAGLCAWVINIIKFYEVYCDVEP KRQALAQANLELAAATEKLEAIRKKLVVSANYD IEKSEKIRWGQSIKSFEAQEKTLCGDVLLTAAFVS YVGPFTRQYRQELVHCKWVPFLQQKVSIPLTEG LDLISMLTDDATIAAWNNEGLPSDRMSTENAAIL THCERWPLVIDPQQQGIKWIKNKYGMDLKVTHL GQKGFLNAIETALAFGDVILIENLEETIDPVLDPL LGRNTIKKGKYIRIGDKECEFNKNFRLILHTKLAN PHYKPELQAQTTLLNFTVTEDGLEAQLLAEVVSI ERPDLEKLKLVLTKHQNDFKIELKYLEDDLLLRL SAAEGSFLDDTKLVERLEATKTTVAEIEHKVIEA KENERKINEARECYRPVAARASLLYFVINDLQKI NPLYQFSLKAFNVLFHRAIEQADKVEDMQGRISI LMESITHAVFLYTSQALFEKDKLTFLSQMAFQIL LRKKEIDPLELDFLLRFTVEHTHLSPVDFLTSQSW SAIKAIAVMEEFRGIDRDVEGSAKQWRKWVESE CPEKEKLPQEWKKKSLIQKLILLRAMRPDRMTY ALRNFVEEKLGAKYVERTRLDLVKAFEESSPATP IFFILSPGVDALKDLEILGKRLGFTIDSGKFHNVSL GQGQETVAEVALEKASKGGHWVILQNVHLVAK WLGTLEKLLERFSQGSHRDYRVFMSAESAPTPD EHIIPQGLLENSIKITNEPPTGMLANLHAALYNFD

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
3118	A	1	226	Q PYSLSTSCLGSPTSPRLEMDPNCSCATGGSCTCTG SCKCKECKCNSCKKSECGAISRNLGLSQVRGRKP
3119	A	1254	4133	ELGMEE PLATLTMEEQGHSEMEIIPSESHPHIQLLKSNREL LVTHIRNTQCLVDNLLKNDYFSAEDAEIVCACPT QPDKVRKILDLVQSKGEEVSEFFLYLLQQLADAY
				VDLRPWLLEIGFSPSLLTQSKVVVNTDPVSRYTQ QLRHHLGRDSKFVLCYAQKEELLLEEIYMDTIME LVGFSNESLGSLNSLACLLDHTTGILNEQGETIFIL GDAGVGKSMLLQRLQSLWATGRLDAGVKFFFH FRCRMFSCFKESDRLCLQDLLFKHYCYPERDPEE VFAFLLRFPHVALFTFDGLDELHSDLDLSRVPDS
		·		SCPWEPAHPLVLLANLLSGKLLKGASKLLTART GIEVPRQFLRKKVLLRGFSPSHLRAYARRMFPER ALQDRLLSQLEANPNLCSLCSVPLFCWIIFRCFQH FRAAFEGSPQLPDCTMTLTDVFLLVTEVHLNRM QPSSLVQRNTRSPVETLHAGRDTLCSLGQVAHR GMEKSLFVFTQEEVQASGLQERDMQLGFLRALP
				ELGPGGDQQSYEFFHLTLQAFFTAFFLVLDDRVG TQELLRFFQEWMPPAGAATTSCYPPFLPFQCLQG SGPAREDLFKNKDHFQFTNLFLCGLLSKAKQKLL RHLVPAAALRRKRKALWAHLFSSLRGYLNSLPR VQVESFNQVQAMPTFIWMLRCIYETQSQKVGQL AARGICANYLKLTYCNACSADCSALSFVLHHFP
				KRLALDLDNNNLNDYGVRELQPCFSRLTVLRLS VNQITDGGVKVLSEELTKYKIVTYLGLYNNQITD VGARYVTKILDECKGLTHLKLGKNKITSEGGKY LALAVKNSKSISEVGMWGNQVGDEGAKAFAEA LRNHPSLTTLSLASNGISTEGGKSLARALQQNTSL EILWLTQNELNDEVAESLAEMLKVNQTLKHLWL
3120	A	43	1004	IQNQITAKGTAQLADALQSNTGITEICLNGNLIKP EEAKVYEDEKRIICF
		·	1004	QLWGFAAGSDSRPAMGCDGGTTPKRHELVKGPK KVEKVDKDAELVAQWNYCTLSQEILRRPIVACE LGRLYNKDAVIEFLLDKSAEKALGKAASHIKSIK NVTELKLSDNPAWEGDKGNTKGDKHDDLQRAR FICPVVGLEMNGRHRFCFLRCCGCVFSERALKEI KAEVCHTCGAAFQEDDVIVLNGTKEDVDVLKTR MEERRLRAKLEKKTKKPKAAESVSKPDVSEEAP GPSKVKTGKPEEASLDSREKKTNLAPKSTAMNE
				SSSGKAGKPPCGATKRSIADSEESEAYKSLFTTHS SAKRSKEESAHWVTHTSYCF
3121	A	3		HASGPTRPVSWSFHKLKTMKHLLLLLCVFLVK SQGVNDNEEGFFSARGHRPLDKKREEAPSLRPAP PPISGGGYRARPAKAAATQKKVERKAPDAGGCL HADPDLGVLCPTGCQLQEALLQQERPIRNSVDEL NNNVEAVSQTSSSSFQYMYLLKDLWQKRQKQV KDNENVVNEYSSELEKHQLYIDETVNSNIPTNLR VLRSILENLRSKIQKLESDVSAQMEYCRTPCTVS CNIPVVSGKECEEIIRKGGETSEMYLIQPDSSVKP YRVYCDMNTENGGWTVIQNRQDGSVDFGRKW DPYKQGFGNVATNTDGKNYCGLPGEYWLGNDK ISQLTRMGPTELLIEMEDWKGDKVKAHYGGFTV QNEANKYQISVNKYRGTAGNALMDGASQLMGE

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				NRTMTIHNGMFFSTYDRDNDGWLTSDPRKQCSK EDGGGWWYNRCHAANPNGRYYWGGQYTWDM AKHGTDDGVVWMNWKGSWYSMKKMSMKIRP FFPQQ
3122	A	3	1490	HASGPTRPVSWSFHKLKTMKHLLLLLLCVFLVK SQGVNDNEEGFFSARGHRPLDKKREEAPSLRPAP PPISGGGYRARPAKAAATQKKVERKAPDAGGCL HADPDLGVLCPTGCQLQEALLQQERPIRNSVDEL NNNVEAVSQTSSSSFQYMYLLKDLWQKRQKQV KDNENVVNEYSSELEKHQLYIDETVNSNIPTNLR VLRSILENLRSKIQKLESDVSAQMEYCRTPCTVS CNIPVVSGKECEEIIRKGGETSEMYLIQPDSSVKP YRVYCDMNTENGGWTVIQNRQDGSVDFGRKW DPYKQGFGNVATNTDGKNYCGLPGEYWLGNDK ISQLTRMGPTELLIEMEDWKGDKVKAHYGGFTV QNEANKYQISVNKYRGTAGNALMDGASQLMGE NRTMTIHNGMFFSTYDRDNDGWLTSDPRKQCSK EDGGGWWYNRCHAANPNGRYYWGGQYTWDM AKHGTDDGVVWMNWKGSWYSMKKMSMKIRP FFPQQ
3123	A	3	1490	HASGPTRPVSWSFHKLKTMKHLLLLLLCVFLVK SQGVNDNEEGFFSARGHRPLDKKREEAPSLRPAP PPISGGGYRARPAKAAATQKKVERKAPDAGGCL HADPDLGVLCPTGCQLQEALLQQERPIRNSVDEL NNNVEAVSQTSSSSFQYMYLLKDLWQKRQKQV KDNENVVNEYSSELEKHQLYIDETVNSNIPTNLR VLRSILENLRSKIQKLESDVSAQMEYCRTPCTVS CNIPVVSGKECEEIIRKGGETSEMYLIQPDSSVKP YRVYCDMNTENGGWTVIQNRQDGSVDFGRKW DPYKQGFGNVATNTDGKNYCGLPGEYWLGNDK ISQLTRMGPTELLIEMEDWKGDKVKAHYGGFTV QNEANKYQISVNKYRGTAGNALMDGASQLMGE NRTMTIHNGMFFSTYDRDNDGWLTSDPRKQCSK EDGGGWWYNRCHAANPNGRYYWGGQYTWDM AKHGTDDGVVWMNWKGSWYSMKKMSMKIRP FFPQQ
3124	A	3	544	RVDDFVLLRSRLALRWLSHVRRPSRRVPRMPRG SRSRTSRMAPPASRAPQMRAAPRPAPVAQPPAA APPSAVGSSAAAPRQPGLMAQMATTAAGVAVG SAVGHTLGHAITGGFSGGSNAEPARPDITYQEPQ GTQPAQQQQPCLYEIKQFLECAQNQGDIKLCEGF NEVLKQCRLANGLA
3125	A	3	571	GNSYNHRSLAAYPYMSHSQHSPYLQSYHNSSAA AQTRGDDTDQQKTTVIENGEIRFNGKGKKIRKPR TIYSSLQLQALNHRFQQTQYLALPERAELAASLG LTQTQVKIWFQNKRSKFKKLLKQGSNPHESDPL QGSAALSPRSPALPPVWDVSASAKGVSMPPNSY MPGYSHWYSSPHQDTMQRPQMM
3126	Α .	43	5377	LSVFFPIPVDGRDRGSNPSLESTSSELSTSTSEGSL SAMSGRNELHSRLHPHPQSSLIPMMFSPPESLLAS CILRGNFAEAHQVLFTFNLKSSPSSGELMFMERY QEVIQELAQVEHKIENQNSDAGSSTIRRTGSGRST LQAIGSAAAAGMVFYSISDVTDKLLNTSGDPIPM LQEDFWISTALVEPTAPLREVLEDLSPPAMAAFD LACSQCQLWKTCKQLLETAERRLNSSLERRGRRI

	SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
	NO:		beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine.
			nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine.
			location corresponding	corresponding to last amino	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
			to first amino	acid residue of	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
		,	acid residue of	peptide	=possible nucleotide insertion
			peptide sequence	sequence	
					DHVLLNADGIRGFPVVLQQISKSLNYLLMSASQT
1			İ		KSESVEEKGGGPPRCSITELLQMCWPSLSEDCVA
ı					SHTTLSQQLDQVLQSLREALELPEPRTPPLSSLVE
					QAAQKAPEAEAHPVQIQTQLLQKNLGKOTPSGS
					RQMDYLGTFFSYCSTLAAVLLQSLSSEPDHVEVK
		ļ	ļ		VGNPFVLLQQSSSQLVSHLLFERQVPPERLAALL
					AQENLSLSVPQVIVSCCCEPLALCSSRQSQQTSSL
					LTRLGTLAQLHASHCLDDLPLSTPSSPRTTENPTL
ı				1	ERKPYSSPRDSSLPALTSSALAFLKSRSKLLATVA
<i>'</i>					CLGASPRLKVSKPSLSWKELRGRREVPLAAEQV
1					ARECERLLEQFPLFEAFLLAAWEPLRGSLQQGQS
1		ĺ			LAVNLCGWASLSTVLLGLHSPIALDVLSEAFEES LVARDWSRALQLTEVYGRDVDDLSSIKDAVLSC
1					AVACDKEGWQYLFPVKDASLRSRLALQFVDRW
					PLESCLEILAYCISDTAVQEGLKCELQRKLAELQ
١					VYQKILGLQSPPVWCDWQTLRSCCVEDPSTVMN
					MILEAQEYELCEEWGCLYPIPREHLISLHQKHLL
-		ł			HLLERRDHDKALQLLRRIPDPTMCLEVTEQSLDQ
					HTSLATSHFLANYLTTHFYGQLTAVRHREIQALY
			· .		VGSKILLTLPEQHRASYSHLSSNPLFMLEOLLMN
1					MKVDWATVAVQTLQQLLVGQEIGFTMDEVDSL
			!		LSRYAEKALDFPYPQREKRSDSVIHLQEIVHQAA
					DPETLPRSPSAEFSPAAPPGISSIHSPSLRERSFPPT
1			i		QPSQEFVPPATPPARHQWVPDETESICMVCCREH
١					FTMFNRRHHCRRCGRLVCSSCSTKKMVVEGCRE
					NPARVCDQCYSYCNKDVPEEPSEKPEALDSSKSE
1					SPPYSFVVRVPKADEVEWILDLKEEENELVRSEF
					YYEQAPSASLCIAILNLHRDSIACGHQLIEHCCRL
					SKGLTNPEVDAGLLTDIMKQLLFSAKMMFVKAG QSQDLALCDSYISKVDVLNILVAAAYRHVPSLDQ
				į	ILQPAAVTRLRNQLLEAEYYQLGVEVSTKTGLDT
					TGAWHAWGMACLKAGNLTAAREKFSRCLKPPF
					DLNQLNHGSRLVQDVVEYLESTVRPFVSLQDDD
	,				YFATLRELEATLRTQSLSLAVIPEGKIMNNTYYQ
					ECLFYLHNYSTNLAIISFYVRHSCLREALLHLLNK
			}	l	ESPPEVFIEGIFQPSYKSGKLHTLENLLESIDPTLES
	ļ			·	WGKYLIAACQHLQKKNYYHILYELQOFMKDOV
l			1		RAAMTCIRFFSHKAKSYTELGEKLSWLLKAKDH
l					LKIYLQETSRSSGRKKTTFFRKKMTAADVSRHM
					NTLQLQMEVTRFLHRCESAGTSQITTLPLPTLFG
					NNHMKMDVACKVMLGGKNVEDGFGIAFRVLQ
				1	DFQLDAAMTYCRAARQLVEKEKYSEIQQLLKCV
					SESGMAAKSDGDTILLNCLEAFKRIPPQCCFCSA
	ļ				QELEGLIQAIHNDDNKVRAYLICCKLRSAYLIAV KQEHSRATALVQQVQQAAKSSGDAVVQDICAQ
ĺ	}				WLLTSHPRGAHGPGSRK
3	127	A	467	1259	HLGPPLAWIPAASLTSTKGEFGVEDDRPARGPPP
	l			ž.	PKSEEASWSESGVSSSSGDGPFAGGEVDKRLHQL
		·		l	KTQLATLTSSLATVTQEKSRMEASYLADKKKMK
	1				QDLEDASNKAEEERARLEGELKGLQEQIAETKA
				ŀ	RLITQQHDRAQEQSDHALMLRELQKLLQEERTQ
	- 1	]			RQDLELRLEETREALAGRAYAAEQMEGFELOTK
	-				QLTREVEELKSELQAIRDEKNQPDPRLQELQEEA
_	126		1054		ARLKSHFQAQLQQEMRKVIIHISFKHQPLT
3	128	A	1854	798	ASGSPAPSSSSAMAAACGPGAAGYCLLLGLHLFL

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:		beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				LTAGPALGWNDPDRMLLRDVKALTLHYDRYTT SRRLDPIPQLKCVGGTAGCDSYTPKVIQCQNKG WDGYDVQWECKTDLDIAYKFGKTVVSCEGYES SEDQYVLRGSCGLEYNLDYTELGLQKLKESGKQ HGFASFSDYYYKWSSADSCNMSGLITIVVLLGIA FVVYKLFLSDGQYSPPPYSEYPPFSHRYQRFTNS AGPPPPGFKSEFTGPQNTGHGATSGFGSAFTGQQ GYENSGPGFWTGLGTGGILGYLFGSNRAATPFSD SWYYPSYPPSYPGTWNRAYSPLHGGSGSYSVCS NSDTKTRTASGYGGTRRR
3129	A	2340	1192	ELARRPKQQSSEKSRNMIRNWLTIFILFPLKLVEK CESSVSLTVPPVVKLENGSSTNVSLTLRPPLNATL VITFEITFRSKNITILELPDEVVVPPGVTNSSFQVT SQNVGQLTVYLHGNHSNQTGPRIRFLVIRSSAISII NQVIGWIYFVAWSISFYPQVIMNWRRKSVIGLSF DFVALNLTGFVAYSVFNIGLLWVPYIKEQFLLKY PNGVNPVNSNDVFFSLHAVVLTLIIIVQCCLYERG GQRVSWPAIGFLVLAWLFAFVTMIVAAVGVITW LQFLFCFSYIKLAVTLVKYFPQAYMNFYYKSTEG WSIGNVLLDFTGGSFSLLQMFLQSYNNDQWTLIF GDPTKFGLGVFSIVFDVVFFIQHFCLYRKRPGYD QLN
3130	A	31	2026	CWWPPLLPQLEPEPPPLRPRVAASQGGGMLGKG VVGGGGGTKAPKPSFVSYVRPEEIHTNEKEVTEK EVTLHLLPGEQLLCEASTVLKYVQEDSCQHGVY GRLVCTDFKIAFLGDDESALDNDETQFKNKVIGE NDITLHCVDQIYGVFDEKKKTLFGQLKKYPEKLII HCKDLRVFQFCLRYTKEEEVKRIVSGIIHHTQAP KLLKRLFLFSYATAAQNNTVTDPKNHTVMFDTL KDWCWELERTKGNMKYKAVSVNEGYKVCERL PAYFVVPTPLPEENVQRFQGHGIPIWCWSCHNGS ALLKMSALPKEQDDGILQIQKSFLDGIYKTIHRPP YEIVKTEDLSSNFLSLQEIQTAYSKFKQLFLIDNST EFWDTDIKWFSLLESSSWLDIIRRCLKKAIEITEC MEAQNMNVLLLEENASDLCCLISSLVQLMMDPH CRTRIGFQSLIQKEWVMGGHCFLDRCNHLRQND KEEHQRQLSLPLTQSKSSPKRGFFREETDHLIKNL LGKRISKLINSSDELQDNFREFYDSWHSKSTDYH GLLLPHIEGPEIKVWAQRYLRWIPEAQILGGGQV ATLSKLLEMMEEVQSLQEKIDERHHSQQAPQAE APCLLRNSARLSSLFPFALLQRHSSKPVLPTSGW KALGDEDDLAKREDEFVDLGDV
3131	A	126	965	QSRSRPRREGVGTGSRAVLCILATCGSKMSDIGD WFRSIPAITRYWFAATVAVPLVGKLGLISPAYLF LWPEAFLYRFQIWRPITATFYFPVGPGTGFLYLV NLYFLYQYSTRLETGAFDGRPADYLFMLLFNWI CIVITGLAMDMQLLMIPLIMSVLYVWAQLNRDM IVSFWFGTRFKACYLPWVILGFNYIIGGSVINELIG NLVGHLYFFLMFRYPMDLGGRNFLSTPQFLYRW LPSRRGGVSGFGVPPASMRRAADQNGGGGRHN WGQGFRLGDQ
3132	A	2	350	FVAGWRALTAPSTSARLRAFGWQAAARLLVFG ARGVGLGSGAPGSLPCYLRMDALALLGGLVNV ARLPERWGPGRFDYWGNSHQIMHLLSVGSILQL HAGVVPDLLWAAHHACPRD

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	T=Threonine V-Voline W-T
3133	A		,	MTCFKGQKGEQRSHAFEANKDHKAKVPSPNLYS QLNALQFTVDERSILWLNQFLLDLKQSLNQFMA VYKLNDNSKSDEHVDVRVDGLMLKFVIPSEVKS ECHQDQPRAISIQSSEMIATNTRHCPNCRHSDLEA LFQDFKDCDFFSKTYTSFPKSCDNFNLLHPIFQRH AHEQDTKMHEIYKGNITPQLNKNTLKTSAATDV WAVYFSQFWIDYEGMKSGKGRPISFVDSFPLSIW ICQPTRYAESQKEPQTCNQVSLNTSQSESSDLAG RLKRKKLLKEYYSTESEPLTNGGQKPSSSDTFFR FSPSSSEADIHLLVHVHKHVSMQINHYQYLLLLF LHESLILLSENLRKDVEAVTGSPASQTSICIGILLR SAELALLLHPVDQANTLKSPVSESVSPVVPDYLP TENGDFLSSKRKQISRDINRIRSVTVNHMSDNRS MSVDLSHIPLKDPLLFKSASDTNLQKGISFMDYL SDKHLGKISEDESSGLVYKSGSGEIGSETSDKKDS FYTDSSSVLNYREDSNILSFDSDGNQNILSSTLTS KGNETIESIFKAEDLLPEAASLSENLDISKEETPPV RTLKSQSSLSGKPKERCPPNLAPLCVSYKNMKRS SSQMSLDTISLDSMILEEQLLESDGSDSHMFLEKG NKKNSTTNYRGTAESVNAGANLQNYGETSPDAI STNSEGAQENHDDLMSVVVFKITGVNGEIDIRGE DTEICLQVNQVTPDQLGNISLRHYLCNRPVGSDQ KAVIHSKSSPEISLRFESGPGAVIHSLLAEKNGFL QCHIENFSTEFLTSSLMNIQHFLEDETVATVMPM KIQVSNTKINLKDDSPRSSTVSLEPAPVTVHIDHL VVERSDDGSFHIRDSHMLNTGNDLKENVKSDSV LLTSGKYDLKKQRSVTQATQTSPGVPWPSQSAN FPEFSFDFTREQLMEENESLKQELAKAKMALAE AHLEKDALLHHIKKMTVE EEEGLSGGGPRVPCSLWGKQTMDYDFKAKLAA ERERVEDLFEYEGCKVGRGTYGHVYKARRKDG KDEKEYALKQIEGTGISMSACREIALLRELKHPN VIALQKVFLSHSDRKVWLLFDYAEHDLWHIIKFH RASKANKKPMQLPRSMVKSLLYQILDGIHYLHA NWVLHRDLKPANILVMGEGPERGRVKIADMGF ARLFNSPLKPLADLDPVVVTFWYRAPELLLGAR HYTKAIDIWAIGCIFAELLTSEPIFHCROEDIKTSN
135	A 3	1	1111	HYTKAIDIWAIGCIFAELLTSEPIFHCRQEDIKTSN PFHHDQLDRIFSVMGFPADKDWEDIRKMPEYPT LQKDFRRTTYANSSLIKYMEKHKVKPDSKVFLL LQKLLTMDPTKRITSEQALQDPYFQEDPLPTLDV FAGCQIPYPKREFLNEDDPEEKGDKNQQQQQNQ HQQPTAPPQQAAAPPQAPPPQQNSTQTNGTAGG AGAGVGGTGAGLQHSQDSSLNQVPPNKKPRLGP SGANSGGPVMPSDYQHSSSRLNYQSSVQSSQS QSTLGYSSSSQQSSQYHPSHQAHRY ERKMAEPPSPVHCVAAAAPTATVSEKEPFGKLQ LSSRDPPGSLSAKKVRTEEKKAPRRVNGEGGSG ENSRQLQPPAAPSPQSYGSPASWSFAPLSAAPSPS SSRSSFSFSAGTAVPSSASASLSQPGPRKLLVPPTL LHAQPHHLLLPAAAAAASANAKSRRPKEKREKE LRRHGLGGAREAGGASREENGEVKPLPRDKIKD LIKERDKEKEREKKKHKVMNEIKKENGEVKILL LSGKEKPKTNIEDLQIKKVKKKKKKKKKKKENEKR RPKMYSKSIQTICSGLLTDVEDQAAKGILNDNI DYVGKNLDTKNYDSKIPENSEFPFVSLKEPRVQ

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
L	<del></del>	1.440		NNLKRLDTLEFKQLIHIEHQPNGGASVIHCLQ
3136	A	1442	682	TAAMSIFTPTNQIRLTNVAVVRMKRAGKRFEIAC YKNKVVGWRSGVEKDLDEVLQTHSVFVNVSKG QVAKKEDLISAFGTDDQTEICKQILTKGEVQVSD KERHTQLEQMFRDIATIVADKCVNPETKRPYTVI LIERAMKDIHYSVKTNKSTKQQALEVIKQLKEK MKIERAHMRLRFILPVNEGKKLKEKLKPLIKVIES EDYGQQLEIVCLIDPGCFREIDELIKKETKGKGSL EVLNLKDVEEGDEKFE
3137	A		3143	MVEGKRHVLHGGRQERMRAKQKGKPLIKSSDL VRLIHYHHNSSPLHKQSSGPSSSPAAAAAPEKPG PKAAEVGDDFLGDFVVGERVWVNGVKPGVVQY LGETQFAPGQWAGVVLDDPVGKNDGAVGGVR YFECPALQGIFTRPSKLTRQPTAEGSGSDAHSVES LTAQNLSLHSGTATPPLTSRVIPLRESVLNSSVKT GNESGSNLSDSGSVKRGEKDLRLGDRVLVGGTK TGVVRYVGETDFAKGEWCGVELDEPLGKNDGA VAGTRYFQCPPKFGLFAPIHKVIRIGFPSTSPAKA KKTKRMAMGVSALTHSPSSSSISSVSSVASSVGG RPSRSGLLTETSSRYARKISGTTALQEALKEKQQ HIEQLLAERDLERAEVAKATSHICEVEKEIALLK AQHEQYVAEAEEKLQRARLLVESVRKEKVDLSN QLEEERRKVEDLQFRVEEESITKGDLETQTQLEH ARIGELEQSLLLEKAQAERLLRELADNRLTTVAE KSRVLQLEEELTLRRGEIEELQQCLLHSGPPPPDH PDAAEILRLRERLLSASKEHQRESGVLRDKYEKA LKAYQAEVDKLRAANEKYAQEVAGLKDKVQQ ATSENMGLMDNWKSKLDSLASDHQKSLEDLKA TLNSGPGAQQKEIGELKAVMEGIKMEHQLELGN LQAKHDLETAMHVKEKEALREKLQEAQEELAG LQRHWRAQLEVQASQHRLELQEAQDQRRDAEL RVHELEKLDVEYRGQAQAIEFLKEQISLAEKKML DYERLQRAEAQGKQEVESLREKLLVAENRLQAV EALCSSQHTHMIESNDISEETIRTKETVEGLQDKL NKRDKEVTALTSQTEMLRAQVSALESKCKSGEK KVDALLKEKRRLEAELETVSRKTHDASGQLVLIS QELLRKERSLNELRVLLLEANRHSPGPERDLSRE VHKAEWRIKEQKLKDDIRGLREKLTGLDKEKSL SDQRRYSLIDPSSAPELLRLQHQLMSTEDALRDA LDQAQQVEKLMEAMRSCPDKAQTIGNSGSANGI HQQDKAQKQEDKH
3138	Α	110	2499	QDRRLLRLELQKTCQPTSTMSGSHTPACGPFSAL
2120			247 <b>3</b>	TPSIWPQEILAKYTQKEESAEQPEFYYDEFGFRV YKEEGDEPGSSLLANSPLMEDAPQRLRWQAHLE FTHNHDVGDLTWDKIAVSLPRSEKLRSLVLAGIP HGMRPQLWMRLSGALQKKRNSELSYREIVKNSS NDETIAAKQIEKDLLRTMPSNACFASMGSIGVPR LRRVLRALAWLYPEIGYCQGTGMVAACLLLFLE EEDAFWMMSAIIEDLLPASYFSTTLLGVQTDQRV LRHLIVQYLPRLDKLLQEHDIELSLITLHWFLTAF ASVVDIKLLLRIWDLFFYEGSRVLFQLTLGMLHL KEEELIQSENSASIFNTLSDIPSQMEDAELLLGVA MRLAGSLTDVAVETQRRKHLAYLIADQGQLLGA GTLTNLSQVVRRRTQRRKSTITALLFGEDDLEAL KAKNIKQTELVADLREAILRVARHFQCTDPKNCS

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid seguance (Analasis C.C.
NO:		beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine; W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \
				VVSRQLPGLLPNTALTPPTPLVGLCSLWQELTPD YSMESHQRDHENYVACSRSHRRRAKALLDFERH DDDELGFRKNDIITIVSQKDEHCWVGELNGLRG WFPAKFVEVLDERSKEYSIAGDDSVTEGVTDLV RGTLCPALKALFEHGLKKPSLLGGACHPWLFIEE AAGREVERDFASVYSRLVLCKTFRLDEDGKVLT PEELLYRAVQSVNVTHDAVHAQMDVKLRSLICV GLNEQVLHLWLEVLCSSLPTVEKWYQPWSFLRS PGWVQIKCELRVLCCFAFSLSQDWELPAKREAQ
3139	A	110		QPLKEGVRDMLVKHHLFSWDVDG  QDRRLLRLELQKTCQPTSTMSGSHTPACGPFSAL TPSIWPQEILAKYTQKEESAEQPEFYYDEFGFRV YKEEGDEPGSSLLANSPLMEDAPQRLRWQAHLE FTHNHDVGDLTWDKIAVSLPRSEKLRSLVLAGIP HGMRPQLWMRLSGALQKKRNSELSYREIVKNSS NDETIAAKQIEKDLLRTMPSNACFASMGSIGVPR LRRVLRALAWLYPEIGYCQGTGMVAACLLLFLE EEDAFWMMSAIIEDLLPASYFSTTLLGVQTDQRV LRHLIVQYLPRLDKLLQEHDIELSLITLHWFLTAF ASVVDIKLLLRIWDLFFYEGSRVLFQLTLGMLHL KEEELIQSENSASIFNTLSDIPSQMEDAELLLGVA MRLAGSLTDVAVETQRRKHLAYLIADQGQLLGA GTLTNLSQVVRRRTQRRKSTITALLFGEDDLEAL KAKNIKQTELVADLREAILRVARHFQCTDPKNCS VVSRQLPGLLPNTALTPPTPLVGLCSLWQELTPD YSMESHQRDHENYVACSRSHRRAKALLDFERH DDDELGFRKNDIITIVSQKDEHCWVGELNGLRG WFPAKFVEVLDERSKEYSIAGDDSVTEGVTDLV RGTLCPALKALFEHGLKKPSLLGGACHPWLFIEE AAGREVERDFASVYSRLVLCKTFRLDEDGKVLT PEELLYRAVQSVNVTHDAVHAQMDVKLRSLICV GLNEQVLHLWLEVLCSSLPTVEKWYQPWSFLRS PGWVQIKCELRVLCCFAFSLSQDWELPAKREAQ
3140		4	939 S	QPLKEGVRDMLVKHHLFSWDVDG GAALGASLAIPRPGLPGVHGRGPGTLSGRAMEG AEPRARPERLAEAETRAADGGRLVEVQLSGGAP WGFTLKGGREHGEPLVITKIEEGSKAAAVDKLL AGDEIVGINDIGLSGFRQEAICLVKGSHKTLKLV VKRRSELGWRPHSWHATKFSDSHPELAASPFTST GCPSWSGRHHASSSSHDLSSSWEQTNLQRTLD HFSSLGSVDSLDHPSSRLSVAKSNSSIDHLGSHSK ADSAYGSFSTSSSTPDHTLSKADTSSAENILYTVG WEAPRQGGRQAQAAGDPQGSEEKLSCFPPRVP BDSGKGPRPEYNAEPKLAAPGRSNFGPVWYVPD KKAPSSPPPPPPLRSDSFAATKSHEKAQGPVFS AAAAQHFTALAQAQPRGDRRPELTDRPWRSAH GSLGKGSGGPGCPQEAHADGSWPPSKDGASSR QASLSSSDVRFPQSPHSGRHPPLYSDHSPLCADS GQEPGAASFQNDSPPQVRGLSSCDQKLGSGWQ PRPCVQGDLQAAQLWAGCWPSDTALGALESL PTVGQSPRHHLPQPEGPPDARETGRCYPLDKG EGCSAGAQEPPRASRAEKASQRLAASITWADG SSRICPQETPLLHSLTQEGKRRPESSPEDSATRPP FDAHVGKPTRRSDRFATTLRNEIQMHRAKLQK RSTVALTAAGEAEDGTGRWRAGLGGGTQEGPL

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \
				AGTYKDHLKEAQARVLRATSFKRRDLDPNPGDL YPESLEHRMGDPDTVPHFWEAGLAQPPSSTSGGP HPPRIGGRRRFTAEQKLKSYSEPEKMNEVGLTRG YSPHQHPRTSEDTVGTFADRWKFFEETSKPVPQR PAQKQALHGIPRDKPERPRTAGRTCEGTEPWSRT TSLGDSLNAHSAAEKAGTSDLPRRLGTFAEYQAS WKEQRKPLEARSSGRCHSADDILDVSLDPQERPQ HVHGRSRSSPSTDHYKQEASVELRQAGDPGEP REELPSAVRAEEGQSTPRQADAQCREGSPGSQQ HPPSQKAPNPPTFSELSHCRGAPELPREGRGRAG TLPRDYRYSEESTPADLGPRAQSPGSPLHARGQD SWPVSSALLSKRPAPQRPPPPKREPRRYRATDGA PADAPVGVLGRPFPTPSPASLDVYVARLSLSHSPS VFSSAQPQDTPKATVCERGSQHVSGDASRPLPEA LLPPKQQHLRLQTATMETSRSPSPQFAPQKLTDK PPLLIQDEDSTRIERVMDNNTTVKMVPIKIVHSES QPEKESRQSLACPAEPPALPHGLEKDQIKTLSTSE QFYSRFCLYTRQGAEPEAPHRAQPAEPQPLGTQV PPEKDRCTSPPGLSYMKAKEKTVEDLKSEELARE IVGKDKSLADILDPSVKIKTTMDLMEGIFPKDEH
				IVGKDKSLADILDPSVKIKTTMDLMEGIFPKDEH LLEEAQQRRKLLPKIPSPRSTEERKEEPSVPAAVS LATNSTYYSTSAPKAELLIKMKDLQEQQEHEEDS GSDLDHDLSVKKQELIESISRKLQVLREARESLLE DVQANTVLGAEVEAIVKGVCKPSEFDKFRMFIG DLDKVVNLLLSLSGRLARVENALNNLDDGASPG DRQSLLEKQRVLIQQHEDAKELKENLDRRERIVF DILANYLSEESLADYEHFVKMKSALIIEQRELED KIHLGEEQLKCLLDSLQPERGK
3141	A	97	1894	SPRGATMETPPLPPACTKQGHQKPLDSKDDNTE KHCPVTVNPWHMKKAFKVMNELRSQNLLCDVT IVAEDMEISAHRVVLAACSPYFHAMFTGEMSESR AKRVRIKEVDGWTLRMLIDYVYTAEIQVTEENV QVLLPAAGLLQLQDVKKTCCEFLESQLHPVNCL GIRAFADMHACTDLLNKANTYAEQHFADVVLSE EFLNLGIEQVCSLISSDKLTISSEEKVFEAVIAWV NHDKDVRQEFMARLMEHVRLPLLPREYLVQRV EEEALVKNSSACKNYLIEAMKYHLLPTEQRILMK SVRTRLRTPMNLPKLMVVVGGQAPKAIRSAECY DFKEQRWHQVAELPSRRCRAGMVYLAGLVFAV GGFNGSLRVRTVDSYDPVKDQWTSVANMRDRR STLGAAVLNGLLYAVGGFDGSTGLSSVEAYNIKS NEWFHVAPMNTRRSSVGVGVVGGLLYAVGGYD GASRQYLSTVECYNATTNEWTYIAEMSTRRSGA GVGVLNNLLYAVGGHDGPLVRKSVEVYDPTTN AWRQVADMNMCRRNAGVCAVNGLLYVVGGD DGSCNLASVEYYNPTTDKWTVVSSCMSTGRSYA GVTVIDKPL
3142	A	1211	1311	FSNLTTEKVAHAKEENLSMHQMLDQTLLELNN M
3143	A	1809	1041	SEELDREKKLKEDSPRKTPNKESGVPSLPVSLTSI KEEPKEAKHPDSQSMEESKLKNDDRKTPVNWK DSRGTRVAVSSPMSQHQSYIQYLHAYPYPQMYD PSHPAYRAVSPVLMHSYPGAYLSPGFHYPVYGK MSGREETEKVNTSPSVNTKTTTESKALDLLQQH ANQYRSKSPAPVEKATAERERAERERDRHSPFG

	SEQ II	Method	Predicted	I Desired	PC1/US01/04098
	NO:		beginning nucleotide location corresponding	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
757.5		· 2 .	to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	acid residue of peptide sequence	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \ -possible nucleotide insertion
	1				QRHLHTHHHTHVGMGYPLIPGQYDPFQGLTSAA
	3144	A	78	604	EVASQQVAAQASASGMFPGQPP
	1				SVSGIVLDLLPYLHFLSNMNLDGSAQDPEKREYS SVCVGREDDIKKSERMTAVVHDREVVIFYHKGE
	1	'			TIMUDIC THOUGHLHI GDIFDFDCDDCDCDCD
					THE ATTLATOEULY ON INDIVIDUAL OF THE PROPERTY
	3145	<u> </u>			QRIHTVTVDNGNIYVTLSNEPFKCDSDFYATGDF KVIKSSS
	3143	A	2	333	RNSLLLPPLHLDNSTPAKMSCOONOGGODDDV
			1		OF DE ROLL FROM VOC. L. PPANSCIC CA DCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
	2146				GCFLNHHRRHHRCRRQRPNSCDRGSGQQGGGS GCGHGSGGCC
	3146	Α	3	1151	VCTALOEFGTRSTLL RCL DSGEDDCASDCL VGGS
					THE STEUROLVIAEAL ON OLAWA ENTRE A TARREL
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SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \possible nucleotide insertion
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SRGSRCVLSRKTGEPECQCLEACRSYVPVCGSD GRFYENHCKLHRAACLLGKRITVIHSKDCFLKGD GRFYENHCKLHRAACLLGKRITVIHSKDCFLKGD TCTMAGYARLKNVLLALQTRLQPLQEGDSRQDP ASQKRLLVESLFRDLDADGNGHLSSSELAQHVL KKQDLDEDLLGCSPGDLLRFDDYNSDSSLTLREF YMAFQVVQLSLAPEDRSVYTTVTVGLSTVLTCA VHGDLRPPIJWKRNGLTLNFLDLEDINDFGEDDS LYTIKVTTHHMGNYTCHASGHEQLFQTHVLQNN VPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHABGIPMPRIT WLKNGYDVSTQMSKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYE DTGAYTCLAKNEVGYDEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANI LWREEGLSVGNMFYVFSDDGIIVHFDCEIQRH LKPTEKIFMSYEEJCPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV RNXTYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAHRVLOSIGVDPL PAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITE ASTGQSQHLIRTPFAGVDDFFIPTNLINNHRGFIF FNKSDPAVHCVDLETMMPLKTIGLHHGCVPQA MAHTHLGGYFFIQCRQDSPASAARQLLVDSVTD SVLGPNGGDVGTTPHTSPDFGRFIVSAAADSPWLHV QEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQ YNTYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPA GPAQPWGGTHRIMMDSGLFGGYLLTPARESLFLI NGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGEV GAGWQVSLTGRWSPGREAGAGFVRQDPGSTAA SPSSCDADLSARMARGERRRAVPABGVRTAER AARGGFGRRDGRGGGFSTAGGVALAVVVLSL ALGMSGRWVLAWYRARRAVTLHSAPALPADS SSPAVAPDLFWGTYRPHVYFGMKTRSPKPLLTG LMWAQQGTTPGTFKRRTCGDGVGPYGWGF HDGLSFGRQHDGGAGLKTTGFVKRPGGQHGGG WSWRVTVEPQDSGTSALPLVSLFFYVVTDGKEV LLEPVGAKGQLKFISGHTSELGDFRFTLLPPTSRG DTAPKYGSYNVFWTSNPGLPLLTEMVKSRLNSW FQHRPPGASPERYLGLPGSLKWEDRGPSGQGGG QFLIQQVTLKIPISIEFVVESGSAQAGGNQLPRIA GSLLTQALESHABGFRERFEKTFQLKEKGLSSGE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYFYGQUCVLPDIGVEGSE QKVDPALFPPVPLFTAVPSSFFPRGLWDGGFH QLVVQRWDPSLTREALGHWLGLLNADGWIGRE QULGGEARARVPEFLVORAVHANPFTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFRKALPRLHAWFSWLHOSQA GPLPLSYRWRGRDALFTLLINFKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLTRILAEHLGG AEVAALGFLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVQLKFPPADGLTVALAGRAVLTRILAEHLGG AEVAALGFLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVQLKFPPADGLTVALAGRAVLTRILAEHLGG AEVAALGFLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVQLKFPPADGLTVALAGRAVLTRILAEHLGG		3151	Α.		2	2515	T THINQUE QUELK I VKKK
GRYENICK HRAK LIGHEL GARTYNINS DEFLIKORD GRYENICK HRAK LIGHRITVIHS DEFLIKORD TCTMAGYARLKNYLLAL QTRI QPLQEGDSRQDP ASQKRLL YESLFRDLDAD GNGHLSSSELAQHVU KKQDLDEDLLGCSPGDLL KFDDYNSSSELT KEFF YMAFQVVQLSLAPEDRYSVTTVTVGLSTVLTCA VHGDLRPPIWKRNGLTLNFLDLEDINDFGEDDS LYITKVTTHMGNYTCHASGHEQLFQTHVLQVN VPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAGGIPPRIT WLKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSLLANGSEHISSVRYE DTGAYTCLAKNEVGVDEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANI LWREEGLSVGNMFYVFSDDGIVHFVDCEIGGH LKPTEKEFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV RNRYIYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAHKVLQSIGVDPL PAKLSYNGKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITE ASTGQSQHLIRTPFAGVDDFFFPTNLINHIRRGFI FNKSDPAVHKVDLETMMPLKTIGLHHHGCVPQA MAHTHLGGYFICCRODSPASAAADSPWLHV QEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQ YNIYAALHTEPDLLFLESTGKVGMLKNLKEPPA GPAQPWGGTHINMRDSGLFGGYLLTPARESLFLI NGRONTLRCEVSGKLGGTTVVWOGEV QHAVAGAGTTPGTHSLSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPA GRAGWGGTHGINRDSGLFGGYLLTPARESLFLI NGRONTLRCEVSGKLGGTTVVWOGEV ASPSSCDADLSARMARGERRRAVPAGVRTAER AARGGFGRRGGGGPSTAGGVALAVVVLISL ALGMSGRWVLAWYRARRAVTLHSBAPAVLPADS SSPAVAPDLFWGTTXPHVYFGMKTRSPKPLLTG LMWAQQGTTPGTPKLRRITCEQDGGYGYGWFF HDGLSFGRQHQDGALRLTTEFVKRPGQHGGD WSWRVTVEPQDSGTSALPLVSLFFVVVTDGKEV LLPEVGAKGQLKFISGHTSLGFFFRTLIPPTSPG DTAFKYGSYNVFWTSNPGLPLLTEMVKSRLNSW FQHRPPGASPERVLGLPGSLKWEDRGPSGQGGG QFLIQQVTLKIPISEFFYFESGSAQAGGRQALPRILA GSLLTQALESHAEGFRERFEKTFQLKEKGLSSGE QVLQAALSGLLGGIGGYFYGGGCLVLPDIGVEGSE QKVDPALFPPVPLFTAVPSRSFFFRGLWDEGFH QLLVQRWDPSLTREALGHWLGGLNADGWIGRE QLLGDEARARVPFELVORAVHANPTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRIHAWFSWLHQSQA GPLPLSYRWGROPALPTLLNPKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHDDLRCWALGARVITRLAEHLGGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVQLKPPPADG LVAVACHAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVQLKPPADG LVAVACHAPELGGFA							OESQAEEPKSFEVTRREGI SSHNELLA SCOVERGE
ASQKRLLVESLFRALDAGNGGHLSSSELAQHVL KKQDLDEDLLGCSFGDLLRFDDYNSDSSLTILREF YMAFQVVQLSLAPEDRVSVTTVTVGLSTVLTCA VHGDLRPPIWKRNGLTLNFLDLEDINDFGEDDS LYITKVTTIHMGNYTCHASGHEQLFQTHVLQVN VPPVRVYPESQAQEFGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRIT WLKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYE DTGAYTCIAKNEVGVDEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANI LWREEGLSVGNMFYVFSDDGIVHPVDCEIQRH LKPTEKIFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV RNRYTYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAHKVLQSIGVDPL PAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITE ASTGQSQHLIRTPFAGVDDFFIPPTNLINHIRFGFI FNKSDPAVHKVDLETMMPLKTIGLHHHGCVPQA MAHTHLGGYFFIQCRQDSSPASARQLLVDSVTD SVLGPNGDVTGTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHV QEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSTESNQ YNIYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPA GPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYLLTPARESLFLI NGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGALAVVVLSL ALGMSGRWVLAWVRARRAVTLHSAPAVLPADS SPSSCDADLSARMARGERRRRAVPAEGVRTAER AARGFGRRDGRGGGFRSTAGGVALAVVVLSL ALGMSGRWVLAWVRARRAVTLHSAPAVLPADS SSPAVAPDLFWGTYRFHVYFGMKTRSPKPLITG LMWAQQGTTPGTPKLRHTCEQGGDGVGPVGWEF HDGLSFGRQHIQDGALRLTTEFVKRPGGQHGGD WSWRVTVEQDSGTSALPLVSLFFTYVVTDGKEV LLPEVGAKGQLKFISGHTSELGDFRFTLLPPTSPG DTAFKYGSYNVFWTSNPGLPLTEMVKSRLNSW FQHRPPGASPERYLGLPGSLK WEDRGPSGQG QFILQQVTLKIPISIEFVFESGSAQAGGNQALPRLA GSLLTQALESHAEGFREFFEKTFQLKEKGLSSGE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYFYQGGLYDIGVEGSE QKVDPALFPPVPLFTAVPSRSFFPRGFLWDEGFH QLVVQRWDPSLTREALGHWLGLLNADGWIGRE QILGDEARARVPPEFLVQRAVHANPTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRLHAWFSWLHQSQA GPLPLSYRWGRDPALPTLLNPKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVIRLAEHLGE ABVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVOLKPRPPOGGLVPAV				ĺ		•	SIGBIC VESICE TO THE PECOLIFIC PROVIDES CON
KKQDLDEDLIGGSPGDLLRFDDYNSDSSLTILREF YMAFQVVQLSLAPEDRVSVTTVTVGLSTVLTCA VHGDLRPPIIWKRNGLTLNFLDLEDINDFGEDDS LYTTKVTTHMGNYTCHASGHEQLFQTHVLQVN VPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGWAASLRCHAEGIPMPRIT WLKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYE DTGAYTCIAKNEVGVDEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANI LWREGGLSVGNMFYVFSDDGIIVIHPVDCEIQRH LKPTEKIFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV RNRYIYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAHKVLQSIGVDPL PAKLSYDKSHDQVWLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITE ASTGOSGHLIRTPFAGVDDFFIPPTNLIDHHIRGFI FNKSDPAVHKVDLETMMPLKTIGLHHHGCVPQA MAHTHLIGGYFFIQCRQDSPASAARQLLVDSVTD SVLGPNGDVTGTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHV QEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQ YNIYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPA GFAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYLLTPARESLFLI NGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGEV ASGGONGMORGFORSTAAS SPSSCDADLSARMARGERRRAVPAGAGVATAER AARGGFORDGRGGGGPRSTAGGVALAVVVLSL ALGMSGRWVLAWYRARRAVTLHSAPAVVLSL ALGMSGRWVLAWYRARRAVTLHSAPAVVLABAS SSSAVAPDLFWGTYPRIVYFGMKTRSPKPLLTG LMWAQQGTTPGTPKLRHTCEQGDGVGPYGWEF HDGLSFGRQHIQDGALRLTTEFVKRPGGQHGGD WSWRVTVEPQDSGTSALPLVSLFFYVVTDGKEV LLPEVGAKGQLKFISGHTSELGDFRFTLLPPTSPG DTAPKYGSYNVFWTSNPGLILLTEMVKSRLNSW FQHRPPGASPERYLGLPGSLK WEDRGPSGQGQG QFLIQQVTLKIPISIEFVFESGSAQAGGNQALPRLA GSLLTQALESHAEGFREFFEKTFQLKEGLISSGE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYYYGQGLVDJGVGGSE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYYYGQGLVDJGVGGSE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYYYGQGLVDJGVGSSE QVLOQAALSGLLGGIGYYYGQGLVDJGVGSSE QVLOQAALSGLLGGIGYYYGQGLVDJGVGGSE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYYYGQGLVALVILAGHLGE ASVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGGNHTKAVOLKPRPPOGGLVBAVGGROCHA				1			LACTIVACIARULAN VILLAL OTRI OPI OPGDORDODA
YMAFQVVQLSLAPEDRVSVTTVVGLSTVLTCA VHGDLRPPIIWKRNGLTLNFLDLEDINDFGEDDS LYTIKVTTIHMGNYTCHASGHEQLFQTHVLQVN VPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLKCHAEGIPMPRIT WLKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYE DTGAYTCIAKNEVGVDEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANI LWREEGLSVGNMTVVFSDDGIIVIPVDCEIQRH LKPTEKLFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV RNRYIYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAHKVUZGIGVDEL PAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITE ASTGQSQHLIRTFFAGVDDFFIPPTNLINHIRRGFI FNKSDPAVHKVDLETHMPLKTIGLHHIGCVPQA MAHTHLIGGYFFIQCRQDSPASAARQLLVDSVTD SVLGPNGDVTGTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHV QEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQ YNNYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPA GPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFQYLLTPARESLFLI NGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWGEV GAGWQVSLTGRWSPGREAGAGEVRQDPGSTAA SPSSCDADLSARMARGERRRAVPAEGVATAER AARGGPGRRDGRGGFRSTAGGVALAVVVLSL ALGMSGRWVLAWVRARRAVTLHSAPAVLPADS SSPAVAPDLFWGTYRPHVYFGMKTRSPKPLITG LMWAQQGTTPGTPKLRHTCEQGDGVGPYGWEF HDGLSFGRQHQDGALRLTTEFVKRPGGQHGGD WSWRVTVEPQDSGTSALPLVSLFFYVVTDGKEV LLPEVGAKGQLKFISGHTSELGDFRFTLLPPTSPG DTAPKYGSYNVFWTSNPGLPLLTEMVKSRLNSW FQHRPPGASPERYLGLOSILK WEDRGPSQQGQG QFLIQQVTLKIPISIEFVFESGSAQAGGNQALPRLA GSLLTQALESHAGGFREFFEKTFQLKEGLSSGE QKVDPALFPPVPLFTAVPSRSFFPRGFLWDEGFH QLUVQRWDPSLTREALGHWLGLLNADGWIGRE QULGDEARARVPPETLVQRAVHANPTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRLHAWFSWLHQSQA GPLPLSYRWGRDPALPTLLNPKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVITRLAEHLGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGRHYKGOL VRAVINGERSCACH				- 1		1	ADVINLE VESLEKDLDADGNGHI SSSET AOTTU
LYTIKVTTIHMGNYTCHASELEQLFQTHVLQVN VPPVIRVYPESQAQEPGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRIT WLKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSILANGSELHISSVRYE DTGAYTCIAKNEVGVDEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANI LWREEGLSVGNMFYVFSDDGIIVIHPVDCEIQRH LKPTEKIFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV RNYTYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAHKVLQSIGVDPL PAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITE ASTGQSQHLIRTPFAGVDDFFIPPTNLINHIRFGFI FNKSDPAVHKVDLETMMPLKTIGLHHIGCVPQA MAHTHLGGYFFIQCRQDSPASAARQLLVDSVTD SVLGPNGDVTGTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHV QETTVRGEIQTLVDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQ YNIYAALHTEPDLLFLESTGKVGMLKNILKEPPA GPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQVLLTPARESLFLI NGRQNTILRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGGE AGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG					•		ANY OLDEDLLGCSPGDLLRFDDVNgDggt TI DEF
DEMNEY IHMONYTCHASGHEQLEQUTHVLQVN VPPVRVYPESQAQEBGVAASLRCHAEGIPMPRIT WLKNGVDVSTQMSKQLSLLANGSELHISSVRYE DTGAYTCLAKNEVGVDEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANI LWREEGLSVGNMFYVFSDDEGUHIPVDCEIQRH LKPTEKIFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV RNRYLYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAHKVLQSIGVDPL PAKLSYDKSHDQVWLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITE ASTGQSQHLIRTPFAGVDDFFIPPTINLINHIRFGFI FNKSDPAVHKVDLETMMPLKTIGLHHHGCVPQA MAHTHLGGYFFIQCRQDSPASARQLLVDSVITD SVLGPNGDVTGTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHV QEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQ YNIYAALHTEPDLIFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPA GPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYLLIPARESLFLI NGRQNTLIKCVSGIKGGTTVVWVGEV GPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYLLIPARESLFLI NGRQNTLIKCVSGIKGGTTVVWGEV AARGGPGRRDGRGGGPRSTAGGVALAVVVLSL ALGMSGRWVLAWYARRAVTHASPAVLPADS SSPAVAPDLFWGTYRPVYFGMKTRSPKPLLTG LMWAQQGTTPGTPKLRHTCEQGDGVGPYGWEF HDGLSFGRQHIQDCALRLTTEFVKRPGQDHGCD WSWRVTVEPQDSGTSALPLVSLFFFYVVTDGKEV LLPEVGAKGQLKFISGHTSELGDFRFTILLPPTSPG DTAPKYGSYNVFWTSNPGLPLLTEMVKSRLNSW FQHRPPGSNPFWTSNPGLPLLTEMVKSRLNSW FQHRPPGSNPFWTSNPGLPLLTEMVKSRLNSW FQHRPPGSSPEYLGLPGSLKWEDRGPSQGQG QFLIQQVTLKPISIEFVFESGSAQAGGNQALPRLA GSLLTQALESHAGEFREFFKTFQLKEKGLSSGE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYFYGGGLVLPDIGVEGSE QKVDPALFPPVLFTAVPSRSFFPRGFLWDEGFH QLVVQRWDPSLTERALGHWLGLLNADGWIGRE QULGDEARARVPPEFLVQRAVHADPTILLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRHAWFSWLHQSQA GFLPLSSYRWGRDPALPTLINPKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLTRLABHILGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAASELDELHWAPPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVOLKEP PROGCI WYMGRDEGON							A TO DUNCTUME KNOWN IN NEW DIEDNING CONTROL
WLKNGVDVSTOMSKOLSLLANGSELHISSVRYE DTGAYTCIAKNEVGVDEDISSLFIEDSARKTLANI LWREEGLSVGNMFYVFSDDGIVHPVDCEIQRH LKPTEKIFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV RNRYIYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAHKVLQSIGVDPL PAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITE ASTGQSQHLRTPFAGVDDFIPTNLIINHRFGFI FNKSDPAVHKVDLETMMPLKTIGLHHHGCVPQA MAHTHLGGYFFIQCRQDSPASAARQLLVDSVTD SVLGPNGDVTGTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSFWLHV QEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQ YNIYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPA GPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYTLTPARESLFLI NGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGEV GPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYTLTPARESLFLI AGRGOVSLTGRWSPGREAGAGEVRQDPGSTAA SPSSCDADLSARMARGERRRAVPAGGVRTAER AARGGPGRRDGRGGGPRSTAGGVALAVVVLSL ALGMSGRWVLAWYRARRAVTLHSAPAVLPADS SSPAVAPDLFWGTYRPHVYFGMKTRSPKPLLTG LMWAQQGTTPGTPKLRHTCEQGDGVGPYGWEF HDGLSFGRQHIQDGALRLTTEVKRPGGQHGGD WSWRVTVEPQDSGTSALPLVSLFFYVVTDGKEV LLPEVGAKGQLKFISGHTSELGDFRFTLPPTSPG DTAPKYGSYNVFWTSNPGLFLTEMVKSRINSW FQHRPPGASPERVLGLPGSLKWEDRGPSQQQQ QFLIQQVTLKIPISIEFVFESGSAQAGGNQALPRLA GSLLTQALESHAEGFREFFEKTFQLKEKGLSSGE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYFYQGGLVLPDIGVEGSE QKVDPALFPPVPLFTAVPSRSFFPRGFLWDEGFH QILVQRWDPSLTREALGHWLGLLNADGWIGRE QULGGDEARARVPFEFLVQRAVHANPPTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRLHAWFSWLHQSQA GPLPLSYRWRGRDPALPTLLNPKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLTRLAEHLGE AEVAABELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVPA				- 1			LILLA I LIMMGNY TCHASGHEOL FOTUNG OFFI
LWREEGLSVGNMFYVFSDDGIIVIHPVDCEIQRH LKPTEKIFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV RNRYIYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAHKVLQSIGVDPL PAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITE ASTGQSQHLIRTPFAGVDDFFIPTNLIINHRFGFI FNKSDPAVHKVDLETMMPILKTIGLHHHGCVPQA MAHTHLGGYFFIQCRQDSPASAARQLLVDSVTD SVLGPNGDVTGTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHV QEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGISDLAFQRSFTESNQ YNIYAALHTEPDLLFLELSTGKVGMLKNLKEPPA GPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYLLTPARESLFLI NGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGEV  AGROWQVSLTGRWSPGREAGAGEVRQDPGSTAA SPSSCDADLSARMARGERRRAVPAEGVRTAER AARGGPGRRDGRGGGPRSTAGGVALAVVVLSL ALGMSGRWVLAWYRARRAVTLHSAPAVLPADS SSPAVAPDLFWGTYRPHVYFGMKTRSPKPLLTG LMWAQQGTTFGTPKLRHTCEQGDGVGPYGWEF HDGLSFGRQHQDGALRLTTEFVKRPGGQHGGD WSWRVTVEPQDSGTSALPLVSLFFYVVTDGKEV LLPEVGAKGQLKFISGHTSELGDFRFTLLPPTSPG DTAPKYGSYNVFWTSNPGLPLLTEMVKSRLNSW FQHRPPGASPERYLGLPGSLKWEDRGPSGQGQG QFLIQQVTLKIPISIEFVFESGSAQAGGNQALPRLA GSLLTQALESHAEGFRERFEKTFQLKEKGLSSGE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYFYGQGLVLPDIGVEGSE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYFYGQGLVLPDIGVEGSE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYFYGQGLVLPDIGVEGSE QVLQQALSGLLGGIGYFTGGLLNADGWIGRE QILGDEARARVPPEFLVQRAVHANPPTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRLHAWFSWLHQSQA GPLPLSYRWRGRDPALPTLLNFKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLITRLAEHLGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGYFA DFGNHTKAYOLKPRPPOGU TVAUCUNCON SAN	-			•			*** *** I LESUAUEPCI VA A SI DOU A ECIDI CONTROL
LKPTEKIFMSYEEICPQREKNATQPCQWVSAVNV RNRYIYVAQPALSRVLVVDIQAHKVLQSIGVDPL PAKLSYDKSHDQVWVLSWGDVHKSRPSLQVITE ASTGQSQHLIRTPFAGVDDFIPPTNLIINHRIFGFI FNKSDPAVHKVDLETMMPLKTIGLHHHGCVPQA MAHTHLGGYFFIQCRQDSPASAARQLLVDSVTD SVLGPNGDVTGTPHTSPDGRFIVSAAADSPWLHV QEITVRGEIQTLYDLQINSGDLAFQRSFTESNQ YNIYAALHTEPDLLFLESTGKVGMLKNLKEPPA GPAQPWGGTHRIMRDSGLFGQYLLTPARESLFLI NGRQNTLRCEVSGIKGGTTVVWVGEV AARGGPREVSGIKGGTTVVWVGEV AARGGPREVSGIKGGTTVVWVGEV AARGGPREDGRGGGFRSTAGGVALAVVVLSL ALGMSGRWVLAWYRARRAVTLHSAPAVLPADS SSPAVAPDLFWGTYRPHVYFGMKTRSPKPLLTG LMWAQQGTTPGTPKLRHTCEQGDGVGPYGWEF HDGLSFGRQHIQDGALRLTTEFVKRPGGQHGGD WSWRVTVEPQDSGTSALPLVSLFFYVVTDGKEV LLPEVGAKGQLKFISGHTSELGDFRFTLLPPTSPG DTAPKYGSYNVFWTSNPGLPLLTEMVKSRLNSW FQHRPPGASPERYLGLPGSLKWEDRGPSGQGQG QFLIQQVTLKIPISIEFVFESGSAQAGGNQALPRLA GSLLTQALESHAEGFREFFKTFQLKEKGLSSGE QVLQQAALSGLLGGIGYFYQGQLVLPDIGVEGSE QVLQQAALSGLLGGIGYFYGQGLVLPDIGVEGSE QVLQQAALSGLLGGIGYFYGQGLVLPDIGVEGSE QVLQQAALSGLLGGIGYFYGQGLVLPDIGVEGSE QUVQRWDPSLTREALGHWLGLLNADGWIGRE QILGDEARARVPPEFLVQRAVHANPPTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRLHAWFSWLHOSQQA GPLPLSYRWRGRDPALPTLLIPYSTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLITRLAEHLGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAABSLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVOLKPPPPOGL VPLVACRDEVS SAL				-	· - · - · -		TELLOVED AD A STORING COLOURS AND A STORING
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QFLIQQVTLKIPISIEFVFESGSAQAGGNQALPRLA GSLLTQALESHAEGFRERFEKTFQLKEKGLSSGE QVLGQAALSGLLGGIGYFYGQGLVLPDIGVEGSE QKVDPALFPPVPLFTAVPSRSFFPRGFLWDEGFH QLVVQRWDPSLTREALGHWLGLLNADGWIGRE QILGDEARARVPPEFLVQRAVHANPPTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRLHAWFSWLHQSQA GPLPLSYRWRGRDPALPTLLNPKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLTRLAEHLGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVAA		- 1				1	ALM AND USIN VEW INNEED DITTERATIONS NAMED I
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QKVDPALFPPVPLFTAVPSRSFFPRGFLWDEGFH QLVVQRWDPSLTREALGHWLGLLNADGWIGRE QILGDEARARVPPEFLVQRAVHANPPTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRLHAWFSWLHQSQA GPLPLSYRWRGRDPALPTLLNPKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLTRLAEHLGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGE DFGNHTKAVOLKPRPPOGLVPVVCRPOPOLYPR				.		Ğ	SLLTOALESHAEGEREREEVTEOLVEVOLORGE
QLVVQRWDPSLTREALGHWLGLLNADGWIGRE QILGDEARARVPPEFLVQRAVHANPPTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRLHAWFSWLHQSQA GPLPLSYRWRGRDPALPTLLNPKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLTRLAEHLGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVA DFGNHTKAVOLKPRPPOGLVPVVCRPODOLOGY	_			-		1 4	TO COMPOUND IN THE PROPERTY OF
QILGDEARARVPPEFLVQRAVHANPPTLLLPVAH MLEVGDPDDLAFLRKALPRLHAWFSWLHQSQA GPLPLSYRWRGRDPALPTLLNPKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLTRLAEHLGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVOLKPRPPOGLVPVVCRPODDLOVER				_   ~	** ** ** *** *** *** ** *** ** ** ** **	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TO A CALLER A LIFT A A LONG CONTROL AND CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF
GPLPLSYRWRGRDPALPTLLNPKTLPSGLDDYPR ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLTRLAEHLGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVOLKPRPPOGLVPVVCRPOPOLOGY						Q	LGDEARAR VPPEFI VOR A VHANDETH LA DIVINE
ASHPSVTERHLDLRCWVALGARVLTRLAEHLGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVOLKPRPPOGLVPVVCRPPOPLOVER			- 1-2		70.	1 11/1	CE Y ODEDDLAFLKK ALPRI HA WEGWI TIOCO
ASHPS V TERHLDLRCWVALGARVLTRLAEHLGE AEVAAELGPLAASLEAAESLDELHWAPELGVFA DFGNHTKAVOLKPRPPOGLVPVVCRPPODLAGEN						01	LI LUIA WAUKUPALPILI NPKTI DEGI DDAMD
DIOMINA VULK PRPPOGI VD WYCODODO Z OZEZ I						) Ac	PROVIEKHLULRCWVAI GARVI TRI ARITI OR
DALGYVSLFPLLLRLLDPTSSRLGPLLDILADSRH						יושו	UNDINA VULK PR PPOGL VD VVCD DODOT OT TO
	_				<del></del>	DA	LGYVSLFPLLLRLLDPTSSRLGPLLDILADSRH

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				LWSPFGLRSLAASSSFYGQRNSEHDPPYWRGAV WLNVNYLALGALHHYGHLEGPHQARAAKLHGE LRANVVGNVWRQYQATGFLWEQYSDRDGRGM GCRPFHGWTSLVLLAMAEDY
3153	A		4312	MVIKTDELPAAAPADSAREHGSQAGGKGRPGAA AVLLADLERDARQGECALPGAAMAGLAPLKPE ASRSSSPGPTGCIRARVAAEAGTRNPGNAGAELE SWLPCCHGHPETPEPRGGQLPTAPELPSVMLLNG DCPESLKKEAAAAEPPRENGLDEAGPGDETTGQ EVIVIQDTGFSVKILAPGIEPFSLQVSPQEMVQEIH QVLMDREDTCHRTCFSLHLDGNVLDHFSELRSV EGLQEGSVLRVVEEPYTVREARIHVRHVRDLLKS LDPSDAFNGVDCNSLSFLSVFTDGDLGDSGKRK KGLEMDPIDCTPPEYILPGSRERPLCPLQPQNRD WKPLQCLKVLTMSGWNPPPGNRKMHGDLMYLF VITAEDRQVSITASTRGFYLNQSTAYHFNPKPASP RFLSHSLVELLNQISPTFKKNFAVLQKKRVQRHP FERIATPFQVYSWTAPQAEHAMDCVRAEDAYTS RLGYEEHIPGQTRDWNEELQTTRELPRKNLPERL LRERAIFKVHSDFTAAATRGAMAVIDGNVMAIN PSEETKMQMFIWNNIFFSLGFDVRDHYKDFGGD VAAYVAPTNDLNGVRTYNAVDVEGLYTLGTVV VDYRGYRVTAQSIIPGILERDQEQSVIYGSIDFGK TVVSHPRYLELLERTSRPLKILRHQVLNDRDEEV ELCSSVECKGIIGNDGRHYILDLLRTFPPDLNFLP VPGEELPEECARAGFPRAHRHKLCCLRQELVDA FVEHRYLLFMKLAALQLMQQNASQLETPSSLEN GGPSSLESKSEDPPGQEAGSEEGSSASGLAKVK ELAETIAADDGTDPRSREVIRNACKAVGSISSTAF DIRFNPDIFSPGVRFPESCQDEVRDQKQLLKDAA AFLLSCQIPGLVKDCMEHAVLPVDGATLAEVMR QRGINMRYLGKVLELVLRSPARHQLDHVFKIGIG ELITRSAKHIFKTYLQGVELSGLSAAISHFLNCFLS SYPNPVAHLPADELVSKKRNKRRKNRPPGAADN TAWAVMTPQEL WKNICQEAKNYFDFDLECETV DQAVETYGLQKITLLREISLKTGIQVLLKEYSFDS RHKPAFTEEDVLNIFPVVKHVNPKASDAFHFPQS GQAKVQQGFLKEGCELINEALNLFNNVYGAMH VETCACLRLLARLHYIMGDYAEALSNQQKAVL MSERVMGTEHPNTIQEYMHLALYCFASSQLSTA LSLLYRARYLMLLVFGEDHPEMALLDNNIGLVL HGVMEYDLSLRFLENALAVSTKYHGPKALKVAL SHHLVARVYESKAEFRSALQHEKEGYTIYKTQL GEDHEKTKESSEYLKCLTQQAVALQRTMNEIYR NGSSANIPPLKFTAPSMASVLEQLNVINGILFIPLS
3154	A	416	4082	QKDLENLKAEVARRHQLQEASRNRDRAEEPMA TEPAPAGAPGDLGSQPPAAKDPSPSVQG KFKLIKIMLLTLIILLPVVSKFSFVSLSAPQHWSCP
		·		EGTLAGNGNSTCVGPAPFLIFSHGNSIFRIDTEGT NYEQLVVDAGVSVIMDFHYNEKRIYWVDLERQ LLQRVFLNGSRQERVCNIEKNVSGMAINWINEEV IWSNQQEGIITVTDMKGNNSHILLSALKYPANVA VDPVERFIFWSSEVAGSLYRADLDGVGVKALLE TSEKITAVSLDVLDKRLFWIQYNREGSNSLICSCD YDGGSVHISKHPTQHNLFAMSLFGDRIFYSTWK

	SEQ NO:	ID ·	Metho	od -	Predicted beginning nucleotide location correspondin to first amino acid residue o peptide sequence	nucleon location corresp to last a	n oonding amino sidue of	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \
								MKTIWIANKHTGKDMVRINLHSSFVPLGELKVV HPLAQPKAEDDTWEPEQKLCKLRKGNCSSTVCG QDLQSHLCMCAEGYALSRDRKYCEGNDWKYCE DVNECAFWNHGCTLGCKNTPGSYYCTCPVGFVL LPDGKRCHQLVSCPRNVSECSHDCVLTSEGPLCF CPEGSVLERDGKTCSGCSSPDNGGCSQLCVPLSP
					. :			QDIRHMHFDGTDYGTLLSQQMGMVYALDHDPV ENKIYFAHTALKWIERANMDGSQRERLIEEGVD VPEGLAVDWIGRRFYWTDRGKSLIGRSDLNGKR SKIITIENISQPRGIAVHPMAKRLFWTDTGINPRIE SSSLQGLGRLVIASSDLIWPSGITIDFLTDKLYWC DAKQSVIEMANLDGSKRRRLTONDVGHPEAVA
							- 1	SMLKPSSLVVVHPLAKPGADPCLYQNGGCEHIC KKRLGTAWCSCREGFMKASDGKTCLALDGHQL LAGGEVDLKNQVTPLDILSKTRVSEDNITESQHM LVAEIMVSDQDDCAPVGCSMYARCISEGEDATC QCLKGFAGDGKLCSDIDECEMGVPVCPPASSACI
								NTEGGYVCRCSEGYQGDGIHCLDIDECQLGVHS CGENASCTNTEGGYTCMCAGRLSEPGLICPDSTP PPHLREDDHHYSVRNSDSECPLSHDGYCLHDGV CMYIEALDKYACNCVVGYIGERCQYRDLKWWE LRHAGHGQQQKVIVVAVCVVVLVMLLLLSLWG AHYYRTQKLLSKNPKNPYEESSRDVRSRRPADT EDGMSSCPQPWFVVIKEHQDLKNGGQPVAGED
L	21.55							GQAADGSMQPTSWRQEPQLCGMGTEQGCWIPV SSDKGSCPQVMERSFHMPSYGTQTLEGGVEKPH SLLSANPLWQQRALDPPHQMELTQ
	3155	A		53	33	212	G F	GTSGWYWERLAERRGRLWSREEAMATMENKVI CALVLVSMLALGTLAEAQTETCTVAPRERQNCG FPGVTPSQCANKGCCFDDTVRGVPWCFYPNTID VPPEEECEF
	3156	A		2		1585	F A N R P G L A A F C I L U C C I	PRVRAADVAAGAQAVVSAGMAKSNGENGPRAP AGESLSGTRESLAQGPDAATTDELSSLGSDSEA IGFAERRIDKFGFIVGSQGAEGALEEVPLEVLRQ RESKWLDMLNNWDKWMAKKHKKIRLRCQKGI PSLRGRAWQYLSGGKVKLQQNPGKFDELDMSP EDPKWLDVIERDLHRQFPFHEMFVSRGGHGQQD FRVLKAYTLYRPEEGYCQAQAPIAAVLLMHMP EQAFWCLVQICEKYLPGYYSEKLEAIQLDGEIL SLLQKVSPVAHKHLSRQKIDPLLYMTEWFMCA SRTLPWSSVLRVWDMFFCEGVKIIFRVGLVLLK ALGSPEKVKACQGQYETIERLRSLSPKIMQEAF VQEVVELPVTERQIEREHLLQLRRWQETRGELQ RSPPRLHGAKAILDAEPGPRPALOPSPSIRI DED
							PA	PLPGSKAKPKPPKQAQKEQRKQMKGRGQLEKP APNQAMVVAAAGDACPPQHVPPKDSAPKDSAP DLAPQVSAHHRSQESLTSQESEDTYL
3]	157	A	-	3		501	HI III QL HI	AMGSRSSHAAVIPDGDSIRRETGFSQASLLRLH RFRALDRNKKGYLSRMDLQQIGALAVNPLGDR ESFFPDGSQRVDFPGFVRVLAHFRPVEDEDTET DPKKPEPLNSRRNKLHYAFQLYDLDRDGKISR EMLQVLRLMVGVQVTEEQLENIADRTVQEAD DGDGAVSFVEFTKSLEKMDVEHKMSIRILK

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \top-possible nucleotide insertion
3158	A	2	409	ISSCPHTAYEGSMSTLSNFTQTLEDVFRRIFITYM DNWRQNTTAEQEALQAKVDAENFYYVILYLMV MIGMFSFIIVAILVSTVKSKRREHSNDPYHQYIVE DWQEKYKSQILNLEESKATIHENIGAAGFKMSP
3159	A	3	416	PWGAAELDMGRRDAQLLAALLVLGLCALAGSE KPSPCQCSRLSPHNRTNCGFPGITSDQCFDNGCCF DSSVTGVPWCFHPLPKQESDQCVMEVSDRRNCG YPGISPEECASRKCCFSNFIFEVPWCFFPKSVEDC HY
3160	Α	179	409	KPKTKILKMVYYPELFVWVSQEPFPNKDMEGRL PKGRLPVPKEVNRKKNDETNAASLTPLGSSELRS PRISYLHFF
3161	A .	683	1186	LSSTGGLHAAACAAAMSLVIPEKFQHILRVLNTN IDGRRKIAFAITAIKGVGRRYAHVVLRKADIDLT KRAGELTEDEVERVITIMQNPRQYKIPDWFLNRQ KDVKDGKYSQVLANGLDNKLREDLERLKKIRA HRGLRHFWGLRVRGQHTKTTGRRGRTVGVSKK K
3162	A	1	1938	GMPRSRGGRAAPGPPPPPPPPGQAPRWSRWRVP GRLLLLLLPALCCLPGAARAAAAAAGAGNRAA VAVAVARADEAEAPFAGQNWLKSYGYLLPYDS RASALHSAKALQSAVSTMQQFYGIPVTGVLDQT TIEWMKKPRCGVPDHPHLSRRRRNKRYALTGQK WRQKHITYSIHNYTPKVGELDTRKAIRQAFDVW QKVTPLTFEEVPYHEIKSDRKEADIMIFFASGFHG DSSPFDGEGGFLAHAYFPGPGIGGDTHFDSDEPW TLGNANHDGNDLFLVAVHELGHALGLEHSSDPS AIMAPFYQYMETHNFKLPQDDLQGIQKIYGPPAE PLEPTRPLPTLPVRRIHSPSERKHERQPRPPRPPLG DRPSTPGTKPNICDGNFNTVALFRGEMFVFKDR WFWRLRNNRVQEGYPMQIEQFWKGLPARIDAA YERADGRFVFFKGDKYWVFKEVTVEPGYPHSLG ELGSCLPREGIDTALRWEPVGKTYFFKGERYWR YSEERRATDPGYPKPITVWKGIPQAPQGAFISKE GYYTYFYKGRDYWKFDNQKLSVEPGYPRNILRD WMGCNQKEVERRKERRLPQDDVDIMVTINDVP GSVNAVAVVIPCILSLCILVLVYTIFQFKNKTGPQ PVTYYKRPVQEWV
3163	A	1235	2223	SRLSLQFYVSFRRTGLFTCKLIVEIFFRNYMNDSL RTNVFVRFQPETIACACIYLAARALQIPLPTRPHW FLLFGTTEEEIQEICIETLRLYTRKKPNYELLEKEV EKRKVALQEAKLKAKGLNPDGTPALSTLGGFSP ASKPSSPREVKAEEKSPISINVKTVKKEPEDRQQA SKSPYNGVRKDSKRSRNSRSASRSRTRSRSRS HTPRRHYNNRRSRSGTYSSRSRSRSRSHSESPRR HHNHGSPHLKAKHTRDDLKSSNRHGHKRKKSRS RSQSKSRDHSDAAKKHRHERGHHRDRRERSRSF ERSHKSKHHGGSRSGHGRHRR
3164	A	3	3274	DCRLQAAMPTNFTVVPVEAHADGGGDETAERT EAPGTPEGPEPERPSPGDGNPRENSPFLNNVEVE QESFFEGKNMALFEEEMDSNPMVSSLLNKLANY TNLSQGVVEHEEDEESRREAKAPRMGTFIGVY LPCLQNILGVILFLRLTWIVGVAGVLESFLIVAMC CTCTMLTAISMSAIATNGVVPAGGSYYMISRSLG PEFGGAVGLCFYLGTTFAGAMYILGTIEIFLTYISP

-1·*	SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \_possible nucleotide insertion
					GAAIFQAEAAGGEAAAMLHNMRVYGTCTLVLM ALVVFVGVKYVNKLALVFLACVVLSILAIYAGVI KSAFDPPDIPVCLLGNRTLSRRSFDACVKAYGIH NNSATSALWGLFCNGSQPSAACDEYFIQNNVTEI QGIPGAASGVFLENLWSTYAHAGAFVEKKGVPS VPVAEESRASTLPYVLTDIAASFTLLVGIYFPSVT GIMAGSNRSGDLKDAQKSIPTGTILAIVTTSFIYLS
	) ( <del>**</del>				CIVLFGACIEGVVLRDKFGEALQGNLVIGMLAW PSPWVIVIGSFFSTCGAGLQTLTGAPRLLQAIARD GIVPFLQVFGHGKANGEPTWALLLTVLICETGILI ASLDSVAPILSMFFLMCYLFVNLACAVQTLLRTP NWRPRFKFYHWTLSFLGMSLCLALMFICSWYYA LSAMLIAGCIYKYIEYRGAEKEWGDGIRGLSLNA ARYALLRVEHGPPHTKNWRPQVLVMLNLDAEQ AMKHPRLLSFTSQLKAGKGLTIVGSVLEGTYLD
					KHMEAQRAEENIRSLMSTEKTKGFCQLVVSSSLR DGMSHLIQSAGLGGLKHNTVLMAWPASWKQED NPFSWKNFVDTVRDTTAAHQALLVAKNVDSFPQ NQERFGGGHIDVWWIVHDGGMLMLLPFLLRQH KVWRKCRMRIFTVAQVDDNSIQMKKDLQMFLY HLRISAEVEVVEMVENDISAFTYERTLMMEQRS QMLKQMQLSKNEQEREAQLIHDRNTASHTAAA
	3165	A	3	2681	ARTQAPPTPDKVQMTWTREKLIAEKYRSRDTSL SGFKDLFSMKPDQSNVRRMHTAVKLNGVVLNK SQDAQLVLLNMPGPPKNRQGDENYMEFLEVLTE GLNRVLLVRGGGREVITIYS GRGARGGSGAGALRGCRGYLQKLSGKGPSRGY
					RSRWFVFDARRCYLYYFKSPQDALPLGHLDIAD ACFSYQGPDEAAEPGTEPPAHFQVHSAGAVTVL KAPNRQLMTYWLQELQQKRWEYCNSLDMVKW DSRTSPTPGDFPKGLVARDNTDLIYPHPNASAEK ARNVLAVETVPGELVGEQAANQPAPGHPNSINF YSLKQWGNELKNSMSSFRPGRGHNDSRRTVFYT NEEWELLDPTPKDLEESIVQEEKKKLTPEGNKGV TGSGFPFDFGRNPYKGKRPLKDIIGSYKNRHSSG DPSSEGTSGSGSVSIRKPASEMQLQVQSQQEELE QLKKDLSSQKELVRLLQQTVRSSQYDKYFTSSRL CEGVPKDTLELLHQKDDQILGLTSQLERFSLEKE SLQQEVRTLKSKVGELNEQLGMLMETIQAKDEV IIKLSEGEGNGPPTVAPSSPSVVPVARDQLELDR LKDNLQGYKTQNKFLNKEILELSALRRNPERRER DLMARNSSLEAKLCQIESKYLILLQEMKTPVCSE DQGPTREVIAQLLEDALQVESQEQPEQAFVKPHL VSEYDIYGFRTVPEDDEEEKLVAKVRALDLKTL YLTENQEVSTGVKWENYFASTVNREMMCSPEL KNLIRAGIPHEHRSKVWKWCVDRHTRKFKDNTE PGHFQTLLQKALEKQNPASKQIELDLLRTLPNNK HYSCPTSEGIQKLRNVLLAFSWRNPDIGYCQGLN
	- : : <u></u> ,		No. agree of the control of		RLVAVALLYLEQEDAFWCLVTIVEVFMPRDYYT KTLLGSQVDQRVFRDLMSEKLPRLHGHFEQYKV DYTLITFNWFLVVFVDSVVSDILFKIWDSFLYEGP KVIFRFALALFKYKEEEILKLQDSMSIFKYLRYFT
L	3166	A	10	4070	RTILDARSGTDAPTTWRKSGWS FPGPTISSNSQLYRASALFETIRHEAQLSTDYKLS LFDLQTSSYQALQRVLVSLGHHDEALAVAERGR

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
		sequence		TRAFADLLVERQTGQQDSDPYSPVTIDQILEMVN GQRGLVLYYSLAAGYLYSWLLAPGAGIVKFHEH YLGENTVENSSDFQASSSVTLPTATGSALEQHIAS VREALGVESHYSRACASSETESEAGDIMDQQFEE MNNKLNSVTDPTGFLRMVRRNNLFNRSCQSMTS LFSNTVSPTQDGTSSLPRRQSSFAKPPLRALYDLL IAPMEGGLMHSSGPVGRHRQLILVLEGELYLIPF ALLKGSSSNEYLYERFGLLAVPSIRSLSVQSKSHL RKNPPTYSSSTSMAAVIGNPKLPSAVMDRWLWG PMPSAEEAYMVSELLGCQPLVGSVATKERVMS ALTQAECVHFATHISWKLSALVLTPSMDGNPASS KSSFGHPYTIPESLRVQDDASDGESISDCPPLQEL LLTAADVLDLQLPVKLVVLGSSQESNSKVAADG VIALTRAFLAAGAQCVLVSLWPVPVAAFKMFIH AFYSSLLNGLKASAALGEAMKVVQSSKAFSHPS NWAGFMLIGSDVKLNSPSSLIGQALTEILQHPER ARDALRVLLHLVEKSLQRIQNGQRNAMYTSQQS VENKVGGIPGWQALLTAVGFRLDPPTSGLPAAV FFPTSDPGDRLQQCSSTLQSLLGLPNPALQALCK LITASETGEQLISRAVKNMVGMLHQVLVQLQAG EKEQDLASAPIQVSISVQLWRLPGCHEFLAALGF VLCEVGQEEVILKTGKQANRRTVHFALQSLLSLF DSTELPKRLSLDSSSSLESLASAQSVSNALPLGYQ QPPFSPTGADSIASDAISVYSLSSIASSMSFVSKPE GGSEGGGPGGRQDHDRSKNAYLQRSTLPRSQLP PQTRPAGNKDEEEYEGFSIISNEPLATYQENRNTC FSPDHKQPQPGTAGGMRVSVSSKGSISTPNSPVK MTLIPSPNSPFQKVGKLASSDTGESDQSSTETDST VKSQEESNPKLDPQELAQKILEETQSHLIAVERLQ
	·			RSGGQVSKSNNPEDGVQAPSSTAVFRASETSAFS RPVLSHQKSQPSPVTVKPKPPARSSSLPKVSSGYS SPTTSEMSIKDSPSQHSGRPSPGCDSQTSQLDQPL FKLKYPSSPYSAHISKSPRNMSPSSGHQSPAGSAP SPALSYSSAGSARSSPADAPDIDKLKMAAIDEKV QAVHNLKMFWQSTPQHSTGPMKIFRGAPGTMTS KRDVLSLLNLSPRPNKKEEGVDKLELKELSLQQH DGAPPKAPPNGHWRTETTSLGSLPLPAGPPATAP ARPLRLPSGNGYKFLSPGRFFPSSKC
3167	A	1	762	AARRQKGKEENMMMDLFETGSYFFYLDGENV TLQPLEVAEGSPLYPGSDGTLSPCQDQMPPEAGS DSSGEEHVLAPPGLQPPHCPGQCLIWACKTCKRK SAPTDRRKAATLRERRRLKKINEAFEALKRRTVA NPNQRLPKVEILRSAISYIERLQDLLHRLDQQEK MQELGVDPFSYRPKQENLEGADFLRTCSSQWPS VSDHSRGLVITAKEGGASIDSSASSSLRCLSSIVDS ISSEERKLPCVEEVVEK
3168	Α	701	246	TSRRVTMKFNPFVTSDRSKNRKRHFNAPSHVRR KIMSSPLSKELRQKYNVRSMPIRKDDEVQVVRG HYKGQQIGKVVQVYRKKYVIYIERVQREKANGT TVHVGIHPSKVVITRLKLDKDRKKILERKAKSRQ VGKEKGKYKEELIEKMQE
3169	A	156	3168	GPGGAISLSVEAKAGADLLVKGKQARMDIYDTQ TLGVVVFGGFMVVSAIGIFLVSTFSMKETSYEEA LANQRKEMAKTHHQKVEKKKKEKTVEKKGKT KKKEEKPNGKIPDHDPAPNVTVLLREPVRAPAV

		sequence		AVAPTPVQPPIIVAPVATVPAMPQEKLASSPKDK KKKEKKVAKVEPAVSSVVNSIQVLTSKAAILETA PKEGRNTDVAQSPEAPKQEAPAKKKSGSKKKGP PDADGPLYLPYKTLVSTVGSMVFNEGEAQRLIEI
				LSEKAGIIQDTWHKATQKGDPVAILKRQLEEKEK LLATEQEDAAVAKSKLRELNKEMAAEKAKAAA GEAKVKKQLVAREQEITAVQARMQASYREHVK EVQQLQGKIRTLQEQLENGPNTQLARLQQENSIL RDALNQATSQVESKQNAELAKLRQELSKVSKEL VEKSEAVRQDEQQRKALEAKAAAFEKQVLQLQ ASHRESEEALQKRLDEVSRELCHTQSSHASLRAD AEKAQEQQQQMAELHSKLQSSEAEVRSKCEELS GLHGQLQEARAENSQLTERIRSIEALLEAGQARD AQDVQASQAEADQQQTRLKELESQVSGLEKEAI ELREAVEQQKVKNNDLREKNWKAMEALATAEQ ACKEKLHSLTQAKEESEKQLCLIEAQTMEALLAL LPELSVLAQQNYTEWLQDLKEKGPTLLKHPPAP AEPSSDLASKLREAEETQSTLQAECDQYRSILAET EGMLRDLQKSVEEEEQVWRAKVGAAEEELQKS RVTVKHLEEIVEKLKGELESSDQVREHTSHLEAE LEKHMAAASAECQNYAKEVAGLRQLLLESQSQL DAAKSEAQKQSDELALVRQQLSEMKSHVEDGDI AGAPASSPEAPPAEQDPVQLKTQLEWTEAILEDE QTQRQKLTAEFEEAQTSACRLQEELEKLRTAGPL ESSETEEASQLKERLEKEKKLTSDLGRAATRLQE LLKTTQEQLAREKDTVKKLQEQLEKAEDGSSSK
3170 A	A	6730	4027	THASEKYSYGHLPTHSITAHPMVTIRISDRQRLIQ PYIHNYSWLLFAALALYSAHLASAEDVDGEKLD PQTRSSATTLRSQCMQLVGDCLMKAHQGKGLK ALALLGVLPDGDSSLEDHALPVTVPTGASEEQLE KKAVQGAELSEAGNGKRAVHEEIRPVDFKQRNK ADKGVSLSKDPSCQTQISDSPADASPPTGLPDAE DSEVSSQKPIEEKAVTPSPEQVFAECSQKRILGLL AAMLPPLKSGPTVPLIDLEHVLPLMFQVVISNAG HLNETYHLTLGLLGQLIIRLLPAEVDAAVIKVLSA KHNLFAAGDSSIVPDGWKTTHLLFSLGAVCLDS RVGLDWACSMAEILRSLNSAPLWRDVIATFTDH CIKQLPFQLKHTNIFTLLVLVGFPQVLCVGTRCV YMDNANEPHNVIILKHFTEKNRAVIVDVKTRKR KTVKDYQLVQKGGGQECGDSRAQLSQYSQHFA FIASHLLQSSMDSHCPEAVEATWVLSLALKGLY KTLKAHGFEEIRATFLQTDLLKLLVKKCSKGTGF SKTWLLRDLEILSIMLYSSKKEINALAEHGDLEL DERGDREEEVERPVSSPGDPEQKKLDPLEGLDEP TRICFLMAHDALNAPLHILRATYELQMKKTDYFF LEVQKRFDGDELTTDERIRSLAQRWQPSKSLRLE EQSAKAVDTDMIILPCLSRPARCDQATAESNPVT QKLISSTESELQQSYAKQRRSKSAALLHKELNCK SKRAVRDYLFRVNEATAVLYARHVLASLLAEWP SHVPVSEDILELSGPAHMTYILDMFMQLEEKHE WEKVVMQTELVLTHQVLPLPHRLPPVSASWSEA

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Yaline, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				QALARFYCYTERTIAKRLVLRRDPSVKRTLCRGC SSLLVPGLTCTQRQRRCRGQRWTVQTCLTCQRS QRFLNDPGHLLWGDRPEAQLGSQADSKPLQPLP NTAHSISDRLPEEKMQTQGSSNQ
3172	A	2	496	FRRAGAGRGRRRGEVTSPLSPEPLAFQSLATSRR PEPQTTQTVRSSALPAPPASPMSQYAPSPDFKRA LDSSPEANTEDDKTEEDVPMPKNYLWLTIVSCFC PAYPINIVALVFSIMSLNSYNDGDYEGARRLGRN AKWVAIASIIIGLLIIGISCAVHFTRNA
3173	A	2	4048	FRSGGCRRAWTSRWPQRRSPESCEAPLSAPL WGPQRGLPGREPLRSRSASAIALRTIGHILALLLR LLHLGLGSGGCREDVPPSGRGKKEEKMKKHRRA LALVSCLFLCSLVWLPSWRVCCKESSSASASSYY SQDDNCALENEDVQFQKKDEREGPINAESLGKS GSNLPISPKEHKLKDDSIVDVQNTESKKLSPPVVE TLPTVDLHEESSNAVVDSETVENISSSSTSEITPIS KLDEIEKSGTIPIAKPSETEQSETDCDVGEALDAS APIEQPSFVSPPDSLVGQHIENVSSSHGKGKITKSE FESKVSASEQGGDPKSALNASDNLKNESSDYT KPGDIDPTSVASPKDPEDIPTFDEWKKKVMEVEK EKSQSMHASSNGGSHATKKVQKNRNNYASVEC GAKILAANPEAKSTSAILIENMDLYMLNPCSTKI WFVIELCEPIQVKQLDIANYELFSSTPKDFLVSISD RYPTNKWIKLGTFHGRDERNVQSFPLDEQMYAK YVKMFIKYIKVELLSHFGSEHFCPLSLIRVFGTSM VEEYEEIADSQYHSERQELFDEDYDYPLDYNTGE DKSSKNLLGSATNAILNMVNIAANILGAKTEDLT EGNKSISENATATAAPKMPESTPVSTPVPSPEYVT TEVHTHDMEPSTPDTPKESPIVQLVQEEEEEASPS TVTLLGSGEQEDESSPWFESETQIFCSELTTICCIS SFSEYIYKWCSVRVALYRQRSRTALSKGKDYLV LAQPPLLLPAESVDVSVLQPLSGELENTNIEREAE TVVLGDLSSSMHQDDLVNHTVDAVELEPSHSQT LSQSLLLDITPEINPLPKIEVSESVEYEAGHIPSPVI PQESSVEIDNETEQKSESFSSIEKPSITYETNKVNE LMDNIIKEDVNSMQIFTKLSETIVPPINTATVPDN EDGEAKMNIADTAKQTLISVVDSSSLPEVKEEEQ SPEDALLRGLQRTATDFYAELQNSTDLGYANGN LVHGSNQKESVFMRLNNRIKALEVNMSLSGRYL EELSQRYRKQMEEMQKAFNKTIVKLQNTSRIAE EQDQRQTEAIQLLQAQLTNMTQLVSNLSATVAE LKREVSDRQSYLVISLVLCVVLGLMLCMQRCRN TSQFDGDYISKLPKSNQYPSPKRCFSSYDDMNLK RRTSFPLMRSKSLQLTGKEVDPNDLYIVEPLKFSP EKKKKRCKYKIEKIETIKPEEPLHPIANGDIKGRK PFTNQRDFSNMGEVYHSSYKGPPSEGSSETSSQS EESYFCGISACTSLCNGQSQKTKTEKRALKRRS KVQDQGKLIKTLIQTKSGSLPSLHDIIKGNKEITV
3174	A	485	4668	GTFGVTAVSGHI RKCSKEKASKTPSQKIPTTPCCVLQAGPEPRSLAE RMGADGETVVLKNMLIGVNLILLGSMIKPSECQL
				EVTTERVQRQSVEEEGGIANYNTSSKEQPVVFNH VYNINVPLDNLCSSGLEASAEQEVSAEDETLAEY MGQTSDHESQVTFTHRINFPKKACPCASSAQVLQ ELLSRIEMLEREVSVLRDQCNANCCQESAATGQL

SEQ II	Method .	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \text{\tex{\tex
				DYIPHCSGHGNFSFESCGCICNEGWFGKNCSEPY CPLGCSSRGVCVDGQCICDSEYSGDDCSELRCPT DCSSRGLCVDGECVCEEPYTGEDCRELRCPGDCS GKGRCANGTCLCEEGYVGEDCGQRQCLNACSG RGQCEEGLCVCEEGYQGPDCSAVAPPEDLRVAG ISDRSIELEWDGPMAVTEYVISYQPTALGGLQLQ QRVPGDWSGVTITELEPGLTYNISVYAVISNILSL PITAKVATHLSTPQGLQFKTITETTVEVQWEPFSF SFDGWEISFIPKNNEGGVIAQVPSDVTSFNQTGLK PGEEYIVNVVALKEQARSPPTSASVSTVIDGPTQI LVRDVSDTVAFVEWIPPRAKVDFILLKYGLVGGE GGRTTFRLQPPLSQYSVQALRPGSRYEVSVSAVR GTNESDSATTQFTTEIDAPKNLRVGSRTATSLDL EWDNSEAEVQEYKVVYITLAGEQYHEVLVPRGI GPTTRATLTDLVPGTEYGVGISAVMNSQQSVPAT
				MNARTELDSPRDLMVTASSETSISLIWTKASGPID HYRITFTPSSGIASEVTVPKDRTSYTLTDLEPGAE YIISVTAERGRQQSLESTVDAFTGFRPISHLHFSH VTSSSVNITWSDPSPPADRLILNYSPRDEEEMME VSLDATKRHAVLMGLQPATEYIVNLVAVHGTVT SEPIVGSITTGIDPPKDITISNVTKDSVMVSWSPPV ASFDYYRVSYRPTQVGRLDSSVVPNTVTEFTITR LNPATEYEISLNSVRGREESERICTLVHTAMDNP VDLIATNITPTEALLQWKAPVGEVENYVIVLTHF AVAGETILVDGVSEEFRLVDLLPSTHYTATMYAT NGPLTSGTISTNFSTLLDPPANLTASEVTRQSALIS WQPPRAEIENYVLTYKSTDGSRKELIVDAEDTWI RLEGLLENTDYTVLLQAAQDTTWSSITSTAFTTG GRVFPHPQDCAQHLMNGDTLSGVYPIFLNGELS QKLQVYCDMTTDGGGWIVFQRRQNGQTDFFRK WADYRVGFGNVEDEFWLGLDNIHRITSQGRYEL RVDMRDGQEAAFASYDRFSVEDSRNLYKLRIGS YNGTAGDSLSYHQGRPFSTEDRDNDVAVTNCA MSYKGAWWYKNCHRTNLNGKYGESRHSQGIN WYHWKGHEFSIPFVEMKMRPYNHRLMAGRKRQ
3175	A	2	623	SLQF RLQLPACPALSAAHPLALPSFSSQCHRAEARAAA AATAEGTMASGVTVNDEVIKVFNDMKVRKSST QEEIKKRKKAVLFCLSDDKRQIIVEEAKQILVGDI GDTVEDPYTSFVKLLPLNDCRYALYDATYETKE SKKEDLVFIFWAPESAPLKSKMIYASSKDAIKKK FTGIKHEWQVNGLDDIKDRSTLGEKLGGNVVVS LEGKPL
3176	A	99		PRGCWSSCLDAMFRLNSLSALAELAVGSRWYH GGSQPIQIRRRLMMVAFLGASAVTASTGLLWKR AHAESPPCVDNLKSDIGDKGKNKDEGDVCNHEK KTADLAPHPEEKKKKRSGFRDRKVMEYENRIRA YSTPDKIFRYFATLKVISEPGEAEVFMTPEDFVRS ITPNEKQPEHLGLDQYIIKRFDGKTEKISQEREKF ADEGSIFYTLGECGLISFSDYIFLTTVLSTPQRNFE IAFKMFDLNGDGEVDMEEFEQVQSIIRSQTSMG MRHRDRPTTGNTLKSGLCSALTTYFFGADLKGK LTIKNFLEFQRKLQHDVLKLEFERHDPVDGRITE RQFGGMLLAYSGVQSKKLTAMQRQLKKHFKEG

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				LDKVTMQQVARTVAKVELSDHVCDVVFALFDC DGNGELSNKEFVSIMKQRLMRGLEKPKDMGFTR LMQAMWKCAQETAWDFALPKQ
3177	A	182	648	LGVVGSGAAVGGRQAARGAALGRRPMAAVLG ALGATRRLLAALRGQSLGLAAMSSGTHRLTAEE RNQAILDLKAAGWSELSERDAIYKEFSFHNFNQA FGFMSRVALQAEKMNHHPEWFNVYNKVQITLTS HDCGELTKKDVKLAKFIEKAAASV
3178	A	8	612	ACGCRSFCGSTVMSLLLYYALPALGSYAMLSIFF LRRPHLLHTPRAPTFRIRLGAHRGGSGELLENTM EAMENSMAQRSDLLELDCQLTRDRVVVVSHDE NLCRQSGLNRDVGSLDFEDLPLYKEKLEVYFSPG HFAHGSDRRMVRLEDLFQRFPRTPMSVEIKGKN EELIREIAGLVRRYDRNEITIWASEKSSVMKKCK
3179	A	88	1496	QETSKMETLSFPRYNVAEIVIHIRNKILTGADGKN LTKNDLYPNPKPEVLHMIYMRALQIVYGIRLEHF YMMPVNSEVMYPHLMEGFLPFSNLVTHLDSFLPI CRVNDFETADILCPKAKRTSRFLSGIINFIHFREAC RETYMEFLWQYKSSADKMQQLNAAHQEALMK LERLDSVPVEEQEEFKQLSDGIQELQQSLNQDFH QKTIVLQEGNSQKKSNISEKTKRLNELKLSVVSL KEIQESLKTKIVDSPEKLKNYKEKMKDTVQKLK NARQEVVEKYEIYGDSVDCLPSCQLEVQLYQKK IQDLSDNREKLASILKESLNLEDQIESDESELKKL KTEENSFKRLMIVKKEKLATAQFKINKKHEDVK QYKRTVIEDCNKVQEKRGAVYERVTTINHEIQKI RLGIQQLKDAADREKLKSQEIFLNLKTALEKYHD GIEKAAEDSYAKIDEKTAELKRKMFKMST
3180	A	298	7086	GNMACWPQLRLLLWKNLTFRRRQTCQLLLEVA WPLFIFLILISVRLSYPPYEQHECHFPNKAMPSAG TLPWVQGIICNANNPCFRYPTPGEAPGVVGNFNK SIVARLFSDARRLLLYSQKDTSMKDMRKVLRTL QQIKKSSSNLKLQDFLVDNETFSGFLYHNLSLPK STVDKMLRADVILHKVFLQGYQLHLTSLCNGSK SEEMIQLGDQEVSELCGLPREKLAAAERVLRSN MDILKPILRTLNSTSPFPSKELAEATKTLLHSLGT LAQELFSMRSWSDMRQEVMFLTNVNSSSSSTQI YQAVSRIVCGHPEGGGLKIKSLNWYEDNNYKAL FGGNGTEEDAETFYDNSTTPYCNDLMKNLESSPL SRIIWKALKPLLVGKILYTPDTPATRQVMAEVNK TFQELAVFHDLEGMWEELSPKIWTFMENSQEMD LVRMLLDSRDNDHFWEQQLDGLDWTAQDIVAF LAKHPEDVQSSNGSVYTWREAFNETNQAIRTISR FMECVNLNKLEPIATEVWLINKSMELLDERKFW AGIVFTGITPGSIELPHHVKYKIRMGIDNVERTNK IKDGYWDPGPRADPFEDMRYVWGGFAYLQDVV EQAIIRVLTGTEKKTGVYMQQMPYPCYVDDIFLR VMSRSMPLFMTLAWIYSVAVIIKGIVYEKEARLK ETMRIMGLDNSILWFSWFISSLIPLLVSAGLLVVI LKLGNLLPYSDPSVVFVFLSVFAVVTILQCFLIST LFSRANLAAACGGIIYFTLYLPYVLCVAWQDYV GFTLKIFASLLSPVAFGFGCEYFALFEEQGIGVQW DNLFESPVEEDGFNLTTSVSMMLFDTFLYGVMT WYIEAVFPGQYGIPRPWYFPCTKSYWFGEESDEK SHPGSNQKRISEICMEEEPTHLKLGVSIQNLVKVY

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
	·	sequence		RDGMKVAVDGLALNFYEGQITSFLGHNGAGKTT TMSILTGLFPPTSGTAYILGKDIRSEMSTIRQNLG VCPQHNVLFDMLTVEEHIWFYARLKGLSEKHVK AEMEQMALDVGLPSSKLKSKTSQLSGGMQRKLS VALAFVGGSKVVILDEPTAGVDPYSRRGIWELLL KYRQGRTIILSTHHMDEADVLGDRIAIISHGKLCC VGSSLFLKNQLGTGYYLTLVKKDVESSLSSCRNS
				SSTVSYLKKEDSVSQSSSDAGLGSDHESDTLTID VSAISNLIRKHVSEARLVEDIGHELTYVLPYEAA KEGAFVELFHEIDDRLSDLGISSYGISETTLEEIFL KVAEESGVDAETSDGTLPARRNRAFGDKQSCL RPFTEDDAADPNDSDIDPESRETDLLSGMDGKGS YQVKGWKLTQQQFVALLWKRLLIARRSRKGFF AQIVLPAVFVCIALVFSLIVPPFGKYPSLELQPWM YNEQYTFVSNDAPEDTGTLELLNALTKDPGFGT
				RCMEGNPIPDTPCQAGEEEWTTAPVPQTIMDLFQ NGNWTMQNPSPACQCSSDKIKKMLPVCPPGAGG LPPPQRKQNTADILQDLTGRNISDYLVKTYVQIIA KSLKNKIWVNEFRYGGFSLGVSNTQALPPSQEV NDATKQMKKHLKLAKDSSADRFLNSLGRFMTG LDTRNNVKVWFNNKGWHAISSFLNVINNAILRA NLQKGENPSHYGITAFNHPLNLTKQQLSEVAPM
	·			TTSVDVLVSICVIFAMSFVPASFVVFLIQERVSKA KHLQFISGVKPVIYWLSNFVWDMCNYVVPATLV IIIFICFQQKSYVSSTNLPVLALLLLLYGWSITPLM YPASFVFKIPSTAYVVLTSVNLFIGINGSVATFVL ELFTDNKLNNINDILKSVFLIFPHFCLGRGLIDMV KNQAMADALERFGENRFVSPLSWDLVGRNLFA MAVEGVVFFLITVLIQYRFFIRPRPVNAKLSPLND EDEDVRRERQRILDGGGQNDILEIKELTKIYRRK
				RKPAVDRICVGIPPGECFGLLGVNGAGKSSTFKM LTGDTTVTRGDAFLNRNSILSNIHEVHQNMGYCP QFDAITELLTGREHVEFFALLRGVPEKEVGKVGE WAIRKLGLVKYGEKYAGNYSGGNKRKLSTAMA LIGGPPVVFLDEPTTGMDPKARRFLWNCALSVV KEGRSVVLTSHSMEECEALCTRMAIMVNGRFRC
				LGSVQHLKNRFGDGYTIVVRIAGSNPDLKPVQDF FGLAFPGSVPKEKHRNMLQYQLPSSLSSLARIFSI LSQSKKRLHIEDYSVSQTTLDQVFVNFAKDQSDD DHLKDLSLHKNQTVVDVAVLTSFLQDEKVKESY V
3181	A	215	1367	PPATSQAALPEALSKGRETPRPATHPARSQDVRP LSCPFDFLRDNVEWSEEQAAAAERKVQENSIQR VCQEKQVDYEINAHKYWNDFYKIHENGFFKDR HWLFTEFPELAPSQNQNHLKDWFLENKSEVPEC RNNEDGPGLIMEEQHKCSSKSLEHKTQTPPVEEN VTQKISDLEICADEFPGSSATYRILEVGCGVGNTV FPILQTNNDPGLFVYCCDFSSTAIELVQTNSEYDP SRCFAFVHDLCDEEKSYPVPKGSLDIIILIFVLSAI VPDKMQKAINRLSRLLKPGGMVLLRDYGRYDM
3182	A :	3	1289	AQLRFKKGQCLSGNFYVRGDGTRVYFFTQEELD TLFTTAGLEKVQNLVDRRLQVNRGKQLTMYRV WIQCKYCKPLLSSTS GSETQHLPRDPQHLPWDPQQHQDRRRPELFHAF ARDSAPPPSMVLAAETTSQQERLQAIAEKRKRQ

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				AEIENKRRQLEDERRQLQHLKSKALRERWLLEG TPSSASEGDEDLRRQMQDDEQKTRLLEDSVSRLE KGIEVLERGDSAPAAAKENAAAPSPVRAPAPSPA KEERKTEVVMNSQQTPVGTPKDKRVSNTPLRTV DGSPMMKAAMYSVEITVEKDKVTGETRVLSSTT LLPRQPLPLGIKVYEDETKVVHAVDGTAENGIHP LSSSEVDELIHKADEVTLSEAGSTAGAAETRGAV EGAARTTPSRREITGVQAQPGEATSGPPGIQPGQE PPVTMIFMGYQNVEDEAETKKVLGLQDTITAEL VVIEDAAEPKEPAPPNGSAAEPPTEAASREENQA GPEATTSDPQDLDMKKHRCKCCSIM
3183	A	333	1931	IAPTGGSHSEIQKQLGSGGDSSSQRRAERRTEPRS APRPRWGRSARSPGAHKLPGPPRRDPGAWARL EAAAAHRHSRGSMGRRMRGAAATAGLWLLAL GSLLALWGGLLPPRTELPASRPPEDRLPRRPARS GGPAPAPRFPLPPPLAWDARGGSLKTFRALLTLA AGADGPPRQSRSEPRWHVSARQPRPEESAAVHG GVFWSRGLEEQVPPGFSEAQAAAWLEAARGAR MVALERGGCGRSSNRLARFADGTRACVRYGINP EQIQGEALSYYLARLLGLQRHVPPLALARVEAR GAQWAQVQEELRAAHWTEGSVVSLTRWLPNLT DVVVPAPWRSEDGRLRPLRDAGGELANLSQAEL VDLVQWTDLILFDYLTANFDRLVSNLFSLQWDP RVMQRATSNLHRGPGGALVFLDNEAGLVHGYR VAGMWDKYNEPLLQSVCVFRERTARRVLELHR GQDAAARLLRLYRRHEPRFPELAALADPHAQLL QRRLDFLAKHILHCKAKYGRRSGDLVSPGGKER DLGLGYG
3184	A	1	1004	GSTHASADAWAQWFCTEALVMGAPVWYLVAA ALLVGFILFLTRSRGRAASAGQEPLHNEELAGAG RVAQPGPLEPEEPRAGGRPRRRDLGSRLQAQR RAQRVAWAEADENEEEAVILAQEEEGVEKPAET HLSGKIGAKKLRKLEEKQARKAQREAEEAEREE RKRLESQREAEWKKEEERLRLEEEQKEEEERKA REEQAQREHEEYLKLKEAFVVEEEGVGETMTEE QSQSFLTEFINYIKQSKVVLLEDLASQVGLRTQD TINRIQDLLAEGTITGVIDDRGKFIYITPEELAAVA NFIRQRGRVSIAELAQASNSLIAWGRESPAQAPA
3185	A	2981	7173	CLLAGKFSSTLYETGGCDMSLVNFEPAARRASNI CDTDSHVSSSTSVRFYPHDVLSLPQIRLNRLLTID TDLLEQQDIDLSPDLAATYGPTEEAAQKVKHYY RFWILPQLWIGINFDRLTLLALFDRNREILENVLA VILAILVAFLGSILLIQGFFRDIWVFQFCLVIASCQ YSLLKSVQPDSSSPRHGHNRIIAYSRPVYFCICCG LIWLLDYGSRNLTATKFKLYGITFTNPLVFISARD LVIVFTLCFPIVFFIGLLPQVNTFVMYLCEQLDIHI FGGNATTSLLAALYSFICSIVAVALLYGLCYGAL KDSWDGQHIPVLFSIFCGLLVAVSYHLSRQSSDP SVLFSLVQSKIFPKTEEKNPEDPLSEVKDPLPEKL RNSVSERLQSDLVVCIVIGVLYFAIHVSTVFTVLQ PALKYVLYTLVGFVGFVTHYVLPQVRKQLPWH CFSHPLLKTLEYNQYEVRNAATMMWFEKLHVW LLFVEKNIIYPLIVLNELSSSAETIASPKKLNTELG ALMITVAGLKLLRSSFSSPTYQYVTVIFTVLFFKF DYEAFSETMLLDLFFMSILFNKLWELLYKLQFVY

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:		beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine.
		nucleotide location	location corresponding	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
		corresponding	to last amino	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino	acid residue of	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion.
		acid residue of peptide	peptide sequence	\=possible nucleotide insertion
	Ì	sequence	sequence	
				TYIAPWQITWGSAFHAFAQPFAVPHSAMLFIQAA
			1	VSAFFSTPLNPFLGSAIFITSYVRPVKFWERDYNT
				KRVDHSNTRLASQLDRNPGTYCQQREVEAITEG
1				VEEDEGFCCCEPGHIPHMLSFNAAFSQRWLAWE
				VIVTKYILEGYSITDNSAASMLQVFDLRKVLTTY
				YVKGIIYYVTTSSKLEEWLANETMQEGLRLCAD
	1	1		RNYVDVDPTFNPNIDEDYDHRLAGISRESFCVIY
				LNWIEYCSSRRAKPVDVDKDSSLVTLCYGLCVL
				GRRALGTASHHMSSNLESFLYGLHALFKGDFRIS
				SIRDEWIFADMELLRKVVVPGIRMSIKLHQDHFT
		·		SPDEYDDPTVLYEAIVSHEKNLVIAHEGDPAWRS
				AVLANSPSLLALRHVMDDGTNEYKIIMLNRRYL SFRVIKVNKECVRGLWAGQQQELVFLRNRNPER
' ,				GSIQNAKQALRNMINSSCDQPIGYPIFVSPLTTSY
				SDSHEQLKDILGGPISLGNIRNFIVSTWHRLRKGC
				GAGCNSGGNIEDSDTGGGTSCTGNNATTANNPH
				SNVTQGSIGNPGQGSGTGLHPPVTSYPPTLGTSHS
				SHSVQSGLVRQSPARASVASQSSYCYSSRHSSLR
				MSTTGFVPCRRSSTSQISLRNLPSSIQSRLSMVNQ
				MEPSGQSGLACVQHGLPSSSSSSQSIPACKHHTL
				VGFLATEGGQSSATDAQPGNTLSPANNSHSRKA
				EVIYRVQIVDPSQILEGINLSKRKELQWPDEGIRL
				KAGRNSWKDWSPQEGMEGHVIHRWVPCSRDPG
3186	A	3	170	TRSHIDKAVLLVQIDDKYVTVIETGVLELGAEV
3100	Α	3	470	SLSAMRFLAATFLLLALSTAAQAEPVQFKDCGSV
				DGVIKEVNVSPCPTQPCQLSKGQSYSVNVTFTSN IQSKSSKAVVHGILMGVPVPFPIPEPDGCKSGINC
			·	PIQKDKTYSYLNKLPVKSEYPSIKLVVEWQLQDD
			i	KNQSLFCWEIPVQIVSHL
3187	A	3	470	SLSAMRFLAATFLLLALSTAAQAEPVQFKDCGSV
				DGVIKEVNVSPCPTQPCQLSKGQSYSVNVTFTSN
				IQSKSSKAVVHGILMGVPVPFPIPEPDGCKSGINC
				PIQKDKTYSYLNKLPVKSEYPSIKLVVEWQLQDD
				KNQSLFCWEIPVQIVSHL
3188	Α	2	3483	PRVRTKLILLVNDKKRYERVGGGPKRLGRDVEM
				EEMIEQLQEKVHELEKQNDTLKNRLISAKQQLQT
				QGYRQTPYNNVQSRINTGRRKANENAGLQECPR
				KGIKFQDADVAETPHPMFTKYGNSLLEEARGEIR
			Ì	NLENVIQSQRGQIEELEHLAEILKTQLRRKENEIE
ĺ				LSLLQLREQQATDQRSNIRDNVEMIKLHKQLVE KSNALSAMEGKFIQLQEKQRTLKISHDALMANG
			İ	DELNMQLKEQRLKCCSLEKQLHSMKFSERRIEEL
- 1		1	1	QDRINDLEKERELLKENYDKLYDSAFSAAHEEQ
]				WKLKEQQLKVQIAQLETALKSDLTDKTEILDRL
1			ĺ	KTERDQNEKLVQENRELQLQYLEQKQQLDELKK
				RIKLYNQENDINADELSEALLLIKAQKEQKNGDL
		į		SFLVKVDSEINKDLERSMRELQATHAETVQELEK
ļ	l	{		TRNMLIMQHKINKDYQMEVEAVTRKMENLQQD
1			-	YELKVEQYVHLLDIRAARIHKLEAQLKDIAYGTK
,				QYKFKPEIMPDDSVDEFDETIHLERGENLFEIHIN
ł			.	KVTFSSEVLQASGDKEPVTFCTYAFYDFELQTTP
	i			VVRGLHPEYNFTSQYLVHVNDLFLQYIQKNTITL
ľ				EVHQAYSTEYETIAACQLKFHEILEKSGRIFCTAS
				LIGTKGDIPNFGTVEYWFRLRVPMDQAIRLYRER
				AKALGYITSNFKGPEHMQSLSQQAPKTAQLSSTD

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				STDGNLNELHITIRCCNHLQSRASHLQPHPYVVY KFFDFADHDTAIIPSSNDPQFDDHMYFPVPMNM DLDRYLKSESLSFYVFDDSDTQENIYIGKVNVPLI SLAHDRCISGIFELTDHQKHPAGTIHVILKWKFA YLPPSGSITTEDLGNFIRSEEPEVVQRLPPASSVST LVLAPRPKPRQRLTPVDKKVSFVDIMPHQSDVSQ EGSVDEVKENTEKMQQGKDDVSLLSEGQLAEQS LASSEDETEITEDLEPEVEEDMSASDSDDCIIPGPI SKNIKQPSEKIRIEIIALSLNDSQVTMDDTIQRLFV ECRFYSLPAEETPVSLPKPKSGQWVYYNYSNVIY VDKENNKAKRDILKAILQKQEMPNRSLRFTVVS DPPEDEQDLECEDIGVAHVDLADMFQEGRDLIE QNIDVFDARADGEGIGKLRVTVEALHALQSVYK OYRDDLEA
3189	A	476	1175	MKGSGWHLRSGMVGTLITTILPHWRRTAHVGTN ILTAVSYLKGLWMECVWHSTGIYQCQIYRSLLA LPQDLQAARALMGISCLLSGIACACAVIGMKCTR CAKGTPAKTTFAILGGTLFILAGLLCMGAVSWTT NDVVQNFYNPLLPSGMKFEIGQALYLGFISSSLSL IGGTLLCLSCQDEAPYRPYQAPPRATTTTANTAP AYQPPAAYKDNRAPSVTSATHSGYRLNDYV
3190	A	267	1037	DRMAWQGLVLAACLLMFPSTTADCLSRCSLCA VKTQDGPKPINPLICSLQCQAALLPSEEWERCQSF LSFFTPSTLGLNDKEDLGSKSVGEGPYSELAKLS GSFLKELEKSKFLPSISTKENTLSKSLEEKLRGLS DGFREGAESELMRDAQLNDGAMETGTLYLAEE DPKEQVKRYGGFLRKYPKRSSEVAGEGDGDSM GHEDLYKRYGGFLRRIRPKLKWDNQKRYGGFLR RQFKVVTRSQEDPNAYSGELFDA
3191	A	29	574	GTSAGAQTKGALCQLKVPTEKLPSPLPTMADEID FTTGDAGASSTYPMQCSALRKNGFVVLKGRPCK IVEMSTSKTGKHGHAKVHLVGIDIFTGKKYEDIC PSTHNMDVPNIKRNDYQLICIQDGYLSLLTETGE VREDLKLPEGELGKEIEGKYNAGEDVQVSVMCA MSEEYAVAIKPCK
3192	A -	105	1661	KVSADGMQSCESSGDSADDPLSRGLRRRGQPRV VVIGAGLAGLAAAKALLEQGFTDVTVLEASSHIG GRVQSVKLGHATFELGATWIHGSHGNPIYHLTE ANGLLEETTDGERSVGRISLYSKNGVACYLTNH GRRIPKDVVEEFSDLYNEVYNLTQEFFRHDKPVN AESQNSVGVFTREEVRNRIRNDPDDPEATKRLKL AMIQQYLKVESCESSSHSMDEVSLSAFGEWTEIP GAHHIIPSGFMRVVELLAEGIPAHVIQLGKPVRCI HWDQASARPRGPEIEPRGEGDHNHDTGEGGQGG EEPRGGRWDEDEQWSVVVECEDCELIPADHVIV TVSLGVLKRQYTSFFRPGLPTEKVAAIHRLGIGTT DKIFLEFEEPFWGPECNSLQFVWEDEAESHTLTY PPELWYRKICGFDVLYPPERYGHVLSGWICGEEA LVMEKCDDEAVAEICTEMLRQFTGNPNIPKPRRI LRSAWGSNPYFRGSYSYTQVGSSGADVEKLAKP LPYTESSKTATK
3193	A	1	1928	QLGTRRCLRGDKVTNAMQDFLVTNLEPRFIEPQT ANLSVVFKDSNSTTPLIFVLSPGTDPAADLYKFA EEMKFSKKLSAISLGQGQGPRAEAMMRSSIERGK WVFFQNCHLAPSWMPALERLIEHINPDKVHRDF

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				RLWLTSLPSNKFPVSILQNGSKMTIEPPRGVRAN LLKSYSSLGEDFLNSCHKVMEFKSLLLSLCLFHG NALERRKFGPLGFNIPYEFTDGDLRICISQLKMFL DEYDDIPYKVLKYTAGEINYGGRVTDDWDRRCI MNILEDFYNPDVLSPEHSYSASGIYHQIPPTYDLH GYLSYIKSLPLNDMPEIFGLHDNANITFAQNETFA LLGTIIQLQPKSSSAGSQGREEIVEDVTQNILLKVP EPINLQWVMAKYPVLYEESMNTVLVQEVIRYNR LLQVITQTLQDLLKALKGLVVMSSQLELMAASL YNNTVPELWSAKAYPSLKPLSSWVMDLLQRLDF LQAWIQDGIPAVFWISGFFFPQAFLTGTLQNFAR KFVISIDTISFDFKVMFEAPSELTQRPQVGCYIHG LFLEGARWDPEAFQLAESQPKELYTEMAVIWLL PTPNRKAQDQDFYLCPIYKTLTRAGTLSTTGHST NYVIAVEIPTHQPQRHWIKRGVALICALDY
3194	A	1	1023	DGWTPVHAAVDTGNVDSLKLLMYHRIPAHGNS FNEESESSVFDLDGGEESPEGISKPVVPADLINH ANREGWTAAHIAASKGFKNCLEILCRHGGLEPE RRDKCNRTVHDVATDDCKHLLENLNALKIPLRIS VGEIEPSNYGSDDLECENTICALNIRKQTSWDDFS KAVSQALTNHFQAISSDGWWSLEDVTCNNTTDS NIGLSARSIRSITLGNVPWSVGQSFAQSPWDFMR KNKAEHITVLLSGPQEGCLSSVTYASMIPLQMM QNYLRLVEQYHNVIFHGPEGSLQDYIVHQLALCL KHRQMGWQDSPVEIVEELEVGCWFFPREQLLRT CSLVA
3195	A	1	1809	MAASAQVSVTFEDVAVTFTQEEWGQLDAAQRT LYQEVMLETCGLLMSLGCPLFKPELIYQLDHRQE LWMATKDLSQSSYPGDNTKPKTTEPTFSHLALPE EVLLQEQLTQGASKNSQLGQSKDQDGPSEMQEV HLKIGIGPQRGKLLEKMSSERDGLGSDDGVCTKI TQKQVSTEGDLYECDSHGPVTDALIREEKNSYK CEECGKVFKKNALLVQHERIHTQVKPYECTECG KTFSKSTHLLQHLIIHTGEKPYKCMECGKAFNRR SHLTRHQRIHSGEKPYKCSECGKAFTHRSTFVLH HRSHTGEKPFVCKECGKAFRDRPGFIRHYIIHTGE KPYECIECIECGKAFNRRSYLTWHQQIHTGVKPF ECNECGKAFCESADLIQHYIIHTGEKPYKCMECG KAFNRRSHLKQHQRIHTGEKPYECSECGKAFTH CSTFVLHKRTHTGEKPYECKECGKAFSDRADLIR HFSIHTGEKPYECVECGKAFNRSSHLTRHQQIHT GEKPYECIQCGKAFCRSANLIRHSIIHTGEKPYEC SECGKAFNRGSSLTHHQRIHTGRNPTIVTDVGRP
3196	A	,		FMTAQTSVNIQELLLGKEFLNITTEENLW VGFWERPLRSSRWFRRSLRRWEMLARAARGTG ALLLRGSLLASGRAPRRASSGLPRNTVVLFVPQQ EAWVVERMGRFHRILEPGLNILIPVLDRIRYVQSL KEIVINVPEQSAVTLDNVTLQIDGVLYLRIMDPY KASYGVEDPEYAVTQLAQTTMRSELGKLSLDKV FRERESLNASIVDAINQAADCWGIRCLRYEIKDIH VPPRVKESMQMQVEAERRKRATVLESEGTRESA INVAEGKKQAQILASEAEKAEQINQAAGEASAVL AKAKAKAEAIRILAAALTQHNGDAAASLTVAEQ YVSAFSKLAKDSNTILLPSNPGDVTSMVAQAMG VYGALTKAPVPGTPDSLSSGSSRDVQGTDASLDE

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				ELDRVKMS
3197	A	66	3632	LWECAAAAAGQRDGGVTLFLKGRVLGRRCAAS LFAREVCVSTSSSRPACFLHCARARGEQMHQMA SGVGSMKRSPRKMWRPGEKKEPQGVVYEDVRD DTEDFKEPLKVVFEGSAYGLQNFNKQKKLKTCD DMDTFFLHYAAAEGQIELMEKITRDSSLEVLHE MDDYGNTPLHCAVEKNQIESVKFLLSRGANPNL RNFNMMAPLHIAVQGMNNEVMKVLLEHRTIDV NLEGENGNTAVIIACTTNNSEALQILLNKGAKPC KSNKWGCFPIHQAAFSGSKECMEIILRFGEEHGY SRQLHINFMNNGKATPLHLAVQNGDLEMIKMCL DNGAQIDPVEKGRCTAIHFAATQGATEIVKLMIS SYSGSVDIVNTTDGCHETMLHRASLFDHHELAD YLISVGADINKIDSEGRSPLILATASASWNIVNLL LSKGAQVDIKDNFGRNFLHLTVQQPYGLKNLRP EFMQMQQIKELVMDEDNDGCTPLHYACRQGGP GSVNNLLGFNVSIHSKSKDKKSPLHFAASYGRIN TCQRLLQDISDTRLLNEGDLHGMTPLHLAAKNG HDKVVQLLLKKGALFLSDHNGWTALHHASMGG YTQTMKVILDTNLKCTDRLDEDGNTALHFAARE GHAKAVALLLSHNADIVLNKQQASFLHLALHNK RKEVVLTIIRSKRWDECLKIFSHNSPGNKCPITEM IEYLPECMKVLLDFCMLHSTEDKSCRDYYIEYNF KYLQCPLEFTKKTPTQDVIYEPLTALNAMVQNN RIELLNHPVCKEYLLMKWLAYGFRAHMMNLGS YCLGLIPMTILVVNIKPGMAFNSTGINETSDHSEI LDTTNSYLIKTCMILVFLSSIFGYCKEAGQIFQQK RNYFMDISNVLEWIIYTTGIIFVLPLFVEIPAHLQ WQCGAIAVYFYWMNFLLYLQRFENCGIFIVMLE VILKTLLRSTVVFIFLLLAFGLSFYILLNLQDPFSS PLLSIIQTFSMMLGDINYRESFLEPYLRNELAHPV LSFAQLVSFTIFVPIVLMNLLIGLAVGDIAEVQKH
				ASLKRIAMQVELHTSLEKKLPLWFLRKVDQKSTI VYPNKPRSGGMLFHIFCFLFCTGEIRQEIPNADKS LEMEILKQKYRLKDLTFLLEKQHELIKLIIQKMEII SETEDDDSHCSFQDRFKKEQMEQRNSRWNTVLR AVKAKTHHLEP
3198	A	51	2177	KEKSLHHVDQRPPLWHPGRPGTSQSAAMNASSE GESFAGSVQIPGGTTVLVELTPDIHICGICKQQFN NLDAFVAHKQSGCQLTGTSAAAPSTVQFVSEET VPATQTQTTTRTITSETQTITVSAPEFVFEHGYQT YLPTESNENQTATVISLPAKSRTKKPTTPPAQKRL NCCYPGCQFKTAYGMKDMERHLKIHTGDKPHK CEVCGKCFSRKDKLKTHMRCHTGVKPYKCKTC DYAAADSSSLNKHLRIHSDERPFKCQICPYASRN SSQLTVHLRSHTGDAPFQCWLCSAKFKISSDLKR HMRVHSGEKPFKCEFCNVRCTMKGNLKSHIRIK HSGNNFKCPHCAFLGDSKATLRKHSRVHQSEHR EKCSECSYSCSSKAALRIHERIHCTVRPFKCNYCS FDSKQPSNLSKHMKKFHGDMVKTEALERKDTG RQSSRQVAKLDAKKSFHCDICDASFMREDSLRS HKRQHSEYNESKNSDVTVLQFQIDPSKQPATPLT
				VGHLQVPLQPSQVPQFSEGRVKJIVGHQVPQANT IVQAAAAAVNIVPPALVAQNPEELPGNSRLQILR QVSLIAPPQSSRCPSEAGAMTQPAVLLTTHEQTD

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				GATLHQTLIPTASGGPQEGSGNQTFITSSGITCTD FEGLNALIQEGTAEVTVVSDGGQNIAVATTAPPV
3199	A	13	2247	PSSSSQQELPKQTYSIIQGAAHPALLCPADSIPD QSFHSMEGDPSGLPLLARGASCYSLICPCPRPAD WSILQGTDWSILQSADWCIYNPLARHRALTGVFL QSADWCTYNPLARQKSSPSPHSTQEVQLASPLTR RPNKKDSAERNHRPAREGSVAQRQPNPAALEKA EPAARKRNEREGGGSQEPGREHSLEKGYWAPGL GPDPSMCSKQVDPSEGASSHLKHRGGSRAAHLE VRRLLRRLVGALVAEAGFCYVQVAEGQRVVGV LEVAEAAAAPVQHEPTAAVATQSRWFPRGTRPG LCSLPIAVAALLCPGSGPGAQSGLEFVERPPPSPL AVVLARWPLPPPAGRCPRDAPEARVPEKARAEG SERENNYGCGVVGGEMTTLVLDNGAYNAKIGY SHENVSVIPNCQFRSKTARLKTFTANQIDEIKDPS GLFYILPFQKGYLVNWDVQRQVWDYLFGKEMY QVDFLDTNIIITEPYFNFTSIQESMNEILFEEYQFQ AVLRVNAGALSAHRYFRDNPSELCCIIVDSGYSF THIVPYCRSKKKKEAIIRINVGGKLLTNHLKEIISY
<del>-</del> -				RQLHVMDETHVINQVKEDVCYVSQDFYRDMDI AKLKGEENTVMIDYVLPDFSTIKKGFCKPREEMV LSGKYKSGEQILRLANERFAVPEILFNPSDIGIQE MGIPEAIVYSIQNLPEEMQPHFFKNIVLTGGNSLF PGFRDRVYSEVRCLTPTDYDVSVVLPENPITYAW EGGKLISENDDFEDMVVTREDYEENGHSVCEEK FDI
3200	A	3	307	AVQRIRHEMNIFRLTGDLSHLAAIVILLLKIWKTR SCAGISGKSQLLFALVFTTRYLDLFTSFISLYNTS MKVWYAIHRNVFHLQCTGLWTLNLCQLCIFN
3201	A	1	469	IRHEGRGQRGKMELVQVLKRGLQQITGHGGLRG YLRVFFRTNDAKVGTLVGEDKYGNKYYEDNKQ FFGRHRWVVYTTEMNGKNTFWDVDGSMVPPE WHRWLHSMTDDPPTTKPLTARKFIWTNHKFNVT GTPEQYVPYSTTRKKIQEWIPPSTPYK
3202	A	144	840	NSSQRIMATHALEIAGLFLGGVGMVGTVAVTVM PQWRVSAFIENNIVVFENFWEGLWMNCVRQANI RMQCKIYDSLLALSPDLQAARGLMCAASVMSFL AFMMAILGMKCTRCTGDNEKVKAHILLTAGIIFII TGMVVLIPVSWVANAIIRDFYNSIVNVAQKRELG EALYLGWTTALVLIVGGALFCCVFCCNEKSSSYR YSIPSHRTTQKSYHTGKKSPSVYSRSQYV
3203	A	2	473	KYRYRRPYPVMRKICQVGPAGLAFILNISPVAHR VALCHLAGCQEQAAWYHTLQILFFLVSAYFFSCP VPEKYFPGSCDIVGHGHQIFHAFLSICTLSQLEAIL LDYQGRQEIFLQRHGPLSVHMACLSFFFLAACSA ATAALLRHKVKARLTKKDS
3204	A	1808	668	PESAPLPAFISSRILPAAWRNWCSYVVTRTISCHV QNGTYLQRVLQNCPWPMSCPGSSYRTVVRPTYK VMYKIVTAREWRCCPGHSRVSCEEVAGSSASLE PMWSGSTMRRMALRPTAFSGCLNCSKVSELTER LKVLEAKMTMLTVIEQPVPPTPATPEDPAPLWGP PPAQGSPGDGGLQDQVGAWGLPGPTGPKGDAG SRGPMGMRGPPGDPLLSNTFTETNNHWPQGPTG PPGPPGPMGPPGPPGPTGVPGSPGHIGPPGPTGPK GISGHPGEKGERGLRGEPGPQGSAGQRGEPGPKG

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				DPGEKSHWGEGLHQLREALKILAERVLILETMIG LYEPELGSGAGPAGTGTPSLLRGKRGGHATNYRI VAPRSRDERG
3205	A	2810	1652	RTSTQKWQSVFNDSQEHLERFYCNPENDRMRM KYGGQEFWADLNAMNVYETTEFDQLRRLSTPPS SNVNSIYHTVWKFFCRDHFGWREYPESVIRLIEE ANSRGLKEVRFMMWNNHYILHNSFFRREIKRRP LFRSCFILLPYLQTLGGVPTQAPPPLEATSSSQIICP DGVTSANFYPETWVYMHPSQDFIQVPVSAEDKS YRIIYNLFHKTVPEFKYRILQILRVQNQFLWEKY KRKKEYMNRKMFGRDRIINERHLFHGTSQDVVD GICKHNFDPRVCGKHATMFGQGSYFAKKASYSH NFSKKSSKGVHFMFLAKVLTGRYTMGSHGMRR PPPVNPGSVTSDLYDSCVDNFFEPQIFVIFNDDQS YPYFVIQYEEVSNTVSI
3206	A	297	4500	CLVDSKLWKGARSVYHQLFMSSLLMDLKYKKL FAVRFAKNYERLQSDYVTDDHDREFSVADLSVQ
·				IFTVPSLARMLITEENLMSIIIKTFMDHLRHRDAQ GRFQFERYTALQAFKFRRVQSLILDLKYVLISKPT EWSDELRQKFLEGFDAFLELLKCMQGMDPITRQ VGQHEMEPEWEAAFTLQMKLTHVISMMQDWC ASDEKVLIEAYKKCLAVLMQCHGGYTDGEQPIT LSICGHSVETIRYCVSQEKVSIHLPVSRLLAGLHV LLSKSEVAYKFPELLPLSELSPPMLIEHPLRCLVL CAQVHAGMWRRNGFSLVNQIYYYHNVKCRRE MFDKDVVMLQTGVSMMDPNHFLMIMLSRFELY QIFSTPDYGKRFSSEITHKDVVQQNNTLIEEMLYL IIMLVGERFSPGVGQVNATDEIKREIHQLSIKPM AHSELVKSLPEDENKETGMESVIEAVAHFKKPGL TGRGMYELKPECAKEFNLYFYHFSRAEQSKAEE AQRKLKRQNREDTALPPPVLPPFCPLFASLVNILQ SDVMLCIMGTILQWAVEHNGYAWSESMLQRVL HLIGMALQEEKQHLENVTEEHVVTFTFTQKISKP GEAPKNSPSILAMLETLQNAPYLEVHKDMIRWIL KTFNAVKKMRESSPTSPVAETEGTIMEESSRDKD
				KAERKRKAEIARLRREKIMAQMSEMQRHFIDEN KELFQQTLELDASTSAVLDHSPVASDMTLTALGP AQTQVPEQRQFVTCILCQEEQEVKVESRAMVLA AFVQRSTVLSKNRSKFIQDPEKYDPLFMHPDLSC GTHTSSCGHIMHAHCWQRYFDSVQAKEQRRQQ RLRLHTSYDVENGEFLCPLCECLSNTVIPLLLPPR NIFNNRLNFSDQPNLTQWIRTISQQIKALQFLRKE ESTPNNASTKNSENVDELQLPEGFRPDFRPKIPYS ESIKEMLTTFGTATYKVGLKVHPNEEDPRVPIMC WGSCAYTIQSIERILSDEDKPLFGPLPCRLDDCLR SLTRFAAAHWTVASVSVVQGHFCKPFASLVPND
				SHELPCILDIDMFHLLVGLVLAFPALQCQDFSGI SLGTGDLHIFHLVTMAHIIQILLTSCTEENGMDQE NPPCEESAVLALYKTLHQYTGSALKEIPSGWHL WRSVRAGIMPFLKCSALFFHYLNGVPSPPDIQVP GTSHFEHLCSYLSLPNNLICLFQENSEIMNSLIES WCRNSEVKRYLEGERDAIRYPRESNKLINLPEDY SSLINQASNFSCPKSGGDKSRAPTLCLVCGSLLCS QSYCCQTELEGEDVGACTAHTYSCGSGVGIFLR VRECQVLFLAGKTKGCFYSPPYLDDYGETDQGL

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	ł		ļ	RRGNPLHLCKERFKKIQKLWHQHSVTEEIGHAQ EANQTLVGIDWQHL
3207	A	49	963	QLSPSQAPAGAQEVARRVTVGSASHGGRRSTMA TTVSTQRGPVYIGELPQDFLRITPTQQQRQVQLD AQAAQQLQYGGAVGTVGRLNITVVQAKLAKNY GMTRMDPYCRLRLGYAVYETPTAHNGAKNPRW NKVIHCTVPPGVDSFYLEIFDERAFSMDDRIAWT HITIPESLRQGKVEDKWYSLSGRQGDDKEGMINL VMSYALLPAAMVMPPQPVVLMPTVYQQGVGY VPITGMPAVCSPGMVPVALPPAAVNAQPRCSEE DLKAIQDMFPNMDQEVIRSVLEAQRGNKDAAIN SLLQMGEEP
3208		54	1196	LERTPASADMAWTKYQLFLAGLMLVTGSINTLS AKWADNFMAEGCGGSKEHSFQHPFLQAVGMFL GEFSCLAAFYLLRCRAAGQSDSSVDPQQPFNPLL FLPPALCDMTGTSLMYVALNMTSASSFQMLRGA VIIFTGLFSVAFLGRRLVLSQWLGILATIAGLVVV GLADLLSKHDSQHKLSEVITGDLLIIMAQIIVAIQ MVLEEKFVYKHNVHPLRAVGTEGLFGFVILSLLL VPMYYIPAGSFSGNPRGTLEDALDAFCQVGQQP LIAVALLGNISSIAFFNFAGISVTKELSATTRMVL DSLRTVVIWALSLALGWEAFHALQILGFLILLIGT ALYNGLHRPLLGRLSRGRPLAEESEQERLLGGTR
3209	A	104	1999	AKVVSLKEFSCFWRREKPVSSLSSLQVKAEASW DSAVHGCPQLSRGTPVDERLFLIVRVTVQLSHPA DMQLVLRKRICVNVHGRQGFAQSLLKKMSHRSS IPGCGVTFEIVSNIPEDAQGVEEREALARMAANV ENPASADSEAYIEKYLRSVLAVENLLTLDRLRQE VAVKEQLTGKGKLSRRSISSPNVNRLSGSRQDLIP SYSLGSNKGRWESQQDVSQTTVSRGIAPAPALSV SPQNNHSPDPGLSNLAASYLNPVKSFVPQMPKLL KSLFPVRDEKRGKRPSPLAHQPVPRIMVQSASPDI RVTRMEEAQPEMGPDVLVQTMGAPALKICDKP AKVPSPPPVIAVTAVTPAPEAQDGPPSPLSEASSG YFSHSVSTATLSDALGPGLDAAAPPGSMPTAPEA EPEAPISHPPPPTAVPAEEPPGPQQLVSPGRERPDL EAPAPGSPFRVRRVRASELRSFSRMLAGDPGCSP GAEGNAPAPGAGGQALASDSEEADEVPEWLREG EFVTVGAHKTGVVRYVGPADFQEGTWVGVELD LPSGKNDGSIGGKQYFRCNPGYGLLVRPSRVRR ATGPVRRRSTGLRLGAPEARRSATLSGSATNLAS LTAALAKADRSHKNPENRKSWAS
3210	A	324	694	SPFWTEKRRMEKPLFPLVPLHWFGFGYTALVVS GGIVGYVKTGSVPSLAAGLLFGSLAGLGAYQLY QDPRNVWGFLAATSVTFVGVMGMRSYYYGKF MPVGLIAGASLLMAAKVGVRMLMTSD
3211	A	1078	594	VGMELPAVNLKVILLGHWLLTTWGCIVFSGSYA WANFTILALGVWAVAQRDSIDAISMFLGGLLATI FLDIVHISIFYPRVSLTDTGRFGVGMAILSLLLKPL SCCFVYHMYRERGGELLVHTGFLGSSQDRSAYQ TIDSAEAPADPFAVPEGRSQDARGY
3212	A	1	1962	FRCGLAPKGRPRRRADPVASAIMDPAEAVLQEK ALKFMMEFRSWCPGWNTMARSRLTATSTSRVQ CSMPRSLWLGCSSLADSMPSLRCLYNPGTGALT

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \(\text{=-possible}\) nucleotide insertion
				AFQNSSEREDCNNGEPPRKIIPEKNSLRQTYNSCA RLCLNQETVCLASTAMKTENCVAKTKLANGTSS MIVPKQRKLSASYEKEKELCVKYFEQWSESDQV EFVEHLISQMCHYQHGHINSYLKPMLQRDFITAL PARGLDHIAENILSYLDAKSLCAAELVCKEWYR VTSDGMLWKKLIERMVRTDSLWRGLAERRGWG QYLFKNKPPDGNAPPNSFYRALYPKIIQDIETIES NWRCGRHSLQRIHCRSETSKGVYCLQYDDQKIV SGLRDNTIKIWDKNTLECKRILTGHTGSVLCLQY DERVIITGSSDSTVRVWDVNTGEMLNTLIHHCEA VLHLRFNNGMMVTCSKDRSIAVWDMASPTDITL RRVLVGHRAAVNVVDFDDKYIVSASGDRTIKV WNTSTCEFVRTLNGHKRGIACLQYRDRLVVSGS SDNTIRLWDIECGACLRVLEGHEELVRCIRFDNK RIVSGAYDGKIKVWDLVAALDPRAPAGTLCLRT
				LVEHSGRVFRLQFDEFQIVSSSHDDTILIWDFLND PAAQSEPPRSPSRTYTYISR
3213	A		1962	FRCGLAPKGRPRRRADPVASAIMDPAEAVLQEK ALKFMMEFRSWCPGWNTMARSRLTATSTSRVQ CSMPRSLWLGCSSLADSMPSLRCLYNPGTGALT AFQNSSEREDCNNGEPPRKIIPEKNSLRQTYNSCA RLCLNQETVCLASTAMKTENCVAKTKLANGTSS MIVPKQRKLSASYEKEKELCVKYFEQWSESDQV EFVEHLISQMCHYQHGHINSYLKPMLQRDFITAL PARGLDHIAENILSYLDAKSLCAAELVCKEWYR VTSDGMLWKKLIERMVRTDSLWRGLAERRGWG QYLFKNKPPDGNAPPNSFYRALYPKIIQDIETIES NWRCGRHSLQRIHCRSETSKGYYCLQYDDQKIV SGLRDNTIKIWDKNTLECKRILTGHTGSVLCLQY DERVIITGSSDSTVRVWDVNTGEMLNTLIHHCEA VLHLRFNNGMMVTCSKDRSIAVWDMASPTDITL RRVLVGHRAAVNVVDFDDKYIVSASGDRTIKV WNTSTCEFVRTLNGHKRGIACLQYRDRLVVSGS SDNTIRLWDIECGACLRVLEGHEELVRCIRFDNK RIVSGAYDGKIKVWDLVAALDPRAPAGTLCLRT LVEHSGRVFRLQFDEFQIVSSSHDDTILIWDFLND PAAQSEPPRSPSRTYTYISR
3214	A	1	1962	FRCGLAPKGRPRRRADPVASAIMDPAEAVLQEK ALKFMMEFRSWCPGWNTMARSRLTATSTSRVQ CSMPRSLWLGCSSLADSMPSLRCLYNPGTGALT AFQNSSEREDCNNGEPPRKIIPEKNSLRQTYNSCA RLCLNQETVCLASTAMKTENCVAKTKLANGTSS MIVPKQRKLSASYEKEKELCVKYFEQWSESDQV EFVEHLISQMCHYQHGHINSYLKPMLQRDFITAL PARGLDHIAENILSYLDAKSLCAAELVCKEWYR VTSDGMLWKKLIERMVRTDSLWRGLAERRGWG QYLFKNKPPDGNAPPNSFYRALYPKIIQDIETIES NWRCGRHSLQRIHCRSETSKGVYCLQYDDQKIV SGLRDNTIKIWDKNTLECKRILTGHTGSVLCLQY DERVIITGSSDSTVRVWDVNTGEMLNTLIHHCEA VLHLRFNNGMMVTCSKDRSIAVWDMASPTDITL RRVLVGHRAAVNVVDFDDKYIVSASGDRTIKV WNTSTCEFVRTLNGHKRGIACLQYRDRLVVSGS SDNTIRLWDIECGACLRVLEGHEELVRCIRFDNK RIVSGAYDGKIKVWDLVAALDPRAPAGTLCLRT

SEQ II NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				LVEHSGRVFRLQFDEFQIVSSSHDDTILIWDFLND PAAQSEPPRSPSRTYTYISR
3215	A	2	1376	EARLVGCQRGGPARPGSYSSGAETAGRAMAAN LSRNGPALQEAYVRVVTEKSPTDWALFTYEGNS NDIRVAGTGEGGLEEMVEELNSGKVMYAFCRV KDPNSGLPKFVLINWTGEGVNDVRKGACASHVS TMASFLKGAHVTINARAEEDVEPECIMEKVAKA SGANYSFHKESGRFQDVGPQAPVGSVYQKTNAV SEIKRVGKDSFWAKAEKEEENRRLEEKRRAEEA QRQLEQERRERELREAARREQRYQEQGGEASPQ RTWEQQQEVVSRNRNEQESAVHPREIFKQKERA MSTTSISSPQPGKLRSPFLQKQLTQPETHFGREPA AAISRPRADLPAEEPAPSTPPCLVQAEEEAVYEEP PEQETFYEQPPLVQQGGAGSEHIDHHIQGQGLSG QGLCARALYDYQAADDTEISFDPENLITGIEVIDE GWWRGYGPDGHFGMFPANYVELIE
3216	A	936	204	AMASTLEYSPSPLRRLVGPAAGFSRAARADLSW DPMAFFTGLWGPFTCVSRVLSHHCFSTTGSLSAI QKMTRVRVVDNSALGNSPYHRAPRCIHVYKKN GVGKVGDQILLAIKGQKKKALIVGHCMPGPRMT PRFDSNNVVLIEDNGNPVGTRIKTPIPTSLRKREG EYSKVLAIAQNFV
3217	A		1563	MLCALLLPSLLGATRASPTSGPQECAKGSTVW CQDLQTAARCGAVGYCQGAVWNKPTAKSLPCD VCQDIAAAAGNGLNPDATESDILALVMKTCEWL PSQESSAGCKWMVDAHSSAILSMLRGAPDSAPA QVCTALSLCEPLQRHLATLRPLSKEDTFEAVAPF MANGPLTFHPRQAPEGALCQDCVRQVSRLQEAV RSNLTLADLNIQEQCESLGPGLAVLCKNYLFQFF VPADQALRLLPPQELCRKGGFCEELGAPARLTQ VVAMDGVPSLELGLPRKQSEMQMKAGVTCEVC MNVVQKLDHWLMSNSSELMITHALERVCSVMP ASITKECIILVDTYSPSLVQLVAKITPEKVCKFIRL CGNRRARAVHDAYAIVPSPEWDAENQGSFCNG CKRLLTVSSHNLESKSTKRDILVAFKGGCSILPLP YMIQCKHFVTQYEPVLIESLKDMMDPVAVCKKV GACHGPRTPLLGTDQCALGPSFWCRSQEAAKLC NAVQHCQKHVWKEMHLHAGEHA
3218	A	1	1563	MLCALLLPSLLGATRASPTSGPQECAKGSTVW CQDLQTAARCGAVGYCQGAVWNKPTAKSLPCD VCQDIAAAAGNGLNPDATESDILALVMKTCEWL PSQESSAGCKWMVDAHSSAILSMLRGAPDSAPA QVCTALSLCEPLQRHLATLRPLSKEDTFEAVAPF MANGPLTFHPRQAPEGALCQDCVRQVSRLQEAV RSNLTLADLNIQEQCESLGPGLAVLCKNYLFQFF VPADQALRLLPPQELCRKGGFCEELGAPARLTQ VVAMDGVPSLELGLPRKQSEMQMKAGVTCEVC MNVVQKLDHWLMSNSSELMITHALERVCSVMP ASITKECIILVDTYSPSLVQLVAKITPEKVCKFIRL CGNRRAARAVHDAYAIVPSPEWDAENQGSFCNG CKRLLTVSSHNLESKSTKRDILVAFKGGCSILPLP YMIQCKHFVTQYEPVLIESLKDMMDPVAVCKKV GACHGPRTPLLGTDQCALGPSFWCRSQEAAKLC NAVQHCQKHVWKEMHLHAGEHA
		i		TATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Hlstidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \
				CPTCGGMFANNTKFLDHIRRQTSLDQQHFQCSH CSKRFATERLLRDHMRNHVNHYKCPLCDMTCPL PSSLRNHMRFRHSEDRPFKCDCCDYSCKNLIDLQ KHLDTHSEEPAYRCDFENCTFSARSLCSIKSHYR KVHEGDSEPRYKCHVCDKCFTRGNNLTVHLRK KHQFKWPSGHPRFRYKEHEDGYMRLQLVRYES VELTQQLLRQPQEGSGLGTSLNESSLQGIILETVP GEPGRKEEEEEGKGSEGTALSASQDNPSSVIHVV NQTNAQGQQEIVYYVLSEAPGEPPPVPEPPSGGI MEKLQGIAEEPEIQMV
		2760	745	SLGIPSGNTRGTGLVLDGDTSYTYHLVCMGPEAS GWGQDEPQTWPTDHRAQQGVQRQGVSYSVHA YTGQPSPRGLHSENREDEGWQVYRLGARDAHQ GRPTWALRPEDGEDKEMKTYRLDAGDADPRRL CDLERERWAVIQGQAVRKSSTVATLQGTPDHGD PRTPGPPRSTPLEENVVDREQIDFLAARQQFLSLE QANKGAPHSSPARGTPAGTTPGASQAPKAFNKP HLANGHVVPIKPQVKGVVREENKVRAVPTWAS VQVVDDPGSLASVESPGTPKETPIEREIRLAQERE ADLREQRGLRQATDHQELVEIPTRPLLTKLSLITA PRRERGRPSLYVQRDIVQETQREEDHRREGLHV GRASTPDWVSEGPQPGLRRALSSDSILSPAPDAR AADPAPEVRKVNRIPPDAYQPYLSPGTPQLEFSA FGAFGKPSSLSTAEAKAATSPKATMSPRHLSESS GKPLSTKQEASKPPRGCPQANRGVVRWEYFRLR PLRFRAPDEPQQAQVPHVWGWEVAGAPALRLQ KSQSSDLLERERESVLRREQEVAEERRNALFPEV FSPTPDENSDQNSRSSSQASGITGSYSVSESPFFSPI HLHSNVAWTVEDPVDSAPPGQRKKEQWYAGIN PSDGINSEVLEAIRVTRHKNAMAERWESRIYASE EDD
3221	A	15	478	SRVFFFFFFPAFKMSKRGRGGSSGAKFRISLGLP VGAVINCADNTGAKNLYIISVKGIKGRLNRLPAA GVGDMVMATVKKGKPELRKKVHPAVVIRQRKS YRRKDGVFLYFEDNAGVIVNNKGEMKGSAITGP VAKECADLWPRIASNAGSIA
3222	A	207	1321	PLIPLHPANRSPATMAELQEVQITEEKPLLPGQTP EAAKTHSVETPYGSVTFTVYGTPKPKRPAILTYH DVGLNYKSCFQPLFQFEDMQEIIQNFVRVHVDAP GMEEGAPVFPLGYQYPSLDQLADMIPCVLQYLN FSTIIGVGVGAGAYILARYALNHPDTVEGLVLINI DPNAKGWMDWAAHKLTGLTSSIPEMILGHLFSQ EELSGNSELIQKYRNIITHAPNLDNIELYWNSYNN RRDLNFERGGDITLRCPVMLVVGDQAPHEDAVV ECNSKLDPTQTSFLKMADSGGQPQLTQPGKLTE AFKYFLQGMGYMASSCMTRLSRSRTASLTSAAS VDGNRSRSRTLSQSSESGTLSSGPPGHTMEVSC
3223	Α	132	1664	SARRWGAAGAGPHGLHLRAHGPRPSVRTGLPSV GRQAAGAAMGRGWGFLFGLLGAVWLLSSGHGE EQPPETAAQRCFCQVSGYLDDCTCDVETIDRFNN YRLFPRLQKLLESDYFRYYKVNLKRPCPFWNDIS QCGRRDCAVKPCQSDEVPDGIKSASYKYSEEAN NLIEECEQAERLGAVDESLSEETQKAVLQWTKH DDSSDNFCEADDIQSPEAEYVDLLLNPERYTGYK GPDAWKIWNVIYEENCFKPQTIKRPLNPLASGQG

SEQ ID	Method	D 31		PC1/US01/04098
NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \text{\text{\text{\text{possible}}} nucleotide insertion}
				TSEENTFYSWLEGLCVEKRAFYRLISGLHASINV HLSARYLLQETWLEKKWGHNITEFQQRFDGILTE GEGPRRLKNLYFLYLIELRALSKVLPFFERPDFQL FTGNKIQDEENKMLLLEILHEIKSFPLHFDENSFF AGDKKEAHKLKEDFRLHFRNISRIMDCVGCFKC RLWGKLQTQGLGTALKILFSEKLIANMPESGPSY EFHLTRQEIVSLFNAFGRISYKCERIRKTSRNLLQ NIH
3224	A	2	803	PGSTISWDRDAAGESGTRAASPSPSGSRTAGRLP SPSYSPLPAPSLFPPPPLPAPAASTMSAGGDFGNP LRKFKLVFLGEQSVGKTSLITRFMYDSFDNTYQA TIGIDFLSKTMYLEDRTVRLQLWDTAGQERFRSL IPSYIRDSTVAVVVYDITNLNSFQQTSKWIDDVRT ERGSDVIIMLVGNKTDLADKRQITIEEGEQRAKE LSVMFIETSAKTGYNVKOLFRRVASALPGMENV
3225	A	3		QEKSKEGMIDIKLDKPQEPPASEGGCSC  PEVTKPSLSQPTAASPIGSSPSPPVNGGNNAKRVA VPNGQPPSAARYMPREVPPRFRCQQDHKVLLKR GQPPPPSCMLLGGGAGPPPCTAPGANPNNAQVT GALLQSESGTAPDSTLGGAAASNYANSTWGSGA SSNNGTSPNPIHIWDKVIVDGSDMEEWPCIASKD TESSSENTTDNNSASNPGSEKSTLPGSTTSNKGK GSQCQSASSGNECNLGVWKSDPKAKSVQSSNST TENNNGLGNWRNVSGQDRIGPGSGFSNFNPNSN PSAWPALVQEGTSRKGALETDNSNSSAQVSTVG QTSREQQSKMENAGVNFVVSGREQAQIHNTDGP KNGNTNSLNLSSPNPMENKGMPFGMGLGNTSRS TDAPSQSTGDRKTGSVGSWGAARGPSGTDTVSG QSNSGNNGNNGKEREDSWKGASVQKSTGSKND SWDNNNRSTGGSWNFGPQDSNDNKWGEGNKM TSGVSQGEWKQPTGSDELKIGEWSGPNQPNSST GAWDNQKGHPLLENQGNAQAPCWGRSSSSTGS EVEGQSTGSNHKAGSSDSHNSGRRSYRPTHPDC QAVLQTLLSRTDLDPRVLSNTGWGQTQIKQDTV WDIEEVPRPEGKSDKGTEGWESAATQTKNSGG WGDAPSQSNQMKSGWGELSASTEWKDPKNTGG WNDYKNNNSSNWGGGRPDEKTPSSWNENPSKD QGWGGGRQPNQGWSSGKNGWGEEVDQTKNSN WESSASKPVSGWGEGGQNEIGTWGNGGNASLA SKGGWEDCKRSPAWNETGRQPNSWNKQHQQQ QPPQQPPPPQPEASGSWGGPPPPPPGNVRPSNSS WSSGPQPATPKDEEPSGWEEPSPQSISRKMDIDD GTSAWGDPNSYNYKNVNLWDKNSQGGPAPREP JLPTPMTSKSASDSKSMQDGWGESDGPVTGARH PSWEEEEDGGVWNTTGSQGSASSHNSASWGQG SKKQMKCSLKGGNNDSWMNPLAKQFSNMGLL QTEDNPSSKMDLSVGSLSDKKFDVDBKRAMNLG SKKGMKCSLKGGNNDSWMNPLAKQFSNMGLL QTEDNPSSKMDLSVGSLSDKKFDVDBKRAMNLG PSWEEEEDGGVWNTTGSQGSASSHNSASWQQG SKKQMKCSLKGGNNDSWMNPLAKQFSNMGLL QTEDNPSSKMDLSVGSLSDKKFDVDBKRAMNLG PSPREEDGGVWNTTGSQGSASSHNSASWQQG SKKQMKCSLKGGNNDSWMNPLAKQFSNMGLL QTEDNPSSKMDLSVGSLSDKKFDVDBRAMNLG PSPREEEDGGVWNTTGSQGSASSHNSASWQQG SKKQMKCSLKGGNNDSWMNPLAKQFSNMGLL QTEDNPSSKMDLSVGSLSDKKFDVDBRAMNLG PSPREEDGGVWNTTGSQGSASSHNSASWQQG SKKQMKCSLKGGNNDSWMNPLAKQFSNMGLL QTEDNPSSKMDLSVGSLSDKKFDVDBRAMNLG PSPREEDGGVWNTTGSQGSASSHNSASWQQG SKKQMKCSLKGGNNDSWMNPLAKQFSNMGLL QTEDNPSSKMLKQFPNSGLSPGLFNVGPQLSPQ JAMLSQLPQIPQFQLACQLLLQQQQQQLLQN RKISQAVRQQQEQLARMVSALQQQQQQQQQQR PGMKHSPSHPVGPKPHLDNMVPNALNVGLPDL TKGPIPGYGSGFSSGGMDYGMVGGKEAGTESR KQWTSMMEGLPSVATQEANMHKNGAIVAPGK

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:	Methou	beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Hlstidine,
	l	nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
		location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
		corresponding	to last amino	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino acid residue of	acid residue of peptide	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
		peptide	sequence	-possible nucleotide inscrition
		sequence		
				TRGGSPYNQFDIIPGDTLGGHTGPAGDSWLPAKS
				PPTNKIGSKSSNASWPPEFQPGVPWKGIQNIDPES
'				DPYVTPGSVLGGTATSPIVDTDHQLLRDNTTGSN
				SSLNTSLPSPGAWPYSASDNSFTNVHSTSAKFPD
				YKSTWSPDPIGHNPTHLSNKMWKNHISSRNTTPL
			i	PRPPPGLTNPKPSSPWSSTAPRSVRGWGTQDSRL
		ł		ASASTWSDGGSVRPSYWLVLHNLTPQIDGSTLRT
				ICMQHGPLLTFHLNLTQGTALIRYSTKQEAAKAQ
				TALHMCVLGNTTILAEFATDDEVSRFLAQAQPPT
ļ			ŀ	PAATPSAPAAGWQSLETGQNQSDPVGPALNLFG
İ				GSTGLGQWSSSAGGSSGADLAGASLWGPPNYSS
				SLWGVPTVEDPHRMGSPAPLLPGDLLGGGSDSI
3226	A	200	1387	VPWKRQDEQLSLQVETLYLDSPAVIHLLSPTFLP
				PSSLPPFLQIVDSSSSACTLDSFFPFLAPWDSPQDC
				GFKDHQPLTLQALTVELARWTLMLLLSTAMYG
				AHAPLLALCHVDGRVPFRPSSAVLLTELTKLLLC
			}	AFSLLVGWQAWPQGPPPWRQAAPFALSALLYG
ľ				ANNNLVIYLQRYMDPSTYQVLSNLKIGSTAVLY
	1		·	CLCLRHRLSVRQGLALLLLMAAGACYAAGGLQ
	•			VPGNTLPSPPPAAAASPMPLHITPLGLLLLILYCLI
				SGLSSVYTELLMKRQRLPLALQNLFLYTFGVLLN
				LGLHAGGGSGPGLLEGFSGWAALVVLSQALNGL
ļ				LMSAVMKHGSSITRLFVVSCSLVVNAVLSAVLL
				RLQLTAAFFLATLLIGLAMRLYYGSR
3227	Α	1	679	RSTRARTRRPGLRAVPLPVGGFLGKMKWVWAL
				LLLAALGSGRAERDCRVSSFRVKENFDKARFSGT
		1	ļ	WYAMAKKDPEGLFLQDNIVAEFSVDETGQMSA
	1			TAKGRVRLLNNWDVCADMVGTFTDTEDPAKFK
				MKYWGVASFLQKGNDDHWIVDTDYDTYAVQY
				SCRLLNLDGTCADSYSFVFSRDPNGLPPEAQKIV
Ì.				RQRQEELCLARQYRLIVHNGYCDGRSERNLL
3228	Α	430	1104	QQESPAAGAARMNCKEGTDSSCGCRGNDEKKM
				LKCVVVGDGAVGKTCLLMSYANDAFPEEYVPT
			ı	VFDHYAVTVTVGGKQHLLGLYDTAGQEDYNQL
				RPLSYPNTDVFLICFSVVNPASYHNVQEEWVPEL
				KDCMPHVPYVLIGTQIDLRDDPKTLARLLYMKE
				KPLTYEHGVKLAKAIGAQCYLECSALTQKGLKA
	ļ	•		VFDEAILTIFHPKKKKKRCSEGHSCCSII
3229	A	25	722	AISAGRSAKMQLKPMEINPEMLNKVLSRLGVAG
				QWRFVDVLGLEEESLGSVPAPACALLLLFPLTAQ
				HENFRKKQIEELKGQEVSPKVYFMKQTIGNSCGT
]	.  •			IGLIHAVANNQDKLGFEDGSVLKQFLSETEKMSP
				EDRAKCFEKNEAIQAAHDAVAQEGQCRVDDKV
				NFHFILFNNVDGHLYELDGRMPFPVNHGASSEDT
				LLKDAAKVCREFTEREQGEVRFSAVALCKAA
3230	Α	282	1479	GDAATTACAPPDWFLGPRKLAAGPAGGGMLPR
				RLLAAWLAGTRGGGLLALLANQCRFVTGLRVR
		]		RAQQIAQLYGRLYSESSRRVLLGRLWRRLHGRP
				GHASALMAALAGVFVWDEERIQEEELQRSINEM
				KRLEEMSNMFQSSGVQHHPPEPKAQTEGNEDSE
				GKEQRWEMVMDKKHFKLWRRPITGTHLYQYRV
				FGTYTDVTPRQFFNVQLDTEYRKKWDALVIKLE
				VIERDVVSGSEVLHWVTHFPYPMYSRDYVYVRR
		]	-	YSVDQENNMMVLVSRAVEHPSVPESPEFVRVRS
				YESQMVIRPHKSFDENGFDYLLTYSDNPQTVFPR

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \( \)=possible nucleotide insertion
				YCVSWMVSSGMPDFLEKLHMATLKAKNMEIKV KDYISAKPLEMSSEAKATSQSSERKNEGSCGPAR IEYA
3231	A	2117	590	FVPEPPEAGASSPCAPGDPDMSFRKVVRQSKFRH VFGQPVKNDQCYEDIRVSRVTWDSTFCAVNPKF LAVIVEASGGGAFLVLPLSKTGRIDKAYPTVCGH TGPVLDIDWCPHNDEVIASGSEDCTVMVWQIPE NGLTSPLTEPVVVLEGHTKRVGIIAWHPTARNVL LSAGCDNVVLIWNVGTAEELYRLDSLHPDLIYN VSWNHNGSLFCSACKDKSVRIIDPRRGTLVAERE KAHEGARPMRAIFLADGKVFTTGFSRMSERQLA LWDPENLEEPMALQELDSSNGALLPFYDPDTSV VYVCGKGDSSIRYFEITEEPPYIHFLNTFTSKEPQR GMGSMPKRGLEVSKCEIARFYKLHERKCEPIVM TVPRKSDLFODDLYPDTAGPEAALEAFFWVSGP
		•		DADPILISLREAYVPSKQRDLKISRRNVLSDSRPA MAPGSSHLGAPASTTTAADATPSGSLARAGEAG KLEEVMQELRALRALVKEQGDRICRLEEQLGRM ENGDA
3232	<b>A</b> .	3	718	RLREDDRRGLPLSSPLWTEPPI SCCI PATVRADM
				GTAGAMQLCWVILGFLLFRGHNSQPTMTQTSSS QGGLGGLSLTTEPVSSNPGYIPSSEANRPSHLSST GTPGAGVPSSGRDGGTSRDTFQTVPPNSTTMSLS MREDATILPSPTSETVLTVAAFGVISFIVILVVVVI ILVGVVSLRFKCRKSKESEDPQKPGSSGLSESCST
3233	A	3	718	ANGEKDSITLISMKNINMNNGKQSLSAEKVL RLREDDRRGLPLSSPLWTEPPLSCCLPATYPADM GTAGAMQLCWVILGFLLFRGHNSQPTMTQTSSS QGGLGGLSLTTEPVSSNPGYIPSSEANRPSHLSST GTPGAGVPSSGRDGGTSRDTFQTVPPNSTTMSLS MREDATILPSPTSETVLTVAAFGVISFIVILVVVVI
3234	A	1169	4292	ILVGVVSLRFKCRKSKESEDPQKPGSSGLSESCST ANGEKDSITLISMKNINMNNGKQSLSAEKVL AGDCGRLGVGGSEFPWEGSALGASPLPPICLQSR TWLLRAPAPAELGELEEVAAGRGDVWEPFLDSP GREESLQEASPRLADHGSSSGGGWEVKRSQRLR RGPSSPRRPYQDMEYERRGGRGDRTGRYGATDR
				SQDDGGENRSRDHDYRDMDYRSYPREYGSQEG KHDYDDSSEEQSAEDSYEASPGSETQRRRRRH RHSPTGPPGFPRDGDYRDQDYRTEQGEEEEEED EEEEEKASNIVMLRMLPQAATEDDIRGQLQSHG VQAREVRLMRNKSSGQSRGFAFVEFSHLQDATR WMEANQHSLNILGQKVSMHYSDPKPKINEDWL CNKCGVQNFKRREKCFKCGVPKSEAEQKLPLGT
				RLDQQTLPLGGRELSQGLLPLPQPYQAQGVLAS QALSQGSEPSSENANDTIILRNLNPHSTMDSILGA LAPYAVLSSSNVRVIKDKQTQLNRGFAFIQLSTIE AQLLQILQALHPPLTIDGKTINVEFAKGSKRDM ASNEGSRISAASVASTAIAAAQWAISQASQGGEG TWATSEEPPVDYSYYQQDEGYGNSQGTESSLYA IGYLKGTKGPGITGTKGDPTGAGPEASLEPGADS VSMQAFSRPQPGAAPGIYQQSAEASSSQGTAANS QSYTIMSPAVLKSELQSPTHPSSALPPATSPTAQE YSQYPVPDVSTYQYDETSGYYYDPQTGLYYDP ISQYYYNAQSQQYLYWDGERRTYVPALEQSAD

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				GHKETGAPSKEGKEKKEKHKTKTAQQIAKDME RWARSLNKQKENFKNSFQPISSLRDDERRESATA DAGYAILEKKGALAERQHTSMDLPKLASDDRPS PPRGLVAAYSGESDSEEEQERGGPEREEKLTDW QKLACLLCRRQFPSKEALIRHQQLSGLHKQNLEI HRRAHLSENELEALEKNDMEQMKYRDRAAERR EKYGIPEPPEPKRRKYGGISTASVDFEQPTRDGLG SDNIGSRMLQAMGWKEGSGLGRKKQGIVTPIEA QTRVRGSGLGARGSSYGVTSTESYKETLHKTMV TRFNEAQ
3235	A	3	1217	PSFLNTGLGPTALGVLGGAGAGLMSNPSPQVPEE EASTSVCRPKSSMASTSRRQRRERRFRRYLSAGR LVRAQALLQRHPGLDVDAGQPPPLHRACARHD APALCLLLRLGADPAHQDRHGDTALHAAARQG PDAYTDFFLPLLSRCPSAMGIKNKDGETPGQILG WGPPWDSAEEEEEDDASKEREWRQKLQGELED EWQEVMGRFEGDASHETQEPESFSAWSDRLARE HAQKCQQQQREAEGSCRPPRAEGSSQSWRQQEE EQRLFRERARAKEEELRESRARRAQEALGDREP KPTRAGPREEHPRGAGRGSLWRFGDVPWPCPGG GDPEAMAAALVARGPPLEEQGALRRYLRVQQV RWHPDRFLQRFRSQIETWELGRVMGAVTALSQA LNRHAEALK
3236			1416	GPASGMAEPTSDFETPIGWHASPELTPTLGPLSDT APPRDRWMFWAMLPPPPPPLTSSLPAAGSKPSSE SQPPMEAQSLPGAPPPFDAQILPGAQPPFDAQSPL DSQPQPSGQPWNFHASTSWYWRQSSDRFPRHQK SLNPAVKNSYYPRKYDAKFTDFSLPPSRKQKKK KRKEPVFHFFCDTCDRGFKNQEKYDKHMSEHTK CPELDCSFTAHEKIVQFHWRNMHAPGMKKIKLD TPEEIARWREERRKNYPTLANIERKKKLKLEKEK RGAVLTTTQYGKMKGMSRHSQMAKIRSPGKNH KWKNDNSRQRAVTGSGSHLCDLKLEGPPEANA DPLGVLINSDSESDKEEKPQHSVIPKEVTPALCSL MSSYGSLSGSESEPEETPIKTEADVLAENQVLDSS APKSPSQDVKATVRNFSEAKSENRKKSFEKTNPK REKRLSQLSNVIRTKNTPSISLGNASSSGHST
3237	A	3806	2204	FVGEQEGGCEAGAGRGAQTYPGEAGERWFGRR RRRGRVVSRKKMSLKSERRGIHVDQSDLLCKKG CGYYGNPAWQGFCSKCWREEYHKARQKQIQED WELAERLQREEEEAFASSQSSQGAQSLTFSKFEE KKTNEKTRKVTTVKKFFSASSRVGSKKEIQEAKA PSPSINRQTSIETDRVSKEFIEFLKTFHKTGQEIYK QTKLFLEGMHYKRDLSIEEQSECAQDFYHNVAE RMQTRGKVPPERVEKIMDQIEKYIMTRLYKYVF CPETTDDEKKDLAIQKRIRALRWVTPQMLCVPV NEDIPEVSDMVVKAITDIIEMDSKRVPRDKLACIT KCSKHIFNAIKITKNEPASADDFLPTLIYIVLKGNP PRLQSNIQYITRFCNPSRLMTGEDGYYFTNLCCA VAFIEKLDAQSLNLSQEDFDRYMSGQTSPRKQEA ESWSPDACLGVKQMYKNLDLLSQLNERQERIMN EAKKLEKDLIDWTDGIAREVQDIVEKYPLEIKPP NQPLAAIDSENVENDKLPPPLQPQVYAG
3238	A	1373	449	VLSVCPTGVFRPAPCRMAFMKKYLLPILGLFMA YYYYSANEEFRPEMLQGKKVIVTGASKGIGREM

SEQ I	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	T=Threonine V-Voline W.T.
				AYHLAKMGAHVVVTARSKETLQKVVSHCLELG AASAHYIAGTMEDMTFAEQFVAQAGKLMGGLD MLILNHITNTSLNLFHDDIHHVRKSMEVNFLSYV VLTVAALPMLKQSNGSIVVVSSLAGKVAYPMVA AYSASKFALDGFFSSIRKEYSVSRVNVSITLCVLG LIDTETAMKAVSGIVHMQAAPKEECALEIIKGGA LRQEEVYYDSSLWTTLLIRNPCRKILEFLYSTSYN MDRFINK
3239	A	213	422	ERTMQLEIKVALNFIIFYLYNKLLW/QPLKKK*EA HWYPDKPLKGSGFHT/GEMVDPVGELAAKRSGL TVED
3240	A	1255	1425	HESYHVNPNLCNPVAPTSGAHSIG*KWPSWIGA
3241	A	161	547	VAHSCNPSTLVGRGGRITRGQELR PAGIGRSTAKTPGTPGSLEMENLKSGVYPLKEAS GCPGADRNLLVYSFYEKGPLTFRDVAIEFSLEEW QCLDTAQQDLYRKVMLENYRNLVFLAGIAVSKP
3242	A	50	241	DLITCLEQĞKEPWNMKRHAMVDQPPGR PLPARGKSTLPATFCSPSAPELASMSVVPPNRSQT
3243	A	380	702	GWPRGVTQFGNKYIQQTKPLTLERTINL FVAYLKLPFFSQVCLFASSEMFFTISRKNMSQKLS LLLLVFGLIWGLMLLHYTFQQPRHQSSVKLREQI LDLSKRYVKALAEENKNTVDVENGASMAGYGK
3244	A			TVEYF  VLMDGRMMRSMRLREEESPGPSHTASCLCGSAP CILCSCCPASRNSTVSRLIFTFFLFLGVLVSIIMLSP GVESQLYKLPWVCEEGAGIPTVLQGHIDCGSLLG YRAVYRMCFATAAFFFFTLLMLCVSSSRDPRA AIQNGFWFFKFLILVGLTVGAFYIPDGSFTNIWFY FGVVGSFLFILIQLVLLIDFAHSWNQRWLGKAEE CDSRAWYAGLFFFTLLFYLLSIAAVALMFMYYT EPSGCHEGKVFISLNLTFCVCVSIAAVLPKVQDA QPNSGLLQASVITLYTMFVTWSALSSIPEQKCNP HLPTQLGNETVVAGPEGYETQWWDAPSIVGLIIF LLCTLFISLRSSDHRQVNSLMQTEECPPMLDATQ QQQQVAACEGRAFDNEQDGVTYSYSFFHFCLVL ASLHVMMTLTNWYKPGETRKMISTWTAVWVKI CASWAGLLLYL
			Ī	SSLGNEDDEILSLAKDITGMFVASHRKMRAHQV LTFLLLFVITSVASENASTSRGCGLDLLPQYVSLC DLDAIWGIVVEAAAGAGALITLLLMLILLVRLPF FKEKEKKSPVGLHFLFLLGTLGP
3246	A 3		15 R R L H G	IEVCGSGCCCHCCAGGPVARQKALPRLRGVMS UFLNVLRSWLVMVSIIAMGNTLQSFRDHTFLYEK UYTGKPNLVNGLQARTFGIWTLLSSVIRCLCAIDI UNKTLYHITLWTFLLALGHFLSELFVYGTAAPTI UVLAPLMVASFSILGMLVGLRYLEVEPVSRQKK
	A 1	93	E T T M SS QC ES YI	RLCFPCMQSKIYSYMSPNKCSGMRFPLQEENSV HHEVKCQGKPLAGIYRKREEKRNAGNAVRSA IKSEEQKIKDARKGPLVPFPNQKSEAAEPPKTPP SCDSTNAAIAKQALKKPIKGKQAPRKKAQGKT QNRKLTDFYPVRRSSRKSKAELQSEERKRIDELI SGKEEGMKIDLIDGKGRGVIATKQFSRGDFVVE HGDLIEITDAKKREALYAQDPSTGCYMYYFQY SKTYCVDATRETNRLGRLINHSKCGNCQTKLH

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				DIDGVPHLILIASRDIAAGEELLYDYGDRSKASIE AHPWLKH
3248	A	3	870	PGSTISCSELKGTQCRATAGSRGRRPPMTCWLRG VTATFGRPAEWPGYLSHLCGRSAAMDLGPMRK SYRGDREAFEETHLTSLDPVKQFAAWFEEAVQC PDIGEANAMCLATCTRDGKPSARMLLLKGFGKD GFRFFTNFESRKGKELDSNPFASLVFYWEPLNRQ VRVEGPVKKLPEEEAECYFHSRPKSSQIGAVVSH QSSVIPDREYLRKKNEELEQLYQDQEVPKPKSW GGYVLYPQVMEFWQGQTNRLHDRIVFRRGLPTG DSPLGPMTHRGEEDWLYERLAP
3249	A	43	1210	TRVGRGESGLKMEVKPPPGRPQPDSGRRRRRRG EEGHDPKEPEQLRKLFIGGLSFETTDDSLREHFEK WGTLTDCVVMRDPQTKRSRGFGFVTYSCVEEV DAAMCARPHKVDGRVVEPKRAVSREDSVKPGA HLTVKKIFVGGIKEDTEEYNLRDYFEKYGKIETIE VMEDRQSGKKRGFAFVTFDDHDTVDKIVVQKY HTINGHNCEVKKALSKQEMQSAGSQRGRGGGS GNFMGRGGNFGGGGGGNFGRGGNFGGRGYGG GGGSRGSYGGGDGGYNGFGGDGGNYGGGPG YSSRGGYGGGGPGYGNQGGGYGGGGYDGYN EGGNFGGGNYGGGGNYNDFGNYSGQQQSNYGP MKGGSFGGRSSGSPYGGGYGSGGSGGGGSRRF
3250	A	32	1175	VAGRGDMAALRDAEIQKDVQTYYGQVLKRSAD LQTNGCVTTARPVPKHIREALQNVHEEVALRYY GCGLVIPEHLENCWILDLGSGSGRDCYVLSQLVG EKGHVTGIDMTKGQVEVAEKYLDYHMEKYGFQ ASNVTFIHGYIEKLGEAGIKNESHDIVVSNCVINL VPDKQQVLQEAYRVLKHGGELYFSDVYTSLELP EEIRTHKVLWGECLGGALYWKELAVLAQKIGFC PPRLVTANLITIQNKELERVIGDCRFVSATFRLFK HSKTGPTKRCQVIYNGGITGHEKELMFDANFTFK EGEIVEVDEETAAILKNSRFAQDFLIRPIGEKLPTS GGCSALELKDIITDPFKLAEESDSMKSRCVPDAA GGCCGTKKSC
3251	A	32		VAGRGDMAALRDAEIQKDVQTYYGQVLKRSAD LQTNGCVTTARPVPKHIREALQNVHEEVALRYY GCGLVIPEHLENCWILDLGSGSGRDCYVLSQLVG EKGHVTGIDMTKGQVEVAEKYLDYHMEKYGFQ ASNVTFIHGYIEKLGEAGIKNESHDIVVSNCVINL VPDKQQVLQEAYRVLKHGGELYFSDVYTSLELP EEIRTHKVLWGECLGGALYWKELAVLAQKIGFC PPRLVTANLITIQNKELERVIGDCRFVSATFRLFK HSKTGPTKRCQVIYNGGITGHEKELMFDANFTFK EGEIVEVDEETAAILKNSRFAQDFLIRPIGEKLPTS GGCSALELKDIITDPFKLAEESDSMKSRCVPDAA GGCCGTKKSC
3252	A	1	574	PLGSNTAPALRVMVQAWYMDDAPGDPRQPHRP DPGRPVGLEQLRRLGVLYWKLDADKYENDPELE KIRRERNYSWMDIITICKDKLPNYEEKIKMFYEE HLHILDDEIRYILDGSGYFDVRDKEDQWIRIFMEK GDMVTLPAGIYHRFTVDEKNYTKAMRLFVGEPV WTAYNRPADHFEARGQYVKFLAQTA
3253	A	2	984	ARAAAHCGICRLVRWWRKRRSVMGIQTSPVLLA SLGVGLVTLLGLAVGSYLVRRSRRPQVTLLDPNE

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			·	KYLLRLLDKTTVSHNTKRFRFALPTAHHTLGLPV GKHIYLSTRIDGSLVIRPYTPVTSDEDQGYVDLVI KVYLKGVHPKFPEGGKMSQYLDSLKVGDVVEF RGPSGLLTYTGKGHFNIQPNKKSPPEPRVAKKLG MIAGGTGITPMLQLIRAILKVPEDPTQCFLLFANQ TEKDIILREDLEELQARYPNRFKLWFTLDHPPKD WAYSKGFVTADMIREHLPAPGDDVLVLLCGPPP MVQLACHPNLDKLGYSQKMRFTY
3254	A	1	968	LQSAGEGVTHVLILLESPARPVAAVTQVQRRRY HRLSDMSMLAERRRKQKWAVDPQNTAWSNDD SKFGQRMLEKMGWSKGKGLGAQEQGATDHIKV QVKNNHLGLGATINNEDNWIAHQDDFNQLLAEL NTCHGQETTDSSDKKEKKSFSLEEKSKISKNRVH YMKFTKGKDLSSRSKTDLDCIFGKRQSKKTPEG DASPSTPEENETTTTSAFTIQEYFAKRMAALKNK PQVPVPGSDISETQVERKRGKKRNKEATGKDVE SYLQPKAKRHTEGKPERAEAOERVAKKKSAPAF
3255	A .	173	439	EQLRGPCWDQSSKASAQDAGDHVQPA GSAAMKVKIKCWNGVATWLWVANDENCGICR MAFNGCCPDCKVPGDDCPLVWGQCSHCFHMHC
3256	Α	2	377	ILKWLHAQQVQQHCPMCRQEWKFKE TAARRQKGTAARRRQKGTLEEVVLPPRSCRVF WIHSGTTMSKVSFKITLTSDPRLPYKVLSVPESTP FTAVLKFAAEEFKVPAATSAIITNDGIGINPAQTA GNVFLKHGSELRIIPRDRVGSC
3257	A	3		GCSAAAAGAGSGPWAAQEKQFPPALLSFFIYNPR FGPREGQEENKILFYHPNEVEKNEKIRNVGLCEAI VQFTRTFSPSKPAKSLHTQKNRQFFNEPEENFWM VMVVRNPIIEKQSKDGKPVIEYQEEELLDKVYSS VLRQCYSMYKLFNGTFLKAMEDGGVKLLKERL EKFFHRYLQTLHLQSCDLLDIFGGISFFPLDKMTY LKIQSFINRMEESLNIVKYTAFLYNDQLIWSGLEQ DDMRILYKYLTTSLFPRHIEPELAGRDSPIRAEMP GNLQHYGRFLTGPLNLNDPDAKCRFPKIFVNTD DTYEELHLIVYKAMSAAVCFMIDASVHPTLDFC RRLDSIVGPQLTVLASDICEQFNINKRMSGSEKEP QFKFIYFNHMNLAEKSTVHMRKTPSVSLTSVHPD LMKILGDINSDFTRVDEDEEIIVKAMSDYWVVG KKSDRRELYVILNQKNANLIEVNEEVKKLCATQF
258	A	113 1	558	APRGCSMPHRKKKPFIEKKKAVSFHLVHRSQRD PLAADESAPQRVLLPTQKIDNEERRAEQRKYGVF FDDDYDYLQHLKEPSGPSELIPSSTFSAHNRREEK EETLVIPSTGIKLPSSVFASEFEEDVGLLNKAAPV SGPRLDFDPDIVAALDDDFDFDDPDNLLEDDFIL QANKATGEEGMDIQKSENEDDSEWEDVDDEK GDSNDDYDSAGLLSDEDCMSVPGKTHRAIADHL FWSEETKSRFTEYSMTSSVMRRNEQLTLHDERFE KFYEQYDDDEIGALDNAELEGSIQVDSNRLQEVL NDYYKEKAENCVKLNTLEPLEDQDLPMNELDES EEEEMITVVLEEAKEKWDCESICSTYSNLYNHPQ JIKYQPKPKQIRISSKTGIPLNVLPKKGLTAKQTE EIQMINGSDLPKVSTQPRSKNESKEDKRARKQAI EEERKERRVEKKANKLAFKLEKRRQEKELLNLK

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3259	A	3	964	QMEPGNDTQISEFLLLGFSQEPGLQPFLFGLFLSM YLVTVLGNLLIILATISDSHLHTPMYFFLSNLSFA DICVTSTTIPKMLMNIQTQNKVITYIACLMQMYF FILFAGFENFLLSVMAYDRFVAICHPLHYMVIMN PHLCGLLVLASWTMSALYSLLQILMVVRLSFCT ALEIPHFFCELNQVIQLACSDSFLNHMVIYFTVAL LGGGPLTGILYSYSKIISSIHAISSAQGKYKAFSTC ASHLSVVSLFYGAILGVYLSSAATRNSHSSATAS VMYTVVTPMLNPFIYSLRNKDIKRALGIHLLWGT MKGQFFKKCP
3260	A	34	2573	IPFLKSCCCCLFDFPPPPLDQVQEEECEVERVTE HGTPKPFRKFDSVAFGESQSEDEQFENDLETDPP NWQQLVSREVLLGLKPCEIKRQEVINELFYTERA HVRTLKVLDQVFYQRVSREGILSPSELRKIFSNLE DILQLHIGLNEQMKAVRKRNETSVIDQIGEDLLT WFSGPGEEKLKHAAATFCSNQPFALEMIKSRQK KDSRFQTFVQDAESNPLCRRLQLKDIIPTQMQRL TKYPLLLDNIATYTEWPTEREKVKKAADHCRQIL NYVNQAVKEAENKQRLEDYQRRLDTSSLKLSEY PNVEELRNLDLTKRKMIHEGPLVWKVNRDKTID LYTLLLEDILVLLQKQDDRLVLRCHSKILASTAD SKHTFSPVIKLSTVLVRQVATDNKALFVISMSDN GAQIYELVAQTVSEKTVWQDLICRMAASVKEQS TKPIPLPQSTPGEGDNDEEDPSKLKEEQHGISVTG LQSPDRDLGLESTLISSKPQSHSLSTSGKSEVRDL FVAERQFAKEQHTDGTLKEVGEDYQIAIPDSHLP VSEERWALDALRNLGLLKQLLVQLGLTEKSVQ EDWQHFPRYRTASQGPQTDSVIQNSENIKAYHSG EGHMPFRTGTGDIATCYSPRTSTESFAPRDSVGL APQDSQASNILVMDHMIMTPEMPTMEPEGGLDD SGEHFFDAREAHSDENPSEGDGAVNKEEKDVNL RISGNYLILDGYDPVQESSTDEEVASSLTLQPMT GIPAVESTHQQQHSPQNTHSDGAISPFTPEFLVQQ RWGAMEYSCFEIQSPSSCADSQSQIMEYIHKIEA DLEHLKKVEESYTILCQRLAGSALTDKHSDKS
3261	A		2100	AVEFAEGALTMAPWPELGDAQPNPDKYLEGAA GQQPTAPDKSKETNKTDNTEAPVTKIELLPSYST ATLIDEPTEVDDPWNLPTLQDSGIKWSERDTKGK ILCFFQGIGRLILLLGFLYFFVCSLDILSSAFQLVG GKMAGQFFSNSSIMSNPLLGLVIGVLVTVLVQSS STSTSIVVSMVSSSLLTVRAAIPIIMGANIGTSITNT IVALMQVGDRSEFRRAFAGATVHDFFNWLSVLV LLPVEVATHYLEIITQLIVESFHFKNGEDAPDLLK VITKPFTKLIVQLDKKVISQIAMNDEKAKNKSLV KIWCKTFTNKTQINVTVPSTANCTSPSLCWTDGI QNWTMKNVTYKENIAKCQHIFVNFHLPDLAVGT ILLILSLLVLCGCLIMIVKILGSVLKGQVATVIKKT INTDFPFFFAWLTGYLAILVGAGMTFIVQSSSVFT SALTPLIGIGVITIERAYPLTLGSNIGTTTTAILAAL ASPGNALRSSLQIALCHFFFNISGILLWYPIPFTRL PIRMAKGLGNISAKYRWFAVFYLIIFFFLIPLTVFG LSLAGWRVLVGVGVPVVFIIILVLCLRLLQSRCPR VLPKKLQNWNFLPLWMRSLKPWDAVVSKFTGC FQMRCCCCCRVCCRACCLLCGCPKCCRCSKCCE DLEEAQEGQDVPVKAPETFDNITISREAQGEVPA

SE(NO	Q ID	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	acid residue	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, B=Aspartic Acid, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \text{\text{\colored}}-possible nucleotide insertion
326	52	A	30	1377	SDSKTECTAL  SQQGSQPHRQGPPSLLTAPHSLDLPALPPGPRGS QGKLRRVLVPMSVKPSWGPGPSEGVTAVPTSDL GEIHNWTELLDLFNHTLSECHVELSQSTKRVVLF ALYLAMFVVGLVENLLVICVNWRGSGRAGLMN LYILNMAIADLGIVLSLPVWMLEVTLDYTWLWG SFSCRFTHYFYFVNMYSSIFFLVCLSVDRYVTLTS ASPSWQRYQHRVRRAMCAGIWVLSAIIPLPEVV HIQLVEGPEPMCLFMAPFETYSTWALAVALSTTI LGFLLPFPLITVFNVLTACRLRQPGQPKSRRHCLL LCAYVAVFVMCWLPYHVTLLLTLHGTHISLHC HLVHLLYFFYDVIDCFSMLHCVINPILYNFLSPHF RGRLLNAVVHYLPKDQTKAGTCASSSSCSTQHSI IITKGDSQPAAAAPHPEPSLSFQAHHLLPNTSPISP
3263	A			919	QARSPSVAAMASPQLCRALVSAQWVAEALRAP RAGQPLQLLDASWYLPKLGRDARREFEERHIPG AAFFDIDQCSDRTSPYDHMLPGAEHFAEYAGRL GVGAATHVVIYDASDQGLYSAPRVWWMFRAFG HHAVSLLDGGLRHWLRQNLPLSSGKSQPAPAEF RAQLDPAFIKTYEDIKENLESRRFQVVDSRATGR FRGTEPEPRDGIEPGHIPGTVNIPFTDFLSQEGLEK SPEEIRHLFQEKKVDLSKPLVATCGSGVTACHVA LGAYLCGKPDVPIYDGSWVEWYMRARPEDVISE GRGKTH
3204				1398	ARRSTPRTAPRASATRSAAGTMREIVHIQAGQCG NQIGAKFWEVISDEHGIDPTGSYHGDSDLQLERI NVYYNEAAGNKYVPRAILVDLEPGTMDSVRSGP FGQIFRPDNFVFGQSGAGNNWAKGHYTEGAELV DSVLDVVRKESESCDCLQGFQLTHSLGGGTGSG MGTLLISKIREEYPDRIMNTFSVMPSPKVSDTVVE PYNATLSVHQLVENTDETYSIDNEALYDICFRTL KLTTPTYGDLNHLVSATMSGVTTCLRFPGQLNA DLRKLAVNMVPFPRLHFFMPGFAPLTSRGSQQY RALTVPELTQQMFDSKNMMAACDPRHGRYLTV AAIFRGRMSMKEVDEQMLNVQNKNSSYFVEWIP NNVKTAVCDIPPRGLKMSATFIGNSTAIQELFKRI SEQFTAMFRRKAFLHWYTGEGMDEMEFTEAES
3265	A	. 20	65	1	WWEDARVLGPFHPEEEGHWVMTPSEGARAGTG RELEMLDSLLALGGLVLLRDSVEWEGRSLLKAL VKKSALCGEQVHILGCEVSEEEFREGFDSDINNR LVYHDFFRDPLNWSKTEEAFPGGPLGALRAMCK RTDPVPVTIALDSLSWLLLRLPCTTLCOVLHAVS
3266 3267	A	802		84	AGAGADGREPASERASRAEPPAVAMGQNDLM GTAEDFADQFLRVTKQYLPHVARLCLISTFLEDG IRMWFQWSEQRDYIDTTWNCGYLLASSFVFLNL LGQLTGCVLVLSRNFVQYACFGLFGIIALQTIAYS ILWDLKFLMRNLALGGGLLLLLAESRSEGKSMF AGVPTMRESSPKQYMQLGGRVLLVLMFMTLLH FDASFFSIVQNIVGTALMILVAIGFKTKLAALTLV VWLFAINVYFNAFWTIPVYKPMHDFLKYDFFQT MSVIGGLLLVVALGPGGVSMDEKKKEW
			110	)11	ASTFCSAWKRRSTAALWWSGSRASRSHPRELGP

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				LCFVFGTAALSIRSMDVLSLFLEHGKLVFASGLSP RA
3268	A	490	679	EDAWITNPSLSNARSTPSKPLCYTVLKEGQVVGV KTTKASNTREKLRPESERRMVKSFGDEVT
3269	A .	2	796	GSTHASGARPSLKRARSQRGRPLPSRALPSAHKD MTTNAGPLHPYWPQHLRLDNFVPNDRPTWHILA GLFSVTGVLVVTTWLLSGRAAVVPLGTWRRLSL CWFAVCGFIHLVIEGWFVLYYEDLLGDQAFLSQ LWKEYAKGDSRYILGDNFTVCMETITACLWGPL SLWVVIAFLRQHPLRFILQLVVSVGQIYGDVLYF LTEHRDGFQHGELGHPLYFWFYFVFMNALWLV LPGVLVLDAVKHLTHAQSTLDAKATKAKSKKN
3270	A	17	229	GDTGPQILMSYLDSVASKLLQMVKKLSQSFCSNF KYLTKYSRKQVSDEIKKSRRTVESNPIFFKKNKKI Q
3271	Α .	419	553	IQSGLSLCFADLSETPEGRAGVPGCPHSCDGVAS GRPCSPSSAG
3272	A	1211	1450	FQFIQIELLNILQSLIRNQTQSPYNTTAYPAIDSVIT ILPFSFSCFFIITKCFGLSIFPSVIFFLHVYFILTLVVF YCC
3273	A	59	1562	QAWSLQVALSPFFFPASPSNSFAAAVPQLLFPELP LPHVPGQESAKRRSARRFLIMSELTKELMELVW GTKSSPGLSDTIFCRWTQGFVFSESEGSALEQFEG GPCAVIAPVQAFLLKKLLFSSEKSSWRDCSQEEQ KELLCHTLCDILESACCDHSGSYCLVSWLRGKTT EETASISGSPAESSCQVEHSSALAVEELGFERFHA LIQKRSFRSLPELKDAVLDQYSMWGNKFGVLLF LYSVLLTKGIENIKNEIEDASEPLIDPVYGHGSQS LINLLLTGHAVSNVWDGDRECSGMKLLGIHEQA AVGFLTLMEALRYCKVGSYLKISKIPYLDCLASE THLTVFFAKDMALVAPEAPSEQARRVFQTYDPE DNGFIPDSLLEDVMKALDLVSDPEYINLMKNKL DPEGLGIILLGPFLQEFFPDQGSSGPESFTVYHYN GLKQSNYNEKVMYVEGTAVVMGFEDPMLQTD DTPIKRCLQTKWPYIELLWTTDRSPSLN
3274	A	186	1358	RVVHRFFKSSAFWPAEVKQPRGGPKTGSRKEGA GSRAPQPVVRSFCGSVGAEGRMEKLRLLGLRYQ EYVTRHPAATAQLETAVRGFSYLLAGRFADSHE LSELVYSASNLLVLLNDGILRKELRKKLPVSLSQ QKLLTWLSVLECVEVFMEMGAAKVWGEVGRW LVIALIQLAKAVLRMLLLLWFKAGLQTSPPIVPL DRETQAQPPDGDHSPGNHEQSYVGKRSNRVVRT LQNTPSLHSRHWGAPQQREGRQQQHHEELSATP TPLGLQETIAEFLYIARPLLHLLSLGLWGQRSWK PWLLAGVVDVTSLSLLSDRKGLTRRERRELRRR TILLLYYLLRSPFYDRFSEARILFLLQLLADHVPG VGLVTRPLMDYLPTWQKIYFYSWG
3275	A	575	759	SVYSASSCKCCNYRKTEQIPDCEQPPASSMPERPS HESQPTPQMMPLSAPSRAEELGQRPG
3276	A	7	258	KAAGHRILLAAGHPSMPSSDCLLWEGSLELRPL QHISSLLVLVSTTCLFAFPRVPIAFESKSCLIYHCH CAFTVRHYMCSSHTG
3277	A	9	2221	KLGVEPEEEGGGDDEEDAEAWAMELADVGAAA SSQGVHDQVLPTPNASSRVIVHVDLDCFYAQVE MISNPELKDKPLGVQQKYLVVTCNYEARKLGVK

SEQ ID NO:	to firs:	ning nucleotid tide location nucleotid location correspon to last am acid resid peptide sequence	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threacting, N=1
3278 A		2929 2929	KLMNVRDAKEKCPQLVLVNGEDLTRYREMSYK VTELLEEFSPVVERLGFDENFVDLTEMVEKRLQQ LQSDELSAVTVSGHVYNNQSINLLDVLHIRLLVG SQIAAEMREAMYNQLGLTGCAGVASNKLLAKL VSGVKKPNQQTVLLPESCQHLIHSLNHIKEIPGIG YKTAKCLEALGINSVRDLQTFSPKILEKELGISVA QRIQKLSFGEDNSFVILSGPPQSFSEEDSFKKCSSE VEAKNKIEELLASLLNRLCQDERKPHTVRLIIRRY SSEKHYGRESRQCPIPSHVIQKLGTGNYDVMTPM VDILMKLFRNMVNVKMPFHLTLLSVCFCNLKAL NTAKKGLIDYYLMPSLSTTSRSGKHSFKMKDTH MEDFPKDKETNRDFLPSGRIESTRTRESPLDTTNF SKEKDINEFPLCSLPEGVDQEVFKQLPVDIQEEIL SGKSREKFQGKGSVSCPLHASRGVLSFFSKKQM QDIPINPRDHLSSSKQVSSVSPCEPGTSGFNSSSSS YMSSQKDYSYYLDNRLKDERISQGPKEPQGFHF TNSNPAVSAFHSFPNLQSEQLFSRNHTTDSHKQT VATDSHEGLTENREPDSVDEKITFPSDIDPQVFYE LPEAVQKELLAEWKRTGSDFHIGHK GLRLHVDLVEKPRTGIMAAETRNVAGAEAPPPQ KRYYRQRAHSNPMADHTLRYPVKPEEMDWSEL YPEFFAPLTQNQSHDDPKDKKKEKRAQAQVEFAD IGCGYGGLLVELSPLFPDTLLIGLEIRVKVSDYVQ DRIRALRAAPAGGFQNIACLRSNAMKHLPNFFY KGQLTKMFFLFPDPHFKRTKHK WRIISPTLLAEY AYVLRVGGLYYTITDVLEHDWMCTHFEEHPLF ERVPLEDLSEDPVVGHLGTTSTEEGKKVLRNGGK NFPAIFRRIQDPVLQAVTSQTSLPGH TRTKRRLGREKAMASPPRGWCGGELLIPFMLLG TLCEPGSGQIRYSMPEELDKGSFVGNIAKDLGLE POGELAERGVRIVSRGRTQLFALNPRSGSLVTAGRI DREELCAQSPLCVVNFNILVENKMKIYGVEVEII DINDNFPRFDEELKVKVNENAAAGTRLVLPFA RDADVGVNSLRSYQLSSNLHFSLDVVSGTDGQK YPELVLEQPLDREKETVHDLLLTALDGGDPVLSG THIRVTVLDANDNAPLFTPSEYSVSVPENIPVGT RLLMLTATDPDEGINGKLTYSFRNEEEKISETFOL DSNLGEISTLQSLDYEESRFYLMEVVAQDGGAL VASAKVVTVQDVNDNAPEVILTSLTSSISEDCL PGTVIALFSVHDODSGENGEIACSIPRNLPFKLEK SVDNYYHLLTTRDLDREETSDYNTTLTVMDHGT PPLSTESHIPLKVADDVNDNPPNFPQASYSTSVTEN NPRGVSISSVTAHDPDSGDNARVTYSLAEDTFQG APLSSYVSINSDTGVLYALRSFDYPGLRCLWV TASDSGNPPLSSNVSLSLFVLDQNDNTPEILYPAL PTDGSTGVELAPRSAEPGYLVTKVVAVDKDSGQ NAWLSYRLLKASEPGLFAVGLHTGEVRTARALL DRDALKQSLVVAVEDHGQPPLSATFTVTVAVAD RIPDILADLGSIKTPIDPEDLDLTTLTVVAVADAVS CVFLAFVIVLLVLRLRRWHKSRLLQAEGSRLAG VPASHFVGVDGVAFLQLFESCEKSEPLLMSDKVDANK EERRVQQAPNTDWRFSQAQRPGTSGSQNGDDT GTWPNNQFDTEMLQAMILASASEAADGSSTLGG

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				VYIPGSNATLTNAAGKRDGKAPAGGNGNKKKS GKKEKK
3280	A	149	1288	GTSQMSSHKGSVVAQGNGAPASNREADTAELAE LGPLLEEKGKRVIANPPKAEEEQTCPVPQEEEEE VRVLTLPLQAHHAMEKMEEFVYKVWEGRWRVI PYDVLPDWLKDNDYLLHGHRPPMPSFRACFKSIF RIHTETGNIWTHLLGFVLFLFLGILTMLRPNMYF MAPLQEKVVFGMFFLGAVLCLSFSWLFHTVYCH SEKVSRTFSKLDYSGIALLIMGSFVPWLYYSFYCS PQPRLIYLSIVCVLGISAIIVAQWDRFATPKHRQT RAGVFLGLGLSGVVPTMHFTIAEGFVKATTVGQ MGWFFLMAVMYITGAGLYAARIPERFFPGKFDI WFQSHQIFHVLVVAAAFVHFYGVSNLQEFRYGL EGGCTDDTLL
3281	A		557	RPRRRQPSFSCRVLVLEDPPCFRFTNSMNQEKLA KLQAQVRIGGKGTARRKKKVVHRTATADDKKL QSSLKKLAVNNIAGIEEVNMIKDDGTVIHFNNPK VQASLSANTFAITGHAEAKPITEMLPGILSQLGAD SLTSLRKLAEQFPRQVLDSKAPKPEDIDEEDDDV PDLVENFDEASKNEAN
3282	A	155	1139	HALGRRGGSQELSAAACGCFALRLRAPGSGRPA LAPGAAAFAGLGGAPRFPPRGSAAGRTMLLKEY RICMPLTVDEYKIGQLYMISKHSHEQSDRGEGVE VVQNEPFEDPHHGNGQFTEKRVYLNSKLPSWAR AVVPKIFYVTEKAWNYYPYTITEYTCSFLPKFSIH IETKYEDNKGSNDTIFDNEAKDVEREVCFIDIACD EIPERYYKESEDPKHFKSEKTGRGQLREGWRDSH QPIMCSYKLVTVKFEVWGLQTRVEQFVHKVVR DILLIGHRQAFAWVDEWYDMTMDDVREYEKN MHEQTNIKVCNQHSSPVDDIESHAQTST
3283	A	159	547	IKSKLNQQVEVQESEWRLTEAKGPTMGKESGW DSGRAAVAAVVGGVVAVGTVLVALSAMGFTSV GIAASSIAAKMMSTAAIANGGGVAAGSLVAILQS VGAAGLSVTSKVIGGFAGTALGAWLGSPPSS
3284	A	227	637	TSNSLLRPDRMSVMDLANTCSSFQSDLDFCSDCG SVLPLPGAQDTVTCIRCGFNINVRDFEGKVVKTS VVFHQLGTAMPMSVEEGPECQGPVVDRRCPRCG HEGMAYHTRQMRSADEGQTVFYTCTNCKFQEK EDS
3285	A	123	1535	HRLSYDEAFAMANDPLEGFHEVNLASPTSPDLL GVYESGTQEQTTSPSVIYRPHPSALSSVPIQANAL DVSELPTQPVYSSPRRLNCAEISSISFHVTDPAPCS TSGVTAGLTKLTTRKDNYNAEREFLQGATITEAC DGSDDIFGLSTDSLSRLRSPSVLEVREKGYERLKE ELAKAQRELKLKDEECERLSKVRDQLGQELEEL TASLFEEAHKMVREANIKQATAEKQLKEAQGKI DVLQAEVAALKTLVLSSSPTSPTQEPLPGGKTPF KKGHTRNKSTSSAMSGSHQDLSVIQPIVKDCKEA DLSLYNEFRLWKDEPTMDRTCPFLDKIYQEDIFP CLTFSKSELASAVLEAVENNTLSIEPVGLQPIRFV KASAVECGGPKKCALTGQSKSCKHRIKLGDSSN YYYISPFCRYRITSVCNFFTYIRYIQQGLVKQQDV DQMFWEVMQLRKEMSLAKLGYFKEEL
3286	A	3	589	GPSQSMAAGELEGGKPLSGLLNALAQDTFHGYP GITEELLRSQLYPEVPPEEFRPFLAKMRGILKSIAS

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location correspondin to first amino acid residue o peptide sequence	acid residue of	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				ADMDFNQLEAFLTAQTKKQGGITSDQAAVISKF WKSHKTKIRESLMNQSRWNSGLRGLSWRVDGK SQSRHSAQIHTPVAIIELELGKYGQESEFLCLEFD EVKVNQILKTLSEVEESISTLISQPN
3287	A	50	390	LGAMAKHHPDLIFCRKQAGVAIGRLCEKCDGKC VICDSYVRPCTLVRICDECNYGSYQGRCVICGGP GVSDAYYCKECTIQEKDRDGCPKIVNLGSSKTDL FYERKKYGFKKR
3288	A	3	428	RTTFFRFRPCESLCGDMKLLTHNLLSSHVRGVGS RGFPLRLQATEVRICPVEFNPNFVARMIPKVEWS AFLEAADNLRLIQVPKGPVEGYEENEEFLRTMH HLLLEVEVIEGTLQCPESGRMFPISRGIPNMLLSE EETES
3289	A	1	1743	AGCCRDTRFPTPRGPGSLCHNFCRSAACTVTRTI HGSPREDTGTPRSREMMFQDSVAFEDVAVSFTQ EEWALLDPSQKNLYRDVMQETFKNLTSVGKTW KVQNIEDEYKNPRRNLSLMREKLCESKESHHCG ESFNQIADDMLNRKTLPGITPCESSVCGEVGTGH SSLNTHIRADTGHKSSEYQEYGENPYRNKECKK AFSYLDSFQSHDKACTKEKPYDGKECTETFISHS CIQRHRVMHSGDGPYKCKFCGKAFYFLNLCLIH ERIHTGVKPYKCKQCGKAFTRSTTLPVHERTHTG VNADECKECGNAFSFPSEIRRHKRSHTGEKPYEC KQCGKVFISFSSIQYHKMTHTGEKPYECKQCGK AFRCGSHLQKHGRTHTGEKPYECRQCGKAFRCT SDLQRHEKTHTEDKPYGCKQCGKGFRCASQLQI HERTHSGEKPHECKECGKVFKYFSSLRIHERTHT GEKPHECKQCGKAFRYFSSLHIHERTHTTGDKPYE CKVCGKAFTCSSSIRYHERTHTGEKPYECKHCGK AFISNYIRYHERTHTGEKPYQCKQCGKAFIRASS CREHERTHTINR
290 A	A	102	1350   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	GRPRSSSDNRNFLRERAGLSSAAVQTRIGNSAAS RRSPAARPPVPAPPALPRGRPGTEGSTSLSAPAVL VVAVAVVVVVSAVAWAMANYIHVPPGSPEVP KLNVTVQDQEEHRCREGALSLLQHLRPHWDPQE VTLQLFTDGITNKLIGCYVGNTMEDVVLVRIYGN KTELLVDRDEEVKSFRVLQAHGCAPQLYCTFNN GLCYEFIQGEALDPKHVCNPAIFRLIARQLAKIHA IHAHNGWIPKSNLWLKMGKYFSLIPTGFADEDIN KRFLSDIPSSQILQEEMTWMKEILSNLGSPVVLCH NDLLCKNIIYNEKQGDVQFIDYEYSGYNYLAYDI GNHFNEFAGVSDVDYSLYPDRELQSQWLRAYLE AYKEFKGFGTEVTEKEVEILFIQVNQFALASHFF WGLWALIQAKYSTIEFDFLGYAIVRFNQYFKMK PEVTALKVPE
			R V S D	ARYGQKDSSDQNFDYMFKLLIIGNSSVGKTSFLF KYADDSFTSAFVSTVGIDFKVKTVFKNEKRIKLQI VDTAGQERYRTITTAYYRGAMGFILMYDITNEE FNAVQDWSTQIKTYSWDNAQVILVGNKCDME VERVISTERGQHLGEQLGFEFFETSAKDNINVKQ FERLVDIICDKMSESLETDPAITAAKQNTRLKET PPPQPNCAC
92 A	2		1136 D	RPPWNSRVDDFVTNLIHLSSKGHISPAKDTSLQ RTPAEMSPVLHFYVRPSGHEGAASGHTRRKLQ

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \possible nucleotide insertion
				GKLPELQGVETELCYNVNWTAEALPSAEETKKL MWLFGCPLLLDDVARESWLLPGSNDLLLEVGPR LNFSTPTSTNIVSVCRATGLGPVDRVETTRRYRLS FAHPPSAEVEAIALATLHDRMTEQHFPHPIQSFSP ESMPEPLNGPINILGEGRLALEKANQELGLALDS WDLDFYTKRFQELQRNPSTVEAFDLAQSNSEHS RHWFFKGQLHVDGQKLVHSLFESIMSTQESSNP NNVLKFCDNSSAIQGKEVRFLRPEDPTRPSRFQQ QQGLRHVVFTAETHNFPTGVCPFSGATTGTGGRI RDVQCTGRGAHVVAGTAGYCFGNLHIPGYNLP WEDLSFQYPGNFARPLEVAIEASNGASDYGNKF GEPVLAGFARSLGLQLPDGQRREWIKPIMFSGGI GSMEADHISKEAPEPGMEVVKVGGPVYRIGVGG GAASSVQVQGDNTSDLDFGAVQRGDPEMEQKM NRVIRACVEAPKGNPICSLHDQGAGGNGNVLKE LSDPAGAIIYTSRFQLGDPTLNALEIWGAEYQESN ALLLRSPNRDFLTHVSARERCPACFVGTITGDRRI VLVDDRECPVRRNGQGDAPPTPPPTPVDLELEW VLGKMPRKEFFLQRKPPMLQPLALPPGLSVHQA LERVLRLPAVASKRYLTNKVDRSVGGLVAQQQC VGPLQTPLADVAVVALSHEELIGAATALGEQPV KSLLDPKVAARLAVAEALTNLVFALVTDLRDVK CSGNWMWAAKLPGEGAALADACEAMVAVMA ALGVAVDGGKDSLSMAARVGTETVRAPGSLVIS AYAVCPDITATVTPDLKHPEGRGHLLYVALSPG QHRLGGTALAQCFSQLGEHPPDLDLPENLVRAFS ITQGLLKDRLLCSGHDVSDGGLVTCLLEMAFAG NCGLQVDVPVPRVDVLSVLFAEEPGLVLEVQEP DLAQVLKRYRDAGLHCLELGHTGEAGPHAMVR VSVNGAVVLEEPVGELRALWEETSFQLDRLQAE PRCVAEEERGLRERMGPSYCLPPTFPKASVPREP GGPSPRVAILREEGSNGDREMADAFHLAGFEVW DVTMQDLCSGAIGLDTFRGVAFVGGFSYADVLG SAKGWAAAVTFHPRAGAELRRFRKRPDTFSLGV CNGCQLLALLGWVGGDPNEDAAEMGPDSQPAR PGLLLRHNLSGRYESRWASVRVGPGPALMLRG MEGAVLPVWSAHGEGYVAFSSPELQAQIEARGL APLHWADDDGNPTEQYPLNPNGSPGGVAGICSC
3293	A	65	642	DGRHLAVMPHPERAVRPWQWAWRPPPFDTLTT SPWLQLFINARNWTLEGSC GVRGFWAGTMASRAGPRAAGTDGSDFQHRERV AMHYQMSVTLKYEIKKLIYVHLVIWLLLVAKMS VGHLRLLSHDQVAMPYQWEYPYLLSILPSLLGLL SFPRNNISYLVLSMISMGLFSIAPLIYGSMEMFPA
3294	A	35	1821	AQQLYRHGKAYRFLFGFSAVSIMYLVLVLAVQV HAWQLYYSKKLLDSWFTSTQEKKHK SQRSCPRSPSSPAPPWARCSNPDSRTGGVPVPRA WSAGGPALGLMAAPVRLGRKRPLPACPNPLFVR WLTEWRDEATRSRHRTRFVFQKALRSLRRYPLP LRSGKEAKILQHFGDGLCRMLDERLQRHRTSGG DHAPDSPSGENSPAPQGRLAEVQDSSMPVPAQP KAGGSGSYWPARHSGARVILLVLYREHLNPNGH HFLTKEELLQRCAQKSPRVAPGSARPWPALRSLL HRNLVLRTHQPARYSLTPEGLELAQKLAESEGLS LLNVGIGPKEPPGEETAVPGAASAELASEAGVQQ

SEQ III	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \(\begin{array}{c}
				QPLELRPGEYRVLLCVDIGETRGGGHRPELLREL QRLHVTHTVRKLHVGDFVWVAQETNPRDPANP GELVLDHIVERKRLDDLCSSIIDGRFREQKFRLKR CGLERRVYLVEEHGSVHNLSLPESTLLQAVTNTQ VIDGFFVKRTADIKESAAYLALLTRGLQRLYQGH TLRSRPWGTPGNPESGÅMTSPNPLCSLLTFSDFN AGAIKNKAQSVREVFARQLMQVRGVSGEKAAA LVDRYSTPASLLAAYDACATPKEQETLLSTIKCG RLQRNLGPALSRTLSQLYCSYGPLT
3295	A	2	1115	EFHPHTQVSGLLTPQLQEPDVWSPSRGQPVSLHL PGKGAPEVKEMAWWKSWIEQEGVTVKSSSHFN PDPDAETLYKAMKGIGTNEQAIIDVLTKRSNTQR QQIAKSFKAQFGKDLTETLKSELSGKFERLIVAL MYPPYRYEAKELHDAMKGLGTKEGVIIEILASRT KNQLREIMKAYEEDYGSSLEEDIQADTSGYLERI LVCLLQGSRDDVSSFVDPALALQDAQDLYAAGE KIRGTDEMKFITILCTRSATHLLRVFEEYEKIANK SIEDSIKSETHGSLEEAMLTVVKCTQNLHSYFAE RLYYAMKGAGTRDGTLIRNIVSRSEIDLNLIKCH FKKMYGKTLSSMIMEDTSGDYKNALLSLVGSDP
3296	A	1	838	GTRGGVGPGDNGGVEAGAKPGAAAIPLRGDGS GETGPGRVAPGEVRGSPRGHVAGPEGPREVLFFF FLPSSKPASEVINEYSWKVDFLKGMLQAEKLTSS SEKALANQFLAPGRVPTTARERVPATKTVHLQS RARYTSEMRSELLGTDSAEPEMDVRKRTGVAGS QPVSEKQSAAELDLVLQRHQNLQEKLAEEMLGL ARSLKTNTLAAQSVIKKDNQTLSHSLKMADQNL EKLKTESERLEQHTQKSVNWLLWAMLIIVCFIFIS MILFIRIMPKLK
3297	A	46	617	HKQPAGFLGLWLGTETYTISFPGPETFGLGLSHA TGIPGSPACRQPVVGLHSLHNYRMAMVSAMSW VLYLWISACAMLLCHGSLQHTFQQHHLHRPEGG TCEVIAAHRCCNKNRIEERSQTVKCSCLPGKVAG TTRNRPSCVDASIVIGKWWCEMEPCLEGEECKTL
3298	A	157		PDNSGWMCATGNKIKTTRIHPRT  IQPPDPRNMTLAAYKEKMKELPLVSLFCSCFLAD PLNKSSYKYEADTVDLNWCVISDMEVIELNKCT SGQSFEVILKPPSFDGVPEFNASLPRRDPSLEEIQ KKLEAAEERRKYQEAELLKHLAEKREHEREVIQ KAIEENNNFIKMAKEKLAQKMESNKENREAHLA AMLERLQEKDKHAEEVRKNKELKEEASR
3299	A .	5		TQLPAPLSGVLSRLQLGSGAPLLTWVQETAGVA GGAPRRTPVTMWRLLARASAPLLRVPLSDSWA LLPASAGVKTLLPVPSFEDVSIPEKPKLRFIERAPL VPKVRREPKNLSDIRGPSTEATEFTEGNFAILALG GGYLHWGHFEMMRLTINRSMDPKNMFAIWRVP APFKPITRKSVGHRMGGGKGAIDHYVTPVKAGR LVVEMGGRCEFEEVQGFLDQVAHKLPFAAKAVS RGTLEKMRKDQEERERNNQNPWTFERIATANML GIRKVLSPYDLTHKGKYWGKFYMPKRV
3300	A	2	1847	FVAGGPRGSGSAAETMPEIRVTPLGAGQDVGRS CILVSIAGKNVMLDCGMHMGFNDDRRFPDFSYI TQNGRLTDFLDCVIISHFHLDHCGALPYFSEMVG YDGPIYMTHPTQAICPILLEDYRKIAVDKKGEAN FFTSQMIKDCMKKVVAVHLHQTVQVDDELEIKA

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				YYAGHVLGAAMFQIKVGSESVVYTGDYNMTPD RHLGAAWIDKCRPNLLITESTYATTIRDSKRCRE RDFLKKVHETVERGGKVLIPVFALGRAQELCILL ETFWERMNLKVPIYFSTGLTEKANHYYKLFIPWT NQKIRKTFVQRNMFEFKHIKAFDRAFADNPGPM VVFATPGMLHAGQSLQIFRKWAGNEKNMVIMP GYCVQGTVGHKILSGQRKLEMEGRQVLEVKMQ VEYMSFSAHADAKGIMQLVGQAEPESVLLVHGE AKKMEFLKQKIEQELRVNCYMPANGETVTLPTS PSIPVGISLGLLKREMAQGLLPEAKKPRLLHGTLI MKDSNFRLVSSEQALKELGLAEHQLRFTCRVHL HDTRKEQETALRVYSHLKSVLKDHCVQHLPDGS VTVESVLLQAAAPSEDPGTKVLLVSWTYQDEEL GSFLTSLLKKGLPQAPS
3301	A	2	349	CIRTEPAAAFRRLGALSGAAALGFASYGAHGAQ FPDAYGKELFDKANKHHFLHSLALLGVPHCRKP LWAGLLLASGTTLFCTSFYYQALSGDPSIQTLAP AGGTLLLLGWLALAL
3302	A	59	1184	LRRNCSALGGLFQTIISDMKGSYPVWEDFINKAG KLQSQLRTTVVAAAAFLDAFQKVADMATNTRG GTREIGSALTRMCMRHRSIEAKLRQFSSALIDCLI NPLQEQMEEWKKVANQLDKDHAKEYKKARQEI KKKSSDTLKLQKKAKKGRGDIQPQLDSALQDVN DKYLLLEETEKQAVRKALIEERGRFCTFISMLRP VIEEEISMLGEITHLQTISEDLKSLTMDPHKLPSSS EQVILDLKGSDYSWSYQTPPSSPSTTMSRKSSVC SSLNSVNSSDSRSSGSHSHSPSSHYRYRSSNLAQQ APVRLSSVSSHDSGFISQDAFQSKSPSPMPPEAPN QRRKEKREPDPNGGGPTTASGPPAAAEEAQRPRS M
3303	A :	511	958	AGRGGPGKPVSWSSGPGSPGQTQRRSWVKSTRG HSSLLPPSQDFVAGLSVILRGTVDDRLNWAFNLY DLNKDGCITKEEMLDIMKSIYDMMGKYTYPALR EEAPREHVESFFQKMDRNKDGVVTIEEFIESCQK DENIMRSMQLFDNVI
3304	A	40	432	ISEAASGAFQAR*FYQMLEQKTDALGKQSVNRG FTKDKTLSSIFNIEMVKEKTAEEIKQIWQQYFAA KDTVYAVIPAEKFDLIWNRAQSCPTFLCALPRRE GYEFFVGQWTGTELHFHCTYKYSDPEGKA
3305	A	2	483	LDACSTGPYSRSTHASADAWADAWVVVVLKVV GMTLFLLYFPQIFNKSNDGFTTTRSYGTVSQIFGS RSPSPNGFITTRSYGTVCPKDWEFYQARCFFLIHL *\SSWNESWDFCKGKGCTLAIVDNSETLKLLHDL HDAEKNYIALPYRSSKYMSTCNGTF
3306	A .	2	872	TLSSACLIGDAWKELTIVAGAVSNQLLVWYPAT ALADNKPVAPDRRISGHVGIIFSMSYLESKGLLA TASEDRSVRIWKGGDLRVPGGRVQNIGHCFGHS ARVWQVKLLENYLISAGEDCVCLVWSHEGEILQ AFRGHQGRGIRAIAAHERQAWVITGGDDSGIRL WHLVGRGYRGLG/DLGSLLQVP**ARYTQGCDS GWLLATAGSD*YRGPVSL*RRGQVLGAAARG*T FPVLLPAGGSSWSRGLRIVCYGQWGRSCQGCPH QHSNCCCGPDPVSWEGAQLELGPAWL
3307	A	2	927	RTSRVEKGLRKAGAAVTMESDEWFSQALPANTS AQKAELIALTQAIRWGKDINVNTDSRYAFATVH

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, V=Tyrosine
				VRGAICQERRLLTSAEKAIKNKNPPSSKPNRSSSVE WGTTCDQVNAKQGPKPSPGHRLRRNLPGEKWEI DFTKVKPHQAGYKYLLVLVDTFSGWTEAFATK NETVNMVVKFLLNEIIPRHGLPVAIGSDNGPAFA LSIV*SVSKALNIQWKLHCAYRPQSSGQVERMNC TLKNTLTKLILETGVNWVSLLPLALLRVRCTPYW AGFLPFEIMYGRVLPILPKLRDAQLAKISQTNLLQ
3308	A	490	1077	YLQSP  NSPSLDFNDNEDIPTELSDSSDTHDEGEVQAFYE DLSGRQYVNEVFNFSVDKLYDLLFTNSPFQRDF MEQRRFSDIIFHPWKKEENGNQSRVIPYTITLTNP LEHKTATVRETQTMYKASQESECYVIDAEVLTH DVPYHDYFYTINRYTLTRVARNKSRLRVSTELRY RKQPWGLVKTFIEKNFWSGLEDYFRHL
3309	A	490	1077	NSPSLDFNDNEDIPTELSDSSDTHDEGEVQAFYE DLSGRQYVNEVFNFSVDKLYDLLFTNSPFQRDF MEQRRFSDIIFHPWKKEENGNQSRVIPYTITLTNP LEHKTATVRETQTMYKASQESECYVIDAEVLTH DVPYHDYFYTINRYTLTRVARNKSRLRVSTELRY RKQPWGLVKTFIEKNFWSGLEDYFRHL
3310	A	2	1198	SPLCHPGLSRER/S*SEAKLRSGRYC*KRQVEAPL *RPGL*TMAASDTERDGLAPEKTSPDRDKKKEQS EVSVSPRASKHHYSRSRSRSRERKRKSDNEGRKH RSRSRSKEGRRHESKDKSSKKHKSEEHNDKEHSS DKGRERLNSSENGEDRHKRKERKSSRGRSHSRS
<i>i</i>				RSRERRHRSRSRERKKSRSRSRERKKSRSRSRER KKSRSRSRERKRRIRSRSRSRSRHRHRTRSRSRTR SRSRDRKKRIEKPRRFSRSLSRTPSPPPFRGRNTA MDAQEALARRLERAKKLQEQREKEMVEKQKQQ EIAAAAAATGGSVLNVAALLASGTQVTPQIAMA AQMAALQAKALAETGIAVPSYYNPAAVNPMKF
3311	A	177	4	AEQEKKRKMLWQGKKEGDKSQSAGNMGKN PIQIPPRITPPRPSPHLLTPRTGSSPPPPRAPSPPHPT
3312	A .	3	426	PGPAHDFPPLSAVLSGHTKT  LESPRH*PPCWGPLIWALTVSSVPSPTPELSCILKS P/RPACPV/PGLWPSLLSPAPPQSSGPLLGLSPCPG AGQWPSPLSPAPPPSSDPLSGLSPCPGAGPRSSP\S ASAPCRAVPLSPRRLTWPPHLQVGILIPTGRPWK NL
3313	Α	162	2 .	QLQNLASRGCL*SQLLRRLRRENRLNPGGGGCSE IAP\CTPAWVTQRDFFRKKK
3314	Α -	162	2	QLQNLASRGCL*SQLLRRLRRENRLNPGGGGCSE IAP\CTPAWVTQRDFFRKKK
3315	A	466	1	PRKRESWWGERLP/PRGFPPAAEDAPAPGWKGR KHASRTARAHVFHPIRQSIRSPVRGRPGDPRAAH TRSAGTRLQCKASRGG*GKGPAPTR*EGGPGSAP APLPASSGCSLFPDSSPWTPPPPAPGAAAAQP**T PRCPAALRAGAHIGRVGRPY
3316	A	3	2307	NHLGTLMQNWDSSSRVPFSSGQHSTQSFPPSLMS KSNSMLQKPT\AYVRPMDGQESMEPKLSSEHYSS QSHGNSMTELKPSSKAHLTKLKIPSQPLDASASG DVSCVDEILKEMTHSWPPPLTAIHTPCKTEPSKFP FPTKESQQSNFGTGEQKRYNPSKTSNGHQSKSM LKDDLKLSSSEDSDGEQDCDKTMPRSTPGSNSEP SHHNSEGADNSRDDSSSHSGSESSSGSDSESESSS

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methlonine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
		corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				SDSEANEPSQSASPEPEPPPTNKWQLDNWLNKV NPHKVSPASSVDSNIPSSQGYKKEGREQGTGNSY
				TDTSGPKETSSATPGR\APKPIQKGSESGRGRQKS
				PAQSDSTTQRRTVGKKQPKKAEKAAAEEPRGGL KIESETPVDLASSMPSSRHKAATKGSRKPNIKKES
	,			KSSPRPTAEKKKYKSTSKSSQKSREIIETDTSSSDS
				DESESLPPSSQTPKYPESNRTPVKPSSVEEEDSFFR QRMFSPMEEKELLSPLSEPDDRYPLIVKIDLNLLT
				RIPGKPYKETEPPKGEKKNVPEKHTREAQKQASE
		1		KVSNKGKRKHKNEDDNRASESKKPKTEDKNSA GHKPSSNRESSKQSAAKEKDLLPSPAGPVPSKDP
	,			KTEHGSRKRTISQSSSLKSSSNSNKETSGSSKNSS
				STSKQKKTEGKTSSSSKEVKVKAPSSSSNCPPSAP
				TLDSSKPRRTKLVFDDRNYSADHYLQEAKKLKH NADALSDRFEKAVYYLDAVVSFIECGNALEKNA
				QESKSPFPMYSETVDLI
3317	A	496	2	NLLQDEKLVHSYPYDWRTQETCGYIVPARQWFI
				N/TRDIKTAAKELLKKVKFIPGSALNGMVEMMD
	1			RRPYWCISRQRVWGVPIPVFHHKTKDEYLINSQT TEHIVKLVEQHGSDIWWTLPPEQLLPKEVLSEVG
				GPDALEYVPGQDILDIWFDSGTSWSYVLPGPD
3318	A	2	512	AWHEGDSRSDQCHHPYNYGFDYYYGMPFTLVD
				SCWPDPSRNTELAFESQLWLCVQLVAIAILTLTF GKLSGWVSVPWLLIFSMILFIFLLGYAWFSSHTSP
				LYWDCLLMRGHEITEQPMKAE\RAGSIMVKEAIF
				LFRKGHSKGKLFLLFFLPFLQVHKTFPTTDGFHW AP
3319	A	407	1	SSLHRSPRPASPLPVPEAP\SFLPVPAPKPSALPPFS
	}			LSGAPSSASTFSPHSSPSPASPTPAPSPQSPFPSRPT
				SPPSLTPTRRPPLPADRRGPHLLYQPLHAPLEAAA TGPE/PSAAAGRLPRPRPPWRAAYPASR
3320	A	4037	3432	QMSEAVAEKMLQYRRDTAGWKICREGNGVSVS
				WRPSVEFPGNLYRGEGIVYGTLEEVWDCVKPAV
				GGLRVKWDENVTGFEIIQSITDTLCVSRTSTPSAA MKLISPRDFVDLVLVKRYEDGTISSNATHVEHPL
				CPPKPGFVRGFNHPCGCFCEPLPGEPTKTNLVTFF
				HTDLSGYLPQNVVDSFFPRSMTRFYANLQKAVK
3321	A	37	360	SHSASGAGRPAAPAADLRPAPNGQRPGPRLGAR ALWLPPRGRPDEAGRLPGEHLPQVPWDPGLTRS
•				PSPRGPCRGAARAGHVGETPAPWGCPPPCAWEH
	<u> </u>			KGPGSEGTP
3322	A	1	420	AIVEDKHSGRSYDITSDLGNVLTSTSIAKTVNG*A ESSDSGAESDEEDAQEDLMGAYHSDIDKKMMKI
				VADHKNLEVIVTNGYDKDGFVHDIQNDIHASSSL
				NGRSTVHVKPIDENLGQTGKSAVCIHQDINDDH
3323	A	8	459	VEDVT DTLSLNCTLPETLPMTPSF*LSFL*FPGLARAKSIP
2223	1	0	<del>1</del> 33	TKTYSNEVVTLWYRPPDILLGSTDYSTQIDMW*G
				QVEVWQGPCGKGGGLVTTATQPAAFLFTVPSLP
-				RGVGCIFYEMATGRPLFPGSTVEEQLHFIFRILSE EAWALCAVETHR
3324	A	1276	466	PGSTHASARITIY*L*IILSNATEVDNNFSKPPPFFP
				AGAPPASSSSSSSSSSPPTVSTAPPLIPPPGFPPPPG
				APPPSLIPTIESGHSSGYDSRSARAFPYGNVAFPH
	<u> </u>	L		LPGSAPSWPSLVDTSKQWDYYARSSSSSSSSSSSS

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				SSSPRDRDRER*RTRERERERDHSPTPSVFNSDEE RYRYREYAERGYERHRASREKEERHRERRHREK EETRHKSSRSNSRRRHESEEGDSHRRHKHKKSKR SKEGKEAGSEPAPEQESTEATPAE
3325	A	266	3312	TCLFSASCSSLPSPSSSFALLSTENTQRTYRVNPD GSLRVTFASGMEIGLSSEPHILAGAVNPTLGKCNI SLPGEHNANLISVL**GEQGCA*NVFHISFS*AHN RNLLSIDFDHITRTGKIYDDHRKFTLRILYDQTGR PILWSPVSRYNEVNITYSPSGLVTFIQRGTWNEK MEYDQSFL*SPQL*LSIICYSAFVSFQSVMLLLHS QRRYIFEYDQPDCLLSVTMPSMVRHSLQTMLSV GYYRNIYTPPDSSTSFIQDYSRDGRLLQTLHLGTG RRVLYKYTKQARLSEVLYDTTQVTLTYEESSGD LSDSSTLIA*LLTVFVLVPAGPLIGRQIFRFSEEGL VNARFDYSYNNFRVTSMQAVINETPLPIDLYRYV DVSGRTEQFGKFSVINYDLNQVITTTVMKHTKIF SANGQVIEVQYEILKAIAYWMTIQYDNVGRMVI CDIRVGVDANITRYFYEYDADGQLQTVSVNDKT QWRYSYDLNGNINLLSHGKSARLTPLRYDLRDRI TRLGEIQYKMDEDGFLRQRGNDIFEYNSNGLLQ KAYNKASGWTVQYYYDGLGRRVASKSSLGQHL QFFYADLTNPIRVTHLYNHTSSEITSLYYDLQGH LIAMELSSGEEYYVACDNTGTPLAVFSSRGQVIK EILYTPYGDIYHDTYPDFQVIIGFHGGLYDFLTKL VHLGQRDYDVVAGRWTTPNHHIWKQLNLLPKP FNLSTKLIKYGIFHFLFLILCLTDIRSWLELFGFQL HNVLPGFPKPELENSPSI*QMSNSMLHLLCASLS* TILGIQCELQKQLRNFISLDQLPMTPRYNDGRCLE GGKQPRFAAVPSVFGKGIKFAIKDGIVTADIIGVA NEDSRRLAAILNNAHYLENLHFTIEGRDTHYFIK LGSLEEDLVLIGNTGGRRILENGVNVTVSQMTSV LNGRTRRFADIQLQHGALCFNIRYGTTVEEEKNH VLEIARQRAVAQAWTKEQRRLQEGEEGIRAWTE
3326	A	290	1041	GEKQQLLSTGRVQGYDGYFVLSVEQ KACLHLLSSFLTSNFLFNPLLPDSLYSVEARSORA
				NLGPCRRKRLQTLMRLAAGFQYSSHKDPSLSAK EKHTDYHNEARGPWPGWVG*RTADGSCGRGPD GAHHPGPKSSSWRASRLLPGLGGSHHLDAYVGR DLECGTPAPLQLEIPPQPRGHPAPIPTGQAGPRDS GPGASP*VETRPLTDGRR*PGVRPVGWTPAHPAG TLRPRGAVEPSVSACGKWAPSPTSQGCCEGRCD AVPKHRAWRTPLCSQ
3327	A	1	418	CSECGKSFCKKSKFIIHQRTHTGEKPYECNQCGK SFCQKGTLTVHQRTHTGEKPYECNECGKNFYQK LHLIQHQRTHSGEKPYECSYCGKSFCQKTHLTQH QRTHSGERPYVCHDCGKTFSQKSALNDHQKIHT GVKLY
3328	A		270	VTRKLPIFIVDAFTARAFRGSPAADCLLENELDED MHQKIAREMNLSETAFIRKLHPTDNFAQRSCFGL IWFTPTTDLQILTSSILPSIL
3329	A			EELSCWQIWQQIANDLTRCQDSMINNSQCHKQG DFPYQVGTELSIQISEDENYIVNKADGPNNTGNP EFPILRTQDSWRKTFLTESQRLNRDQQISIKNKLC QCKKGVDPIGWISHHDGHRVHKR
1000	A	64	430	FWRNFTGLAPAAAVATTTSSSTMRFTSISNSLTST

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				AAIGLSFTTSTTTTATFTTNTTTTITSGFTVNQNQ LLSRGFENLVPYTSTVSVVTTPVMTYGHLEGLIN EGNLELEIKRRLSSQATQ
3331	A	3	407	TFGCSCTDCFFQKCCPAEAGVLLAYNKNQQIKIP PGTPIYECNSRCQCGPDCPNRIVQKGTQYSLCIFR TSNGRGWGVKTLVKIKRMSFVMEYVGEVITSEE AERRGQFYDNKGITYLFDLDYESDEFTVDAARY
3332	A	25	461	PAADFVLQARPTRADILGIHSKYDEVRKAGACFY KMTGLGPGPQALYNGEPFKHEEMNIKELKMAVL QRMMDASVYLQREVFLGTLNDRTNAIDFLMDR NNVVPRINTLILRTNQQYLNLLSTSVTADAEDFS TFFFLDSQDKSA
3333	A	317	54	AWIIFLPPLTSCPLWAPGTKHKTILEARSGLGPIK AYPRLGPPTPGEPEAPAQDRTFHCEICNVKVNSK VQLKQHISSRRHEIVDPV
3334	Α	304	410	AGPSLPSNLRQIFQSLPPFMDILLLLLFFMIIFAI
3335	A	19	418	VESRNSRVQPRVRLNDRTNAIDFLMDRNNVVPRI NTLILRTNQQYLNLISTSVTADVEDFSTFFFLDSQ DKSAVIAKNMYYLTQDDESIISAATLWIIADFDK PSGRKLLFNALKHMITSVHSRVGIIYNPFF
3336	A		1003	PSSYSSDELSPGEPLTSPPWAPLGAPERPEHLLNR VLERLAGGATRDSAASDILLDDIVLTHSLFLPTEK FLQELHQYFVRAGGMEGPEGLGRKQACLAMLL HFLDTYQGLLQEEEGAGHIIKDLYLLIMKDESLY QGLREDTLRLHQLVETVELKIPEENQPPSKQVKP LFRHFRRIDSCLQTRVAFRGSDEIFCRVYMPDHS YVTIRSRLSASVQDILGSVTEKLQYSEEPAGREDS LILVAVSSSGEKVLLQPTEDCVFTALGINSHLFAC TRDSYEALVPLPEEIQVSPGDTEIHRVEPEDVANH LTAFHWELFRCVHELEFVDYVFHGE
3337	A	444	43	KILLCLANQFPDISFCPALPAVVALLLHYSIDEAE CFEKACRILACNDPGRRLIDQSFLAFESSCMTFGD LVNKYCQAAHKLMVAVSEDVLQVYADWQRWL FGELPLCYFARVFDVFLVEGYKVLYRVALAXXF
3338	A	1	398	FRGKVRGRSAEMPGSDTALTVDRTYSDPGRHHR CKSRVERHDMNTLSLPLNIRRGGSDTNLNFDVPD GILDFHKVKLTADSLKQKILKVTEQIKIEQTSRDG NVAEYLKLVNNADKQQAGRIKQVFEKKNQK
3339	A	1	665	AAAASNWGLITNIVNSIVGVSVLTMPFCFKQCGI VLGALLLVFCSWMTHQSCMFLVKSASLSKRRTY AGLAFHAYGKAGKMLVETSMIGLMLGTCIAFYV VIGDLGSNFFARLFGFQVGGTFRMFLLFAVSLCI VLPLSLQRNMMASIQSFSAMALLFYTVFMFVIVL SSLKHGLFSGQWLRRVSYVRWEGVFRCIPIFGMS FACQSQVLPTYDSLDEPSV
3340	A	198	367	LLPLQVLQEAFSRCVAVLTRSSKPSDMSVQVCG YISKCYSVAAQFEECREKITEMP
3341	A	562	277	HSVIKRTPRKYLAEIVLIDDFSNKEHLKEKLDEYI KLWNGLVKVFRNERREGLIQARSIGAQKAKLGQ VLIYLDAHCEVAVNWYAPLVAPISKDR
3342	A	385	2	NLTWWPLFRDVSFYIVDLIMLIIFFLDNVIMWWE SLLLLTAYFCYVVFMKFNVQVEKWVKQMINRN KVVKVTAPEAQAKPSAARDKDEPTLPAKPRLQR GGSSASLHNSLMRNSIFQNKIHTLDPHV
3343	A	1	385	FRVDNSEEWKDVFIISSERSFKLDSLKCGTWYKV

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:		beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \
				KLAAKNSVGSGRISEIIEAKTHGREPSFSKDOHLF
				THINSTHARLNLQGWNNGGCPITAIVLEYRPKGT WAWQGLRANSSGEVFLTELREATWY
3344	A	351	147	SPACITSSLSQHIADPRAAPTEVKVRVMNSTAISL QWNRVYSDTVQGQLREYRVRKPAPDSPNYPAH
3345	A	351	147	SPACITSSLSQHIADPRAAPTEVKVRVMNSTAISL
3346	A	3	1509	QWNRVYSDTVQGQLREYRVRKPAPDSPNYPAH
			1309	AGIRHEAPPTTSNRHRRQIDRGVTHLNISGLKMP RGIAIDWVAGNVYWTDSGRDVIEVAQMKGENR KTLISGMIDEPHAIVVDPLRGTMYWSDWGNHPK IETAAMDGTLRETLVQDNIQWPTGLAVDYHNER
				LYWADAKLSVIGSIRLNGTDPIVAADSKRGLSHP FSIDVFEDYIYGVTYINNRVFKIHKFGHSPLVNLT GGLSHASDVVLYHQHKQPEVTNPCDRKKCEWL CLLSPSGPVCTCPNGKRLDNGTCVPVPSPTPPPD
				APRPGTCNLQCFNGGSCFLNARRQPKCRCQPRY TGDKCELDQCWEHCRNGGTCAASPSGMPTCRCP TGFTGPKCTQQVCAGYCANNSTCTVNOGNOPO
				CRCLPGFLGDRCQYRQCSGYCENFGTCQMAAD GSRQCRCTAYFEGSRCEVNKCSRCLEGACVVNK QSGDVTCNCTDGRVAPSCLTCVGHCSNGGSCTM NSKMMPECQCPPHMTGPRCEEHVFSQQQPGHIA SILIP
3347	A	974	666	SILIP SPEMESHPITQAGVQWHHLSSLQPLPPGFK*FSCF SLPE*LGYRHVPPCLANSVFSVEMG\FLHVGQAG LELLTSGDLPALASQSAGITG\SHRARPENGFENIF
3348	A	1	1171	LSKITMPVICNEPLSFIQRLTEYM*HTYFIHRPSSL SDPVDRMQCVAAFAVSAVASQWERTGKPFNPLL GETYELVRDDLGFRLISEQVSHHPPISAFHAEGLN NDFIFHGSIYPKLKFWGKSVEAEPKGTITLELLEH NEAYTWTNPTCCVHNIIVGKLWIEQYGNVEIINH KTGDKCVLNFKPCGLFGKELHKVEGYIQDKSKK KLCALYGKWTECLYSVDPATFDAYKKNDKKNT EEKKNSKQMSTSEELDEMPVPDSESVFIIPGSVLL WRIAPRPPNSAQMYNFTSFAMVLNEVDKDMESV IPKTDCRLRPDIRAMENGEIDQASEEKKRLEEKQ RAARKNRSKSEEDWKTRWFHQGPNPYNGAOD
3349	A	403	497	WIYSGSYWDRNYFNLPDIY NFASSSGKYLRTQKIKCLNNKFTPFPTTEKK*SQS VRPP*SNRIY*ILQS*NISFS*LPN*NFASSSGKYLR TQKIKCLNNKFTPFPTTEKK
3350	A	1		GAPAQDCICLPFPFHSSFLESDIRKPARRKIQTTNP DFLLLLFMSVPVVSAPPFCPPAEGSRDGRPKASV ARPAAVHEHHSPRDCGHLPDVIRSSLGGWQPH*P AQPENRLL*LLPVE*GHQHPTVSPVP*AGSPGGAS GWPGPGQAWRVRVPGPHPLCPPASPPSPVQQ**E SVAAGSGLPGCVLCAAGRRPGPLPLLCVEVGQA LPPGAWVSSSGQRPGLTHPLAYSHGCVPSEG
	A	1	428	MAAVVAATALKGRGARNARVLRGILAGATANK ASHNRTRALQSHSSPEGKEEPEPLSPELEYIPRKR GKNPMKAVGLAWAIGFPCGILLFILTKREVDKDR VKQMKARQNMRLSNTGEYESQRFRASSQSAPSP DVGSGVQT
3352	A	2	841	RTLFRGRRRREDDRISRPHPSTAESKAPTPKFDLL ASNFPPLPGSSSRMPGELVLENRMSDVVKGVYK

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				EKDNEELTISCPVPADEQTECTSAQQLNMSTSSP CAAELTALSTTQQEKDLIEDSSVQKDGLNQTTIP VSPPSTTKPSRASTASPCNNNINAATAVALQEPR KLSYAEVCQKPPKEPSSVLVQPLRELRSNVVSPT KNEDNGAPENSVEKPHEKPEARASKDYSGFRGN IIPRGAAGKIREQRRQFSHRAIPQGVTRRNGKEQ YVPPRSPK
3353	A	1054	587	IATPTWTAPLTATPTPAHQYGPARVPNGAPRLEP PPGKRECRVGQYVVDLTSFEQLALPVLRNADCS SGPGQRVCVIDEIGKMELFSQLFIQAVRQTLSTPG TIILGTIPVPKGKPLALVEEIRNRKDVKVFNVTKE NRNHLLPDIVTCVQSSRK
3354	A	56	1268	GMEPVGCCGECRGSSVDPRSTFVLSNLAEVVER VLTFLPAKALLRVACVCRLWRECVRRVLRTHRS VTWISAGLAEAGHLEGHCLVRVVAEELENVRILP HTVLYMADSETFISLEECRGHKRARKRTSMETA LALEKLFPKQCQVLGIVTPGIVVTPMGSGSNRPQ EIEIGESGFALLFPQIEGIKIQPFHFIKDPKNLTLER HQLTEVGLLDNPELRVVLVFGYNCCKVGASNYL QQVVSTFSDMNIILAGGQVDNLSSLTSEKNPLDI DASGVVGLSFSGHRIQSATVLLNEDVSDEKTAEA AMQRLKAANIPEHNTIGFMFACVGRGFQYYRAK GNVEADAFRKFFPSVPLFGFFGNGEIGCDRIVTG NFILRKCNEVKDDDLFHSYTTIMALIHLGSSK
3355	A	1	707	GTSSGLGGDRLAAPGPSPPSFYPQGRGERAYDIY SRLLRERIVCVMGPIDDSVASLVIAQLLFLQSESN KKPIHMYINSPGGVVTAGLAIYDTMQYILNPICT WCVGQAASMGSLLLAAGTPGMRHSLPNSRIMIH QPSGGARGQATDIAIQAEEIMKLKKQLYNIYAKH TKQSLQVIESAMERDRYMSPMEAQEFGILDKVL VHPPQDGEDEPTLVQKEPVEAAPAAEPVPAST
3356	A	352	338	FNYNFCRNLHMPSFLV*PGMCGLLAKHLSFHIVG AFLIT/LGVAALCKFAVA*PRKKAYADFYRNYN* IKEFEVRKANISQSTK
3357	A	1	403	ALGSCGGLLGTGLLKGTMSGTLWSKGIFAGYKR RIRIQREHTAVLKIEG\VYARDETEFYLRMICANV YKANNNTVTPVLTPDKTRVMWRKVTQAHGISI MVRAQFRTNLPADAIGHRIRMML*PSRMYTTEPS
3358	A	71	2897	FCSKDKCCLYLPDSINRSKSCTAKPGAHSQDRHA VMDSERQVKDTDDIESPKRSIRDSGYIDCWDSER SDSLSPPRHGRDDSFDSLDSFGSRSRQTPSPDVVL RGSSDGRGSDSESDLPHRKLPDVKKDDMSARRT SHGEPKSAVPFNQYLPNKSNQTAYVPAPLRKKK AEREEYRKSWSTATSPAGLGKKALQDYGPRT\PV S\DDAESTSMFDMRCEEEAAVQPHSRARQEQLQ LINNQLREEDDKWQDDLARWKSRKRSVSQDLIK KEEERKKMEKLLAGEDGTSERRKSIKTYREIVQE KERRERELHEAYKNARSQEEAEGILQQYIERFTIS EAVLERLEMPKILERSHSTEPNLSSFLNDPNPMK YLRQQSLPPPKFTATVETTIARASVLDTSMSAGS GSPSKTVTPKAVPMLTPKPYSQPKNSQDVLKTFK VDGKVSVNGETVHREEEKERECPTVAPAHSLTK SQMFEGVARVHGSPLELKQDNGSIEINIKKPNSV PQELAATTEKTEPNSQEDKNDGGKSRKGNIELAS SEPQHFTTTVTRCSPTVAFVEFPSSPQLKNDVSEE

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				KDQKKPENEMSGKVELVLSQKVVKPKSPEPEAT LTFPFLDKMPEANQLHLPNLNSQVDSPSSEKSPV TTPFKFWAWDPEEERRRQEKWQQEQERLLQER YQ\KEQDK\LKEE\WEKAQKEVEEEERRYYEEEP* I\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
3359	A	3	368	EVTASREGRGACAWECGSSRGPWGLLRGTFAPV RAATP*S*LPKGSLRHRP*/CPPPVHLPPKSSCPPR AWAGRATSM*TSSYSSEYQPQTP*ALVTLPPRSY YLLTHLLTLTHLHHQILFEP
3360	A	2	392	ARGIGSLGRDHSGSGGGTGMAGAWVRKAADYV RSKDFRDYLMSTHFWGPVANWGLPIAAITDMK\ KSPEIISRRMTFAL*CYSLTFVRFAHYVQ\PWNWL MLGCHTAVDFDQLISSMPCISHGMTASASAL
3361	A	4619		LLLGRANSPPYNSVVRTLPPATLLERAGWESF WSCQSRSPWPPRPEVRAPAKGPRGVAGAAGACS AGARLGDAAGGDPASGQAARGCGARAPRGLGR TARARDTAMEDAGAAGPGPEPEPEPEPAPE PEPEPKPGAGTSEAFSRLWTDVMGILDGSLGNID DLAQQYADYYNTCFSDVCERMEELRKRRVSQD LEVEKPDASPTSLQLRSQIEESLGFCSAVSTPEVE RKNPLHKSNSEDSSVGKGDWKKKNKYFWQNFR KNQKGIMRQTSKGEDVGYVASEITMSDEERIQL MMMVKEKMITIEEALARLKEYEAQHRQSAALDP ADWPDGSYPTFDGSSNCNSREQSDDETEESVKF KRLHKLVNSTRRVRKKLIRVEEMKKP\STEGGEE HVFENSPVLDERSALYSGVHKKPLFFDGSPEKPP EDDSDSLTTSPSSSSLDTWGAGRKLVKTFSKGES RGLIKPPKKMGTFFSYPEEEKAQKVSRSLTEGEM KKGLGSLSHGRTCSFGGFDLTNRSLHVGSNNSDP MGKEGDFVYKEVIKSPTASRISLGKKVKSVKET MRKRMSKKYSSSVSEQDSGLDGMPGSPPPSQPD PEHLDKPKLKAGGSVESLRSSLSGQSSMSGQTVS TTDSSTSNRESVKSEDGDDEEPPYRGPFCGRARV HTDFTPSPYDTDSLKLKKGDIIDIISKPPMGTWMG LLNNKVGTFNFIYVDVLSED\EEKPKRPTRRRK GRPPQPKSVEDLLDRINLKEHMPTFLFNGYEDLD IFKLLEEEDLDELNIRDPEHRADLLTAVELLQEY DSNSDQSGSQEKLLVDSQGLSGCSPRDS*CYESS ENLENGKTRKASLLSAKSSTEPSLKAFSRNQLGN YPTLPLMKSGDALKQGQEEGRLGGGLAP\DTSKS CDPPGC*LVLN\KNRRKPPSFPSCRSC\ETL\EGPQ IVDTWPRSHSLDDLQVEPGAEQDVPTEVTEPPPQ IVPEVPQKTTASSTKAQPLEQDSAVDNALLLTQS KRFSEPQKLTTKKLEGSIAASGRGLSPPQCLPRNY DAQPPGAKHGLARTPLEGHRKGHEFEGTHHPLG TKEGVDAEQRMQPKIPSQPPPVPAKKSRERLANG LHVPMGPSGALPSPDAPCLPVKRGSPASPTSPSD CPPALAPRPLSGQALGSPPSTRPPPWLSELPENTS LQEHGVKLGPALTR\KVSCARGVDLETLTENKL\

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \text{\tex{\tex
				LDQPERDVAANMDQIRVKQLRKQHRMAIPSGGL TEICRKPVSPGCIS\SVSDWLISIGLPMYAGTLSTA GFSTL\SQVPSLSHTCLQEAG\ITEERHIRK\LLSAA RLFKLPPGPEAM
3362	A		4653	FRGGVGYAHTLHILPFAGSSVVLARARRTDRWT SGLVEMATLSLTVNSGDPPLGALLAVEHVKDDV SISVEEGKENILHVSENVIFTDVNSILRYLARVAT TAGLYGSNLMEHTEIDHWLEFSATKLSSCDSFTS TINELNHCLSLRTYLVGNSSLADLCVWATLKG NAAWQEQLKQKKAPVHVKRWFGFLEAQQAFQS VGTKWDVSTTKARVAPEKKQDVGKFVELPGAE MGKVTVRFPPEASGYLHIGHAKAALLNQHYQV NFKGKLIMRFDDTNPEKEKEDFEKVILEDVAML HIKPDQFTYTSDHFETIMKYAEKLIQEGKAYVDD TPGEQIKAEREQRIESKHRKNPIEKNLQMWEEMK KGSQFGHSCCLRAKIDMSSNNGCMRDPTLYRCK IQPHPRTGN*YNNVYPTYDFACPIVDSIEGVTHAL RTTEYHDRDEQFYWIIEALGIRKPYIWEYSRLNL NNTVLSKRKLTWFVNEGLVDGWDDPRFPTVRG VLRRGMTVEGLKQFIAAQGSSRSVVNMEWDKI WAFNKKVIDPVAPRYVALLKKEVIPVNVPEAQE EMKEVAKHPKNPEVGLKPVWYSPKVFIEGADAE TFSEGEMVTFINWGNLNITKIHKNADGKIISLDAK LNLENKDYKKTTKVTWLAETTHALPIPVICVTYE HLITKPVLGKDEDFKQYVNKNSKHEELMLGDPC LKDLKKGDIIQLQRRGFFICDQPYEPVSPYSCKEA PCVLIYIPDGHTKEMPTSGSKEKTKVEATKNETS APFKERPTPSLNNNCTTSEDSLVLYNRVAVQGD VVRELKAKKAPKEDVDAAVKQLLSLKAEYKEK TGQEYKPGNPPAEIGQNISSNSSASILESKSLYDE VAAQGEVVRKLKAEKSPKAKINEAVECLLSLKA QYKEKTGKEYIPGQPPLSQSSDSSPTRNSEPAGLE TPEAKVLFDKVASQGEVVRKLKTEKAPKDQVDI AVQELLQLKAQYKSLIGVEYKPVSATGAEDKDK KKKEKENKSEKQNKPQKQNDGQRKDPSKNQGG GLSSSGAGEGQGPKKQTRLGLEAKKEENLADW YSQVITKSEMIEYHDISGCYILRPWAYAIWEAIKD FFDAEIKKLGVENCYFPMFVSQSALEKEKTHVA DFAPEVAWVTRSGKTELAEPIAIRPTSETVMYPA YAKWVQSHRDLPIKLNQWCNVVRWEFKHPQPF LRTREFLWQEGHSAFATMEEAAEEVLQILDLYA QVYEELLAIPVVKGRKTEKEKFAGGDYTTTIEAF ISASGRAIQGGTSHHLGQNFSKMFEIVFEDPKIPG EKQFAYQNSWGLTTRTIGVMTMVHGDNMGLVL PPRVACVQVVIIPCGITNALSEEDKEALIAKCNDY RRRLLSVNIRVRADLRDNYSPGWKFNHWELKG VPIRLEVGPRDMKSCQFVAVRRDTGEKLTVAEN EAETKLQAILEDIQVTLFTRASEDLKTHMVVANT MEDFQKILDSGKIVQIPFCGEIDCEDWIKKTTARD QDLEPGAPSMGAKSLCIPFKPLCELQPGAKCVCG
				KNPAKYYTLFGRSY
3363	A	3797	1514	LGGAAPETMPFPVTTQGSQQTQPPQKHYGITSPIS LAAPKETDCVLTQK\L\\ETLKPFGGFLKKEEGTA SRRNFNFGKN*INLVKEWIRRNQ*KAKNLPQSVI\

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valiue, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				ENV\GGKIFT/FLGSYRL/GEVHTKGADIDGVCVF APRHVDRSDFFT\SFYDKLKLQEEVKDLRAVEEA FVPVIKLCFDGIEIDILFARLALQTIPEDLDLRDDS LLKNLDIRCIRSLNGCRVTDEILHLVPNIDNFRLT LRAIKLWAKRHNIYSNILGFLGGVSWAMLVART CQLYPNAIASTLVHKFFLVFSKWEWPNPVLLKQP EECNLNLPVWDPRVNPSDRYHLMPIITPAYPQQN STYNVSVSTRMVMVEEFKQGLAITDEILLSKAE WSKLFEAPNFFQKYKHYIVLLASAPTENQRLEW VGLVESKIRLVGSLEKNEFITLAHVNPQSFPAPK ENPDKEEFRTMWVIGLVFKKTENSENLSVDLTY DIQSFTDTVYRQAINSKMFEVDMKIAAMHVKRK QLHQLLPNHVLQKKKKHSTEGVKLTALNDSSLD LSMDSDNSMSVPSPTSATKTSPLNSSGSSQGRNS PAPAVTAASVTNIQATEVSVPQVNSSESSGGTSSE SIPQTATQPAISPPPKPTVSRVVSSTRLVNPPPRSS GNAATSGNAATKIPTPIVGVKRTSSPHKEESPKK TKTEEDETSEDANCLALSGHDKTEAKEQLDTETS TTQSETIQTAASLLASQKTSSTDLSDIPALPANPIP
3364	A	54		SARTMSYDYHQNWGRDGGPRSSGGGYGGPAG GHGGNRGSGGGGGGGGGGGGGGRG/WQGPASRAPER PRNRHVVREKTGAEEQ/WKRRGKREL/LVHMDE RREEQIVQLLNSVQAKNDKESEAQISWFAPEDHG YGTEVSTKNTPCSENKLDIQEKKLINQEKKMFRI RNRSYIDRDSEYLLQENEPDGTLDQKLLEDLQKK KNDLRYIEMQHFREKLPSYGMQKELVNLIDNHQ VTVISGETGCGKTTQVTQFILDNYIERGKGSACRI VCTQPRRISAISVAERVAAERAESCGSGNSTGYQI RLQSRLPRKQGSILYCTTGIILQWLQSDPYLSSVS HIVLDEIHERNLQSDVLMTVVKDLLNFRSDLKVI LMSATLNAEKFSEYFGNCPMIHIPGFTFPVVEYLL EDVIEKIRYVPEQKEHRCQFKRGFMQGHVNSQE KEEKEAIYKERWPDYVRELRRRYSASTVDVIEM MEDDKVDLNLIVALIRYIVLEEEDGAILVFLPGW DNISTLHDLLMSQVMFKSDKFLIIPLHSLMPTVN QTQVFKRTPPGVRKIVIATNIAETSITIDDVVYVID GGKIKETHFDTQNNISTMSAEWVSKANAKQRKG RAG'RVQPGSLLFICINGS*EASLLGWTIQLPEIF/R GTPLEELCLQIKVLRLGGI/GLFLSRLMDPPSNEA VLLSIRQL'RSLNALDKQEELTPLGVHLARLPVEP HIGKMILFGALFCCLDPVLTIAASLSFKDPFVIPLG KEKIADARRKELAKDTRSDHLTVVNAFEGWEEA RRRGFRYEKDYCWEYFLSSNTLQMLHNMKGQF AEHLLGAGFVSSRNPKDPESNINSDNEKIIKAVIC AGLYPKVAKIRLNLGKKRKMVKVYTKTDGLVA VHPKSVNVEQTDFHYNWLIYHLKMRTSSIYLYD CTEVSPYCLLFFGGDISIQKDNDQETIAVDEWIVF QSPARIAHLVKRAVVHMDERREEOIVOLLNSVO
3365	A	439 8	378	AKNDKESEAQISWFAPEDHGYDKKYFFKE ECCNVRPLRETDLLKMKRKPRASSPVVEEOPRA NTKETRKKKSFSQPMSASTKEESQDGRRKGK*L KGRARKKNAPQKSMALRILEEGSRPTPSGHSDQL NEEL*QNELQLEQ/PEGT*LEQQSEGTQPEQQSGR MPTISTLSLSSE

			73 25	
SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:	İ	beginning	nucleotide location	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine,
ļ		nucleotide	corresponding	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
1		location corresponding	to last amino	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino	acid residue of	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
		acid residue of	peptide	
		peptide	sequence	, <b>,</b>
		sequence		
3366	Α	1	827	FRGYWGVREAFTDASWSGGLGPGKPGMKITRQ
				KHAKKHLGFFRNNFGVREPYQILLDGTFCQAAL
ļ				RGRIQLREQLPRYLMGETQLCTTRCVLKELETLG
				KDLYGAKLIAQKCQVRNCPHFKNAVSGSECLLS
İ				MVEEGNPHHYFVATQDQNLSVKVKKKPGVPLM
1				FIIQNTMVLDKPSPKTIAFVKAVESG\RLSQCMRK
				KVSNISKRNRV**KTLNRGRRKKRKKISGPNPLS
			1	CLKKKKKAPDTQSSASEKKRKRKRIRNRSNPKV
				LSEKQNAEGE
3367	A	40	1467	MLWGCRAKACWGPRLSDLVASLSPQRECISVHV
ł				GQAGVQIGNACWELFCLEHGIQADGTFDAQASK
				INDDDSFTTFFSETGNGKHVPRAVMIDLEPTVVD
1			1	EVRAGTYRQLFHPEQLITGKEDAANNYARGHYT
]				VGKESIDLVLDRIRKLTDACSGLQGFLIFHSFGGG
1	ļ	]	)	TGSGFTSLLMERLSLDYGKKSKLEFAIYPAPQVS
			1	,
				TAVVEPYNSILTTHTTLEHSDCAFMVDNEAIYDI
				CRRNLDIERPTYTNLNRLISQIVSSITASLRFDGAL
				NVDLTEFQTNLVPYPRIHFPLVTYAPIISAEKAYH
			•	EQLSVAEITSSCFEPNSQMVKCDPRHGKYMACC
				MLYRGDVVPKDVNVAIAAIKTKRTIQFVDWCPT
	1			GFKVGINYQPPTVVPGGDLAKVQRAVCMLSNTT
	1		İ	AIAEAWARLDHKFDLMYAKRAFVHWYVGEGM
				EEGEFS*RPGEDLA\ALE\KDYEEVGTDSFEEENE
				GEEF
		1		
2260		1 2	2507	
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN ASTTSSVASGTEYTGPKLYKEPSAKSNKHIIQNAL
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN ASTTSSVASGTEYTGPKLYKEPSAKSNKHIIQNAL AHCCLAGKVNEGQKKKILEEMEKSDANNFLILF
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN ASTTSSVASGTEYTGPKLYKEPSAKSNKHIIQNAL AHCCLAGKVNEGQKKKILEEMEKSDANNFLILF RDSGCQFRSLYTYCPETEEINKLTGIGPKSITKKM
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKYYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN ASTTSSVASGTEYTGPKLYKEPSAKSNKHIIQNAL AHCCLAGKVNEGQKKKILEEMEKSDANNFLILF RDSGCQFRSLYTYCPETEEINKLTGIGPKSITKKM IEGLYKYNSDRKQFSHIPAKTLSASVDAITIHSHL
3368	A	3	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKYYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN ASTTSSVASGTEYTGPKLYKEPSAKSNKHIIQNAL AHCCLAGKVNEGQKKKILEEMEKSDANNFLILF RDSGCQFRSLYTYCPETEEINKLTGIGPKSITKKM
3368	A	977	2597	SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKVYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN ASTTSSVASGTEYTGPKLYKEPSAKSNKHIIQNAL AHCCLAGKVNEGQKKKILEEMEKSDANNFLILF RDSGCQFRSLYTYCPETEEINKLTGIGPKSITKKM IEGLYKYNSDRKQFSHIPAKTLSASVDAITIHSHL WQTKRPVTPKKLLPTKA
				SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKYYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN ASTTSSVASGTEYTGPKLYKEPSAKSNKHIIQNAL AHCCLAGKVNEGQKKKILEEMEKSDANNFLILF RDSGCQFRSLYTYCPETEEINKLTGIGPKSITKKM IEGLYKYNSDRKQFSHIPAKTLSASVDAITIHSHL WQTKRPVTPKKLLPTKA RGSGLTQEPGSVGQLALACAEGAVEWLYPAGAL
				SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKYYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN ASTTSSVASGTEYTGPKLYKEPSAKSNKHIIQNAL AHCCLAGKVNEGQKKKILEEMEKSDANNFLILF RDSGCQFRSLYTYCPETEEINKLTGIGPKSITKKM IEGLYKYNSDRKQFSHIPAKTLSASVDAITIHSHL WQTKRPVTPKKLLPTKA RGSGLTQEPGSVGQLALACAEGAVEWLYPAGAL RLTLGGPDPRARPGIACLRPVRPFAGAQVFAERA
				SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKYYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN ASTTSSVASGTEYTGPKLYKEPSAKSNKHIIQNAL AHCCLAGKVNEGQKKKILEEMEKSDANNFLILF RDSGCQFRSLYTYCPETEEINKLTGIGPKSITKKM IEGLYKYNSDRKQFSHIPAKTLSASVDAITIHSHL WQTKRPVTPKKLLPTKA RGSGLTQEPGSVGQLALACAEGAVEWLYPAGAL RLTLGGPDPRARPGIACLRPVRPFAGAQVFAERA GGALELLLAEGPGPAGGRCVRWGPRERRALFLQ
				SLLEETMDEDSSLREYTVSLDSDMDDASKCLQE YDSGTGNTREALRPCPRTVSTKAQPGRSASSSSG DKTTSFAEQKIRKLNHTDGESSGSSSQKTTPEGSE LNIPHAGAWAQIPEETGLPQGRDTTQLLASEMV HLMMK\LKEKR\RAI*AQKKKMEAAFTKQRQKM GRTAFLTVVKKKGDGISPLREEAAGAEDEKYYT DRAKEKESQKTDGQRSKSLADIKESMENPQAKW LKSPTTPIDPEKQGNLASPSEETLNEGEILEYTKSI EKLNSSLHFLQQEMQRLSLQQEMLMQMREQQS WVISPPQPSPQKQIRDFKPSKQAGLSSAIAPFSSD\ SPR\PTHPSSTSLLNRKSASFSVKSQRTPRPNELKI TPLNRTLTPPRSVDSLPRLRRFSPSQVPIQTRSFVC FGDDGEPQLKESKPKEEVKKEELESKGTLEQRG HNPEEKEIKPFESTVSEVLSLPVTETVCLTPNEDQ LNQPTEPPPKPVFPPTAPKNVNLIEVSLSDLKPPE KADVPVEKYDGESDKEQFDDDQKVCCGFFFKD DQKAENDMAMKRAALLEKRLRREKETQLRKQQ LEAEMEHKKEETRRKTEEERQKKEDERARREFIR QEYMRRKQLKLMEDMDTVIKPRPQVVKQKKQR PKSIHRDHIESPKTPIKGPPVSSLSLASLNTGDNES VHSGKRTPRSESVEGFLSPSRCGSRNGEKDWEN ASTTSSVASGTEYTGPKLYKEPSAKSNKHIIQNAL AHCCLAGKVNEGQKKKILEEMEKSDANNFLILF RDSGCQFRSLYTYCPETEEINKLTGIGPKSITKKM IEGLYKYNSDRKQFSHIPAKTLSASVDAITIHSHL WQTKRPVTPKKLLPTKA RGSGLTQEPGSVGQLALACAEGAVEWLYPAGAL RLTLGGPDPRARPGIACLRPVRPFAGAQVFAERA

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, I.—Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \possible nucleotide insertion
				YSAVLFPC*AMDHLESFIAECDRRTELAKKRLAE TQEEISAEVSAKAEKVHELNEEIGKLLAKAEQLG AEGNVDESQKILMEVEKVRAKKKEAEKTVAEK QEKRNQDRLRRREEREERLSRRSGSRTRDRRR SRSRDRRRRSRSTSRERRKLSRSRSRDRHRRHR SRSRSHSRGHRRASRDRSAKYKFSRERASREESW ESGRSERGPPDWRLESSNGKMASRRSEEKEAG/G
3371	A	345	1383	DLLNRMIVWKHGLLI DLSLECTGFKETNLGVYFLSSKWVLRLYALHIID YSAVLFPC*AMDHLESFIAECDRRTELAKKRLAE TQEEISAEVSAKAEKVHELNEEIGKLLAKAEQLG AEGNVDESQKILMEVEKVRAKKKEAEKTVAEK QEKRNQDRLRRREEREREERLSRRSGSRTRDRRR SRSRDRRRRSSTSRERRKLSRSRSRDRHRRHR SRSRSHSRGHRRASRDRSAKYKFSRERASREESW ESGRSERGPPDWRLESSNGKMASRRSEEKEAG/G DLLNRMIVWKHGLLI
3372	A	239	1	PMQNCMCSLTLSVLPLGPQPPVPEKRPPEIQHFR MSDDVHSLGKVTSDLAKRRKLTSI*GGLSEELGS ARRSGEVTLTKGDPGSLEWETVVGDDFSLYYD SYSVDERVDSDSKSEVEALTEQLSEEEEEEEEEE EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE
3373	A	587	1584	PDGRLIVSCSEDKTIKIWDTTNKQCVNNFSDSVG FANFVDFNPSGTCIASAGSDQTVKVWDVRVNKL LQHYQVHSGGVNCISFHPSGNYLITASSDGTLKIL DLLKGRLIYTLQGHTGPVFTVSFSKGGELFASGG ADTQVLLWRTNFDELHCKGLTKRNLKRLHFDSP PHLLDIYPRTPHPHEEKVETVEDFFLHLLRLIQSL R*SICRSLLPLLWISFLLILPQQQKPVVGLCQTRV

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
			·	KRPVDIS*TLP*CHQNVCQQPRKRKQKT*VTSPV KVK/VSIPLAVTDALEHIMEQLNVLTQTVSILEQR LTLTEDKLKDCLENQQKLFSAVQQKS
3374	A	398	21	WLYPMALSILDIKMSPSWYFHMAIGIINWNTTAG LSGTLYPKVPQKYILFDSVILLLGMLRKIRQVCQ NVYMKGCSPITLFKIVHYWPGAVAHAYNPSTLG GQVG/WQIT*GQEFETSLDYMVKPHLY
3375	A	3	1051	VPTQQILAFPEQTNTKDWTVTPEHVLPESQSLLT FEEVAMYFSQEEWELLDPTQKALYNDVMQENY ETVISLALFVLPKPKVISCLEQGEEPWVQVSPEFK DSAGKSPTGLKLKNDTENHQPVSLSDLEIQASAG VISKKAKVKVPQKTAGKENHFDMHRVGKWHQ DFPVKKRKKLSTWKQELLKLMDRHKKDCAREK PFKCQECGKTFRVSS\DL\IKHQRIHTEEKPYKCQ QCDKRFRWSSDLNKHLTTHQGIKPYKCSWGGKS FSQNTNLHTHQRTHTGEKPFTCHECGKKFSQNS HLIKHRRTHTGEQPYTCSICRRNFSRRSSLLRHQK LHL*REACPVSHFWKTF
3376	A	137	2329	SFESPAPLPSTCFPQERQDPGPCYVSGAMAGLGP GVGDSEGGPRPLFCRKGALRQKVVHEVKSHKFT ARFFKQPTFCSHCTDFIWGIGKQGLQCQVCSFVV HRRCHEFVTFECPGAGKGPQTDDPRNKHKFRLH SYSSPTFCDHCGSLLYGLVHQGMKCSCCEMNVH RRCVRSVPSLCGVDHTERRGRLQLEIRAPTADEI HVTVGEARNLIPMDPNGLSDPYVKLKLIPDPRNL TKQKTRTVKATLNPVWNETFVFNLKPGDVERRL SVEVWDWDRTSRNDFMGAMSFGVSELLKAPVD GWYKLLNQEEGEYYNVPVADADNCSLLQKFEA CNYPLELYERVRMGPSSSPIPSPSPSPTDPKRCFFG ASPGRLHISDFSFLMVLGKGSFGKVMLAERRGSD ELYAIKILKKDVIVQDDDVDCTLVEKRVLALGG RGPGGRPHFLTQLHSTFQTPDRLYFVMEYVTGG DLMYHIQQLGKFKEPHAAFYAAEIAIGLFFLHNQ GIIYRDLKLDNVMLDAEGHIKITDFGMCKENVFP GTTTRTFCGTPDYIAPEIIAYQPYGKSVDWWSFG VLLYEMLAGQPPFDGEDEEELFQAIMEQTVTYP KSLSREAVAICKGFLTKHPGEAPGASGP*WGNLT IRAHGFFPLGFDWERLERL\EIPASFSRPRPCGPQR RGIFDKFFTRAAPA\LTPPARLVLDSIDQADFQGF
3377	A	918	738	SSMLWGFSVFRRSWILNCWLSSSQVGISAACKFS TLTHTHTHTHTHTRHAPFCGTCLYY
3378	A	1126	456	FSKLIMKTFIIGISGVTNSGKTTLAKNLQKHLPNC SVISQDDFFKPESEIETDKNGFLQYDVLEALNME KMMSAISCWMESARHSVVSTDQESAEEIPILIIEG FLLFNYKPLDTIWNRSYFLTIPYEECKRRRSTRVY QPPDSPGYFDGHVWPMYLKYRQEMQDITWEVV YLDGTKSEEDLFLQVYEDLIQELAKQKCLQVTA* RRNTTNPS/CK*IRKLQGVI
3379	A	1126	456	FSKLIMKTFIIGISGVTNSGKTTLAKNLQKHLPNC SVISQDDFFKPESEIETDKNGFLQYDVLEALNME KMMSAISCWMESARHSVVSTDQESAEEIPILIIEG FLLFNYKPLDTIWNRSYFLTIPYEECKRRRSTRVY QPPDSPGYFDGHVWPMYLKYRQEMQDITWEVV YLDGTKSEEDLFLQVYEDLIQELAKQKCLQVTA*

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:		beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine,
		nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine.
1		location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
Ì		corresponding to first amino	to last amino acid residue of	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
]	ŀ	acid residue of	peptide	>= Dossible nucleotide insertion
İ	1.	peptide	sequence	
		sequence		RRNTTNPS/CK*IRKLQGVI
.3380	A	1443	794	ARRGELAGGGRASGGRSGGDGGGGGGARAPEG
				VRAPAAGQPRATKGAPPPPGTPPPSPMSSAIERKS
				LDPSEEPVDEVLQIPPSLLTCGGCQQNIGDRYFLK
				AIDQYWHEDCLSCDLCGCRLGEVGRRLYYKLGR
				KLCRRDYLRLFGQDGLCASCDKRIRAYEMTMRV
ĺ				KDKVYHLECFKCAACQKHFCVGDRYLLINSDIV
<u></u>	<u> </u>			CEQDIYEWTKINGMI
3381	Α	945	474	SLKLRKPPLPTDGVHFVFVESQLDFWGPQEMLT
	1			QQGMALQNYDNKLVKCIEELCQKQEELCWQIQ
ļ				QEEDKKQRLQNEVRQLTEKLACVNEKLARVNE
		-		NLARKIASCSKFYQTIAETEATYLKILESF*\TLLS
2000	<u> </u>			VRKREAGNLTKATAPDQKSSGGRDS
3382	A	1	1458	GIRGKMADRGGVGEAAAVGASPASVPGLNPTLG
				WRERLRAGLAGTGASLWFVAGLGLLYALRIPLR
			1	LCENLAAVTVFLNSLTPKFYVALTGTSSLISGLIFI
		•		FEWWYFHKHGTSFIEQVSVSHLQPLMGGTESSIS
				EPGSPSRNRENETSRQNLSECKVWRNPLNLFRGA
		1		EYRRYTWVTGKEPLTYYDMNLSAQDHQTFFTC
				DTDFLRPSDTVMQKAWRERNPPARIKAAYQALE
				LN/E*LCHCICSTG*GRSNNYCRC*KVI*TGTQGR
	1			RNNL*AVTAVPAPKSSA*SSTEERYQCTGIY*LKI GNVCKKIRKNKRSSKNNERFDE*ISSSYHVEHP*
				KSL\KSLLELQAYPDVQAVLAKYDDISLPKSAAIC
				YTAALLKTRTVSEKFSPETASTRGLSAAEINAVD
				AIHRAVEFNPHVPKYLLEMKSLILPPEHILKRGDS
	ŀ			EAIAYAFFHLQHWKRIEGALNLLQCTWEGSKYS
				FPKVTLISLTIH
3383	A	282	2443	RGKGFKEFFLGVCQTFIPCLCAEGIQLQFFCSGSG
				SSPLLKDLESMKTGLFFLCLLGTAAAIPTNARLLS
				DHSKPTAETVAPDNTAIPSLRAEAEENEKETAVS
			-	TEDDSHHKAEKSSVLKSKEESHEQSAEQG\KSS\S
				QELGIEGFKRDSDGSL*VWNL\EYGTNLKGTLDI
				KEDMSEPQEKKLSENTDFLAPGVSSFTDSNQQES
				ITKREENQEQPRNYSHHQLNRSSKHSQGLRDQG
		[	Í	NQEQDPNISNGEEEEEKEPGEVGTHNDNQERKTE
		·		\LPREHANSKQEEDNTQSDDILEESDQPTQVSKM
				QEDEFDQGNQEQEDNSNAEMEEENASNVNKHIQ
	1	]		ETEWQSQEGKTGLEAISNHKETEEKTVSEALLME PTDDGNTTPPNHGVDDGDDGDDGGTDGDDH
	ļ			PTDDGNTTPRNHGVDDDGDDGDDGGTDGPRH SA\SDDYFHPKPGLFWEAERA\HSIAYSPSKLREQ
		[		REKVHENENIGTTEPGEHQEAKKAENSSNEEETS
				SEGNMR\VHAVDSCMSFQCKRGHICKADQQGKT
1			1	SLVSCQDPVT\CPPTKPLDQVCGTDNQTYASSCH
			·	LFATKCRLEGTKKGHQLQLDYFG\ASKSIPT\CRD
i		ļ	. ]	FEVIQ\FPLRMRD\W\LKNILMQLYEANSEHAGYL
			ļ	NEK\QRNKVKKIYL\DEKRLLAGDHPIDLLLRDFK
			l	KNYHMYVYPVHWQFSELDQHPMDRVLTHSELA
		·	Į	PLRASLVPMEHCITRFFEECDPNKDKHITLKEWG
			ĺ	HCFGIKEEDIDENLLF
3384	A	3166	928	PSRPHPTHAAMAGPEGFQYRALYPFRRERPEDLE
			İ	LLPGDVLVVSRAALQALGVAEGGERCPQSVGW
				MPGLNERTRQRGDFPGTYVEFLGPVALARPGPR
				PRGPRPLPARPRDGAPEPGLTLPDLPEQFSPPDVA
				PPLLVKLVEAIERTGLDSESHYRPELPAPRTDWSL
				TOWOLL THE PRINT OF THE PRINT O

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning. nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \text{\text{\coloredge}possible nucleotide insertion}
				SDVDQWDTAALADGIKSFLLALPAPLVTPEASAE ARRALREAAGPVGPALEPPTLPLHRALTLRFLLQ HLGRVASRAPALGPAVRALGATFGPLLLRAPPPP SSPPPGGAPDGSEPSPDFPALLVEKLLQEHLEEQE VAPPALPPKPPKAK\PASTVPGPNGGSPPSL\QDA EWYWGD\ISREEVNEKLRDTPDGTFLVRDASSKI QGEYTLTLRKGGNNKLIKVFHRDGHYGFSEPLTF CSVVDLINHYRHESLAQYNAKLDTRLLYPVSKY QQDQIVKEDSVEAVGAQLKVYHQQYQDKSREY DQLYEEYTRTSQELQMKRTAIEAFNETIKIFEEQG QTQEKCSKEYLERFRREGN/QTKEMQRILLNSER LKSRIA\EIHESRT\KL\EQQLLVPRASDNKRD/IDK PH*TSLKPDLMQLRKIRDQYLVWLTQKGARQKK INEWLGIKNETEDQYALMEDEDDLPHHEERTWY VGKINRTQAEEMLSGKRDGTFLIRESSQRGCYAC SVVVDGDTKHCVIYRTATGFGFAEPYNLYGSLK ELVLHYQHASLVQHNDALTVTLAHPVRAPGPGP
3385	A	43	2372	TRDVNSWKELCFNHYNKETTNCYRTTRKWTNY KIJELGPFRELRSQGNQVILNLGKERCQLRETGLK LYLPGMDSARHHISHSTSAGPIPSQKEEEMTESQ GTVTFKDVAIDFTQEEWKRLDPAQRKLYRNVML *NYNNLITVGYPFTKPDVIFKLEQEEKPWVMEEE VLRRHWQGEIWGVDEHQKNQDRLLRQVEVKFQ KTLTEEKGNECQKKFANVFPLNSDFFPSRHNLYE YDLFGKCLEHNFDCHNNVKCLMRKEHCEYNEP VKSYGNSSSHFVITPFKCNHCGKGFNQTLDLIRH LRIHTGEKPYECSNCRKAFSHKEKLIKHYKIHSRE QSYKCNECGKAFIKMSNLIRHQRIHTGEKPYACK ECEKSFSQKSNLIDHEKIHTGEKPYECNECGKAFS QKQSLIAHQKVHTGEKPYACNECGKAFPRIASLA LHMRSHTGEKPYKCDKCGKAFSQFSMLIHVRIH TGEKPYECNECGKAFSQSSALTVHMRSHTGEKP YECKECRKAFSHKKNFITHQKIHTREKPYECNEC GKAFIQMSNLVRHQRIHTGEKPYICKECGKAFSQ KSNLIAHEKIHSGEKPYECNECGKAFSQKQNFIT HQKVHTGEKPYDCNECGKAFSQLASLTLHLRSHT GEKPYECDKCGKAFSQCSLLNLHMRSHTGEKPY VCNECGKAFSQRTFLIVHMRGHTGEKPYECNEC GKAFSQSSSLTIHIRGHTGEKPYECKECKAFSHK KNFITHQKIHTRE/KPFKCNHCGKGFNQTLDLIRH LRIHTGEKPYECSNCRKAFSHKEKLIKHYKIHSRE QSYKCNECGKAFIKMSNLIRHQRIHTGEKPYACK ECEKSFSQKSNLIDHEKIHTGEKPYECNECGKAFS QKQSLIAHQKVHTGEKPYACNECGKAFSUFSMLIHVRIH TGEKPYECNECGKAFSQTSMLIHVRHTGEKPYACK ECEKSFSQKSNLIDHEKIHTGEKPYECNECGKAFS QKQSLIAHQKVHTGEKPYACNECGKAFPRIASLA LHMRSHTGEKPYKCDKCGKAFSQFSMLIHVRIH TGEKPYECNECGKAFSQSSALTVHMRSHTGEKP YECKECRKAFSHKKNFITHQKIHTREKPYECNEC GKAFIQMSNLVRHQRIHTGEKPYICKECGKAFSQ KSNLIAHEKIHSGEKPYECNECGKAFSQKSNLIHVRIH TGEKPYECNECGKAFSQSSALTVHMRSHTGEKP YECKECRKAFSHKKNFITHQKIHTREKPYECNEC GKAFIQMSNLVRHQRIHTGEKPYICKECGKAFSQ KSNLIAHEKIHSGEKPYECNECGKAFSQLASLTLHLRSHT GEKPYECDKCGKAFSQCSLLNLHMRSHTGEKPY VCNECGKAFSQRSSLTIHIRGHTGEKPYECKECRKAFSHK KNFITHQKIHTRENPLSVIIVEKASIRLWTSSDI

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon,/=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
3386	A	201	1032	WDDYPQGALRRREAAEGLHFLGPPGRVRGQLR GITGPAWYCHSPSHSLLSAFCHLPTPSRCPAMAR PPVPGSVVVPNWHES/RRGQGVPGLHSAQEPPAG VWAA*AASAAAA\LSIDTASYKIFVSGKSGVGKT ALVAKLAGLEVPVVHHETTGIQTTVVFWPAKLQ ASSRVVMFRFEFWDCGESALKKFDHMLLACME NTDAFLFLFSFTDRASFEDLPGQLARIAGEAPGV VRMVIGSKFDQYMHTDVPERDLTAFRQAWELPL LRVKSVPGRRLG
3387	A	86	96	GSSPDPASLITMKNQDKKNGAAKQSNPKSSPGQP EAGPEGAQERPSQAAPAVEAEGPGSSQAPRKPEG AQARTAQSGALRDVSEELSRQLEDILSTYCVDNN QGGPGEDGAQGEPAEPEDAEKSRTYVARNGEPE PTPVVNGEKEPSKGDPNTEEIRQSDEVGDRDHRR PQEKKKAKGLGKEITLLMQTLNTLSTPEEKLAAL CKKYAELLEEHRNSQKQMKLLQKKQSQLVQEK DHLRGEHSKAVLARSKLESLCRELQRHNRSLKE EGVQRAREEEEKRKEVTSHFQVTLNDIQLQMEQ HNERNSKLRQENMELAERLKKLIEQYELREEHID KVFKHKDLQQQLVDAKLQQAQEMLKEAEERHQ REKDFLLKEAVESQRMCELMKQQETHLKQQLA LYTEKFEEFQNTLSKSSEVFTTFKQEMEKMTKKI KKLEKETTMYRSRWESSNKALLEMAEEKTVRD KELEGLQVKIQRLEKLCRALQT/GAQ*PVRGQRW GSHRTSAVRIFS
3388	A	98		ARPEVPAPPAWLSRRGAAKMGDKKDDKDSPKK NKGKERRDLDDLKKEVAMTEHKMSVEEVCRKY NTDCVQGLTHSKAQEILARDGPNALTPPPTTPEW VKFCRQLFGGFSILLWIGAILCFLAYGIQAGTEDD PSGDNLYLGIVLAAVVIITGCFSYYQEAKSSKIME SFKNMVPQQALVIREGEKMQVNAEEVVVGDLV EIKGGDRVPADLRIISAHGCKVDNSSLTGESEPQT RSPDCTHENPLKTRNITFFSNNFVEGTARGVVVA TGDRTVMGRIATLASGLEVGKTPIAIEIEHFIQLIT GVAVFLGVSFFILSLILGYTWLEAVIFLIGIIVANV PEGLLATVTVCLTLTAKRMARKNCLVKNLEAVE TLGSTSTICSDKTGTLTQNRMTVAHMWFDNQIH EADTTEDQSGTSFDKSSHTWVALF*H/LLGFCNR PVFKGGQDNIPVLKRDVAGDASESALLKCIELSS GSVKLMRERNKKVAEIPFNSTNKYQLSIHETEDP NDNRYLLVMKGAPERILDRCSTILLQGKEQPLDE EMKEAFQNAYLELGGLGERVLGFCHYYLPEEQF PKGFAFDCDDVNFTTDNLCFVGLMSMIGPPRAA VPDAVGKCRSAGIKVIMVTGDHPITAKAIAKGV GIIFEGNETVEDIAARLNIPVSQVNPRDAKACVIH GTDLKDFTSEQIDEILQNHTEIVFARTSPQQKLIIV EGCQRQGAIVAVTGDGVNDSPALKKADIGVAM GIAGSDVSKQAADMILLDDNFASIVTGVEEGRLI FDNLKKSIAYTLTSNIPEITPFLLFIMANIPLPLGTI TILCIDLGTDMVPAISLAYEAAESDIMKRQPRNPR TDKLVNERLISMAYGQIGMIQALGGFFSYFVILA ENGFLPGNLVGIRLNWDDRTVNDLEDSYGQQW IYEQRKVVEFTCHTAFFVSIVVVQWADLIICKTR RNSVFQQGMKNKILIFGLFEETALAAFLSYCPGM DVALRMYPLKPSWWFCAFPYSFLIFVYDEIRKLI

080 10	Medica	Dundinta	Dead!a4-3	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid.
SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning	Predicted end nucleotide	Amino acid sequence (A=Aminne C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine.
NO:		nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine.
		location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine.
		corresponding	to last amino	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino	acid residue of	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion.
		acid residue of	peptide	\=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide	sequence	
	ļ	sequence		
	<u> </u>			LRRNPGGWVEKETYY
3389	Α	45	5250	VERLLGCRNSKRTWRMLISKNMPWRRLQGISFG
				MYSAEELKKLSVKSITNPRYLDSLGNPSANGLYD
				LALGPADSKEVCSTCVQDFSNCSGHLGHIELPLT
				VYNPLLFDKLYLLLRGSCLNCHMLTCPRAVIHLL
				LCQLRVLEVGALQAVYELERILNRFLEENPDPSA
				SEIREELEQYTTEIVQNNLLGSQGAHVKNVCESK
ļ				SKLIALFWKAHMNAKRCPHCKTGRSVVRKEHNS
1				KLTITFPAMVHRTAGQKDSEPLGIEEAQIGKRGY
		ļ		LTPTSAREHLSALWKNEGFFLNYLFSGMDDDGM
		1	1	
		1		ESRFNPSVFFLDFLVVPPSRYRPVSRLGDQMFTN
				GQTVNLQAVMKDVVLIRKLLALMAQEQKLPEE
				VATPTTDEEKDSLIAIDRSFLSTLPGQSLIDKLYNI
				WIRLQSHVNIVFDSEMDKLMMDKYPGIRQILEK
				KEGLFRKHMMGKRVDYAARSVICPDMYINTNEI
				GIPMVFATKLTYPQPVTPWNVQELRQAVINGPN
1				VHPGASMVINEDGSRTALSAVDMTQREAVAKQ
				LLTPATGAPKPQGTKIVCRHVKNGDILLLNRQPT
ŀ				LHRPSIQAHRARILPEEKVLRLHYANCKAYNADF
ĺ	i	Ĭ		DGDEMNAHFPQSELGRAEAYVLACTDQQYLVP
				KDGQPLAGLIQDHMVSGASMTTRGCFFTREHYM
				ELVYRGLTDKVGRVKLLSPSILKPFPLWTGKQVV
				STLLINIIPEDHIPLNLSGKAKITGKAWVKETPRSV
			]	PGFNPDSMCESQVIIREGELLCGVLDKAHYGSSA
				YGLVHCCYEIYGGETSGKVLTCLARLFTAYLOL
				YRGFTLGVEDILVKPKADVKRQRIJEESTHCGPQ
				AVRAALNLPEAASYDEVRGKWQDAHLGKDQRD
		,		FNMIDLKFKEEVNHYSNEINKACMPFGLHRQFPE
				NTLQLMVQSGAKGSTVNTMQISCLLGQIELEGRS
	ľ			TPLMASGKSLPCFEPYEFTPRAGGFVTGRFLTGIK
			1	PPEFFFHCMAGREGLVDTAVKTSRSGYLQRCIIK
				HLEGLVVQYDLTVRDSDGSVVQFLYGEDGLDIP
			İ	KTQFLQPKQFPFLASNYEVIMKSQHLHEVLSRAD
	i			PKKALHHFRAIKKWQSKHPNTLLRRGAFLSYSQ KIQEAVKALKLESENRNGR/RPWDS/G/RMLRMW
	'			YELDEESRRKYQKKAAACPDPSLSVWRPDIYFAS
	ļ	]	ļ	VSETFETKVDDYSQEWAAQTEKSYEKSELSLDR
				LRTLLQL\KWQRSLCEPGEAVGLLAAQSIGEPST
				QMTLNTFHFAGRGEMNVTLGIPRLREILMVASA
				NIKTPMMSVPVLNTKKALKRVKSLKKQLTRVCL
				GEVLQKIDVQESFCMEEKQNKFQVYQLRFQFLP
				HAYYQQEKCLRPEDILRFMETRFFKLLMESIKKK
				NNKASAFRNVNTRRATQRDLDNAGELGRSRGE
				QEGDEEEEGHIVDAEAEEGDADASDAKRKEKQE
	]			EEVDYESEEEEREGEENDDEDMQEERNPHREG
				ARKTQEQDEEVGL/GH*GGPVPSRPPDAAPETHP
]			,	QPGAPGA\EAMERRVQAVREIHPFIDDYQYDTEE
				SLWCQVTVKLPLMKINFDMSSLVVSLAHGAVIY
	,		]	ATKGITRCLLNETTNNKNEKELVLNTEGINLPELF
				KYAEVLDLRRLYSNDIHAIANTYGIEAALRVIEK
				EIKDVFAVYGIAVDPRHLSLVADYMCFEGVYKP
				LNRFGIRSNSSPLQQMTFETSFQFLKQATMLGSH
ļ				DELRSPSACLVVGKVVRGGTGLFELKQPLR
3390	A	2	2080	ILPPLEGPPAQASPSSTMLGEGSQPDWPGGSRYD
2250	<sup>fh</sup>	~	2000	LDEIDAYWLELINSELKEMERPELDELTLERVLE
<b></b>		L	L	LOUDAL WOLDINGEDALINER ELDELILERVLE

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				ELETLCHQNMARAIETQEGLGIEYDEDVVCDVC RSPEGEDGNEMVFCDKCNVCVHQACYGILKVPT GSWLCRTCALGVQPKCLLCPKRGGALKPTRSGT KWVHVSCALWIPEVSIGCPEKMEPITKISHIPASR WALSCSLCKECTGTCIQCSMPSC\VTAFHVTCAF DHGLEMRTILADNDEVKFKSFCQEHSDGGPRNE PTSEPTEPSQAGEDLEKVTLRKQRLQQLEEDFYE LVEPAEVAERLDLAEALVDFIYQYWKLKRKANA NQPLLTPKTDEVDNLAQQEQDVLYRRLKLFTHL RQDLERVRNLCYMVTRRERTKHAICKLQEQIFH LQMKLIEQDLCRAGLSTSFPIDGTFFNSWLAQSV QITAENMAMSEWPLNNGHREDPAPGLLSEELLQ DEETLLSFMRDPSLRPGDPARKARGRTRLPAKK KPPPPPPQDGPGSRTTPDKAPKKTWGQDAGSGK GGQGPPTRKPPRRTSSHLPSSPAAGDCPILATPES PPPLAPETPDEAASVAADSDVQVP\GPAASPKPLG RLRPPPREPR*T\RRLPGC/ARPDAGDGDHLSAVA ERPKV\SLHFDTETDG\YFS\DGEMSNS\DV\EAED
3391	A	1555		GGVQRGPREAGAKE\VVRMGVLAS  NSFLHFLHLKVRTMFLFPSFPVLLLSVVTASCSKT KACADTQKTCSMITCGIPVTNGTPGRDGRDRPK GEKGEPGLGQVSVAS*ISTSGRCSSKSVLEPATRG LKHRLGEAPLSSGPMLHSEQPL*NAIASKTKLFV DSLGSHISTQELGVCGCPFRGVSCLVGELALVQA LH*VAGESFFFGSDHWLIGCAGGEQEWSIELLGK KKRVTATGSSSLCLATGQGLRGLQGPPGKMGPP GNTGTSGIPGPRGQKGDRGDNSVAEAKLANLER KL*SLRSELDHTKKL*PFSLGK\MSGKKLFVTNGE RMPFSKVKALCAGLQATVAAPKNAEENKAIQDV AKDTAFLGITDEATEGQFMYLTGGRLTYSNWKK DEPNDHGSGEDCVILLNNGLWNGISCTSSFIAICE FPA
3392	A	218		GGSRRNQRRSIPVLGYFLKQKKMTKAQESLTLE DVAVDFTWEEWQFLSPAQKDLYRDVMLENYSN LVSVGYQAGKPDALTKLEQGEPLWTLEDEIHSP AHPEIEKADDHLQQPLQNQKILKRTGQRYEHGR TLKSYLGLTNQSRRYNRKEPAEFNGDGAFLHDN HEQMPTEIEFPESRKPISTKSQFLKHQQTHNIEKA HECTDCGKAFLKKSQLTEHKRIHTGKKPHVCSL CGKAFYKKYRLTEHERAHRGEKPHGCSLCGKAF YKRYRLTEHERAHKGEKPYGCSECGKAFPRKSE LTEHQRIHTGIKPHQCSECGRAFSRKSLLVVHQR THTGEKPHTCSECGKGFIQKGNLNIHQRTHTGEK PYGCIDCGKAFSQKSCLVAHQRYHTGKTPFVCPE CGQPCSQKSGLIRHQKIHSGEKPYKCSDCGKAFL TKTMLIVHHRTHTGERPYGCDECEKAYFYMSCL VKHKRIHSREKRGD/CSEGGKSFHSKSQLKS**TC AGEKPC*YGNCGNGGRAV
3393	A	46	1464	ARSLSGAPSGSSRQDGTSLLRTGAGYSSSQSIETL SLPPGPSHLVGDKSQGGRSCQGQITSAASGKTSK SEPNHVIFKKISRDKSVT\IYLGNRDY\IDHV\SQV QPVDGVVLVDPDLVKGKKVYVTLTCAFRYGQE DIDVIGLTFRRDLYFSRVQVYPPVGAASTPTKLQ ESLLKKLGSNTYPFLLTFPDYLPCSVMLQPAPQD SGKSCGVDFEVKAFATDSTDAEEDKIPKKSSVRL

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				LIRKVQHAPLEMGPQPRAEAAWQFFMF\DKPLH LAVSLNKRDLFPMGSPIPVPVSVP\NNTEKPVKKI KA\SVEQVANVVLYS\SDY\YVKPVAMEEAQEKV PPNSTWTKA\LTLL\PWLVNNRERRGIALDGKIKH EDTNLASSTIIKEGIDRKRSWEILVSYPDQR*SSTV SGFLGRASPSQ*SRPT*RSQFRL\MHPQP\EDPA\K ESYQDANLVF\EEFARP*ILKDAGEA*\EGKRDQE
3394	A .	211	1591	RPPTMAADQRPKADTLALRQRLISSSCRLFFPEDP VKIVRAQGQYMYDEQGAEYIDCISNVAHVGHCH PLVVQAAHEQNQVLNTNSRYLHDNIVDYAQRLS ETLPEQLCVFYFLNSGSEANDLALRLARHYTGH QDVVVLDHAYHGHLSSLIDISPYKFRNLDGQKE WVHVAPLPDTYRGPYREDHP\THVEDGLEKAFS* KRVVQGRNRQICRRQIAAFFAESLPSVGGQIIPPA GYFSQVAEHIRKAGGVFVADEIQVGFGRVGKHF WAFQLQGKDFVPDIVTMGKSIGNGHPVACVAAT QPVARAFEATGVEYFNTFGGSPVSCAVGLAVLN VLEKEQLQDHATSVGSFLMQLLGQQKIKHPIVG DVRGVGLFIGVDLIKDEATRTPATEEAAYLVSRL KENYVLLSTDGPGRNILKFKPPMCFSLDNARQV VAKLDAILTDMEEKVRSCETLRLQP
3395	A		1424	FRDGFSLRCGCNAELPGRGGDDAADRAIQRFLR TGAAVRYKVMKNWGVIGGIAAALAAGIYVIWG PITERKKRRKGLVPGLVNLGNTCFMNSLLQGLSA CPAFIRWLEEFTSQYSRDQKEPPSHQYLSLTLLHL LKALSCQEVTDDEVLHASCLLDVLRMYRWQISS FEEQDAHELFHVITSSLEDERDRQPRVTHLFDVH SLE\HSQK*LPKQITCRTRGSPHPTSNHWKSQHPF HGRLTSNMVCKHCEHQSPVRFDTFDSLSLSIPAA TWGHPLTLDHCLHHFISSESVRDVVCDNCTKIEA KGTLNGEKVEHQRTTFVKQLKLGKLPQCLCIHL QRLSWSSHGTPLKRHEHVQFNEFLMMDIYKYHL LGHKPSQHNPKLNKNPGPTLELQDGPGAPTPGL NQPGAPKTQIFMNGACSPSLLPTLSAPMPFPLPV VPDYSSSTYLFRLMGSCRPPWETWHSGTLCSFTD GPHL
3396	A	109		TQEAGLIFFSPPFSLSLSLSLPLSLFLLSHPHSRTPP NRTPRRTRIPQRPAVMYSPLCLTQDEFHPFIEALL PHVRAFAYTWFNLQARKRKYFKKHEKRMSKEE ERAVKDELLSEKPEVKQKWASRLLAKLRKDIRP EYREDFVLTVTGKKPPCCVLSNPDQKGKMRRID CLRQADKVWRLDLVMVILFKGIPLESTDGERLV KSPQCSNPGLCVQPHHIGVSVKELDLYLAYFVH AADSSQSESPSQAK*R*H*GPARKWDIWGFQ\DS FVT\SGVF\SVT*A*LRVSQTPI\AAG\TGPNFSLSD LESSSYYSMSPGAMRRSLPSTSSTSSTKRLKSVED EMDSPGEEPFYTGQGRSPGSGSQSSGWHEVEPG MPSPTTLKKSEKSGFSSPSPSQTSSLG\TAFTQHHR PVITGTQSKFHIATPSIL\HFPRHSPFFQQPGPYFSH PAIRYHPQETLKEFVQLVCPDAGQQAGQPNGSS QGKVHNPFLPTPMLPPPPPPPMARPVPLPVPDTK PPTTSTEGGAASPTSPTTRS/PGRTRPQQPFL/SYG PP*PSNALIGGGGGGAGERAGERADLEM
3397	A	1	2002	TGTLTEDGLDVMGVVPLKGQAFLPLVPEPRRLP VGPLLRALATCHALSRLQDTPVGDPMDLKMVES

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2200				TGWVLEEPAADSAFGTQVLAVMRPPLWEPQLQ AMEEPPVPVSVLHRFPFSSALQRMSVVVAWPGA TQPEAYVKGSPELVAGLCNPETVPTDFAQMLQS YTAAGYRVVALASKPLPSVPSLEAAQQLTRDTV EGDLSLLGLLVMRNLLKPQTTPVIQALRRTRIRA VMVTGDNLQTAVTVARGCGMVAPQEHLIIVHA THPERGQPASLEFLPMESPTAVNGVKDPDQAAS YTVEPDPRSRHLALSGPTFGIIVKHFPKLLPKVLV QGTVFARMAPEQKTELVCELQKLQYCVGMCGD GANDCGALKAADVGISLSQAEASVVSPFTSSMA SIECVPMVIREGRCSLDTSFSVFKYMALYSLTQFI SVLILYTINTNLGDLQFLAIDLVITTTVAVLMSRT GPALVLGRVRPPGALLSVPVLSSLLLQMVLVTG VQLGGYFLTLAQPWFVPLNRTVAAPDNLPNYEN TVVFSLSSFQYLILAAAVSKGAPFR\RPLTNNVPF LLASAL*SSVLVVLVLSPGLLHGPLALRNITDTGF KLLLVGLVTLNFVGGLHAGERARPVPPRLPAPPP AQAG\SKKRFKQLERELAEQPWPPLPAGPLR
3398	A	758	1368	FPFRMLTGYLYLMWRRKAFWSGTQRHPLPGGL KRRRRPGRGPWPAPGGQGVGPSAL*KAGSPPAN RPGQGE/PGLISPKPVTEVLPDVQGAPVPVPPLPT PPSLPHLQNQPP/TVQHYLLSFSWKPSQGPE*RA* PSPLPPAAMRPDG*PGPASQGPDQPG\PCPPASLP TSPPGKGFQKTETRKHPPPRQQHKPKCTANRPLA SFL
3399	A	906	1091	НННННННННННЫ AFGKVQ*LQNSPSSSSS SSGCFWQARFSSYRTLНННННННННННН
	A	1838	325	PFLSVHRSPHGPSKLCDDPQASLVPEPVPGGCQE PEEMSWPPSGEIASPPELPSSPPPGLPEVAPDATST GLPDTPAAPETSTNYPVECTEGSAGPQSLPLPILE PVKNPCSVKDQTPLQLSVEDTTSPNTKPCPPTPTT PETSPPPPPPPSSTPCSAHLTPSSLFPSSLESSSEQ KFYNFVILHARADEHIALRVSGRSWEALGVPDG ATFCEDFQVPGRGELSCLQDAIDHSAFIILLLT\SN \FDCR\LSLHQVNQAMMSNLT\RQGSQDCVIP\FLP \LESSPARLSSDTASLLSGLVRLDEHSQIFARKVA NTFKPHRLQARKAMWRKEQDTRALREQSQHLD GERMQAAALNAAYSAYLQSYLSYQAQMEQLQV AFGSHMSFGTGAPYGARMPFGGQVPLGAPPPFP TWPGCPQPPPLHAWQAGTPPPPSPQPAAFPQSLP FPAVPKPFPTASTAPPSEPKGWQP\LIIHHAQMVT SWG*NKH\MWNQRGSQAPEDKTQEAE
3401	A	153	1389	EWGWLGAAQPPEEEAEAEDQESPSSLCREALAEI KKEISPLFIGMEKCSVGGLELTEQTPALLGNMAM ATSLMDIGDSFGHPACPLVSRSRNSPVEDDDDDD DVVFIESIQPPSISAPAIADQRNFIFASSKNEKPQG NYSVIPPSSRDLASQKGNISETIVIDDEEDIETNGG AEKKSSCFIEWGLPGTKNKTNDLDFSTSSLSRSK VNAGMGNSGITTELTLKYIITNVTTLETGISSVNA GQDVNIIITYKTSL*NTNLGDVAKGLQSSNFGVNI QTYTPSLTPQTKTGV\NLLTLVE*MWQETYFRME NLQLII/CPEDASTKKANVILPVESSKSFQEFYSTS CLSPCENNWNLKKGVFNKSRCTICSKLAFVWIFT
402	A	153 1	389	PKLLFRLTVIILTFKCYYVLFHLHNARVLDV EWGWLGAAQPPEEEAEAEDQESPSSLCREALAEI

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				KKEISPLFIGMEKCSVGGLELTEQTPALLGNMAM ATSLMDIGDSFGHPACPLVSRSRNSPVEDDDDDD DVVFIESIQPPSISAPAIADQRNFIFASSKNEKPQG NYSVIPPSSRDLASQKGNISETIVIDDEEDIETNGG AEKKSSCFIEWGLPGTKNKTNDLDFSTSSLSRSK VNAGMGNSGITTELTLKYIITNVTTLETGISSVNA GQDVNIIITYKTSL*NTNLGDVAKGLQSSNFGVNI QTYTPSLTPQTKTGV\NLLTLVE*MWQETYFRME NLQLII/CPEDASTKKANVILPVESSKSFQEFYSTS CLSPCENNWNLKKGVFNKSRCTICSKLAEVWIFI PKLLFRLTVIILTFKCYYVLFHLHNARVLDV
3403	A	609	2765	SRHCTPAERQNETHRAPDFAMSAVLGHQPPFFPA LTLPPNGAAALSLPGALAKPIMDQLVGAAETGIP FSSLGPQAHLRPLKTMEPEEEVEDDPKVHLEAKE LWDQFHKRGTEMVITKSGRRMFPPFKVRCSGLD KKAKYILLMDIIAADDCRYKFHNSRWMVAGKA DPEMPKRMYIHPDSPATGEQWMSKVVTFHKLKL TNNISDKHGFTILNSMHKYQPRFHIVRANDILKLP YSTFRTYLFPETEFIAVTAYQNDKITQLKIDNNPF AKGFRDTGNGRREKRKQLTLQSMRVFDERHKK ENGTSDESSSEQAAFNCFA\QASSPAA\PL*RTSNL KDF\SPSRG*RATPEAEEQRGSTAPRPATRAKISP HPRRRSPAVTRAAPAVKAHLFAAERPRDSGRLD KASPDSRHSPATISSSTRGLGAEERRSPVREG\QA PAKVEEARALPGKEAFAPLTVQTDAAAAHLAQG PLPGLGFAPGLAGQQFFNGHPLFLHPSQFAMGG AFSSMAAAGMGPLLATVSGASTGVSGLDSTAM ASAAAAQGLSGASAATLPFHLQQHVLASQGLA MSPFGSLFPYPYTYMAAAAAA/SSAAASASVHRT P\FNLNTMRPRLRYSPYSIPVPVPDGSSLLTTALPS MAAAAGPLDGKAAALAASPAS\VAVDSGSELNS RSS\TLSSSSMSLSPKLCAEKEAATSELQSIQRLVS GLEAKPDRSRSASP
3404	A	1082	1308	LKKFLEVPQSYSLLLSSPFLQ\WRA*RPQNAIG*Q FIIKTLVFFGIMRSAGDVLSTQVSCALRIMRTAGC SHSSP
3405	A	1553	559	PRPPTQRLSRFAPPCRTAEFPFRRRAVVTRPAPPR ACTVVGRSSPVTGLAVGAAVAMLTVAARSRPFA PVLSATSRGVAGALTVP*MQATVPATPEQPVLDL KRPFLSRESLSGQAVRRPLVASVGLNVPASVCYS HTDIKVPDFSEYRRLEVLDSTKSSRESSEARKGFS YLVTGVTTVGVAYAAKNAVTQFVSSMSASADV LALAKIEIKLSDIPEGKNMAFKWRGKPLFVRHRT QKEIEQEAAVELSQLRDPQHDLDRVKKPEWVILI GVCTHLGCVPIANAGDFGGYYCPCHGSHYDASG RIRLGPAPLNLEVPTYEFTSDDMVIVG
3406	A	83	2671	CLYPDFCRSVTCAMPCFTHRSCREDPGTSESREM DPVAFKDVAVNFTQEEWALLDISQKNLYREVML ETFWNLTSIGKKWKDQNIEYEYQNPRRNFRSVT EEKVNEIKEDSHCGETFTPVPDDRLNFQKKKASP EVKSCDSFVCEVGLGNSSSNMNIRGDTGHKACE CQEYGPKPWKSQQPKKAFRYHPSLRTQERDHTG KKPYACKECGKNIIYHSSIQRHMVVHSGDGPYK CKFCGKAFHWLSLYLIHERTHTGEKPYECKQCG KSFSYSATHRIHERTHIGEKPYECQECGKAFHSPR

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				SCHRHERSHMGEKAYQCKECGKAFMCPRYVRR HERTHSRKKLYECKQCGKALSSLTSFQTHIRMHS GERPYECKTCGKGFYSAKSFQRHEKTHSGEKPY KCKQCGKAFTRSGSFRYHERTHTGEKPYECKQC GKAFRSAPNLQSHGRTHTGEKPYECKECGKAFIF VNNLQSHERTQTHIRIHSGERRYKCKICGKGFYC PKSFQRHEKTHTGEKLYEC/TATFSSSFSSSSF*Y HERTHTGEKPYKCEQCGKAFRAVSIL*MHGRTH PEEKPYECEQ*RAFRSAPHL*IRGRTHNGEKPY ACKKCGKPFGSAQNLRIHERTQTHIMHSVERPYK CKICGRGFYSAKSFQTHEKSYTGEKPYECKQCG KAFVSFTSFRYHERTHTGENPYECKQFGKAFRSV KNLRFHKRTHTGEKPCEYMKRLTLEGNTMNAS NVAKLSLLPVLFNIMKEFTLGRNPISVSNVRKPLF LPLLFNIMKGLTWERNPMSVCHVGKPSFLLVPFN IMKGLTLERSPMNISNVGKPSDQPRTFKCMEGLT
3407	A	1426	3	LEKNPMNVSSMGKRSDLTRFFEYR PAAPSGASPGRVCGVETARPLGVQRRQSADEGP
				PGVAGLRHEPPTVWLGSVAHRGTWVCAHRWFG PAVTRAAQAATMVKLLVAKILCMVGVFFFMLL GSLLPVKIIETDFEKAHRSKKILSLCNTFGGGVFL ATC\LTALLARC*GKSSRRSWSLGHISTDYPL\AE TILLLGFFMTVFLEQLILTFAQENAVLHRPGDLQR RIGRGQRLGV*EPLHGGRAGPRAVRGAPRPRPQP ERAGPLA\PSPVRLLSLAFALSAHSVFEGLALGLQ EEGEKVVSLFVGVAVHETLVPVALGISMAGSAM PLRDAAKLAVTVSPMIPLGIGLGLGIEKAQGVPG SVASVLLQGPGGRHLSLFITFPGKSWPRSWRKKS DRLLKVLF\LVVGYTVLAGMGLPQVVSGLAIVPA AGSPPGAPGRTQAASPGRASPKSEHCGPGPPPVH KGPPGTRLCPRSYTLSLRALLLFKILLSLKSLYQK KK
3408		106		EARDRLAQSRAKEKELNSVASELSARQEESEHSH KHLIELRREFKKNVPEEIREMVAPVLKSFQAEVV ALSKRSQEAEAAFLSVYKQLIEAPALWELKLKSR PALGDSRVQQGQHDPKTDNQNTQQKAGFKEGW LAEASEREAFGPGFKDPVPVFEAARSLDDRLQPP SFDPSGQPRRDLHTSWKRNPELLSPKALKATQAE LLELRRKYDEEAASKADEVGLIMTNLEKANQRA EAAQREVESLREQLASVNSSIRLACCSPQGPSGD KVNFTLCSGPRLEAALASKDREILRLLKDVQHLQ SSLQELEEASANQIADLERQLTAKSEAIEKLEEKL QAQSDYEEIKTELSILKAMKLASSTCSLPQGMAK PEDSLLIAKEAFFPTQKFLLEKPSLLASPEEDPSED DSIKDSLGTEQSYPSPQQLPPPPGPEDPLSPSPGQP LLGPSLGPDGTRTFSLSPFPSLASGERLMMPPAAF KGEAGGLLVFPPAFYGAKPPTAPATPAPGPEPLG GPEPADGGGGGAAGPGAEEEQLDTAEIAFQVKE QLLKHNIGQRVFGHYVLGLSQGSVSEILARPKP\ WRKLHG**GKEPFIKMKQFLSDEQNVLALRTIQV RQRGSITPRIRTPETGSDDAIKSILEQAKKEIESQK GGEPKTSVAPLSIANGTTPASTSEDAIKSILEQAR REMQAQQQALLEMEVAPRGRSVPPSPPERPSLAT ASQNGAPALVKQEEGSGGPAQAPLPVLSPAAFV QSIIRKVKSEIGDAGYFDHHWASDRGLLSRPYAS

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				VSPSLSSSSSGYSGQPNGRAWPRGDEAPVPPED EAAAGAEDEPPRTGELKAEGATAEAGARLPYYP AYVPRTLKPTVPPLTPEQYELYMYREVDTLELTR QVKEKLAKNGICQRIFGEKVLGLSQGSVSDMLSR PKPWSKLTQKGREPFIRMQLWLSDQLGQAVGQQ PGASQASPTEPRSSPSPPPSPTEPEKSSQEPLSLSLE SSKENQQPEGRSSSSLSGKMYSGSQAPGGIQEIV AMSPELDTYSITKRVKEVLTDNNLGQRLFGESIL GLTQGSVSDLLSRPKPWHKLSLKGREPFVRMQL WLNDPHNVEKLRDMKKLEKKAYLKRRYGLIST GSDSESPATRSECPSPCLQPQDLSLLQIKKPRVVL APEEKEALRKAYQLEPYPSQQTIELLSFQLNLKT NTVINWFHNYRSRMRREMLVEGTQDEPDLDPSG GPGILPPGHSHPDPTPQSPDSETEDQKPTVKELEL QEGPEENSTPLTTQDKAQVRIKQEQMEEDAEEE AGSQPQDSGELDKGQGPPKEEHPDPPGNDGLPK VAPGPLLPGGSTPDCPSLHPQQESEAGERLHPDP LSFKSASESSRCSLEVSLNSPSAASSPGLMMSVSP VPSSSAPISPSPPGAPPAKVPSASPTADMAGALHP SAKVNPNLQRRHEKMANLNNIIYRLERAANREE ALEWEF
3409	A	162	1710	GPLSPGPYQCRPSLPAQLYPQSLMAAATLRTPTQ GTVTFEDVAVHFSWEEWGLLDEAQRCLYRDVM LENLALLTSLDVHHQKQHLGEKHFISNVGRALF VKTCTFHVSGEPSTCREVGKDFLAKLGFLHQQA AHTGEQSNSKSDGGAISHRGKTHYNWGEHTKAF SGKHTLVQQQRTLTTERCYICSECGKSFSKSYSL NDHWRLHTGEKPYECRECGKSFRQSSSLIQHRR GHTAVRPHECDECGKLFSNKSNLIKHRRVHTGE RPYECSECGKSFNQRSALLQHRGVHTGEKPYEC TECGKSFSHNSSLIKHQRIHSG*\RPYECTECGKSF SQNSSLIEHHRVHTGERPYKCSECGKSFRQRSAL LQHRGVPTGERPYECSECGKFFPYSSSLGKHQRV HTGSRPYECSECGKSFTQNSGLIKHRRVHTGEKP YECTE*KKSFSHNSSLIKHQRIHSR*KPYE\CKCG N\R*HPGESP*VHSECQ/KSFS*RPYLIECHTVHKG KTLLICRDVQLI
3410	A	167	789	LCMKGISGGVRVAALAARAEREELPVPAMEPQP TAWGSPHPEAVLQLEVAPESSGPCTDTAKDQQS DKLPDLMPPA\EPLGSALELRASLEIDVAE\RGCE HGPSQQLPRCP*SWAWSEPWCQRPGCAV*APLP Y*REASFIYQSHSPAASGPFHSAGAGAVYLQAGG V/GEQEKEAVRKGSGSSSCSQRGP\PPPGMEVCPL LGFWAICP
3411	A	1040	887	ASLSKPAGISTMPWALILLFLTHSAVSVVQAGL TQPPSVSKDLR\QTATLTCTGNSNNVGHQGVIWL QQHQGHPPKLLSYRNNNRPSGISERLSAYKSGNA ASLTIYGLQTEHEAD**CRPRRKLIPKTARLFFFFL IDNEEYLLRVY
3412	A	164	83	RRGIPGSASLSLTMCVRSCFQSPRLQWVWRTAFL KHTQRRHQGSHRWTHLGGSTYRAVIFDMGGVLI PSPGRVAAEWEVQNRIPSGTILKALMEGGENGP WMRFMRAEITAEGFLREFGRLCSEMLKTSVPVD SFFSLLTSERVAKQFPVMTEAITQIRAKGLQTAVL SNNFYLPNQKSFLPLDRKQFDVIVESCMEGICKP

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				DPRIYKLCLEQLGLQPSESIFLDDLGTNLKEAARL GIHTIKVNDPETAVKELEALLGFTLRVGVPNTRP VKKTMEIPKDSLQKYLKDLLGIQTTGPLELLQFD HGQSNPTYYIRLANRDLVLRKKPPGTLLPSAHAI EREFRIMKALANAGVPVPNVLDLCEDSSVIGTPF YVMEYCPGLIYKDPSLPGLEPSHRRAIYTAMNTV LCKIHSVDLQAVGLEDYGKQGSTTWV/YSSRRA RGALLFLDWELSYPWGDPFADVGYSCLAHYLPS SFPVLRGINDCDLTQLGIPAAEEYFRMYCLQMGL PPTENWNFYMAFSFFRVAAILQGVYKRSLTGQA SSTYAEQTGKLTEFVSNLAWDFAVKEGFRVFKE MPFTNPLTRSYHTWARPQSQWCPTGSRSYSSVPE ASPAHTSRGGLVISPESLSPPVRELYHRLKHFME QRVYPAEPELQSHQASAARWSPSPLIEDLKVKQP W*GGRSGRTSWRLLALGCHT
3413	A	105	1573	PESRHQCFSDRSSHFLTMEMEQEKMTMNKELSP DAAAYCCSACHGDETWSYNHPIRGRAKSRSLSA SPALGSTKEFRRTRSLHGPCPVTTFGPKACVLQN PQTIMHIQDPASQRLTWNKSPKSVLVIKKMRDAS LLQPFKELCTHLMEENMIVYVEKKVLEDPAIASD ESFGAVKKKFCTFREDYDDISNQIDFIICLGGDGT LLYASSLFQGSVPPVMAFHLGSLGFLTPFSFENFQ SQVTQVIEGNAAVVL/RGSRLKVRVVKELRGKK TAVHNGLGEKGSQAAGLDMDVGKQAMQYQVL NEVVIDRGPSSYLSNVDVYLDGHLITTVQGD/G* GPQHLSWGP*AFLGRE*RLRLSLSGVIVSTPTGST AYAAAAGASMIHPNVPAIMITPICPHSLSFRPIVV PAGVELKIMLSPEARNTAWVSFDGRKRQEIRHG DSISITTSCYPLPSICVRDPVSDWFESLAQCLHWN VRKKQAHFEEEEEEEEEG
3414	A	20		VIVNKNVNWINYIYYNQQQRAFHELKEKLMSAL ALGLPDLTKPFTFYESEREKMAVGVLTQTVGPW PRPVAYLSKQLDGVSKGWPPCLRALAATALLAQ EADKLTLGQNLNIKAPHAVVTLMNTKGHHWLT NARLTKYQSLPCENPHITIEVCNTLNPTTLLPVSE SPGEHNCVEVLDSVYSSRPDLRDQPWASSVDWE LYMDGSSFINSQGERCAGYAVVTLDAVIKAKLW LQGTSAQKAELIALTRAVELSEGQESLEELLGRY FYVSHLPAFAKAVAQLCITCRQHNARQSPTVSPH IQAYGAAPFEDLQVDFTEMPKCGGNKYLLVLTC TYSGWVEAYPTRTEKAYEVTRVLLRDLIPRFGLP LRIGSHNGPVFVADLDCVEINVDTGVIWATWIKN EKDPVQLQKGKSGPSCTKGQCNPLELVITNPLDP RWKKGERVTLGINGAGLNPRVNILVRGEVYKCS LEPVFQTFYDELNVPITEFPGKTRNLFLQLAEHV AQSLTVTSCYVCGGTVIADQWPWEARELVPTDP VPDEFPAQKNHPDNFWVLKASIIRQYYIARVEKD FTLPVGRLHGG/RSNHTEKNPFSKFPKLQTV*AHP ESHRDWTAPTGLYWICGHRAYTKLP\ASSCVIGTI KPSFFLLSIKTGELLGFPVYASR\KSIAIRN*NNDK WPPERIIQYYGPAT*AQDGSWGYRIPIYMINRIIRL QAVLKIITATGRALTILAQQETQMRNAIYQNRLA LDYLLAAEGEVCRKFNLTNCCLHIDNQGQVVED VRDMTKVAHVPVQVWHGFDPGAMFRKWFPAL GGFKTLIIRVIIVIGTYLLLPRLLPVLLQMIKSFIAT

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2416	<b> </b>	455		LVYQNASAQVYYINHY
3415	A	455	108	NMSWRGRSTYRPRPRRSLQPPELIGAMLEPTDEE PKEEKPPTKSRNPTPDQKREDDSG/SAA*DFKWP EPGKPIFQGAMVRPKTGG/CGCEGGY*CQGEDS\P KAEHFKMPEAGEGKSQV
3416	A	1	874	FFFFQRINFIEHSGSVSLLALACDLGWCEDWSCC LVQGGGDLVDVVQTNHGEDEAGGDTDSVDEAR CKESQQEAQENLREDLCLESFAKDKILQIIEGSER EHEETRTKQAALDGEPLGGGQLTAVHLHPSKEQ QGQEGGERQRGARTHHWRGWEKGRRVRLRPPS GKLRADQPVRKLGGPTPS/TELPGLQPHAPTPHT A/PATPTYSPAPDTPNPPVRWKCPLPVEPRTRQLC RERTRKACPPKPRPPLGLPGDPTGPVTHHAPPVS PTGASGQERRAEPGAVSYAHASATK
3417	A	243	847	CLKYMYTYIFCPNCVSYKMKTDHFSLRYLHSSC AEDNKSSVDSSGQAAHPSKGKFFPHGTHWGTQC RGHISVLGWQCSCPSTGCRVGLGLAMCQTHAYI HTHTHTHTHTPTDYGAHHTDPLQRWGLGPR\KS EAGPLPQLSRDQSHPGPLSPGASPRSAGLPGWHP AHQEPRARGRCARDGLSLQTRLTNKYDIQCCQE MRK
3418	A	4073	1000	LDEYEARLTLANLDDFEEDNEDDDENR VNQEEK AAKITELINKLNFLDEAEKDLATVNSNPFDDPDA AELNPFGDPDSEEPITETASPRKTEDSFYNNSYNP FKEVQTPQYLNPFDEPEAFVTIKDSPPQSTKRKNI RPVDMSKYLYADSSKTEEEELDESNPFYEPKSTP PPNNLVNPVQELETERRVKRKAPAPPVLSPKTGV LNENTVSAGKDLSTSPKPSPIPSPVLGRKPNASQS LLVWCKEVTKNYRGVKITNFTTSWRNGLSFCAI LHHFRPDLIDYKSLNPQDIKENNKKAYDGFASIGI SRLLEPSDMVLLAIPDKLTVMTYLYQIRAHFSGQ ELNVVQIEENSSKSTYKVGNYETDTNSSVDQEKF YAELSDLKREPELQQPISGAVDFLSQDDSVFVND SGVGESESEHQTPDDHLSPSTASPYCRRTKSDTEP QKSQQSSGRTSGSDDPGICSNTDSTQAQVLLGKK RLLKAETLELSDLYVSDKKKDMSPPFICEETDEQ KLQTLDIGSNLEKEKLENSRSLECRSDPESPIKKT SLSPTSKLGYSYSRDLDLAKKKHASLRQTESDPD ADRTTLNHADHSSKIVQHRLLSRQEELKERARVL LEQARRDAALKAGNKHNTNTATPFCNRQLSDQ QDEERRRQLRERARQLIAEARSGVKMSELPSYGE MAAEKLKERSKASGDENDNIEIDTNEEIPEGFVV GGGDELTNLENDLDTPEQNSKLVDLKLKKLLEV QPQVANSPSSAAQKAVTESSEQDMKSGTEDLRT ERLQKTTERFRNPVVFSKDSTVRKTQLQSFSQYI ENRPEMKRQRSIQEDTKKGNEEKAAITETQRKPS EDEVLNKGFKDS\SQYVVGELAALENEQKQIDTR AALVEKRLRYLMDTGRNTEEEEAMMQEWFML VNKKNALIRRMNQLSLLEKEHDLERRYELLNRE LRAMLAIEDWQKTEAQKREQLLLDELVALVN KRDALVRDLDAQEKQAEEEDEHLERTLEQNKG KMAKKEEKCVLQ
3419	A	4073	1000	LDEYEARLTLANLDDFEEDNEDDDENRVNQEEK AAKITELINKLNFLDEAEKDLATVNSNPFDDPDA AELNPFGDPDSEEPITETASPRKTEDSFYNNSYNP

SEQ II	D Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				FKEVQTPQYLNPFDEPEAFVTIKDSPPQSTKRKNI RPVDMSKYLYADSSKTEEEELDESNPFYEPKSTP PPNNLVNPVQELETERRVKRKAPAPPVLSPKTGV LNENTVSAGKDLSTSPKPSPIPSPVLGRKPNASQS LLVWCKEVTKNYRGVKITNFTTSWRNGLSFCAI LHHFRPDLIDYKSLNPQDIKENNKKAYDGFASIGI SRLLEPSDMVLLAIPDKLTVMTYLYQIRAHFSGQ ELNVVQIEENSSKSTYKVGNYETDTNSSVDQEKF YAELSDLKREPELQQPISGAVDFLSQDDSVFVND
				SGVGESESEHQTPDDHLSPSTASPYCRRTKSDTEP QKSQQSSGRTSGSDDPGICSNTDSTQAQVLLGKK RLLKAETLELSDLYVSDKKKDMSPPFICEETDEQ KLQTLDIGSNLEKEKLENSRSLECRSDPESPIKKT SLSPTSKLGYSYSRDLDLAKKKHASLRQTESDPD ADRTTLNHADHSSKIVQHRLLSRQEELKERARVL LEQARRDAALKAGNKHNTNTATPFCNRQLSDQ QDEERRQLRERARQLIAEARSGVKMSELPSYGE MAAEKLKERSKASGDENDNIEIDTNEEIPEGFVV
			·	GGGDELTNLENDLDTPEQNSKLVDLKLKKLLEV QPQVANSPSSAAQKAVTESSEQDMKSGTEDLRT ERLQKTTERFRNPVVFSKDSTVRKTQLQSFSQYI ENRPEMKRQRSIQEDTKKGNEEKAAITETQRKPS EDEVLNKGFKDS\SQYVVGELAALENEQKQIDTR AALVEKRLRYLMDTGRNTEEEEAMMQEWFML VNKKNALIRRMNQLSLLEKEHDLERRYELLNRE LRAMLAIEDWQKTEAQKRREQLLLDELVALVN KRDALVRDLDAQEKQAEEEDEHLERTLEQNKG
3420	A	612	1058	KMAKKEEKCVLQ ENLGPNYSHRLLHHPTFYKKIHKKHHEWTAPIG VISLYAHPIEHAVSNMLPVIVGPLVMGSHLSSITM WFSLALIITTISHCGYHLPFLPSPEFHDYHHLKFN QCYGVLGVLDHLHGTDTMFKQTKAYERHVLLL GFTPLSESIPDSPK
3421	A	23		LLTPCDGRIPGRPSVGAESGSDFQQRRRRRRDPE EPEKTELSERELAVAVAVSQENDEENEERWVGP LPVEATLAKKRKVLEFERVYLDNLPSASMYERS YMHRDVITHVVCTKTDFIITASHDGHVKFWKKIE EGIEFVKHFRSHLGVIESIAVSSEGALFCSVGDDK AMKVFDVVNFDMINMLKLGYFPGQCEWIYCPG DAISSVAASEKSTGKIFIYDGRGDNQPLHIFDKLH TSPLTQIRLNPVYKAVVSSDKSGMIEYWTGPPHE YKFPKNVNWEYKTDTDLYEFAKCKAYPTSVCFS PDGKKIATIGSDRKVRIFRFVTGKLMRVFDESLS MFTELQQMRQQLPDMEFGRRMAVERELEKVDA VRLINIVFDETGHFVLYGTMLGIKVINVETNRCV RILGKQENIRVMQLALFQGIAKKHRAATTIEMKA SENPVLQNIQADPTIVCTSFKKNRFYMFTKREPE DTKSADSDRDVFNEKPSKEEVMAATQAEGPKRV SDSAIIHTSMGDIHTKLFPVECPKTVENFCVHSRN GYYNGHTFHRIIKGFMIQTGDPTGTGMGGESIWG GEFEDEFHSTLRHDRPYTLSMANAGSNTNGSQFF ITVVPTPWLDNKHTVFGRVTKGMEVVORISNVK
3422	A	2486	133	VNPKTDKPYEDVSIINITVK FVLVCAPLTWAGARHRRMAASKKPPRVRVNHQ DFQLRNLRIIEPNEVTHSGDTGVETDGRMPPKVT

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				SELLRQLRQAMRNSEYVTEPIQAYIIPSGDAHQSE YIAPCDCRRAFVSGFDGSAGTAIITEEHAAMWTD GRYFLQAAKQMDSNWTLMKMGLKDTPTQEDW LVSVLPEGSRVGVDPLIIPTDYWKKMAKVLRSA GHHLIPVKENLVDKIWTDRPERPCKPLLTLGLDY TGISWKDKVADLRLKMAERNVMWFVVTALDEI AWLFNLRGSDVEHNPVFFSYAIIGLETIMLFIDGD RIDAPSVKEHLLLDLGLEAEYRIQVHPYKSILSEL KALCADLSPREKVWVSDKASYAVSETIPKDHRC CMPYTPICIAKAIVKNSAIESEGMRRAHIKDAVAL CELFNWLEKEVPKGGVTEISAADKAEEFRRQQA DFVDLSFPTISSTGPNGAIIHYAPVPETNRTLSLDE VYLIDSGAQYKDGTTDVTRTMHFGTPTAYEKEC FTYVLKGHIAVSAAVFPTGTKGHLLDSFARSAL WDSGLDYLHGTGHGVGSFLNVHEGPCGISYKTF SDEPLEAGMIVTDEPGYYEDGAFGIRIENVVLVV PVKTKYNFNNRGSLTFEPLTLVPIQTKMIDVDSL
				TDKECDWLNNYHLTCRDVIGKELQKQGRQEAL EWLIRETQPISKQH
3423		5515	934	FKMPENPATDKLQVLQVLDRLKMKLQEKGDTS QNEKLSMFYETLKSPLFNQILTLQQSIKQLKGQL NHIPSDCSANFDFSRKGLLVFTDGSITNGNVHRPS NNSTVSGLFPWTPKLGNEDFNSVIQQMAQGRQIE YIDIERPSTGGLGFSVVALRSQNLGKVDIFVKDV QPGSVADRDQRLKENDQILAINHTPLDQNISHQQ AIALLQQTTGSLRLIVAREPVHTKSSTSSSLNDTT LPETVCWGHVEEVELINDGSGLGFGIVGGKTSGV VVRTIVPGGLADRDGRLQTGDHILKIGGTNVQG MTSEQVAQVLRNCGNSVRMLVARDPAGDISVTP PAPAALPVALPTVASKGPGSDSSLFETYNVELVR KDGQSLGIRIVGYVGTSHTGEASGIYVKSIIPGSA AYHNGHIQVNDKIVAVDGVNIQGFANHDVVEVL RNAGQVVHLTLVRRKTSSSTSPLEPPSDRGTVVE PLKPPALFLTGAVETETNVDGEDEEIKERIDTLKN DNIQALEKLEKVPDSPENELKSRWENLLGPDYEV MVATLDTQIADDAELQKYSKLLPIHTLRLGVEV DSFDGHHYISSIVSGGPVDTLGLLQPEDELLEVN GMQLYGKSRREAVSFLKEVPPPFTLVCCRRLFDD EASVDEPRRTETSLPETEVDHNMDVNTEEDDDG ELALWSPEVKIVELVKDCKGLGFSILDYQDPLDP TRSVIVIRSLVADGVAERSGGLLPGDRLVSVNEY CLDNTSLAEAVEILKAVPPGLVHLGICKPLVEDN EEESCYILHSSNEDKTEFSGTIHDINSSLILEAPK GFRDEPYFKEELVDEPFLDLGKSFHSQQKEIEQS KEAWEMHEFLTPRLQEMDEEREMLVDEEYELY QDPSPSMELYPLSHIQEATPVPSVNELHFGTQWL HDNEPSESQEARTGRTVYSQEAQPYGYCPENVM KENFVMESLPSVPSTEGNSQQGRFDDLENLNSLA KTSLDLGMIPNDVQGPSLLIDLPVVAQRREQEDL PLYQHQATRVISKASAYTGMLSSRYATDTCELPE REEGGGEETPNFSHWGPPRIVEIFREPNVSLGISIV GGQTVIKRLKNGEELKGIFIKQVLEDSPAGKTNA LKTGDKILEVSGVDLQNASHSEAVEAIKNAGNP VVFIVQSLSSTPRVIPNVHNKANKITGNQNQDTQ EKKEKRQGTAPPPMKLPPPYKALTDDSDENEEE

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	·			DAFTDQKIRQRYADLPGELHIIELEKDKNGLGLS LAGNKDRSRMSIFVVGINPEGPAAADGRMHIGD ELLEINNQILYGRSHQN\ASAIIKTAPSKVKLVFIR NEDAVNQMAVTPFPVPSSSPSSIEDQSGTEPISSEE \DGSLE\VGIKQLPESESFKLAVSQMKQQKYPTKV SFSSQEIPLAPASSYHSTDADFTGYGGFQAPLSVD PATCPIVPGQEMIIEISKRRSGLGLSIVGGKDTPLV NGVDLRNSSHEEAITALRQTPQKVRLVVYRDEA HYRDEENLEIFPVDLQKKAGRGLGLSIVGKR
3424	. ·	2223	1162	HASERVVQLPDFVWDQYTHSLGRVEREFKNRKR HTRRVKLVFDKGLPARPKSPLDPKKDGESLSYS MLPLSDGPEGSSSRPQMIRGRLCDDTKPETFNQL WTVEEQKKLEQLLIKYPPEEVESRRWQKIADELG NRTAKQVASRVQKYFIKLTKAGIPVPGRTPNLYI YSKKSSTSRRQHPLNKHLFKP\GTFMTSHEPPVY MDEDDDRSCFHSHMNTAVEDASDDESIPIMYRN LPEYKELLQFKKLKKQKLQHMQAESGFVQHVGF KCDNCGIEPIQG\VRW\HCR\DCPP\EMSL\DFC\DS C\SDCLHET\DIHKGDHQLEPIYRS\ETFLDRDYCV SQGTSYNYLDPNYFPANR
3425		2223	1162	HASERVVQLPDFVWDQYTHSLGRVEREFKNRKR HTRRVKLVFDKGLPARPKSPLDPKKDGESLSYS MLPLSDGPEGSSSRPQMIRGRLCDDTKPETFNQL WTVEEQKKLEQLLIKYPPEEVESRRWQKIADELG NRTAKQVASRVQKYFIKLTKAGIPVPGRTPNLYI YSKKSSTSRRQHPLNKHLFKP\GTFMTSHEPPVY MDEDDDRSCFHSHMNTAVEDASDDESIPIMYRN LPEYKELLQFKKLKKQKLQHMQAESGFVQHVGF KCDNCGIEPIQG\VRW\HCR\DCPP\EMSL\DFC\DS C\SDCLHET\DIHKGDHQLEPIYRS\ETFLDRDYCV SQGTSYNYLDPNYFPANR
3426				LFVVVHDDPRWGTPRYWLGALYRNQQSSPTAPP GLLPLEYFPAAPHCSHSRQWRCSQTHRIHHHPQ MLGPCRQEICGITMAAGTLYTYPENWRAFKALI AAQYSGAQVRVLSAPPHFHFGQTNRTPEFLRKFP AGKVPAFEGDDGFCVFESNAIAYYVSNEELRGST PEAAAQVVQWVSFADSDIVPPASTWVFPTLGIM HHNKQATENAKEEVRRILGLLDAYLKTRTFLVG ERVTLADITVVCTLLWLYKQVLEPSFRQAFPNTN RWFLTCINQPQFRA\VFGEVKLCEKMAQF\DAKK FAETQPKKDTPRKEKGSREEKQKPQAERKEEKK AAAPAPEEEMDECEQALAAEPKAKDPFAHLPKS TFVLDEFKRKYSNEDTLSVALPYFWEHFDKDGW SLWYSEYRFPEELTQTFMSCNLITGMFQRLDKLR KNAFASVILFGTNNSSSISGVWVFRGQELAFPLSP DWQVDYESYTWRKLDPGSEETQTLVREYFSWE GAFQHVGKAFNQGKIFK
3427	A	755 5	i2	TAARRRQKGTAARRRQKGTAARRRQKGTAARR RQKGTAARRRQKGTAARRRQKGT RQKGTAARRRQKGTAARRRQKGT AARRRQKGTAARRRQKGTAARRR QKGLSNLDAAEWLPPKKG\GEKKKGPFLAINEV VT\REYPINILKRIHGVGFKKRAPRALKEIRKFAM KEMGTPDVRIDTRLNKAVWAKGIRNVPYRIRVR LSRKRNEDEDSPNKLYTLVTYVPVTTFKNLQTV NVDEN

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3428	A		1939	LPLSLSFSEMPLPLLPMDLKGEPGPPGKPGPWGP PGPPGFPGKPGHGKPGLHGQPGPAGPPGFSRMG KAGPPGLPGNVGPPGQPGLRGEPGIRGDQGLRGP PGPPGLPGPSGITIPGKPGAQGVPGPPGFQGEPGP QGEPGPPGDRGLKGDNGVGQPGLPGAPGQGGAP GPPGLPGPAGLKGDNGVGQPGLPGAPGQGGAP GPPGLPGPAGLKGDNGVGQPGLPGAPGQGAP QFPGLPGPAGLKGPGLDGLPGAPGDKGESGPPG VPGPRGEPGAVGPKGPPGVDGVGVPGAAGLPGP QGPSGAKGEPGTRGPPGLIGPTGYGMPGLPGPKG DRGPAGVPGLLGDRGEPGEDGEPGEQGPQGLGG PPGLPGSAGLPGRRGPPGPKGEAGPGGPPGVPGI RGDQGPSGLAGKPGVPGERGLPGAHGPPGPTGP KGEPGFTGRPGGPGVAGALGQKGDLGLPGQPGL RGPSGIPGLQGPAGPIGPQGLPGLKGEPGLPGPPG EGRAGEPGTAGP\RGPPGVPGSPGITGPPG\LPGPP GAPGAFDETGIAGLHLPNGGVEGAVLGKGGKPQ FGLGELSAHATPAFTAVLTSPLPASGMPVKFDRT LYNGHSGYNPATGIFTCPVGGVYYFAYHVHVKG TNVWVALYKNNVPATYTYDEYKKGYLDQASG GAVLQLRPNDQVWVQMPSDQANGLYSTEYIHSS FSGFLLCPT
3429	A	212	1075	EGLTGPCERVPFLLGRGPPHGATRAGHRRAVRW AGPESLPPLPRSLIMDSPRAGTHQGPLDAETEVG ADRCTSTAYQEQRPQVEQVGKQAPLSPGLPAMG GPGPGPCEDPAGAGGAGAGGSEPLVTVTVQCAF TVALRARRGADLSSLRALLGQALPHQ\AQLGQLS YLAPGEDGHWVPIPEEESLQRAWQDAAACPRGL QLQCRGAGGRPVLYQVVAQHSYSAQGPEDLGF RQGDTVDVLCEVDQAWLEGHCDGRIGIFPKCFV VPAGPRMSGAPGRLPRSQQGDQP
3430	A	799	1989	INKYINIRKKIKLLSPLPPLWSHLALLQASATKWV LTPAAFAGKLLSVFRQPLSSLWRSLVPLFCWLRA TFWLLATKRRKQQLVLRGPDETKEEEEDPPLPTT PTSVNYHFTRQCNYKCGFCFHTAKTSFVLPLEEA KRGLLLLK\EAG\LEKINFSGG\EPFLQDRGEYLGK LVRFCKVELRLPSVSI\VSNGSLIRERWFQNYG\E YLDILAISCDSFDEEVNCP\IGRGN\GKKNHVENL QKL\RRWCRDYRVPFKINSVINPF\NVEEDMTEQI KALNPVRWKVFQCLLIEGENCGEDA\LREAERFV IGDEEFERFLERHKEVSCLVPESNQKMKDSYLIL DEYMRFLNCRKGRKDPSKSILDVGVEEAIKFSGF DEKMFLKRGGKYIWSKADLKLDW
3431	<b>A</b>	5468	2146	ACGFLPGRCHFSTFKQCQEWLSRLSRATARPAKP EDLFAFAYHAWCLGLTEEDQHTHLCQPGEHIRC RQEAELARMGFDLQNVWRVSHINSNYKLCPSYP QKLLVPVWITDKELENVASFRSWKRIPVVVYRH LRNGAAIARCSQPEISWWGWRNADDEYLVTSIA KACALDPGTRATGGSLSTGNNDTSEACDADFDS SLTACSGVESTAAPQKLLILDARSYTAAVANRAK GGGCECEEYYPNCEVVFMGMANIHAIRNSFQYL RAVCSQMPDPSNWLSALESTKWLQHLSVMLKA AVLVANTVDREGRPVLVHCSDGWDRTPQIVALA KILLDPYYRTLEGFQVLVESDWLDFGHKFGDRC GHQENVEDQNEQCPVFLQWLDSVHQLLKQFPCL FEFNEAFLVKLVQHTYSCLYGTFLANNPCVEREK RNIYK/RGTCSVWALLRAGNKNFHNFLYTPSSD

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				MVLHPVCHVRALHLWTAVYLPASSPCTLGEEN MDLYLSPVAQSQEFSGRSLDRLPKTRSMDDLLS ACDTSSPLTRTSSDPNLNNHCQEVRVGLEPWHS NPEGSETSFVDSGVGGPQQTVGEVGLPPPLPSSQ KDYLSNKPFKSHKSCSPSYKLLNTAVPREMKSNT SDPEIKVLEETKGPAPDPSAQDELGRTLDGIGEPP EHCPETEAVSALSKVISNKCDGVCNFPESSQNSPT
				GTPQQAQPDSMLGVPSKCVLDHSLSTVCNPPSA ACQTPLDPSTDF\LNQDPSGSVASISHQEQLSSVP DLTHGEEDIGKRGNNRNGQLLENPRFGKMPLEL VRKPISQSQISEFSFLGSNWDSFQGMVTSFPSGEA TPRRLLSYGCCSKRPNSKQMRATGPCFGGQWAQ REGVKSPVCSSHSNGHCTGPGGKNOMWLSSHPK
				QVSSTKPVPLNCPSPVPPLYLDDDGLPFPTDVIQH RLRQIEAGYKQEVEQLRRQVRELQMRLDIRHCC APPAEPPMDYEDDFTCLKESDGSDTEDFGSDHSE DCLSEASWEPVDKKETEVTRWVPDHMASHCYN CDCEFWLAKRRHHCRNCGNVFCAGCCHLKLPIP DQQLYDPVLVCNSCYEHIQVSRARELMSQQLKK PIATASS
3432	A	36	1873	MTFFSSVADFIGLDPRIAAWLIDPSDATPSFEDLV EKYCEKSITVKVNSTYGNSSRNIVNQNVRENLKT LYRLTMDLCSKLKDYGLWQLFRTLELPLIPILAV MESHAIQVNKEEMEKTSALLGARLKELEQEAHF VAGERFLITSNNQLREILFGKLKLHLLSQRNSLPR TGLQKYPSTVSEALNALRDLHPLPKIILEYRQVH KIKSTFVDGLLACMKKGSISSTWNQTGTVTGRLS AKHPNIQGISKHPIQITTPKNFKGKEDKILTISPRA MFVSSKGHTFLAADFSQIELRILTHLSGDPELLKL FQESERDDVFSTLTSQWKDVPVEQVTHADREQT KKVVYAVVYGAGKERLAACLGVPIQEAAQFLES FLQKYKKIKDFARAAIAQCHQTGCVVSIMGRRR PLPRIHAHDQQLRAQAERQAVNFVVQGSAADLC KLAMIHVFTAVAASHTLTARLVAQIHDELLFEVE DPQIPECAALVRTMESLEQVPLKVSLSAGRSWG HLVPLQEAWALRQAHVALSLPATAWLPLGPLP APSPHPCIFRLHFVCSPRQQWEERTGFQQSIVWPS PRSPALYAPGRINPLGLGWPAIPWSKCLCKALKK
3433	A	1481 4	176	IPPKERAPGIRASCLAITAGARPTSYGRVGCEGDV RLSPVSPLLAPPDPRLASR WEGRSRMKGKKGIVA ASGSETEDEDSMDIPLDLSSSAGSGKRRRGNLP KESVQILRDWLYEHRYNAYPSEQEKALLSQQTH LSTLQVCNWFINARRRLLPDMLRKDGKDPNQFTI SRRGAKISETSSVESVMGIKNFMPALEETPFHSFT\ AGPNPTLGRPLSAKP/SQSPGSVLARPSVICHTTV TAIERLSLSLSCQSVGCGQNT\DIQQIAT\RNLRDS SLMYPEDTCKSGPSTNTQSGLFNTPPTTPPDLNQ DFSGFQLLVDVALKRAAEMELQAKLTA
3434	A	1720 1:	243   ]	NGPVPPGGSKTKWAGGSAAEGSPRLSPSPGAAQ VPALLRGEPRGGAAAGSFWKPLHQHSCGLRPPP/ PPD/RLSRLPGKTLSACDRENGARRPLLLGSTSFIP IGRRTYASAAEPVGSKAVLVTGCDSGFGFSLAKH LHSKGFLVFAGCLMKDKGHDGVKELDSLNSDRL RTVQLNVCSSEEVEKV/VGDCPLEPEGP\EKGMW

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Pbenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				GLVNNAGISTFGEVEFTSLETYKQVAEVNLWGT VRMTKSFLPLIRRAKGRVVNISSMLGRMANPAR SPYCITKFGVEAFSDCLRYEMYPLGVKVSVVEPG NFIAATSLYSPESIQAIAKKMWEELPEVVRKDYG KKYFDEKIAKMETYCSSGSTDTSPVIDAVTHALT ATTPYTRYHPMDYYWWLRMQIMTHLPGAISDM IYIR
3435	A	842	3595	ENQQMLVAKEQRLHFLKQQERRQQQSISENEK LQKLKERVEAQENKLKKIRAMRGQVDYSKIMN GNLSAEIERFSAMFQEKKQEVQTAILRVDQLSQQ LEDLKKGKLNGFQSYNGKLTGPAAVELKRLYQE LQIRNQLNQEQNSKLQQQKELLNKRNMEVAMM DKRISELRERLYGKKIQACEKVFLNRVNGTSSPQ SPLSTSGRVAAVGPYIQVPSAGSFPVLGDPIKPQS LSIASNAAHGRSKSANDGNWPTLKQNSSSVKP VQVAGADWKDPSVEGSVKQGTVSSQPVPFSALG PTEKPGIEIGKVPPPIPGVGKQLPPSYGTYPSPTPL GPGSTSSLERRKEGSLPRPSAGLPSRQRPTLLPAT GSTPQPGSSQQIQQRISVPPSPTYPPAGPPAFPAGD SKPELPLTVAIRPFLADKGSRPQSPRKGPQTVNSS SIYSMYLQQATPPKNYQPAAHSALNKSVKAVYG KPVLPSGSTSPSPLPFLHGSLSTGTPQPQPPSESTE KEPEQDGPAAPADGSTVESLPRPLSPTKLTPIVHS PLRYQSDADLEALRRKLANAPRPLKKRSSITEPE GPGGPNIQKLLYQRFNTLAGGMEGTPFYQPSPSQ DFMVTLADVDNGNTNANGNLEELPPAQPTAPLP AEPAPSSDANDNELPSPEPEELICPQTTHQTAEPA EDNNNNVATVPTTEQIPSPVAEAPSPGEEQVPPA PLPPASHPPATSTNKRTNLKKPNSERTGHGLRVR FNPLALLLDASLEGEFDLVQRIIYEVEDPSKPNDE GITPLHNAVCAGHHHIVKFLLDFGVNVNAADSD GWTPLHCAASCNSVHLCKQLVESGAAIFASTISD IETAADKCEEMEEGYIQCSQFLYGVQEKLGVMN KGVAYALWDYEAQNSDELSFHEGDALTILRRKD
3436	A	3	2604	GSTHASEKMKTGRSALVVTDTGDMSVLNSPRHQ SCIMHVDMDCFFVSVGIRNRPDLKGKPVAVTSN RGTGRAPLRPGANPQLEWQYYQNKILKGKADIP DSSLWENPDSAQANGIDSVLSRAEIASCSYEARQ LGIKNGMFFGHAKQLCPNLQAVPYDFHAYKEVA QTLYETLAS\YTHNIEAVSCDEALVDITEILAETK LTPDEFANAVRMEIKDQTKCAASVGIGSNILLAR MATRKAKPDGQYHLKPEEVDDFIRGQLVTNLPG VGHSMESKLASLGIKTCGDLQYMTMAKLQKEF GPKTGQMLYRFCRGLDDRPVRTEKERKSVSAEI NYGIRFTQPKEAEAFLLSLSEEIQRRLEATGMKG KRLTLKIMVRKPGAPVETAKFGGHGICDNIARTV TLDQATDNAKIIGKAMLNMFHTMKLNISDMRGV GIHVNQLVPTNLNPSTCPSRPSVQSSHFPSGSYSV RDVFQVQKAKKSTEEEHKEVFRAAVDLEISSASR TCTFLPPFPAHLPTSPDTNKAESSGKWNGLHTPV SVQSRLNLSIEVPSPSQLDQSVLEALPPDLREQVE QVCAVQQAESHGDKKKEPVNGCNTGILPQPVGT VLLQIPEPQESNSDAGINLIALPAFSQVDPEVFAA LPAELQRELKAAYDQRQRQGENSTHQQSASASV

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	T=Threonine V=Voline W=Teuntonhon V-T-
2427			·	PKNPLLHLKAAVKEKKRNKKKKTIGSPKRIQSPL NNKLLNSPAKTLPGACGSPQKLIDGFLKHEGPPA EKPLEELSASTSGVPGLSSLQSDPAGCVRPPAPNI AGAVEFNDVKTLLREWITTISDPMEEDILQVVKY CTDLIEEKDLEKLDLVIKYMKRLMQQSVESVWN MAFDFILDNVQVVLQQTYGSTLKVT
3437	A	32		SLLRLKAQWGSSGAASEPVVLGEEGCGFPSTNE YPDLEERATYPQEEDRFLTPGRAQLLWSPWSPL DQEEACASRQLHSLASFSTVTARRNPLHNPWGM ELAASENTDSPSPRPLRPGVTLPPGALTMNTKDT TEVAENSHHLKIFLPKKLLECLPRCPLLPPERLRW NTNEEIASYLITFEKHDEWLSCAPKTRPQNGSIIL YNRKKVKYRKDGYLWKKRKDGKTTREDHMKL KVQGMECLYGCYVHSSIVPTFHRRCYWLLQNPD IVLVHYLNVPALEDCGKGCSPIFCSISSDRREWLK WSREELLGQLKPMFHGIKWSCGNGTEEFSVEHL VQQILDTHPTKPAPRTHACLCSGGLGSGSLTHKC SSTKHRIISPKVEPRALTLTSIPHPHPPEPPPLIAPLP PELPKAHTSPSSSSSSSSSGFAEPLEIRPSPPTSRGG SSRGGTAILLLTGLEQRAGGLTPTRHLAPQADPR PSMSLAVVVGTEPSAPPAPPSPAFDPDRFLNSPQR GQTYGGGQGVSPDFPEAEAAHTPCSALEPAAAL EPQAAARGPPPQSVAGGRRGNCFFIQDDDSGEEL KGHGAAPPIPSPPPSPPSPAPLEPSSRVGRGEALF GGPVGASELEPFSLSSFPDLMGELISDEAPSIPAPT PQLSPALSTITDFSPEWSYPEGGVKVLITGPWTEA AEHYSCVFDHIAVPASLVQPGVLRCYCPAHEVG LVSLQVAGREGPLSASVLFEYRARRFLSLPSTQL DWLSLDDNQFRMSILERLEQMEKRMAEIAAAGQ VPCQGPDAPPVQDEGQGPGFEARVVVLVESMIP RSTWKGPERLAHGSPFRGMSLLHLAAAQGYARL IETLSQWRSVETGSLDLEQEVDPLNVDHFSCTPL MWACALGHLEAAVLLFRWNRQALSIPDSLGRLP LSVAHSRGHVRLARCLEELQRQEPSVEPPFALSP PSSSPDTGLSSVSSPSELSDGTFSVTSAYSSAPDGS PPPAPLPASEMTMEDMAPGQLSSGVPEAPLLLM DYEATNSKGPLSSLPALPPASDDGAAPEDADSPQ AVDVIPVDMISLAKQIIEATPERIKREDFVGLPEA GASMRERTGAVGLSETMSWLASYLVENVDHFPS STPPSELVPFER\GRLGLSLTAPSWAEFLSCIPPVGK IGKLIFALLTL\SD\QEQRELYEAARVIQTAFRKYK GRRLKEQQEVAAAVIQRCYRKYKQLTWIALKFA LYKKMTQAAILIQSKFRSYYEQKRFQQSRRAAV LIQQHYRSYRRPGPPHRTSATLPARNKGSFLTK KQDQAARKIMRFLRRCRHRMRELKQNQELEGLP
138 A	. 4	169 2	602	QPGLAT FGRLLWGTAFKSWKMKAPIPHLILLYATFTQSLK VVTKRGSADGCTDWSIDIKKYQVLVGEPVRIKC ALFYGYIRTNYSLAQSAGLSLMWYKSSGPGDFE EPIAFDGSRMSKEEDSIWFRPTLLQDSGLYACVIR NSTYCMKVSISLTVGENDTGLCYNSKMKYFEKA ELSKSKEISCRDIEDFLLPTREPEILWYKECRTKT WRPSIVFKRDTLLIREVREDDIGNYTCELKYGGF VVRRTTELTVTAPLTDKPPKLLYPMESKLTIQET QLGDSANLTCRAFFGYSGDVSPLIYWMKGEKFIE

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
·				GDLGNYSCYVENGNGRRHASVLLHKRELMYTV ELAGGLGAILLLLVCLVTTYKCYKIEIMLFYRNHF GAEELDGDNKDYDAYLSYTKVDPDQWNQETGE EERFALEILPDMLEKHYGYKLFIPDRDLIPTGTYI EDVARCVDQSKRLIIVMTPNYVVRRGWSIFELET RLRNMLVTGEIKVILIECSELRGIMNYQEVEALK HTIKLLTVIKWHGPKCNKLNSKFWKRLQYEMPF KRIEPITHEQALDVSEQGPFGELQTVSAISMAAAT STALATAHPDLRSTFHNTYHSQMRQKHYYRSYE YDVPPTGTLPLTSIGNQHTYCNIPMTLINGQRPQT KSSREQNPDEAHTNSAILPLLPRETSISSVIW
3439	A	251	2037	GPGNSSILIGGGHLFLIRSCLNLLLLNSKENTEHT MAKKVAVIGAGVSGLSSIKCCVDEDLEPTCFERS DDIGGLWKFTERGSSLSVMIWPLALSLLRHGGFC YSDFPFHEDYPNFMNHEKFWDYLQEFAEHFDLL KYIQFKTTVCGITKRPDFSETGQWDVVTETEGKQ NRAVFDAVMVCTGHFLNPHLPLEAFPGIHKFKG QILHSQEYKIPEGFQGKRVLVIGLGNTGGDIAVEL SRTAAQVLLSTRTGTWVLGRSSDWGYPYNMMV TRRCCSFIAQVLPSRFLNWIQERKLNKRFNHEDY GLSITKGKKAKFIVNDELPNCILCGAITMKTSVIE FTETSAVFEDGTVEENIDVVIFTTGYTFSFPFFEEP LKSLCTKKIFLYKQVFPLNLERATLAIIGLIGLKGS ILSGTELQARWVTRVFKGLCKRPASQKLMMEAT EKEQLIKRGVFKDTSKDKFDYIAYMDDIAACIGT KPSIPLLFLKDPRLAWEVFFGPCTPYQYRLMGPG KWDGARNAILTQWDRTLKPLKTRIVPDSSKAWP SM\SHYLKAWGAPVLLASLLLICK\SSLFLKLVRD KLQDRMSPYLVSLWRG
3440	A		3533	IMPCGSSRLLRGCWTHPNEPVSDLSYFDCIESVM ENSKVLGESMAGISQNAKTGDLPAFGECVGIASK ALCGLTEAAAQAAYLVGIFDPNSQAGHQGLVDP IQFARANQAIQMACQNLVDPGSSPSQVLSAATIV AKHTSALCNACRIASSKTANPVAKRHFVQSAKE VANSTANLVKTIKALDGDFSEDNRNKCRIATAPL IEAVENLTAFASNPEFVSIPAQISSEGSQAQEPILV SAKPMLESSSYLIRTARSLAINPKDPPTWSVLAG HSHTVSDSIKSLITSIRDKAPGQRECDYSIDGINRC IRDIEQASLAAVSQSLATRDDISVEALQEQLTSVV QEIGHLIDPIATAARGEAAQLGHKGTQLASYFEP LILAAVGVASKILDHQQQMTVLDQTKTLAESAL QMLYAAKEGGGNPKAQHTHDAITEAAQLMKEA VDDIMVTLNEAASEVGLVGGMVDAIAEAMSKL DEGTPPEPKGTFVDYQTTVVKYSKAIAVTAQEM MTKSVTNPEELGGLASQMTSDYGHLAFQGQMA AATAEPEEIGFQIRTRVQDLGHGCIFLVQKAG\AL QVCPTDSYTKRELIECARAVTEKVSLVLSALQAG NKGTQACITAATAVSGIIADLDTTIMFATAGTLN AENSETFADHRENILKTAKALVEDTKLLVSGAAS TPDKLAQAAQSSAATITQLAEVVKLGAASLGSD DPETQVVLINAIKDVAKALSDLISATKGAASKPV DDPSMYQLKGAAKVMVTNVTSLLKTVKAVEDE ATRGTRALEATIECIKQELTVFQSKDVPEKTSSPE ESIRMTKGITMATAKAVAAGNSCRQEDVIATAN

SEQ NO:	ID Meti	bod Predicted beginning nucleotid location correspon to first an acid resid peptide sequence	nucleotide location correspon to last am nino acid reside	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
3441	A	3	1584	LSRKAVSDMLTACKQASFHPDVSDEVRTRALRF GTECTLGYLDLLEHVLVIILQKPTPELKQQLAAFS KRVAGAVTELIQAAEAMKGTEWVDPEDPTVIAE TELLGAAASIEAAAKKLEQLKPRAKPKQADETL DFEEQILEAAKSIAAATSALVKSASAAQRELVAQ GKVGSIPANAADDGQWSQGLISAARMVAAATSS LCEAANASVQGHASEEKLISSAKQVAASTAQLL VACKVKADQDSEAMRRLQAAGNAVKRASDNL VRAAQKAAFGKADDDDVVVKTKFVGGIAQIIAA QEEMLKKERELEEARKKLAQIRQQQYKFLPTEL REDEG NSARGGVGVRGARAMATVQEKAAALNLSALHS PAHRPPGFSVAQKPFGATYVWSSIINTLQTQVEV
3442	A	160		GDVDIPRAKVVRVCQALMDYKVFEAVPIKVFG KDKKPTFEDSSCSLYRFTTIPNQDSQLGKENKLY SPARYADALFKSSDIRSASLEDLWENLSLKPANS PHVNISTTLSPQVINEVWQEETIGRLLQLVDLPLL DSLLKQQEAVPKIPQPKRQSTMVNSSNYLDRGIL KAYSDSQEDEWLSAAIDCLEYLPDQMVVEISRSF PEQPDRTDLVKELLFDAIGRYYSSREPLLNHLSD VHNGIAELLVNGKTEIALEATQLLLKLLDFQNRE EFRRLLYFMAVAANPSEFKLQKESDNRMVVKRI FSKAIVDNKNLSKGKTDLLVLFLMDHQKDVFKI PGTL\HKIVS\VK\LMAIQNGRDPNRDAGYIYCQRI DQRDYSNITEKTTIDELLYLLKTLDEDSKLSAKE KKK\LLGQFYKCHPDIFIEHFGD
			822	SPASGHCRLNGAAVAMFGCLVAGRLVQTAAQQ VAEDKFVFDLPDYESINHVVVFMLGTIPFPEGMG GSVYFSYPDSNGMPVWQLLGFVTNGKPSAIFKIS GLKSGEGSQHPFGAMNIVRTPSVAQIGISVELLDS MAQQTPVGNAAVSSVDSFTQFTQKMLDNFYNF ASSFAVSQ/VPDDTO/RPSFMEIDANYALKYNGER
3443	A	3	1373	SWHVRRWLEATMAGGMKVAVSPAVGPGPWG SGVGGGGTVRLLLILSGCLVYGTAETDVNVVML QESQVCEKRASQQFCYTNVLIPQWHDIWTRIQIR VNSSRLVRVTQVENEEKLKELEQFSIWNFFSSFL KEKLNDTYVNVGLYSTKTCLKVEIIEKDTKYSVI VIRRFDPKLFLVFLLGLMLFFCGDLLSRSQIFYYS TGMTVGIVASLVLIIIFILSKFMPKKSPIYVILVGGW SFSLYLIQLVFKNLQEIWRCYWQYLLSYVLTVGF MSFAVCYKYGPLENERSINLLTWTLQLMGLCFM YSGIQIPHIALAIIIIALCTKNLEHPIQWLYITCRKV CKGAEKPVPPRLLTEEEYRIQGEVETRKALEELR EFCNSPDCSAWKTVSRIQSPKRFADFVEGSSHLT PNEVSVHEQEYGLGSIIAQDEIYEEASSEEEDSYS RCPAITQNNFLT
3444	A	566	1718	KGLERTCCAMEESDSEKTTEKENLGPRMDPPLG EPG\GSLGWVLPNTAMKKKVLLMGKSGSGKTS MRSIIFANYIARDTRRLGATILDRIHSLQINSSLST YSLVDSVGNTKTFDVEHSHVRFLGNLVLNLWDC GGQDTFMENYFTSQRDNIFRNVEVLIYVFDVESR ELEKDMHYYQSCLEAILQNSPDAKIFCLVHKMD LVQEDQRDLIFKEREEDLRRLSRPLECSCFRTSIW

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
		sequence		DETLYKAWSSIVYQLIPNVQQLEMNLRNFAEIIE ADEVLLFERATFLVISHYQCKEQRDAHRFEKISNI IKQFKLSCSKLAASFQSMEVRNSNFAAFIDIFTSN TYVMVVMSDPSIPSAATLINIRNARKHFEKLERV DGPKQCLLMR
3445	A .	566	1718	KGLERTCCAMEESDSEKTTEKENLGPRMDPPLG EPG\GSLGWVLPNTAMKKKVLLMGKSGSGKTS MRSIIFANYIARDTRRLGATILDRIHSLQINSSLST YSLVDSVGNTKTFDVEHSHVRFLGNLVLNLWDC GGQDTFMENYFTSQRDNIFRNVEVLIYVFDVESR ELEKDMHYYQSCLEAILQNSPDAKIFCLVHKMD LVQEDQRDLIFKEREEDLRRLSRPLECSCFRTSIW DETLYKAWSSIVYQLIPNVQQLEMNLRNFAEIIE ADEVLLFERATFLVISHYQCKEQRDAHRFEKISNI IKQFKLSCSKLAASFQSMEVRNSNFAAFIDIFTSN TYVMVVMSDPSIPSAATLINIRNARKHFEKLERV DGPKQCLLMR
3446	A	566	1718	KGLERTCCAMEESDSEKTTEKENLGPRMDPPLG EPG\GSLGWVLPNTAMKKKVLLMGKSGSGKTS MRSIIFANYIARDTRRLGATILDRIHSLQINSSLST YSLVDSVGNTKTFDVEHSHVRFLGNLVLNLWDC GGQDTFMENYFTSQRDNIFRNVEVLIYVFDVESR ELEKDMHYYQSCLEAILQNSPDAKIFCLVHKMD LVQEDQRDLIFKEREEDLRRLSRPLECSCFRTSIW DETLYKAWSSIVYQLIPNVQQLEMNLRNFAEIIE ADEVLLFERATFLVISHYQCKEQRDAHRFEKISNI IKQFKLSCSKLAASFQSMEVRNSNFAAFIDIFTSN TYVMVVMSDPSIPSAATLINIRNARKHFEKLERV DGPKQCLLMR
3447	A		2930	VILGPLWDKLSTADHPVIVTMASKRKSTTPCMIP VKTVVLQDASMEAQPAETLPEGPQQDLPPEASA ASSEAAQNPSSTDGSTLANGHRSTLDGYLYSCK YCDFRSHDMTQFVGHMNSEHTDFNKDPTFVCSG CSFLAKTPEGLSLHNATCHSGEASFVWNVAKPD NHVVVEQSIPESTSTPDLAGEPSAEGADGQAEIIIT KTPIMKIMKGKAEAKKIHTLKENVPSQPVGEALP KLSTGEMEVREGDHSFINGAVPVRQASASSAKN PHAANGPLIGTVPVLPAGIAQFLSLQQQPPVHAQ HHVHQPLPTAKALPKVMIPLSSIPTYSAAMDSNS FLKNSFHKFPYPTKAELCYLTVVTKYPEEQLKIW FTAQRLKQGISWSPEEIEDARKKMFNTVIQSVPQ PTITVLNTPLVASAGNVQHLIQAALPGHVVGQPE GTGGGLLVTQPLMANGLQATSSPLPLTVTSVPK QPGVAPINTVCSNTTSAVKVVNAAQSLLTACPSI TSQAFLDASIYKNKKSHEQLSALKGSFCRNQFPG QSEVEHLTKVTGLSTREVRKWFSDRRYHCRNLK GSRAMIPGDHRSIIIDSVPEVSFSPSSKVPEVTCIPT TATLATHPSAKRQSWHQTPDFTPTKYKERAPEQ LRALESSFAQNPLPLDEELDRLRSETKMTRREIDS WFSERRKKVNAEETKKAEENASQEEEEAAEDEG GEEDLASELRVSGENGSLEMPSSHILAERKVSPIK INLKNLRVTEANGRNEIPGLGACDPEDDESNKLA EQLPGKVSCKKTAQQRHLLRQLFVQTQWPSNQD YDSIMAQTGLPRPEVVRWFGDSRYALKNGQLK WYEDYKRGNFPPGLLVIAPGNRELLQDYYMTHK

SEQ II NO:	D Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide	Predicted end nucleotide location	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine,
		location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				MLYEEDLQNLCDKTQMSSQQVKQWFAEKMGEE TRAVADTGSEDQGPGTGELTAVHKGMGDTYSE
3448	A	2	1324	VSENSESWEPRVPEASSEPFD\TSSPQAGRQLETD FVARAEKGFRTREAHLLQVAGVGTGLQNGASLS
		1		1 OLASOVIMAUKAPPNIPY A ITVNIP QUARTER A A C
			1	RETPERSORLTNKIRELLOOMERGI KSADPROGT
1		1		1 O T TO MADITA VETERILY DV P(1) PAYTON
	1			KQSLNCLTKRSITFLCGDAGPLAVAAVLYHKMN NEKQAEDCITRLIHLNKIDPHAPNEMLYGRIGYIY
				ALLEVNKNEGVEKIPOSHIOOICETII TSGENI AD
		1		NAME LAKSPLMYEWYOEYYVGA A HGI A GIVVVV
				LIVING POLICY SUGKLHSLVKPSVDVVCOI KEDSCAL
				IFFCIGUNKULLVHWCHGAPGVIVMI IOAVEVE
				R/EREKYLC\DAYQCADVIWQYGLLKKGYGLCY\ GSAGNAYAFLTLYNLTQDMKYLYRACKFAEWC
				EDIOCRIPDIPESCHEGMAGTIVET   ADITED
3449	A	3	2389	INAKUPAFEL
			2369	SRHVTGAARSPSRAGPSDPPAMGDEDDDESCAV
l		1 1	·	ELRITEANLTGHEEKVSVENFELLKVLGTGAYGK VFLVRKAGGHDAGKLYAMKVLRKAALVQRAK
1				I VEHIRIERS VLELVROAPFI VTI HVA FOTDAVI
				TELED I VOGGEMETHLY OR OYFKEAFUR VVCCE
				IVLALEHLHKLGIIYRDLKI ENVI I DSEGUIVI TD
			1	FGLSKEFLTEEKERTFSFCGTIEYMAPEIIRSKTGH GKAVDWWSLGILLFELLTGASPFTLEGERNTQAE
	l			A SIGULAC SPEEPPRIGPVACION TO BE I CALDRAD
				DUAULUUMUEVKNHPHHIIGI DUAVAT A ADIZIDAD I
			Į.	TATQUASELD VG (NFAEEFTRI EPVVSPPCO) PDDC
			1	DPRIFQGYSFVAPSILFDHNNAVMTDGLEAPGAG DRPGRAAVARSAMMQDSPFFQQYELDLREPALG
				ZODIO V CRRCRURUNI (I I I I I A VICTI CODI E ANTECE I
		j		PARALICUCOSTENA ANCHEARRIDOI FLAME A LE L
		1	1 .	CROOLLEGIRKKKHFSESEASOII RGI VGAVGDA
				HEEAGVVHRDLKPENILYADDTPGAPVKIIDFG/F SPRLRPQSPGVPMQTPSFTLQYAAPELLAQQGYD
			1 '	CSCDLWSLGVILY\MMLSGOAPFOGASGOGGOS
	}		1 3	CARLINICALREURISLD(IFA WOGVCEE A VEI VID
j			] •	JLL I VDPAKKLKLEGLRGSSWI ODGS A RSSDDI D
-	1	{	5	TPDVLESSGPAVRSGLNATFMAFNRGKREGFFLK SVENAPLAKRRKQKLRSATASRRGSPAPANPGR
3450		201		T VASKGAPKKANGPLPPS
J-30	A	201 1	705   F	GTEMNKSRWOSRRRHGRRSHOOMPWEDI DOS
		}	1 +	DISDSRAAUPAHDSGHGDDESPSTSSGTAGTSS
ŀ	ľ	{	l c	PELPGFYFDPEKKRYFRLLPGHNNCNPLTKESIR DKEMESKRLRLLQEEDRRKKIARMGFNASSMLR
		1	1 12	SQLGFLNVINYCHLAHELRI.SCMFRKKVOTDC
			114	IDPSALASDRINLILADTNSDRI FTVNDVTVCCe
ŀ			T.	I GIINLUSLKIPILKVFMHENI VETNIP KANICA
		1	10	WASLINGLOSHILLCLMGLAFTPGCATTIDACTE
- 1		1	j 14	NSHPAGIDRPG\MLCSFRIPGAWSCAWSLNIQA NCFSTGLSRRVLLTNVVTGHRQSFGTNSDVLA
}			I Q	VIALMATLLING RNGFIFAIDI DOGNOGROW
- 1			1 15	A TALEMOSA V ISVKILODEOYT MASDMACKIK
			15	WDDM INCVROVEGHVNEYAVI DI UVUTETECT
		<del></del>	L	VAVGQDCYTRIWSLHDARLLRTIPSPYPASKAD

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid,
NO:	, , actaoo	beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine,
ł		nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
		location corresponding	corresponding to last amino	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino	acid residue of	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion.
		acid residue of	peptide	>=possible nucleotide insertion
		peptide	sequence	,
		sequence		IPSVAFSSRLGGSRGAPGLLMAVGQDLYCYSYS
3451	A	19	6033	LLSAMLSHGAGLALWITLSLLQTGLAEPERCNFT
				LAESKASSHSVSIQWRILGSPCNFSLIYSSDTLGA
ļ				ALCPTFRIDNTTYGCNLQDLQAGTIYNFKIISLDE
				ERTVVLQTDPLPPARFGVSKEKTTSTGLHVWWT
				PSSGKVTSYEVQLFDENNQKIQGVQIQESTSWNE
				YTFFNLTAGSKYNIAITAVSGGKRSFSVYTNGST
				VPSPVKDIGISTKANSLLISWSHGSGNVERYRLM
}				LMDKGILVHGGVVDKHATSYAFHGLSPGYLYNL
Ì		:		TVMTEAAGLQNYRWKLVRTAPMEVSNLKVTND
ļ				GSLTSLKVKWQRPPG\NVDSYNITLSHKGTIKESR
		;		VLAPWIT\ETHFKELVPGRLY\QVTCSAVSLGELS
			•	AQKM\AVGRTFPDKVANLEANNNGRMRSLVVS
}				WSPPAGDWEQYRILLFNDSVVLLNITVGKEETQ
İ				YVMDGTGLVPGRQYEVEVIVESGNLKNSERCQG
				RTVPLAVLQLRVKHANETSLSIMWQTPVAEWEK YIISLADRDLLLIHKSLSKDAKEFTFTDLVPGRKY
				MATVTSISGDLKNSSSVKGRTVPAQVTDLHVAN
				QGMTSSLFTNWTQAQGDVEFYQVLLIHENVVIK
				NESISSETSRYSFHSLKSGSLYSVVVTTVSGGISSR
				QVVVEGRTVPSSVSGVTVNNSGRNDYLSVSWLL
				APGDVDNYEVTLSHDGKVVQSLVIAKSVRECSF
				SSLTPGRLYTVTITTRSGKYENHSFSQERTVPDKV
				QGVSVSNSARSDYLRVSWVHATGDFDHYEVTIK
				NKNNFIQTKSIPKSENECVFVQLVPGRLYSVTVT
				TKSGQYEANEQGNGRTIPEPVKDLTLRNRSTEDL
				HVTWSGANGDVDQYEIQLLFNDMKVFPPFHLVN
				TATEYRFTSLTPGRQYKILVLTISGDVQQSAFIEG
				FTVPSAVKNIHISPNGATDSLTVNWTPGGGDVDS
				YTVSAFRHSQKVDSQTIPKHVFEHTFHRLEAGEQ
				YQIMIASVSGSLKNQINVVGRTVPASVQGVIADN
	,			AYSSYSLIVSWQKAAGVAERYDILLLTENGILLR
				NTSEPATTKQHKFEDLTPGKKYKIQILTVSGGLFS
				KEAQTEGRTVPAAVTDLRITENSTRHLSFRWTAS EGELSWYNIFLYNPDGNLQERAQVDPLVQSFSFQ
				NLLQGRMYKMVIVTHSGELSNESFIFGRTVPASV
				SHLRGSNRNTTDSLWFNWSPASGDFDFYELILYN
				PNGTKKENWKDKDLTEWRFQGLVPGRKYVLW
				VVTHSGDLSNKVTAESRTAPSPPSLMSFADIANT
				SLAITWKGPPDWTDYNDFELQWLPRDALTVFNP
				YNNRKSEGRIVYGLRPGRSYQFNVKTVSGDSWK
				TYSKPIFGSVRTKPDKIQNLHCRPQNSTAIACSWI
				PPDSDFDGYSIECRKMDTQEVEFSRKLEKEKSLL
				NIMMLVPHKRYLVSIKVQSAGMTSEVVEDSTIT
				MIDRPPPPPHIRVNEKDVLISKSSINFTVNCSWFS
			İ	DTNGAVKYFTVVVREADGSDELKPEQQHPLPSY
				LEYRHNASIRVYQTNYFASKCAENPNSNSKSFNI
	. •		ļ	KLGAEMESLGGKCDPTQQKFCDGPLKPHTAYRI
		l	į	SIRAFTQLFDEDLKEFTKPLYSDTFFSLPITTESEP
		l		LFGAIEGVSAGLFLIGMLVAVVALLICRQKVSHG
			Ì	RERPSARLSIRRDRPLSVHLNLGQKGNRKTSCPIK
		]	ļ	INQFEGHFMKLQADSNYLLSKEYEELKDVGRNQ SCDIALLPENRGKNRYNNILPYDATRVKLSNVDD
				DPCSDYINASYIPGNNFRREYIVTQGPLPGTKDDF
				WKMVWEQNVHNIVMVTQCVEKGRVKCDHYW
		·	·	"TELL "DYTTE TATE TO TELL TO T

SEQ NO:	ID Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
3452	A	63		PADQDSLYYGDLILQMLSESVLPEWTIREFKICGE EQLDAHRLIRHFHYTVWPDHGVPETTQSLIQFVR TVRDYINRSPGAGPTVVHCSAGVGRTGTFIALDR ILQQLDSKDSVDIYGAV\HDLRLHRVHMVQTEC QYVYLHQCVRDVLRARKLRSEQENPLFPIYENV NPEYHRDPVYSRH
3432	A		1073	FFRSSSDNGSPIRQYE/HSTPAHQGPVMGLEGKS/ ARNSQLRIVLVGKTGAGKSATGNSILGRKVFHSG TAAKSITKKCEKRSSSWKETELVVVDTPGIFDTE VPNAETSKEIIRCILLTSPGPHALLLVVPLGRYTEE EHKATEKILKMFGERARSFMILIFTRKDDLGDTN LHDYLREAPEDIQDLMDIFGDRYCALNNKATGA EQEAQRAQLLGLIQRVVRENKEGCYTNRMYQR AEEEIQKQTQAMQELHRVELEREKARIREEYEEK IRKLEDKVEQEKRKKQMEKKLAEQEAHYAVRQ
3454	A	1844 2	244 E E E L I'' L H A A K K D K K D K K D K K D C K K D C K K D C K K D C K K D C K K D C K K D C K K D C K K C C K C K	GPITFLKKKAKMKDMPLRIHVLLGLAITTLVQAV DKKVDCPRLCTCEIRPWFTPRSIYMEASTVDCND LGLLTFPARLPANTQILLLQTNNIAKIEYSTDFPV NLTGLDLSQNNLSSVTNINGKKMPQLLSVYLEEN KLTELPEKCLSELSNLQELYINHNLLSTISPGAFIG LHNLRLHLNSNRLQMINSKWFDALPNLEILMIG ENPIIRIKDMNFKPLINLRSLVIAGINLTEIPDNAL VGLENLESISFYDNRLIKVPHVALQKVVNLKFLD LNKNPINRIRRGDFSNMLHLKELGINNMPELISID SLAVDNLPDLRKIEATNNPRLSYIHPNAFFRLPKL ESLMLNSNALSALYHGTIESLPNLKEISIHSNPIRC DCVIRWMNMNKTNIRFMEPDSLFCVDPPEFQGQ NVRQVHFRDMMEICLPLIAPESFPSNLNVEAGSY VSFHCRATA\EPQPEIYWITPSGQKLLPNT\LTDKF YVHSEGTLDINGVTPKEGGLYTCIATNLVGADLK SVMIKVDGSFPQDNNGSLNIKIRDIQANSVLVSW KASSKILKSSVKWTAFVKTENSHAAQSARIPSDV KVYNLTHLNPSTEYKICIDIPTIYQKNRKKCVNVT TKGLHPDQKEYEKNNTTTLMACLGGLLGIIGVIC LISCLSPEMNCDGGHSYVRNYLQKPTFALGELYP PLINLWEAGKEKSTSLKVKATVIGLPTNMS ERYLFATYVAPSATLDIGLQQEKKKEIYMKIQPP TEDLFDTAEEYILLLLEPWTKMVKSDQIAYKKV ELVEETRQLDSTYFRKLQALHKETFSKKAEDTTC LIGTGILSLSNVSKRTEYWDNVPAEYKHFKFSDL NNKLEFEHFRQFLETHSSSMDLMCWTDIEQFRR TYRDRNQRKAKSIYIKNKYLNKKYFFGPNSPAS YQQNQVMHLSGGWGKILHEQLDAPVLVEIQK VQNRLENVWLPLFLASEQFAARQKIKVQMKDI EELLLQKAEKKIGVWKPVESKWISSSCKIIAFRK LLNPVTSRQFQRFVALKGDLLENGLLFWQEVQ YKDLCHSHCDESVIQKKITTIINCFINSSIPPALQI IPVEQAQKIIEHRKELGPYVFREAQMTFLGVMF FWPQFCEFRKNLTDENIMSVLERRQEYNKQKK LAVL/QNDEKSGKDGIKQYANTSVPAIKTALLS SFLGLQPYGRQPTWCYSKYIEALFOERII I KIOF
3455	A 2	228 33	30 AI	LEK\SCLQACNLSQILRLALQLCL PTAQAMMSFGGADALLGAPFAPLHGGGSLHY

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide	Predicted end nucleotide location	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
		location corresponding to first amino	corresponding to last amino acid residue of	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
		acid residue of peptide sequence	peptide sequence	∖=possible nucleotide insertion
İ				ASPSRFRGAGAASSTDSLDTLSNGPEGCMVAVA
				TSRSEKEQLQALNDRFAGYIDKVRQLEAHNRSLE
				GEAAALRQQQAGRSAMGELYEREVREMRGAVL RLGAARGQLRLEQEHLLEDIAHVRQRLDDEARQ
				REEAEAAARALARFAQEAEAARVDLQKKAQAL
				QEECGYLRRHHQEEVGELLGQIQGSGAAQAQM
				QAETRDALKCDVTSALREIRAQLEGHAVQSTLQ
}			j	SEEWFRVRLDRLSEAAKVNTDAMRSAQEEITEY
				RRQLQARTTELEALKSTKDSLERQRSELEDRHQA
				DIASYQEAIQQLDAELRNTKWEMAAQLREYQDL LNVKMALDIEIAAYRKLLEGEECRIGFGPIPFSLP
				EGLPKIPSVSTHIKVKSEEKIKVVEKSEKETVIVEE
				QTEETQVTEEVTEEEDKEAKEEEGKEEEGGEEEE
				AEGGEEETKSPPAEEAASPEKEAKSPVKEEAKSP
		<u></u>		AEAKSPEKEEAKSPAEVKSPEKAKSPAKEEAKSP PE\AKSPEKDGKQNFQAEVKSPEKAKSPAKEEAK
	ł			SPAEAKSPEKAKSPVKEEAKSPAEAKSPVKEEAK
				SPAEVKSPEKAKSPTKEE\AKSPEKAKSPEKAKSP
				EKEEAKSPEKAKSPVKAEAKSPEKAKSPVKAEA
				KSPEKAKSPVKEEAKSPEKA
				KSPVKEEAKTPEKAKSPVKEEAKSPEKAKSPEKA KTLDVKSPEAKTPAKEEARSPADKFPEKAKSPVK
1				EEVKSPEKAKSPLKEDAKAPEKEIPKKEEVKSPV
				KEEEKPQEVKVKEPPKKAEEEKAPATPKTEEKK
	[			DSKKEEAPKKEAPKPKVEEKKEPAVEKPKESKV
				EAKKEEAEDKKKVPTPEKEAPAKVEVKEDAKPK
				EKTEVAKKEPDDAKAKEPSKPAEKKEAAPEKKD TKEEKAKKPEEKPKTEAKAKEDDKTLSKEPSKP
				KAEKAEKSSSTDQKDSKPPEKATEDKAAKGK
3456	Α	258	1463	YLSFIPGHASKSAPMNGHCFAENGPSQKSSLPPLL
				IPPSENLGPHEEDQVVCGFKKLTVNGVCASTPPL
				TPIKNSPSLFPCAPLCERGSRPLPPLPISEALSLDDT
		·		DCEVEFLTSSDTDFLLEDSTLSDFKYDVPG\RRSF RGCGQINYAYFDTPAVSAADLSYVSDQNG\GVP
				DPNPPPPQTHRRLRRSHSGPAGSFNKPAIRISNCCI
				HRASPNSDEDKPEVPPRVPIPPRPVKPDYRRWSA
				EVTSSTYSDEDRPPKVPPREPLSPSNSRTPSPKSLP
				SYLNGVMPPTQSFAPDPKYVSSKALQRQNSEGS ASKVPCILPIIENGKKVSSTHYYLLPERPPYLDKY
	]			EKFFREAKKKNGGAQIQPLPADCGISSATEKPDS
				KTKMDLGGHVKRKHLSYVGTP
3457	Α	2	4869	FILSSSSSASSEHFHHHYSFGNWWPGSFKGHRMS
				LPFYQRCHQHYDLSYRNKDVRSTVSHYQREKKR
				SAVYTQGSTAYSSRSSAAHRRESEAFRRASASSS QQQASQHALSSEVSRKAASAYDYGSSHGLTDSS
				LLLDDYSSKLSPKPKRAKHSLLSGEEKENLPSDY
				MVPIFSGRQKHVSGITDTEEERIKEAAAYIAQRNL
		ĺ		LASEEGITTPKQSTASKQTTASKQSTASKQ
				QSTASRQSTASRQSVVSKQATSALQQEETSEKKS RKVVIRGKAERLSLRKTLEETETYHAKLNEDHLL
				HAPEFIIKPRSHTVWEKENVKLHCSIAGWPEPRV
				TWYKNQVPINVHANPGKYIIESRYGMHTLEINAC
				DFEDTAQYRASAMNVKGELSAYASVVVKRYKG
				EFDETRFHAGASTMPLSFGVTPYGYASRFEIHFD
L <u>.</u>	L			DKFDVSFGREGETMSLGCRVVITPEIKHFQPEIQ

WYRNGUPLSPSKWVQTLWSGERATLTFSHLNKE DEGLYTIVRMGEYYEQYSAYVFVRDADAEIEG APAAAPLDVKCLEAMKDYIISWGQAVDGSPIL GYFIDKCEVGTDSWSCCNDTPVKFARPPVTGLIE GYFIDKCEVGTDSWSCCNDTPVKFARPPVTGLIE GRSYFFRVRAVNKMGIGFPSRSEPVALDPAE ARLKSPPLSTLDWTVIVTEEPSEGIVFGPPTDLS VTEATRSYVLSWFPPGQRHEGIMYFVEKCER ARLKSPPLSTLDWTVIVTEEPSEGIVFGPPTDLS VTEATRSYVLSWFPPGQRHEGIMYFVEKCER GTENWQRVNTELPYKSPRFALFDLAEGKSYCFR VRCSNSAGVGEPSAATEVTVVGDKLDIFKAPGKI IPSRNTDTISVVVSWEBSKDAKELVGYYEANVA GSGKWEPCNNPPVKTHRFTCHGLVTGGSYIFRV RAVNAAGLSEYSQDSEATEVKAALPSPPCDITC LESFRDSMVLGWKQPDKIGGAEITGYYVNYREV QFQVAAMMAGLGAPSAVSECFKCEEWTIAVP GPPSISLKCSEVKRISULVLQWYPPVHSGRTPVTG YPVDLKEAKAKEDQWRGLNEAARNVYLKVRG LKEGYSVFRVRAINQAGVGKPSDLAGFVVAGT RPGTKEVVNVDDDGVISLNFECDKMTPKSEFS WSKDYVSTEDSPRLEVESKGNKTKMTFKDLGM DDLGIYSCDVTDTDGJASSYLIDEFLKRLLALSH EHKPPTVPVKSELAVELLEKGQVFRWMQAELLS GNAKNYNTNERGFEGFKYKMHIDRNTGIEBF MEKLQDEDGGTTTFOLQDGKATNISTYVLVGD VFKKLQKEAEFGROFWRKGPPHVEYLSWEVT GECNVLLKCKVANIKKETHIVWYKDEREISVDE KHDFKOGICTILITIFSKADGIYSVLIKDDRCK DKSRLKLVDEAFRELMMEVCKKLASATDLKIQ STAGGIQLYSFVTYYVEDLKVNWSHNGSARNYSD RVTGGTGOFWLGUNFPTDMGKYYMELFDG KTGHGKTVDLSGQAYDEAYAEFGRLKQAAIAEK NRARVIGGLPDVTIGGKALNILTONWGDPP EVSWLKNEKALASDDHCNLKFEAGRTAYFTING VSTANDSGKYJGLVYNLYGGESTDFTVSVFIPEE ARMAALESLKGGKKAK  LSRSSDNTTNTLGRNWMSTATSPLMGAQSFPNL TTPGTTSTVIMSTSSVTSSNNATATTVLSVGQS LSNTLITISLTSISSESDTGGRAEYSLYDFLDSCRA STLLAELDDDEDLEPPEDEDDENDEDDQEDQEY EEVMLRRESLQRAGGSRSDVTHHAVTSLGPVP AGAGSRYGGGEEVSTRIGGRRRTWDDDYVLK RQFSALVPAFDRPGRTNNVQOTTDLEIPPPGTPHS ELLEDVECTPSPRIALTILKVTOLGTTREVELPLTN FRSTIFYYVQKLLOLSCNGNVKSDCLRRIWEPTY TIMYEBKKDSDKRENGKRGCWSIEHVEQVLG TDELFKNDLITYLQKNADAAFLRHWKLITGTIKS IRKNNCSQLIAAYWDLGGEHGTIKSGLNQGAIST LQSSDLMLTKEOPQAKAGNGGNSCVEDVLOL LRILYTWASDPYSRISGEDGDGPQFTFPPDEFTS/ KKITTKLIQUEEPLALASGALPDWCGOLTSKCPF LIPFETROLLYTCTAFGASRAIWULONREATVE RTSTSVRRDDPGEFRVGRIK HIERVYKVPRGESL MEWAENVMQHADRKSVLEVBFLGEGGTGLGFT LEFFERQLLYTCTAAGSGEFTOURDUNCDNTPDDESSRHV DLGGGLKPPGYYVGRSCGLTATPPPQDSDELERI	SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \ -possible nucleotide insertion
	3458	A	3963	327 L S E A R E T T I I R L L K K K L L K K L L L K L L L L L L	DEGLY IRVRMGEYYEQYSAYVFVRDADAEIEG APAAPLDVKCLEANKDYIIISWKQPAVDGGSPIL GYFIDKCEVGTDSWSQCNDTPVKFARFPVTGLIE GRSYIFRVRAVNKMGIGFPSRVSEPVAALDPAEK ARLKS/PPLSTLDWT\VIVTEEEPSEGIVPGPPTDLS VTEATRSYVVLSWKPPGQRGHEGIMYFVEKCEA GTENWQRVNTELPVKSPRFALFDLAEGKSYCFR VRCSNSAGVGEPSEATEVTVVGDKLDIPKAPGKI IPSRNTDTSVVVSWEESKDAKELVGYYIEANVA GSGKWEPCNNNPVKTHFFTCHGLVTGQSYIFRV RAVNAAGLSEYSQDSEAIEVKAAIAPPSPPCDITC LESFRDSMVLGWKQPDKIGGAEITGYYVNYREV UGVPGKWREANVKAVSEEAYKISNLKENMVY QFQVAAMNMAGLGAPSAVSECFKCEEWTIAVP GPPHSLKCSEVRKDSLVLQWKPPVHSGRTPVTG YFVDLKEAKAKEDQWRGLNEAAIKNVYLKVRG LKEGVSYVFRVAANQAGVGKPSDLAGPVVAET RPGTKEVVVNVDDDGVISLNFECDKMTPKSEFS WSKDYVSTEDSPRLEVESKGNKTKMTFKDLGM DDLGIYSCDVTDTDGIASSYLIDEEELKRLLALSH EHKFPTVPVKSELAVEILEKGQVRFWMQAEKLS GNAKVNYIFNEKGIFEGPKYKMHDRNTGIIEMF MEKLQDEDEGTYTFQLQDGKATNHSTVVLVGD VFKKLQKEAEFQRQEWIRKQGPHFVEYLSWEVT GECNVLLKCKVANIKKETHIVWYKDEREISVDE KHDFKDGICTILIITEFSKKDAGIYEVILKDDRGK DKSRLKLVDEAFKELMMEVCKKIALSATDLKIQ STAEGIQLYSFVTYYVEDLKVNWSHNGSAIRYSD RVKTGVTGEQIWLQINEPTPNDKGKYVMELFDG KTGHQKTVDLSQQAYDEAYAEFQRLKQAAIAEK NGRARVLGGLPDVVTIQEGKALNLTCNVWGDPPP EVSWLKNEKALASDDHCNLKFEAGRTAYFTING YSTADSGKYGLVVKNKYGSETSDFTVSVFIPEEE LRMAALESLKGGKKAK SRSSSDNNTNTTLGRNVMSTATSPLMGAQSFPNL TPGTTSTVTMSTSSVTSSSNVATATTVLSVGQS SNTLTTSLTSTSSESDTGQEAEYSLYDFLDSCRA TLLAELDDDEDLPEPDEEDDENEDDNQEDQEY EVMILRRPSLQRRAGSRSDVTHHAVTSQLPQVP GAGSRPIGEQEEEYETKGGRRRTWDDDYVLK QFSALVPAFDPRPGRTNVQTTDLEIPPPGTPHS LLEEVECTPSPRLALTLKVTGLGTTREVELPLTN RSTIFYYYQKLLQLSCNGNVKSDKLRRIWEPTY IMYREMKDSDKEKENGKMGCWSIEHVEQYLG DELPKNDLITYLQKNADAAFLRHWKLTGTNKS LKNRNCSQLIAAYWDLGEHGTKNSGLNQGAIST QSSDILNLTKEQPQAKAGNGQNSCGVEDVIQL RUTYNASDPYSRISQEDGDEQPQFTFPPDEFTS/ KITTKIL QQIEEPLALASGALPDWCEQLTSKCPF PFETTRQLYFTCTAFGASRAIVWLQNRREATVE TRYTSSVRNDDFGFRVGRLKHERVKVPRGESL EWMENVMQIHADRKSVLEVEFLGEGGTGLGPT TFYALVAAEFORTDLGAW CDDNEEDDDERELLT TFYALVAAEFORTDLGAW CDDNEEDDDERELLT TFYALVAAEFORTDLGAW CDDNEEDDDEREDLY TFYALVAAEFORTDLGAW CDDNEEDDDERELLY TTYALVAAEFORTDLGAW CDDNEEDDDERELLY TFYALVAAEFORTDLGAW CDDNEEDDDERELLY TTYALVAAEFORTDLGAW CDDNEEDDDERELLY TTYALVAAEFORTDLGAW CDDNEEDDDERELY

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				TKLFHFLGIFLAKCIQDNRLVDLPISKPFFKLMCM GDIKSNMSKLIYESRGDRDLHCTESQSEASTEEG HDSLSVGSFEEDSKSEFILDPPKPKPPAWFNGILT WEDFELVNPHRARFLKEIKDLAIKRRQILSNKGL SEDEKNTKLQELVLKNPSGSGPPLSIEDLGLNFQF CPSSRIYGFTAVDLKPSGEDEMITMDNAEEYVDL MFDFCMHTGIQKQMEAFRDGFNKVFPMEKLSSF SHEEVQMILCGNQSPSWAAEDIINYTEPKLGYTR DSPGFLRFVRVLCGMSSDERKAFLQFTTGCSTLP PGGLANLHPRLTVVRKVDATDASYPSVNTCVHY LKLPEYSSEEIMRERLLAATMEKGFHLN
3459	A	88	603	SCGPRGLASLGLGFSGRCDDQNKGRS\DGPEAQA EACSGERTYQELLVNQNPIAQPLASRRLTRKLYK CIKKAVKQKQIRRGVKEVQKFVNKGEKGIMVLA GDTLPIEVYCHLPVMCEDRNLPYVYIPSKTDLGA AAGSKRPTCVIMVKPHEEYQEAYDECLEEVQSL PLPL
3460	A	139	1997	QVTNMSDKSELKAELERKKQRLAQIREEKKRKE EERKKKETDQKKEAVAPVQEESDLEKKRREAEA LLQSMGLTPESPIVPPPMSPSSKSVSTPSEAGSQD SGDGAVGSRRGPIKLGMAKITQVDFPPREIVTYT KETQTPVMAQPKEDEEEDDDVVAPKPPIEPEEEK TLKKDEEN\DSKAPPHELTEEEKQILHSEEFLSFF DHSTRIVERALSEQINIFFDYSGRDF/ENDKEGEIQ AGAKLSLNRQFF\DER\WSKASGWVSCLDWSSQ YP\ELLVASYNNNEDAPHEPDGVALVWNMKYK KTTPEYVFHCQSAVMSATFAKFHPNLVVGGTYS GQIVLWDNRSNKRTPVQRTPLSAAAHTHPVYCV NVVGTQNAHNLISISTDGKICSWSLDMLSHPQDS MELVHKQSKAVAVTSMSFPVGDVNNFVVGSEE GSVYTACRHGSKAGISEMFEGHQGPITGIHCHAA VGAVDFSHLYVTSSFDWTVKLWTTKNNKPLYSF EDNAGYVYDVMWSPTHPALFACVDGMGRLDL WNLNNDTEVPTASISVEGNPALNRVRWTHSGRE IAVGDSEGQIVIYDVGEQIAVPRNDEWARFGRTL AEINANRADAEEEAATRIPA
3461	A	139	1997	QVTNMSDKSELKAELERKKQRLAQIREEKKRKE EERKKKETDQKKEAVAPVQEESDLEKKRREAEA LLQSMGLTPESPIVPPPMSPSSKSVSTPSEAGSQD SGDGAVGSRRGPIKLGMAKITQVDFPPREIVTYT KETQTPVMAQPKEDEEEDDDVVAPKPPIEPEEEK TLKKDEEN\DSKAPPHELTEEEKQQILHSEEFLSFF DHSTRIVERALSEQINIFFDYSGRDF/ENDKEGEIQ AGAKLSLNRQFF\DER\WSKASGWVSCLDWSSQ YP\ELLVASYNNNEDAPHEPDGVALVWNMKYK KTTPEYVFHCQSAVMSATFAKFHPNLVVGGTYS GQIVLWDNRSNKRTPVQRTPLSAAAHTHPVYCV NVVGTQNAHNLISISTDGKICSWSLDMLSHPQDS MELVHKQSKAVAVTSMSFPVGDVNNFVVGSEE GSVYTACRHGSKAGISEMFEGHQGPITGIHCHAA VGAVDFSHLYVTSSFDWTVKLWTTKNNKPLYSF EDNAGYVYDVMWSPTHPALFACVDGMGRLDL WNLNNDTEVPTASISVEGNPALNRVRWTHSGRE IAVGDSEGQIVIYDVGEQIAVPRNDEWARFGRTL AEINANRADAEEEAATRIPA

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \perpossible nucleotide insertion
3462	A	2	2643	TAPEFSRSTHASAHASVARVLRNREIAQLKKEQR RQEFQIRALESQKRQQEMVLRRKTQEVSALRRL AKPMSERVAGRAGLKPPMLDSGAEVSASTTSSE AESGARSVSSIVRQWNRKINHFLGDHPAPTVNGT RPARKKFQKKGASQSFSKAARLKWQSLERRIIDI VMQRMTIVNLEADMERLIKKREELFLLQEALRR KRERLQAESPEEEKGLQELAEEIEVLAANIDYIND GITDCQATIVQLEETKEELDSTDTSVVISSCSLAE ARLLLDNFLKASIDKGLQVAQKEAQIRLLEGRLR QTDMAGSSQNHLLLDALREKAEAHPELQALIYN VQQENGYASTDEEISEFSEGSFSQSFTMKGSTSH DDFKFKSEPKLSAQMKAVSAECLGPPLDISTKNI TKSLASLVEIKEDGVGFSVRDPYYRDRVSRTVSL PTRGSTFPRQSRATETSPLTRRKSYDRGQPIRSTD VGFTPPSSPPTRPRNDRNVFSRLTSNQSQGSALD KSDDSDSSL\SEVLRGIISPVGGAKGARTAPLQCV SMAEGHTKPILCLDATDELLFTGSKDRSCKMWN LVTGQEIAALKGHPNNVVSIKYCSHSGLVFSVST SYIKVWDIRDSAKCIRTLTSSGQVISGDACAATST RAITSAQGEHQINQIALSPSGTMLYAASGNAVRI WELSRFQPVGKLTGHIGPVMCLTVTQTASQHDL VVTGSKDHYVKMFELGECVTGTIGPTHNFEPPH YDGIECLAIQGDILFSGSRDNGIKKWDLDQQELIQ QIPNAHKDWVCALAFIPGRPMLLSACRAGVIKV WNVDNFTPIGEIKGHDSPINAICTNAKHIFTASSG
3463	A	198	3146	CRVKVWNYVPGLTPCLPRRVLAIKGRATTLP SGEPRPEPGNMATCIGEKIEDFKVGNLLGKGSFA GVYRAESIHTGLEVAIKMIDKKAMYKAGMVQR VQNEVKIHCQLKHPSILELYNYFEDSNYVYLVLE MCHNGEMNRYLKNRVKPFSENEARHFMHQIITG MLYLHSHGILHRDLTLSNLLLTRNMNIKIADFGL ATQLKMPHEKHYTLCGTPNYISPEIATRSAHGLE SDVWSLGCMFYTLLIGRPPFDTDTVKNTLNKVV LADYEMPTFLSIEAKDLIHQLLRRNPADRLSLSSV LDHPFMSRNSSTKSKDLGTVEDSIDSGHATISTAI TASSSTSISGSLFDKRRLLIGQPLPNKMTVFPKNK SSTDFSSSGDGNSFYTQWGNQETSNSGRGRVIQD AEERPHSRYLRRAYSSDRSGTSNSQSQAKTYTM ERCHSAEMLSVSKRSGGGENEERYSPTDNNANIF NFFKEKTSSSSGSFERPDNNQALSNHLCPGKTPFP FADPTPQTETVQQWFGNLQINAHLRKTTEYDSIS PNRDFQGHPDLQKDTSKNAWTDTKVKKNSDAS DNAHSVKQQNTMKYMTALHSKPEIIQQECVFGS DPLSEQSKTRGMEPPWGYQNRTLRSITSPLVAHR KPIRQKTKKAVVSILDSEEVCVELVKEYASQEY VKEVLQISSDGNTITTYYPNGG\RGFPLA\DRPPSP NDNISR\YSF\DNLPEKYWRKYQYASRFVQLVRS SPKITYFTRYAKCILMENSPGADFEVWFYDGV LHKTEDFIQVIEKTGKSYTLKSESEVNSLKEEIK TYMDHANEGHRICLALESIISEEERKTRSAPFFPII SRKPGSTSSPKALSPPPSVDSNYPTRDRASFNRM MHSAASPTQAPILNPSMVTNEGLGLTTTASGTD SNSLKDCLPKSAQLLKSVFVKNVGWATQ\LTS AVWVQFNDGSQLVVQAGVSSISYTSPNGQ\TTR GENEKLPDYIKQKLQCLSSILLMFSNPTPNFH

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
3464	A	14	348	AVRTVSGTSLGPRSHSRSPGRCHCFSAVTFSSPRL AASEAPDPMEEWDVPQMKKEVESLKYQLAFQR EMASKTIPELLKWIEDGIPKDPFLNPDLMKNNPW V\EKGKCTIL
3465	A	5537	405	VRKLDRERVGAWWRGAWARHPRQEAGEHAKR RKGHAETPRGRRKGRAGRSAAAVGELRPARRSL ETSRAAAAMAKDSPSPLGASPKKPGCSSPAAAV LENQRRELEKLRAELEAERAGWRAERRFAARE RQLREEAERERRQLADRLRSKWEAQRSRELRQL QEEMQREREAEIRQLLRWKEAEQRQLQQLLHRE RDGVVRQARELQRQLAEELVNRGHCSRPGASEV SAAQCRCRLQEVLAQLRWQTDGEQAARIRYLQ AALEVERQLFLKYILAHFRGHPALSGSPDPQAVH SLEEPLPQTSSGSCHAPKPACQLGSLDSLSAEVG VRSRSLGLVSSACSSSPDGLLSTHASSLDCFAPAC SRSLDSTRSLPKASKSEERPSSPDTSTPGSRRLSPP PSPLPPPPPSPAHRKLSNPRGGEGSESQPCEVLTPS PPGLGHHELIKLNWLLAKALWVLARRCYTLQEE NKQLRRAGCPYQADEKVKRLKVKRAELTGLAR RLADRARELQETNLRAVSAPIPGESCAGLELCQV FARQRARDLSEQASAPLAKDKQIEELRQECHLLQ ARVASGPCSDLHTGRGGPCTQWLNVRDLDRLQ RESQREVLRLQRQLMLQQGNGGAWPEAGGQSA TCEEVRRQMLALERELDQRRRECQELGAQAAPA RRRGEEAETQLQAALLKNAWLAEENGRLQAKT DWVRKVEAENSEVRGHLGRACQERDASGLIAEQ LLQQAARGQDRQQQLQRDPQKALCDLHPSWKEI QALQCRPGHPPEQPWETSQMPESQVKGSRRPKF HARAEDYAVSQPNRDIQEKREASLEESPVALGES ASVPQVSETVPASQPLSKKTSSQSNSSSEGSMWA TVPSSPTLDRDTASEVDDLEPDSVSLALEMGGSA APAAPKLKIFMAQYNYNPFEGPNDHPEGELPLTA GDYTYIFGDMDEDGFYEGELEDGRRGLVPSNFVE QIPDSYIPGCLPAKSPDLGPSQLPAGQDEALEEDS LLSGKAQGVVDRGLCQMVRVGSKTEVATEILDT KTEACQLGLLLQSMGKQGLSRPLLGTKGVLRMAP MQLHLQNYTATSANITWVYSSHRHPHVYYLDD REHALTPAGVSCYTFQGLCPGTHYRARVEVRLP RDLLQVYWGTMSSTVTFDTLLAGPPYPPLDVLV ERHASPGVLVVSWLPVTIDSAGSSNGVQVTGYA VYADGLKVCEVADATAGSTLLEFSQLQVPLTWQ KVSVRTMSLCGESLDSVPAQIPEDFFMCHRWPET PPFSYTCGDPSTYRVTFPVCPQKLSLAPPSAKASP HNPGSCGEPQAKFLEAFFEEPPRRQSPVSNLGSE GECPSSGAGSQAQELAEAWEGCRKDLLFQKSPQ NHRPPSVSDQTGEKENCYQHMGTSKSPAGPFIHL RTECGPRKEPCQEKAALERVLRQKQDAQGFTPP QLGASQQYASDFHNVLKEEQEALCLDLWGTERR EERREPEPHSRQGQALGVKRGCQLHEPSSALCPA PSAKVIKMPRGGPQQLGTGANTPARVVPALSDY NPLVMSANLKAAEEELVFQKRQLLRVWGSQDT HDFYLSECNRQVGNIPGRLVAEMEVGTEQTDRR WRSPAQGHLPSVAHLEDFQGLTIPQGSSLVLQGN SKRLPLWTPKIMIAALDYDPGDGQMGGQGKGRL ALRAGDVVMVYGPMDDQGFYYGELGGHRGL

SEQ II NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \possible nucleotide insertion
3466	A	1	1111	MSKPPDLLERLERGAPRORVCTLFIIGFKFTFFVSI MIYWHVVGEPKEKGQLYNLPAEIPCPTLTPPTPP SHGPTPGNIFFLETSDRTNPNFLFMCSVESAARTH PESHVLVLMKGLPGGNASLPRHLGISLLSCFPNV QMLPLDLRELFRDTPLADWYAAVQGRWEPYLL PVLSDASRIALMWKFGGIYLDTDFIVLKNLRNLT NVLGTQSRYVLNGAFLAFERRHEFMALCMRDFV DHYNGWIWGHQGPQLLTRVFKKWCSIRSLAESR ACRGVTTLPPEAFYPIPWQDWKKYFEDINPEELP RLLSATYAVHVWNKKSQGTRFEATSRALLAQLH ARYCPTTHE/DHENVLVKGPAGHLPNLLLMGHW
3467	A		-	MAKVILKQSKQCKNLLTCKVAQVCPVCGCLHC YFWWLSGLESRRPSSPLIDIKPIEFGVLSAKKEPIQ PSVLRRTYNPDDYFRKFEPHLYSLDSNSDDVDSL TDEEILSKYQLGMLHFSTQYDLLHNHLTVRVIEA RDLPPPISHDGSRQDMAHSNPYVKICLLPDQKNS KQTGVKRKTQKPVFEERYTFEIPFLEAQRRTLLL TVVDFDKFSRHCVIGKVSVPLCEVDLVKGGHW WKAHDSQFSAPGLPADQQFFADLFSGLVLNPQL LGRVWFASQPASLPVGSLCIDFPRLDIVLRGEYG NLLEAKQQRLVEGEMLFIPARAANLPVNNKPVM LLSLVFAPTWLGLSFYDSRTTSLLHPARQIQLP\SL QRGEGEAMLS\ALTLFSRSPLEQNIIQPLVLSLLHL CGSVVNMPPGNSQPRGDFLYHSICTWVQDNYAQ PLTRESVAQFFNITPNHLSKLFAQHGTMRFIEYVR WVRMAKARMILQKYHLSIHEVAQRCGFPDSDYF CRVFRQFGMDYVDILQIHRWDYNTPIEETLEAL NDVVKAGKARYIGASSMHASQFAQALELQKQH GWAQFVSMQDHYNLIYREEEREMLPLCYQEGV AVIPWSPLARGRLTRPWGETTARLVSDEVGKNL YKESDENDAQIAERLTGVSEELGATRAQVALAW LLSKPGIAAPIIGTSREEQLDELLNAVDITLKPEOI
3468	A	147	1	AELETPYKPHPVVGFK ALPLPLPTLYPGMSRRKQRKPQQLISDCEGPSASE NGDASEEDHPQVCAKCCAQFTDPTEFLAHQNAC STDPPVMVIIGGQENPNNSSASSEPRPEGHNNPQ VMDTEHSNPPDSGSSVPTDPTWGPERRGEESSGH FLVAATGTAAGGGGGLILASPKLGATPLPPESTP APPPPPPPPPPPPGVGSGHLNIPLILEELRVLQQRQI FLQMQMTEQICRQVLLLGSLGQTVGAPASPSELP GTGTASSTKPLLPLFSPIKPVQTSKTLASSSSSSSS SSGAETPKQAFFHLYHPLGSQHPFSAGGVGRSHK PTPAPSPALPGSTDQLIASPHLAFPSTTGLLAAQC GAARGLEATASPGLLKPKNGSGELSYGEVMGP JEKPGGRHKCRFCAKVFGSDSALQIHLRSHTGER PYKCNVCGNRFTTRGNLKVHFHRHREKYPHVQ MNPHPVPEHLDYVITSSGLPYGMSVPPEKAEEEA TTPGGGVERKPLVASTTALSATESLTLLSTSAGT TAPGLPAFNKFVLMKAVEPKNKADENTPPGSE SSAISGVAESSTATRMQLSKLVTSLPSWALLTNH KSTGSFPLPLCARALGASPSETSKLQQLVEKID QGAVAVTSAASGAPTTSAPAPSSSASSGPNQCV CLRVLSCPRALRLHYGQHGGERPFKCKVCGRAF TRGNLRAHFVGHKASPAARAQNSCPICQKKFT

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
	,		· ·	NAVTLQQHVRMHLGGQIPNGGTALPEGGGAAQ ENGSEQSTVSGAGSFPQQQSQQPSPEEELSEEEEE EDEEEEDVTDEDSLAGRGSESGGEKAISVRGDS EEASGAEEEVGTVAAAATAGKEMDSNEKTTQQS SLPPPPPPPDSLDQPQPMEQGSSGVLGGKEEGGKP ERSSSPASALTPEGEATSVTLVEELSLQEAMRKEP GESSSRKACEVCGQAFPSQAAL\EEH\QKTHPKEG PLF\TCVFCRQGFLERATLKKHMLLAHHQVQPFA PHGPQNIAALSLVPGCSPSITSTGLSPFPRKDDPTI P
3469		3	5664	NLRPLSFALFLGDPNMANLEESFPRGGTRKIHKP EKAFQQSVEQDNLFDISTEEGSTKRKKSQKGPAK TKKLKIEKRESSKSAREKFEILSVESLCEGMRILG CVKEVNELELVISLPNGLQGFVQVTEICDAYTKK LNEQVTQEQPLKDLLHLPELFSPGMLVRCVVSSL GITDRGKKSVKLSLNPKNVNRVLSAEALKPGML LTGTVSSLEDHGYLVDIGVDGTRAFLPLLKAQEY IRQKNKGAKLKVGQYLNCIVEKVKGNGGVVSLS VGHSEVSTAIATEQQSWNLNNLLPGLVVKAQVQ KVTPFGLTLNFLTFFTGVVDFMHLDPKKAGTYFS NQAVRACILCVHPRTRVVHLSLRPIFLQPGRPLTR LSCQNLGAVLDDVPVQGFFKKAGATFLKDGVL AYARLSHLSDSKNVFNPEAFKPGNTHKCRIIDYS QMDELALLSLRTSIIEAQYLRYHDIEPGAVVKGT VLTIKSYGMLVKVGEQMRGLVPPMHLADILMK NPEKKYHIGDEVKCRVLLCDPEAKKLMMTLKKT LIESKLPVITCYADAKPGLQTHGFIIRVKDYGCIV KFYNNVQGLVPKHELSTEYIPDPERVFYTGQVV KVVVLNCEPSKERMLLSFKLSSDPEPKKEPAGHS QKKGKANIGQLVDVKVLEKTKDGLEVAVLPHN IRAFLPTSHLSDHVANGPLLHHWLQAGDILHRVL CLSQSEGRVLLCRKPALVSTVEGGQDPKNFSEIH PGMLLIGFVKSIKDYGVFIQLPSGLSGLAPKAIMS DKFVTSTSDHFVEGQTVAAKVTNVDEEKQRMLL SLRLSDCGLGDLAITSLLLLNQCLEELQGVRSLM SNRDSVLIQTLAEMTPGMFLDLVVQEVLEDGSV VFSGGPVPDLVLKASRYHRAGQEVESGQKKKVV ILNVDLLKLEVHVSLHQDLVNRKARKLRKGSE HQAIVQHLEKSFAIASLVETGHLAAFSLTSHLND TFRFDSEKLQVGQGVSLTLKTTEPGVTGLLLAVE GPAAKRTMRPTQKDSETVDEDEEVDPALTVGTI KKHTLSIGDMVTGTVKSIKPTHVVVTLEDGIIGCI HASHILDDVPEGTSPTTKLKVGKTVTARVIGGRD MKTFKYLPISHPRFVRTIPELSVRPSELEDGHTAL NTHSVSPMEKIKQYQAGQTVTCFLKKYNVVKK WLEVEIAPDIRGRIPLLLTSLSFKVLKHPDKKFRV GQALRATVVGPDSSKTFLCLSLTGPHKLEEGEVA MGRVVKVTPNEGLTVSFPFGKIGTVSIFHMSDSY SETPLEDFVPQKVVRCYILSTADNVLTLSLRSSRT NPETKSKVEDPEINSIQDIKEGQLLRGYVGSIQPH GVFFRLGPSVVGLARYSHVSQHSPSKKALYNKH LPEGKLLTARVLRLNHQKNLVELSFLPGDTGKPD VLSASLEGQLTKQEERKTEAEERDQKGEKKNQK RNEKKNQKGQEEVEMPSKEKQQPQKPQAQKRG GRECRESGSEQERVSKKPKKAGLSEEDDSLVDV

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	PCT/US01/04098
NO:		beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \possible nucleotide insertion
				YYREGKEEAEETNVLPKEKQTKPAEAPRLQLSSG FAWNVGLDSLTPALPPLAESSDSEEDEKPHQATI KKSKKERELEKQKAEKELSRTEEALMDPGRQPE SADDFDRLVLSSPNSSILWLQYMAFHLQATEIEK ARAVAERALKTISFREEQEKLNVWVALLNLENM YGSQESLTKVFERAVQYNEPLKVFLHLADIYAKS EKFQEAGELYNRMLKRFRQEKAVWIKYGAFLLR RSQAAASHRVLQRALECLPSKEHVDVIAKFAQL EFQLGDAERAKAIFENTLSTYPKRTDVWSVYID MTIKHGSQKDVRDIFERVIHLSLAPKRMKFFFKR YLDYEKQHGTEKDVQAVKAKALEYVEAKSSVL
3470	A	2334	1226	
				TAAAPVAPGTMDDATVLRKKGYIVGINLGKGSY AKVKSAYSERLKFNVAVKIIARKKTPTDFVERFL PREMDILATVNHGSIIKTYEIFETSDGRIYIIMELG VQGDLLEFIKCQGALHEDVARKMFRQLSSAVKY CHDLDIVHRDLKCENLLLDKDFNIKLSDFGFSKR CLRDSNGRIILSKTFCGSAAYAAPEVLQSIPYQPK VYDIWSLGVILYIMVCGSMPYDDSDIRKMLRIQK EHRVDFPRSKNLTCECKDLIYRMLQ\PDVS\KRLH IDEILSHSWLQPPKPK\ATSSASFKREGEGKYRAE CKLDTKTGLRPDHRPDHKLGAKTQHRLLVVPEN
3471	A	537	148	ENAMEDREAGISKAKDHHISGAFVGKA9T
		,		TERGAPQHPTLPLPSLTPSSVHTGQPKTTPSVILFL PSCEEPQANKATLVCLMNN/FYPGILMVTWKAD GTLITQSVEKTTPSKQSNNKYVASSYLSLTPEQW
472			I I I I I I P C S K R K Q Q	RSRRSYSCQVMQEGSTVEKSVAPAECS DKPTRHKTYLSSSWAKMAAAEGPVGDGELWQT WLPNHVVFLRLREGLKNQSPTEAEKPASSSLPSS PPPQLLTRNVVFGLGGELFLWDGEDSSFLVVRLR GPSGGGEEPALSQYQRLLCINPPLFEIYQVLLSPT QHHVALIGIKGLMVLELPKRWGKNSEFEGGKST VNCSTTPVAERFFTSSTSLTLKHAAWYPSEILDPH VVLLTSDNVIRIYSLREPQTPTNVIILSEAEESSLV LNKGRAYTASLGETAVAFDFGPLAAVPKTLFGQ NGKDEVVAYPLYILYENGETFLTYISLLHSPGN/I WKAVGSIAHAS\AAEDNYGYDACAVLCLPCVPN LVIATESGMLYHCVVLEGEEEDDHTSEKSWDSR DLIPSLYVFECVELELALKLASGEDDPFDSDFSC PVKLHRDPKCPSRYHCTHEAGVHSVGLTWIHKL IKFLGSDEEDKDSLQELSTEQKCFVEHILCTKPLP ERQPAPIRGFWIVPDILGPTMICITSTYECLIWPLL TVHPASPPLLCTREDVEVAESPLRVLAETPDSFE HIRSILQRSVANPAFLKASEKDIAPPPEECLQLLS ATQVFREQYILKQDLAKEEIQRRVKLLCDQKK QLEDLSYCREERKSLREMAERLADKYEEAKEK EDIMNRMKKLLHSFHSELPVLSDSERDMKKEL LIPDQLRHLGNAIKQVTMKKDYQQQKMEKVL
73 A	1	22	72 DI W PP	KPTRHKTYLSSSWAKMAAAEGPVGDGELWQT LPNHVVFLRLREGLKNQSPTEAEKPASSSLPSS PQLLTRNVVFGLGGELFLWDGEDSSELVVBLR
			QI	PSGGGEEPALSQYQRLLCINPPLFEIYQVLLSPT IHVALIGIKGLMVLELPKRWGKNSEFEGGKST

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				VNCSTTPVAERFFTSSTSLTLKHAAWYPSEILDPH VVLLTSDNVIRIYSLREPQTPTNVIILSEAEEESLV LNKGRAYTASLGETAVAFDFGPLAAVPKTLFGQ NGKDEVVAYPLYILYENGETFLTYISLLHSPGN/I WKAVGSIAHAS\AAEDNYGYDACAVLCLPCVPN ILVIATESGMLYHCVVLEGEEEDDHTSEKSWDSR IDLIPSLYVFECVELELALKLASGEDDPFDSDFSC PVKLHRDPKCPSRYHCTHEAGVHSVGLTWIHKL HKFLGSDEEDKDSLQELSTEQKCFVEHILCTKPLP CRQPAPIRGFWIVPDILGPTMICITSTYECLIWPLL STVHPASPPLLCTREDVEVAESPLRVLAETPDSFE KHIRSILQRSVANPAFLKASEKDIAPPPEECLQLLS RATQVFREQYILKQDLAKEEIQRRVKLLCDQKK KQLEDLSYCREERKSLREMAERLADKYEEAKEK QEDIMNRMKKLLHSFHSELPVLSDSERDMKKEL QLIPDQLRHLGNAIKQVTMKKDYQQQKMEKVL SLPKPTIILSAYQRKCIQSILKEEGEHIREMVKQIN DIRNHVNF
3474	A	4344	2550	DRRREPERHVRVKQRTSVLNMLRRLDKIRFRGH KRDDFLDLAESPNASDTECSDEIPLKVPRTSPRDS EELRDPAGPGTLIMATGVQDFNRTEFDRLNEIKG HLEIALLEKHFLQEELRKLREETNAEMLRQELDR ERQRRMELEQKVQEVLKARTEEQMAQQPPKGQ AQASNGAERRSQGLSSRLQKWFYERFGEYVEDF
				RFQPEENTVETEEPLSARRLTENMRRLKRGAKPV TNFVKNLSALSDWYSVYTSAIAFTVYMNAVWH GWAIPLFLFLAILRLSLNYLIARGWRIQWSIVPEV SEPVEPPKEDLTVSEKFQLVLDVAQKAQNLFGK MADILEKIKNLFMWVQPEITQKLYVALWAAFLA SCFFPYRLVGLAVGLYAGIKFFLIDFIFKRCPRLR AKYDTPYIIWRSLPTDPQLKERSSAAVSRRLQTTS SRSYVPSAPAGLGKEEDAGRFHSTKKGNFHEIFN LTENERPLAVCENGWRCCLINRDRKMPTDYIRN GVLYVTENYLCFESSKSGSSKRNKVIKLVDITDI QKYKVLSVLPGSGMGIAVSTPSTQKPLVFGAMV HRDEAFETILSQYIKITSAAASGGDS
3475	A	2	1126	TAARRRQKGAAAAAETHGQAKAKSGWLKPYYF IELMESRKDITNQEELWKMKPRRNLEEDDYLHK DTGETSMLKRPVLLHLHQTAHADEFDCPSELQH TQELFPQWHLPIKIAAIIASLTFLYTLLREVIHPLA TSHQQYFYKIPILVINKVLPMVSITLLALVYLPGV IAAIVQLHNGTKYKKFPHWLDKWMLTRKQFGL LSFFFAVLHAIYSLSYPMRRSYRYKLLNWAYQQ VQQNKEDAL\IEHDVWRMEIYVSLGIVGLAILAL LAVTSIPSVSDSLTWREFHYIQSKLGIVSLLLGTIH ALIFAWNKWIDIKQFVWYTPPTFMIAVFLPIVVLI FKSILFLPCLRKKILKIRHGWEDVTKINKTEICSQL
3476	Α	143	3191	AKAPPTGESSEPEAKVLHTKRLYRAVVEAVHRL DLILCNKTAYQEVFKPENISLRNKLRELCVKLMF LHPVDYGRKAEELLWRKVYYEVIQLIKTNKKHI HSRSTLECAYRTHLVAGIGFYQHLLLYIQSHYQL ELQCCIDWTHVTDPLIGCKKPVSASGKEMDWAQ MACHRCLVYLGDLSRYQNELAGVDTELLAERFY YQALSVAPQIGMPFNQLGTLAGSKYYNVEAMY CYLRCIQSEVSFEGAYGNLKRLYDKAAKMYHQL

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \_possible nucleotide insertion
3477	A		3902  IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	KKCETRKLSPGKKRCKDIKRLLVNFMYLQSLLQ PKSSSVDSELTSLCQSVLEDFNLCLFYLPSSPNLS LASEDEEYESGYAFLPDLLIFQMVIICLMCVHSL ERAGSKQYSAAIAFTLALFSHLVNHVNIRLQAEL EEGENPVPAFQSDGTDEPESKEPVEKEEEDPEPP PVTPQVGEGRKSRKFSRLSCLRRRHPPKVGDDS DLSEGFESDSSHDSARASEGSDSGSDKSLEGGGT AFDAETDSEMNSQESRSDLEDMEEEGTRSPTLE PPRGRSEAPDSLNGPLGPSEASIASNLQAMSTOM FQTKRCFRLAPTFSNLLLQPTTNPHTSASHRPCV NGDVDKPSEPASEEGSESGSESGSGSCRNERSIQ EKLQVLMAEGLLPAVKVFLDWLRTNPDLIIVCA QSSQSLWRLSVLLINLLPAAGELQESGLALCPEV QDLLEGCELPDLPSSLLLPEDMALRNLPPLRAAH RRFNFDTDRPLLSTLEESVVRICCIRSFGHFIARLQ GSILQFNPEVGIFVSIAQSEQESLLQQAQAQFRMA QEEARRNRLMRDMAQLRLQLEVSQLEGSLQQPK AQSAMSPYLVPDTQALCHHLPVIRQLATSGRFIVI IPRTVIDGLDLLKKEHPGARDGIRYLEAEFKKGN RYIRCQKEVGKSFERHKLKRQDADAWTLYKILD SCKQLTLAQGAGEEDPSGMVTIITGLPLDNPSVL SGPMQAALQAAAHASVDIKNVLDFYKQWKEIG MTEPRERRGYSVPPRPEVGTQATEWRVEESNFN KIFLKKDAELGRSNHLPTWDKPEDASWLPQSCL GGDAVATTGEIHEEKAWKTRALEVGQPAQRDIR RGELWGKEHGADQAIQETLEDLSSLERTLVVSES SSLGGDCQEVTTLTVKYQVSEEVPSGTVIGKLSQ ELGREERRQAGAAFQVLQLPQALPIQVDSEEGL LSTGRLDREQLCRQWDPCLVSFDVLATGDLALI STYGRUVLDUDHQPRFPKGEQELEISESASLRTRIP LDRALDPDTGPNTLHTYTLSPSEHFALDVIVGPD ETKHAELIVVKELDREHISFFDLVLTAYDNGNPP CSGTSLVKVNVLDSNDNSPAFAESSLALEIQEDA APGTLLIKLTATDPDQGPNGEVEFFLSKHMPPEV LDTSIDAKTGQVILRRPLDYEKNPAYEVDVQAR PLOFFIDAKTGVVILRRPLDYEKNPAYEVDVQAR PLOFFIDAKTGVVILRRPLDYEKNPAYEVDVQAR PLOFFIDAKTGVVILRRPLDYEKNPAYEVDVQAR PLOFFIDAKTGVVILRRPLDYEKNPAYEVDVQAR PLOFFIDAKTGVVILRRPLDYEKNPAYEVDVQAR PLOFFIDAKTGVVILRSCHINFTPH CGGPAGTDTPPLATHSSRPFLLTTIVARDADGG NGEPLYSTRENNLPSHLITIKAHDADLGINGK SYRIQDSPVAHLVAIDSNTGEVTAQRSKLYTEM GGFFQVIAEDSGQPMLASSVSWWSLLDANDN PEVVQPVLSDGKASLSVLVNASTGHLLVPIETP GGGPAGTDTPPLATHSSRPFLLTTIVARDADGG NGEPLYSTRSONEAHLFILNPHTGQLFVVVTNA SLIGSEWELEIVVEDQGSPPLQTRALLRVMFVTS DHLRDSARKPGALSMSMLTVICLAVLLGIFGLI ALFMSICRTEKKDNRAYNCREAESTYRQQPKR KKHIQKADHHLVPVLRGQAGEPCEVGQSHKDV KEAMMEAGWDPCLQAPFHLTPTLYRTLRNQG QGAPAESREVLODTVNLLFNHPRQNASRENL PPEPQATGGPRSRPLKVAGSPTGRLAGDQGSE PQCPPASSATLRRQHLNGKVSPEKESGPRQI SLVRLSVAAFAERNPVEELTVDSSPPVQUSQLL LHQQGFQPKPNHRGNKYLAKPGGSRSAIPDTD

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				GPSARAGGQTDPEQEEGPLDPEEDLSVKQLLEEE LSSLLDPSTGLALDRLSAPDPAWMARLSLPLTTN YRDNVISPDAAATEEPRTFQTFGKAEAPELSPTG TRLASTFVSEMSSLLEMLLEQRSSMPVEAASEAL RRLSVCGRTLSLDLATSAASGMKVQGDPGGKTG TEGKSRGSSSSSRCL
3478	A .	13	1620	TLPPPGNSGCHRLCFPEFEFLQVTKMEFSGRKWR KLRLAGDQRNASYPHCLQFYLQPPSENISLIEFEN LAIDRVKLLKSVENLGVSYVKGTEQYQSKLESEL RKLKFSYRENLEDEYEPRRDHISHFILRLAYCQS EELRRWFIQQEMDLLRFRFSILPKDKIQDFLKDSQ LQFEAISDEEKTLREQEIVASSPSLSGLKLGFESIY KIPFADALDLFRGRKVYLEDGFAYVPLKDIVAIIL NEFRAKLSKALALTARSLPAVQSDERLQPLLNHL, SHSYTGQDYSTQGNVGKISLDQIDLLSTKSFPPC MRQLHKALRENHHLRHGGRMQYGLFLKGIGLT LEQALQFWKQEFIKGKMDPDKFDKGYSYNIRHS FGKEGKRTDYTPFSCLKIILSNPPSQGDYHGCPFR HSDPELLKQKLQSYKISPGGISQILDLVKGTHYQ V\ACQKYFEMIHTVDDCGFS\LSHPNQYFCESQRI LNGGKDIKKEPIQPETPQPKPSVQKTKDASSALA SLNSSLEMDMEGLEDYFSEDS
3479	A	698	138	RPELELWRLRSRSWRPLGVPRRCHRRNWKEPVR AQPLSVTVWAPRCQRP/QPPAPEPSSPNAAVPEAI PTPRAAASAALELPLGPAPVSVAPQAEAEARSTP GPAGSRLGPETFRQRFRQFRYQDAAGPREAFRQL REL/SPRQWLRPDI\RTKEQ\IVEMLVQEQLLAILP EAARARRIRRRTDVRITG
3480	A	117	2226	RRGSRSRGPFAEPAAPGGLCSSSEEKTEEGGMAV GLCKAMSQGLVTFRDVALDFSQEEWEWLKPSQ KDLYRDVMLENYRNLVWLGLSISKPNMISLLEQ GKEPWMVERKMSQGHCADWESWWEIEELSPK WFIDEDEISQEMVMERLASHGLECSSFREAWKY KGEFELHQGNAERHFMQVTAVKEISTGKRDNEF SN/IWEKHTPEISIFNTTES\PTIQQVHKFDIYDKLF PQNSVIIEYKRLHAEKESLIGNECEEFNQSTYLSK DIGIPPGEKPYESHDFSKLLSFHSLFTQHQTTHFG KLPHGYDECGDAFSCYSFFTQPQRIHSGEKPYAC NDCGKAFSHDFFLSEHQRTHIGEKPYECKECNKA FRQSAHLAQHQRIHTGEKPFACNECGKAFSRYAF LVEHQRIHTGEKPYECKECNKAFRQSAHLNQHQ RIHTGEKPYECNQCGKAFSRRIALTLHQRIHTGE KPFKCSECGKTFGYRSHLNQHQRIHTGEKPYECI KCGKFFRTDSQLNRHHRIHTGERPFECSKCGKAF SDALVLIHHKRSHAGEKPYECNKCGKAFSCGSY LNQHQRIHTGEKPYECSECGKAFHQILSLRLHQRI HAGEKPYKCNESQRVRRSELAVSRGLTTKPADT GPDSTLNAAKVAEPARAGTEAALRPALSVAESATSLGPLHQGRRFPEAPAAHPGGTGFTVCAS
3481	A	2	1522	ASRHGMTPGALLMLLGALGPPLAPGVRGSEAEG RLREKLFSGYDSSVRPAREVGDRVRVSVGLILAQ LISLNEKDEEMSTKVYLDLEWTDYRLSWDPAEH DGIDSLRITAESVWLPDVVLLNNNDGNFDVALDI SVVVSSDGSVRWQPPGIYRSSCSIQVTYFPFDWQ NCTMVFSSYSYDSSEVSLQTGLGPDGQGHQEIHI

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \ -possible nucleotide insertion
				HEGTFIENGQWENIHKPSRLIQPPGDPRGGREGQ RQEVIFYLIIRRKPLFYLVNVIAPCILITLLAIFVFY LPPDAGEKMGLSIFALLTLTVFLLLLADKVPETSL SVPIIIKYLMFTMVLVTFSVILSVVVLNLHHRSPH THQMPLWVRQIFIHKLPLYLRLKRPKPERDLMPE PPHCSSPGSGWGRGTDEYFIRKPPSDFLFPKPNRF QPELSAPDLRRFIDGPNRAVALLPELREVVSSISYI ARQLQEQEDHDALKEDWQFVAMVVDRLFLWTF
3482	A	1273		IIFTSVGTL\VIFLDATYHLPPPDPFP  ERWDSGADAEWYALADWTAVWLPRSDFYTR LQTGEGHVPALRLPAGMPPDSPRELVPKQAPCSP SDPALPWTLGHGNQPPAVVPEPQGPMGPAGVAA RPGRFFGVYLLYCLNPRYRVR\VYVGFTVNTARR VQQHNGGRKKGGA\GRTSGRGPWEMVLVVHGF PSSVAALRFEWAWQHPHASRRLAHVGPRLRGET AFAFHLRVLAHMLRAPPWARLPLTLRWVRPDLR QDLCLPPPPHVLLAFGPPPAQVPRPQRRRAGPFD DAEPEPDQGDPGACCSLCAQTIQDEEGPLCCPHP GCLLRAHVICLAEEFLQEEPGQLLPLEGQCPCCE KSLLWGDLIWLCQMDTEKEVEDSELEEAHWTD LLET
3403	A	230	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	WRPWPCIDTSWNLQVAARTLRVSSAQCGLVPT MARVESPVPAARASLTGSCVLGQAMPLRGGAGP SPASHGPTHGPSDPRTCLPGRGAGGMRPHGRGA LGCCGLCSFYTCHGAAGDEIMHQDIVPLCAADIQ DQLKKRFAYLSGGRGQDGSPVITFPDYPAFSEIPD KEFQNVMTYLTSIPSLQDAGIGFILVIDRRRDKW ISVKASVLRIAASFPANLQLVLVLRPTGFFQRTLS DIAFKFNRDDFKMKVPVIMLSSVPDLHGYIDKSQ LTEDLGGTLDYCHSRWLCQRTAIESFALMVKQT AQMLQSFGTELAETELPNDVQST\SSVLCAHTEK KDKAKEDLRLALKEGHSVLESLRELQAEGSEPSV IQDQLDNQATVQRLLAQLNETEAAFDEFWAKH DQKLEQCLQLRHFEQGFREVKAILDAASQKIATF DIGNSLAHVEHLLRDLANFQEKSGVFVERARA SSLTASSFIGNKHYAVDSIRPKCQELRHLCDQFSA LARRRGLLSKSLELHRRLETSMKWCDEGIYLLA QPVDKCQSQDGAEAALQEIEKFLETGAENKIQE NAIYKEYESILNQDLMEHVRKVFQKQASMEEV HRRQASLKKLAARQTRPVQPVAPRPEALAKSP PSPGIRRGSENSSSEGGALRRGPYRRAKSEMSES QGRGSAGEEEESLAILRRHVMSELLDTERAYVE LLCVLEGYAAEMDNPLMAHLLSTGLHNKKDV FGNMEEIYHFHNRIFLRELENYTDCPELVGRCF ERMEDFQIYEKYCQNKPRSESLWRQCSDCPFFQ CQRKLDHKLSLDSYLLKPVQRITKYQLLLKEM KYSRNCEGAEDLQEALSSILGILKAVNDSMHLI LTGYDGNLGDLGKLLMQGSFSVWTDHKRGHT VKELARFKPMQRHLFLHEKAVLFCKKREENGE YEKAPSYSYKQSLNMAAVGITENVKGDAKKFE VYNAREEVYIVQAPTPEIKAAWVNEIRKVLTSQ DACREASQHRALEQSQSLPLPAPTSTSPSRGNSR KKLEERKTDPLSLEGYVSSAPLTKPPEKGKGW LTSHSLEAPEDDGGWSSAEEQINSSDAEEDGGL

SEQ ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid.
NO:	, 1,1011100	beginning	nucleotide	E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine,
		nucleotide	location	I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine,
		location	corresponding	N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine,
1	1	corresponding	to last amino	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine,
		to first amino acid residue of	acid residue of	X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion,
		peptide	peptide sequence	=possible nucleotide insertion
		sequence		·
				ELVQEGDEGLW
3484	A	208	6103	VTMAQQAADKYLYVDKNFINNPLAQADWAAK
				KLVWVPSDKSGFEPASLKEEVGEEAIVELVENGK
	ļ	j		KVKVNKDDIQKMNPPKFSKVEDMAELTCLNEAS
				VLHNLKERYYSGLIYTYSGLFCVVINPYKNLPIYS
				EEIVEMYKGKKRHEMPPHIYAITDTAYRSMMQD
· .				REDQSILCTGESGAGKTENTKKVIQYLAYVASSH
				KSKKDQGELERQLLQANPILEAFGNAKTVKNDN
				SSRFGKFIRINFDVNGYIVGANIETYLLEKSRAIRQ
				AKEERTFHIFYYLLSGAGEHLKTDLLLEPYNKYR
				FLSNGHVTIPGQQDKDMFQETMEAMRIMGIPEEE
				QMGLLRVISGVLQLGNIVFKKERNTDQASMPDN
				TAAQKVSHLLGINVTDFTRGILTPRIKVGRDYVQ
				KAQTKEQADFAIEALAKATYERMFRWLVLRINK
1			,	ALDKTKRQGASFIGILDIAGFEIFDLNSFEQLCINY
				TNEKLQQLFNHTMFILEQEEYQREGIEWNFIDFG
				LDLQPCIDLIEKPAGPPGILALLDEECWFPKATDK
				SFVEKVMQEQGTHPKFQKPKQLKDKADFCIIHY
!				AGKVDYKADEWLMKNMDPLNDNIATLLHQSSD
<u>.</u>				KFVSELWKDVDRIIGLDQVAGMSETALPGAFKT
			,	RKGMFRTVGQLYKEQLAKLMATLRNTNPNFVR
				CIIPNHEKKAGKLDPHLVLDQLRCNGVLEGIRICR
				QGFPNRVVFQEFRQRYEILTPNSIPKGFMDGKQA
				CVLMIKALELDSNLYRIGQSKVFFRAGVLAHLEE
				ERDLKITDVIIGFQACCRGYLARKAFAKRQQQLT
				AMKVLQRNCAAYLKLRNWQWWRLFTKVKPLL
				QVSRQEEEMMAKEEELVKVREKQLAAENRLTE
•				METLQSQLMAEKLQLQEQLQAETELCAEAEELR
}				ARLTAK\KQ\ELEEICHDLEARVEEEEERCQHLQA
				EKKKMQQNIQELEEQLEEESARQKLQLEKVTT
				EAKLKKLEEEQIILEDQNCKLAKEKKLLEDRIAEF
				TTNLTEEEEKSKSLAKLKNKHEAMITDLEERLRR EEKQRQELEKTRRKLEGDSTDLSDQIAELQAQ\IA
				ELKMQLAKKEEELQAALARVEEEAAQKNMALK
			•	KIRELESQISELQEDLKCER\ASRNKAEKQKRDLG
				EELEALKTELEDTLDSTAAQQELRSKREQEVNIL
		j		KKTLEEEAKTHEAQIQEMRQKHSQAVEELAEQL
				EQTKRVKANLEKAKQTLENERGELANEVKVLLQ
				GKGDSEHKRKKVEAQLQELQVKFNEGERVRTEL
				ADKVTKLQVELDNVTGLLSQSDSKSSKLTKDFS
				ALESQLQDTQELLQEENRQKLSLSTKLKQVEDE
[			-	KNS\FREQLEEEEEAKHNLEKQIATLHAQVADM
			1	KKKMEDSVGCLETAEEVKRKLQKDLEGLSQRHE
			ļ	EKVAAYDKLEKTKTRLQQELDDLLVDLDHQRQ
				SACNLEKKQKKFDQLLAEEKTISAKYAEERDRA
				EAEAREKETKALSLARALEEAMEQKAELERLNK
				QFRTEMEDLMSSKDDVGKSVHELEKSKRAIEQQ
		1		VEEMKTQLEELEDELQATEDAKLRLEVNLQAM
	.			KAQFERDLQGRDEQSEEKKKQLVRQVREMEAE
				LEDERKQRSMAVAARKKLEMDLKDLEAHIDSA
		ļ		NKNRDEAIKQLRKLQAQMKDCMRELDDTRASR
ł	7	I	}	EEILAQAKENEKKLKSMEAEMIQLQEELAAAER
				AKRQAQQERDELADEIANSSGKGALALEEKRRL
.			ļ	EARIAQLEEELEEEQGNTELINDRLKKANLQIDQI
ł	ł	1	ł	NTDLNLERSHAQKNENARQQLERQNKELKVKL
			<del></del>	( 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,

	SEO ID	Method	Predicted	Predicted end	1 € 1/0301/04098
	NO:		beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	nucleotide location corresponding to last amino	\=possible nucleotide insertion
					QEMEGTVKSKYKASITALEAKIAQLEEQLDNETK ERQAACKQVRRTEKKLKDVLLQVDDERRNAEQ YKDQADKASTRLKQLKRQLEEAEEEAQRANASR RKLQRELEDATETADAMNREVSSLKNKLRRGDL PFVVPRRMARKGAGDGSDEEVDGKADGAEAKP AE
3	3485	A	357	1782	CSTGVSKAPLTYLMSYGFELGWRKGNRAVACR EDRGGESVGMGQESILSQVHWWEAEPVEKTPGR DSEATIMSLRVHTLPTLLGAVVRPGCRELLCLLM ITVTVGPGASGVCPTACICATDIVSCTNKNLSKVP GNLFRLIKRLDLSYNRIGLLDSEWIPVSFAKLNTL ILRHNNITSISTGSFSTTPNLKCLDLSSNKLKTVK NAVFQELKVLEVLLLYNNHISYLDPSAFGGLSQL QKLYLSGNFLTQFPMDLYVGRFKLAELMFLDVS YNRIPSMPMHHINLVPGKQLRGIYLHGNPFVCD\ CSLVSLLVFWYRRHFSSVMDFKNDYTCRLWSDS RHSRQVLLLQDSFMNCSDSIINGSFRALGFIHEAQ VGERLMVHCDSKTGNANTDFIWVGPDNRLLEPD KEMENFYVFHNGSLVIESPRFEDAGVYSCIAMNK QRLLNETVDVTINVSNFTVSRSHAHEAFNTAFTT LAACVASIVLVLLYLYLTPCPCKCKTKRQKNML HQSNAHSSILSPGPASDASADERKAGAGKRVVFL EPLKDTAAGQNGKVRLFPSEAVIAEGILKSTRGK SDSDSVNSVFSDTFFVAST
3.	487				GDPRETKVFPSRSFARNTVGVSHHQSHLFHTVSR IYVEDKHKILYCEVPKAGCSNWKRILMVLNGLA SSAYNISHNAVHYGKHLKKLDSFDLKGIYTRLDT YTKLVLVRDPMERLVSAFRDKFDHPNSYYHPVF GKAIIKKYRPNACEEALINGSGVKFKEFIHYLLDS HRPVGMDIHWEKVSKLCYPCLINYDFVGKFETL EEDANYFLQMIGAPKELKFPNFKDRHSSDERTNA QVVRQYLKDLTRTERQLIYDFYYLDYLMFNYTT PFL
			2	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	CDKSGAVPFSTTRSPRRPSPRSAGPSLSSVSPRSQ LWASSGLSEEHAAPLLPAWPRHPCPPSLTPGPSM AQGAMRFCSEGDCAISPPRCPRRWLPEGPVPQSP PASMYGSTGSLLRRVAGPGPRGRELGRVTAPCTP LRGPPSPRVAPSPWAPSSPTGQPPPGAQSSVVIFR EVEKASVRPLNGLPAPGGLSRSWDLGGVSPPRPT PALGPGSNRKLRLEASTSDPLPARGGSALPGSRN LVHGPPAPPQVGADGLYSSLPNGLGDPPERLATL EGGPADTGFLNQGDTWSSPREVSSHAQRIARAK WEFFYGSLDPPSSGAKPPEQAPPSPPGVGSRQGS EVAVGRAAKYSETDLDTVPLRCYRETDIDEVLA EREEADSAIESQPSSEGPPGTAYPPAPRPGPLPGP EPSLGSGNEDEDDDEAGGEEDVDDEVFEASEGA PGSRMPLKSPVPFLPGTSPSADGPDSFSCVFEAI ESHRAKGTSYTSLASLEALASPGPTQSPFFTFEL PQPPAPRPDPPAPAPLAPLEPDSGTSSAADGPWT RGEEEEAEARAKLAPGREPPSPCHSEDSLGLGA PLGSEPPLSQLVSDSDSELDSTERLALGSTDTLS GQKADLEAAQRLAKRLYRLDGFRKADVARHL KNNDFSKLVAGEYLKFFVFTGMTLDQALRVFL ELALMGETQERERVLAHFSQRYFQCNPEALSSE GAHTLTCALMLLNTDLHGHNIGKRMTCGDFIG

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				NLEGLNDGGDFPRELLKALYSSIKNEKLQWAIDE EELRRFLSELADPNPKVIKRISGGSGSGSSPFLDLT PEPGAAVYKHGALVRKVHADPDCRKTPRGKRG WKSFHGILKGMILYLQKEEYKPGKALSETELKN AISIHHALATRAS\NYSKRPHVFYLRTADWRVFL FQAPSLEQMQSWITRINVVAAMFSAPPFPAAVSS QKKFSRPLLPSAATRLSQEEQVRTHEAKLKAMA SELREHRAAQLGKKGRGKEAEEQRQKEAYLEFE KSRYSTYAALLRVKLKAGSEELDAVEAALAQAG STEDGLPPSHSSPSLQPKPSSQPRAQRHSSEPRPG AGSGRRKP
3488	A	441	1968	GTETPHCWGRGTAGLRRELDREERDGPGTATMS FPHFGHPYRGAFQFL\ASASSSTTCCESTLRSVSY VASGSTPAPALCCAP\YDSRLLGSARPELGAALGI YGAPYAAAAAAQSYPGYLPYSPEPPSLYGALNP QYEFKEAAGSFTSSLAQPGAYYPYERTLGQYQY ERYGAVELSGAGRRKNATRETTSTLKAWLNEHR KNPYPTKGEKIMLAIITKMTLTQVSTWFANARRR LKKENKMTWAPKNKGGEERKAEGGEEDSLGCL TADTKEVTASQEARGLRLSDLEDLEEEEEEEA EDEEVVATAGDRLTEFRKGAQSLPGPCAAAREG RLERRECGLAAPRFSFNDPSGSEEADFLSAETGSP RLTMHYPCLEKPRIWSLAHTATASAVEGAPPARP RPRSPECRMIPGQPPASARRLSVPRDSACDESSCI PKAFGNPKFALQGLPLNCAPCPRRSEPVVQCQYP SGAEGSGPPAALGVSMQKTPTYRPARQLHTLCH SSLP
3489	А	718	2073	IAAYHKALSYRGHVHANNRGTNNVHFTPPPSPS RGILPMNPRNMMNHSQVGQGIGIPSRTNSMSSSG LGSPNRSSPSIICMPKQQPSRQPFTVNSMSGFGMN RNQAFGMNNSLSSNIFNGTDGSENVTGLDLSDFP ALADRNRREGSGNPTPLINPLAGRAPYVGMVTK PANEQSQDFSIHNEDFPALPGSSYKDPTSSNDDSK SNLNTSGKTTSSTDGPKFPGDKSSTTQNNNQQKK GIQVLPDGRVTNIPQGMVTDQFGMIGLLTFIRAA ETDPGMVHLALGSDLTTLGLNLNSPENLYPKFAS PWASSPCRPQDIDFHVPSEYLTNIHIRDKLFFFFS W/TAIKLGRYGEDLLFYLYYMNGGDVLQLLAAV ELFNRDWRYHKEERVWITRAPGMEPTMKTNTY ERGTYYFFDCLNWRKVAKEFHLEYDKLEERPHL PSTFNYNPAQQAF
3490	A		2833	FVAKMATSQYFDFAQGGGPQYSTQAPTLPLPTV GASYTGQPTPGMDPAVNPAFPPAAPAGYGGYQP HSGQDFAYGSRPQEPVPTATTMATYQDSYSYGQ SAAARSYEDRPYFQSAALQSGRMTAADSGQPGT QEACGQPSPHGSHSHAQPPQQAPIVESGQPASTL SSGYTYPTATGVQPESSASIVTSYPPPSYNPTCTA YTAPSYPNYDASVYSAASPFYPPAQPPPPPGPPQ QLPPPPAPAGSGSSPRADSKPPLPSKLPRPKAGPR QLQLHYCDICKISCAGPQTYREHLGGQKHRKKE AAQKTGVQPNGSPRGVQAQLHCDLCAVSCTGA DAYAAHIRGSKHQKVFKLHAKLGKPIPTLEPALA TESPPGAEAKPTSPTGPSVCASSRPALAKRPVASK ALCEGPPEPQAAGCRPQWGKPAQPKLEGPGAPT QGGSKEAPAGCSDAQPVGPEYVEEVFSDEGRVL

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \text{\text{\text{\text{possible}}} nucleotide insertion}
·				RFHCKLCECSFNDLNAKDLHVRGRRHRLQYRKK VNPDLPIATEPSSRARKVLEERMRKQRHLAEERL EQLRRWHAERRRLEEEPPQDVPPHAPPDWAQPL LMGRPESPASAPLQPGRRPASSDDRHVMCKHATI YPTEQELLAVQRAVSHAERALKLVSDTLAEEDR GRREEEGDKRSSVAPQTRVLKGVMRVGILAKGL LLRGDRNVRLALLCSEKPTHSLLRRIAQQLPRQL QMVTEDEYEVSSDPEANIVISSCEEPRMQVTISVT SPLMREDPSTDPGVEEPQADAGDVLSPKKCLESL AALRHARWFQARASGLQPCVIVIRVLRDLCRRV PT\WGALPAWAMELLVEKAVSSAAGPLGPGDAV RRVLECVATGTLLTDGPGLQDPCERDQTDALEP MTLQEREDVTASAQHALRMLAFRQTHKVLGMD LLPPRHRLGARFRKRQRGPGEGEEGAGEKKRGR
3491	A	2		FVGDGALSGCRRGRAPRVPSMAGSLPPCVVDCG TGYTKLGYAGNTEPQFIIPSCIAIRESAKVVDQAQ RRVLRGVDDLDFFIGDEAIDKPTYATKWPIRHGII EDWDLMERFMEQVVFKYLRAEPEDHYFLMTEP PLNTPENREYLAEIMFESFNVPGLYIAVOAVI AL
				AASWTSRQVGERTLTGIVIDSGDGVTHVIPVAEG YVIGSCIKHIPIAGRDITYFIQQLLREREVGIPPEQS LETAKAIKEKYCYICPDIVKEFAKYDVDPRKWIK QYTGINAINQKKFVIDVGYERFLGPEIFFHPEFAN PDFMESISDVVDEVIQNCPIDVRRPLYKNVVLSG GSTMFRDFGRRLQRDLKRVVDARLRLSEELSGG\ RIKPKPVEVQVVTHHMQRYAV\WFGG\SMLASTP
3492			LU	EFFQVCHTKKDYEEYGPSICRHNPVFGVMS PNGVALLHLPGAAVIPNTNYMFQDALGGRSRGS REESPAPSRAPASASLWRRLVVVEAKMAAHAAA AAQAAAAQAAHAEAADSWYLALLGFAEHFRTS SPPKIRLCVHCLQAVFPFKPPQRIEARTHLQLGSV LYHHTKNSEQARSHLEKAWLISQQIPQFEDVKFE AASLLSELYCQENSVDAAKPLLRKAIQISQQTPY WHCRLLFQLAQLHTLEKDLVSACDLLGVGAEY ARVVGSEYTRALFLLSKGMLLLMERKLQEVHPL TLCGQIVENWQGNPIQKESLRVFFLVLQVTHYL DAGQVKSVKPCLKQLQQCIQTISTLHDDEILPSNP DLFHWLPKEHMCVLVYLVTVMHSMQAGYLE AQKYTDKALMQLEKLKMLDCSPILSSFQVILLE IIMCRLVTGHKATALQEISQVCQLCQQSPRLFS HAAQLHTLLGLYCVSVNCMDNAEAQFTTALR TNHQELWAFIVTNLASVYIREGNRHQEVVLYS LERINPDHSFPVSSHCLRAAAFYVRGLFSFFQGR NEAKRFLRETLKMSNAEDLNRLTACSLVLLGHI YVLGNHRESNNMVVPAMQLASKIPDMSVQLW SALLRDLNKACGNAMDAHEAAQMHQNFSQQL QDHIEACSLPEHNLITWTDGPPPVQFQAQNGPN
93	A 3	20	24 PN RE AA SP LY	GOVALLHIPGAAVIPNTNYMFQDALGGRSRGS GESPAPSRAPASASLWRRLVVVEAKMAAHAAA AQAAAAQAAHAEAADSWYLALLGFAEHFRTS PKIRLCVHCLQAVFPFKPPQRIEARTHLQLGSV THHTKNSEQARSHLEKAWLISQQIPQFEDVKFE ASLLSELYCQENSVDAAKPLLRKAIQISQQTPY

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				WHCRLLFQLAQLHTLEKDLVSACDLLGVGAEY ARVVGSEYTRALFLLSKGMLLLMERKLQEVHPL LTLCGQIVENWQGNPIQKESLRVFFLVLQVTHYL DAGQVKSVKPCLKQLQQCIQTISTLHDDEILPSNP ADLFHWLPKEHMCVLVYLVTVMHSMQAGYLE KAQKYTDKALMQLEKLKMLDCSPILSSFQVILLE HIIMCRLVTGHKATALQEISQVCQLCQQSPRLFS NHAAQLHTLLGLYCVSVNCMDNAEAQFTTALR LTNHQELWAFIVTNLASVYIREGNRHQEVVLYS LLERINPDHSFPVSSHCLRAAAFYVRGLFSFFQGR YNEAKRFLRETLKMSNAEDLNRLTACSLVLLGHI FYVLGNHRESNNMVVPAMQLASKIPDMSVQLW SSALLRDLNKACGNAMDAHEAAQMHQNFSQQL LQDHIEACSLPEHNLITWTDGPPPVQFQAQNGPN TSLASLL
3494	A	2	1615	VLRGQRGPAGGLAEERRRGRNEWRIHDVTTAPF PGLVQRRSRLLIVSQVRYFLKNKVSPDLCNEDGL TALHQCCIDNFEEIVKLLLSHGANVNAKDNELW TPLHAAATCGHINLVKILVQYGADLLAVNSDGN MPYDLCEDEPTLDVIETCMAYQGITQEKINEMRV APEQQMIADIHCMIAAGQDLDWIDAQGATLLHI AGANGYLRAAELLLDHGVRVDVKDWDGWEPL HAAAFWGQMQMAELLVSHGAN\LNARTSMDE MPIDLCEEEEFKVLLLELK\HKHDVIMKSQLRHK SSLSRRTSHRQAS/SVGKVVRRTQPVGTGPNL\YR KEYE/GEEAILWQRSA\AEDQRTSTYNGDIRET\R TDQENKDPNPRLEK\PVLLSEFPTKIPRGELDMPV ENGLRAPVSAYQYALANGDVWKVHEVPDYSM AYGNPGVADATPPWSSYKEQSPQTLLELKRQRA AAKLLSHPFLSTHLGSSMARTGESSSEGKAPLIG GRTSPYSSNGTSVYYTVTSGDPPLLKFKAPIEEM EEKVHGCCRIS
3495	Α	327	1078	APMADTTPNGPQGAGAVQFMMTNKLDTAMWL SRLFTVYCSALFVLPLLGLHEAASFYQRALLANA LTSALRLHQRLPHFQLSRAFLAQALLEDSCHYLL YSLIFVNSYPVTMSIFPVLLFSLLHAATYTKKVL\ DARG\SNSLPLLR\SVLDKLSANQQNILKFIACNEI FLMPATVFMLFSGQGSLLQPFIYYRFLTLRYSSRR NPYCRTLFNELRIVVEHIIMKPACPLFVRRLCLQS IAFISRLAPTVP
3496	A .		2867	SSRTREMEEKEILRRQIRLLQGLIDDYKTLHGNAP APGTPAASGWQPPTYHSGRAFSARYPRPSRRGYS SHHGPSWRKKYSLVNRPPGPSDPPADHAVRPLH GARGGQPPVPQQHVLERQVQLSQGQNVVIKVKP PSKSGSASASGAQRGSLEEFEDTPWSDQRPREGE GEPPRGQLQPSRPTRARGTCSVEDPLLVCQKEPG KPRMVKSVGSVGDSPREPRRTVSESVIAVKASFP SSALPPRTGVALGRKLGSHSVASCAPQLLGDRRV DAGHTDQPVPSGSVGGPARPASGPRQAREASLV VTCRTNKFRKNNYKWVAASSKSPRVARRALSPR VAAENVCKASAGMANKVEKPQLIADPEPKPRKP ATSSKPGSAPSKYKWKASSPSASSSSSFRWQSEA GSKDHASQLSPVLSRSPSGD\RPALAHSGLKPLSG ETPLSAYKVKTRTKIIRRRGSTSLPGDKKSGTSPA ATAKSHLSLRRRQALRGKSSPVLKKTPNKGLVQ

SEQ I NO:	D Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \
				VTKHRLCRLPPSRAHLPTKEASSLHAVRTAPTSK VIKTRYRIVKKTPASPLSAPPFPLSLPSWRARRLS LSRSLVLNRLRPVASGGGKAQPGSPWWRSKGYR CIGGVLYKVSANKLSKTSGQPSDAGSRPLLRTGR LDPAGSCSRSLASRAVQRSLAIIRQARQRREKRK EYCMYYNRFGRCNRGERCPYIHDPEKVAVCTRF VRGTCKKTDGTCPFSHHVSKEKMPVCSYFLKGI CSNSNCPYSHVYVSRKAEVCSDFLKGYCPLGAK CKKKHTLLCPDFARRGACPRGAQCQLLHRTQKR HSRRAATSPAPGPSDATARSRVSASHGPRKPSAS QRPTRQTPSSAALTAAAVAAPPHCPGGSASPSSS KASSSSSSSSSPPASLDHE\APSLQEAALAAACSN RLCKLPSFISLQSSPSPGAQPRVRAPRAPLTKDSG
3497	A	1586		KPLHIKPRL  ATARDLGCARRIDRVVMESTPSRGLNRVHLQCR NLQEFLGGLSPGVLDRLYGHPATCLAVFRELPSL AKNWVMRMLFLEQPLPQAAVALWVKKEFSKA QEESTGLLSGLRIWHTQLLPGGLQGLILNPIFRQN LRIALLGGGKAWSDDTSQLGPDKHARDVPSLDK YAEERWEVVLHFMVGSPSAAVSQDLAQLLSQA GLMKSTEPGEPPCITSAGFQFLLLDTPAQLWYFM LQYLQTAQSRGMDLVEILSFLFQLSFSTLGKDYS VEGMSDSLLNFLQHLREFGLVFQRKRKSRRYYP T/RALAINLSSGVSGAGGTVHQPGFIV\VETNYRL YAYTESELQIALIALFSEMLYPFP\NMVV\ARVTR\ ESVQQAIASGITAQQIIHFLRTRAHPVMLKQTPVL PPTITDQIRLWELERDRLRFTEGVLYNQFLSQVDF ELL\LAHAPKLGVLVFE/NTPAKRLMVVTPAGHS DVKRFWKRQKHSS
3498	A	790	190	RDLGPAALMTASASSFSSSQGVQQPSIYSFSQITR SLFLSNGVAANDKLLLSSNRITAIVNASVGSGQRI LRG\LQYIKVPVTDARDSRLYDFFDPIADLIHTVS MRQGRTLLNCMAG\MSRSASLCLAYLMKYHSM S\LLDAHTWA/TKSRRPIIRPNNGFWFOI INVERV
3499	A		FS VY	FNNNTVRMINSPVGNIPDIYEKDLRMMISM TAGFLLAPLEMORLLTPVKRILQLTRAVQETSLT PARLLPVAHQRFSTASAVPLAKTDTWPKDVGIL LLEVYFPAQYVDQTDLEKYNNVEAGKYTVGLG TRMGFCSVQEDINSLCLTVVQRLMERIQLPWD VGRLEVGTETIIDKSKAVKTVLMELFQDSGNTD EGIDTTNACYGGTASLFNAANWMESSSWDGRY MVVCGDIAVYPSGNARPTGGAGAVAMLIGPK PLALERGLRGTHMENVYDFYKPNLASEYPIVD KLSIQCYLRALDRCYTSYRKKIQNQWKQAGSD PFTLDDLQYMIFHTPFCKMVQKSLARLMFNDF SASSDTQTSLYKGLEAFGGLKLEDTYTNKDLD ALLKASQDMFDKKTKASLYLSTHNGNMYTSSL GCLASLLSHHSAQELAGSRIGAFSYGSGLAASF SFRVSQDAAPGSPL\DKLVSSTSDLPKRLASRKC SPEEFTEIMNQREQFYHKVNFSPPGDTNSLFPGT YLERVDEQHRRKYARRPV
3500	A	185 26	992   M   LI   PL	LPTEVPOSHPGPSALLLQLLPPTSAFFPNIWS LAAPGSITHQDLTEEAALNVTLQLFLEQPPPGRP RLEDFLGRTLLADDLFAAYFGPGSSRRFRAAL EVSRANAAQDFLPTSRNDPDLHFDAERLGQGR

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
		sequence		ARLVGALRETVVAARALDHTLARQRLGAALHA LQDFYSHSNWVELGEQQPHPHLLWPRQELQNLA QVADPTCSDCEELSCPRNWLGFTLLTSGYFGTHP PKPPGKCSHGGHFDRSSSQPPRGGINKDSTSPGFS PHHMLHLQAAKLALLASIQAFSLLRSRLGDRDFS RLLDITPASSLSFVLDTTGSMGEEINAAKIQARHL VEQRRGSPMEPVHYVLVPFHDPGFGPVFTTSDPD SFWQQLNEIHALGGGDEPEMCLSALQLALLHTPP LSDIFVFTDASPKDAFLTNQVESLTQERRCRVTFL VTEDTSRVQGRARREILSPLRFEPYKAVALASGG EVIFTKDQHIRDVAAIVGESMAALVTLPLDPPVV VPGQPLVFSVDGLLQKITVRIHGDISSFWIKNPAG VSQGQEEGGGPLGHTRRFGQFWMVTMDDPPQT GTWEIQVTAEDTPGVRVQAQTSLDFLFHFGIPME DGPHPGLYPLTQPVAGLQTQLLVEVTGLGSRAN PGDPQPHFSHVILRGVPEGAELGQVPLEPVGPPE RGLLAASLSPTLLSTPRPFSLELIGQDAAGRRLHR AAPQPSTVVPVLLELSGPSGFLAPGSKVPLSLRIA SFSGPQDLDLRTFVNPSFSLTSNLSRAHLELNESA WGRLWLEVPDSAAPDSVVMVTVTAGGREANPV PPTHAFLRLLVSAPAPQDRH
3501	A	1245	5815	RRAHPSHSRLSPYLSVSRDPYFFVTVSRTILTLSA PAPPRRTPAPSMGTALLQRGGCFLLCLSLLLLGC WAELGSGLEFPGAEGQWTRFPKWNACCESEMSF QLKTRSARGLVLYFDDEGFCDFLELILTRGGRLQ LSFSIFCAEPATLLADTPVNDGAWHSVRIRRQFR NTTLFIDQVEAKWVEVKSKRRDMTVFSGLFVGG LPPELRAAALKLTLASVREREPFKGWIRDVRVNS SQVLPVDSGEVKLDDEPPNSGGGSPCEAGEEGE GGVCLNGGVCSVVDDQAVCDCSRTGFRGKDCS QEDNNVEGLAHLMMGDQGKEEYIATFKGSEYF CYDLSQNPIQSSSDEITLSFKTLQRNGLMLHTGKS ADYVNLALKNGAVSLVINLGSGAFEALVEPVNG KFNDNAWHDVKVTRNLRQHSGIGHAMVTISVD GILTTTGYTQEDYTMLGSDDFFYVGGSPSTADLP GSPVSNNFMGCLKEVVYKNNDVRLELSRLAKQ GDPKMKIHGVVAFKCENVATLDPITFETPESFISL PKWNAKKTGSISFDFRTTEPNGLILFSHGKPRHQ KDAKHPQMIKVDFFAIEMLDGHLYLLDMGSGT IKIKALLKKVNDGEWYHVDFQRDGRSGTISVNT LRTPYTAPGESEILDLDDELYLGGLPENKAGLVF PTEVWTALLNYGYVGCIRDLFIDGQSKDIRQMA EVQSTAGVKPSCSKETAKPCLSNPCKNNGMCRD GWNRYVCDCSGTGYLGRSCEREATVLSYDGSM FMKIQLPVVMHTEAEDVSLRFRSQRAYGILMAT TSRDSADTLRLELDAGRVKLTVNLDCIRINCNSS KGPETLFAGYNLNDNEWHTVRVVRRGKSLKLT VDDQQAMTGQMAGDHTRLEFHNIETGIITERRY LSSVPSNFIGHLQSLTFNGMAYIDLCKNGDIDYC ELNARFGFRNIIADPVTFKTKSSYVALATLQAYT SMHLFFQFKTTSLDGLILYNSGDGNDFIVVELVK GYLHYVFDLGNGANLIKGSSNKPLNDNQWHNV MISRDTSNLHTVKIDTKITTQITAGARNLDLKSDL YIGGVAKETYKSLPKLVHAKEGFQGCLASVDLN G'RLP'DLISDGSFSCNGTDSRRGMWKGPSTTICQ

SEC NO:		Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, V=Typesine,
3502					EDSCSNQGVCLQQWDGFSCDCSMTSFSGPLCND PGTTYIFSKGGGQITYKWPPNDRPSTRADRLAIGF STVQKEAVLVRVDSSSGLGDYLELHIHQGKIGVK FNVGTDDIAIEESNAIINDGKYHVVRFTRSGGNA TLQVDSWPVIERYPAGRQLTIFNSQATIIIGGKEQ GQPFQGQLSGLYYNGLKVLNMAAENDANIAIVG NVRLVGEVPSSMTTESTATAMQSEMSTSIMETTT TLATSTARRGKPPTKEPISQTTDDILVASAECPSD DEDIDPCEPSSGGLANPTRAGGREPYPGSAEVIRE SSSTTGMVVGIVAAAALCILILLYAMYKYRNRDE GSYHVDESRNYISNSAQSNGAVVKEKQPSSAKSS NKNKKNKDKEYYV
3302	A		394	72	KPAHLPFTVIIMPKRKPSEGAMSDKVKA/KFELQ RRSAGLFSKPTPPKPETRPKKDPANQRQKLPKVR KGKADA/SKEGNSPAEERCSMVQTQKVEGWRSG SELPVALSF
3503	Ā		43		SGGRGPVRVRSEQLSPSAEQVSQISQISLGRRPLS SLPPPPSRALAPTRAPDTALTIMEVAEVESPLNPS CKIMTFRPSMEEFREFNKYLAYMESKGAHRAGL AKVPPKEWKPRQCYDDIDNLLIPAPIQQMVTGQ SGLFTQYNIQKKAMTVKEFRQLANSGKYCTPRY LDYEDLERKYWKNLTFVAPIYGADINGSIYDEGV DEWNIARLNTVLDVVEEECGISIEGVNTPYLYFG MWKTTFAWHTEDMDLYSINYLHFGEPKSWYAIP PEHGKRLERLAQGFFPSSSQGCDAFLRHKMTLIS PSVLKKYGIPFDKITQEAGEFMITFPYGYHAGFN HGFNCAESTNFATVRWIDYGKVAKLCTCRKDM VKISMDIFVRKFQPDRYQLWKQGKDIYTIDHTKP TPASTPEVKAWLQRRRKVRKASRSFQCARSTSK RPKADEEEEVSDEVDGAEVPNPDSVTDDLKVSE KSEAAVKLRNTEASSEEESSASRMQVEQNLSDHI KLSGNSCLSTSVTEDIKTEDDKAYAYRSVPSISSE ADDSIPLSTGYEKPEKSDPSELSWPKSPESCSSVA ESNGVLTEGEESDVESHGNGLEPGEIPAVPSGER NSFKVPSIAEGENKTSKSWRHPLSRPPARSPMTL VKQQAPSDEELPEVLSIEEEVEETESWAKPLIHL WQTKPPNFAAEQEYNATVARMKPHCAICTLLMP YHKPDSSNEENDARWETKLDEVVTSEGKTKPLIP EMCFIYSEENIEYSPPNAFLEEDGTSLLISCAKCC VRVHASCYGIPSHEICDGWLCARCKRNAWTAEC CLCNLRGGALKQTKNNKWAHVMCAVAVPEVR FTNVPERTQIDVGRIPLQRLKLKCIFCRHRVKRVS GACIQCSYGRCPASFHVTCAHAAGVL\MEPDDW DYVVNITCFRHKVNPNVKSKACEKVISVGQTVIT KHRNTRYYSCRVMAVTSQTFYEVMFDDGSFSRD TFPEDIVSRDCLKLGPPAEGEVVQVKWPDGKLY GAKYFGSNIAHMYQVEFEDGSQIAMKREDIYTL DEELPKRVKARFVSAGRCHLGTCOVNSI SSPLVS
3504	A	11	24 13	P R	AQQETYLGFWINSKKSQCNIFLSGTY GEEQFDAEFRRFACLGFGERLQEFSRLLRAVHR RAWTCYLAIRMLMATCCPSPTTTACTGPWQRA PLRLLVQKREADSSGLAFASNSLQRRKKGLLLR VAPLRTRPPLLISLPQDFRQVSSVIDVDLLPETH RVRLHKHGSDRPLGFYIRDGMSVRVAPQG\LER PGIFISRLVRGGLAESTGLLAVSDEILEVNGIEV

SEQ ID Me		Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginlne, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \=possible nucleotide insertion
				AGKTLNQVTDMMVANSHNLIVTVKPANQRNN VVRGASGRLTGPPSAGPGPAEPDSDDDSSDLVIE NRQPPSSNGLSQGPPCWDLHPGCRHPGTRSSLPS LDDQEQASSGWGSRIRGDGSGFSL
3505 A			2898	SCRSATSQSGCGGGRSWLCSSLKMAAQPPRGIRL SALCPKFLHTNSTSHTWPFSAVAELIDNAYDPDV NAKQIWIDKTVINDHICLTFTDNGNGMTSDKLH KMLSFGFSDKVTMNGHVPVGLYGNGFKSGSM/R LGKDAIVFTKNGESMSVGLLSQTYL\EVIKAEHV VVPIVAFNKHRQMINLAESKASLAAILEHSLFSTE QKLLAELDAIIGKKGTRIIIWNLRSYKNATEFDFE KDKYDIRIPEDLDEITGKKGYKKQERMDQIAPES DYSLRAYCSILYLKPRMQIILRGQKVKTQLVSKS LAYIERDVYRPKFLSKTVRITFGFNCRNKDHYGI MMYHRNRLIKAYEKVGCQLRANNMGVGVVGII ECNFLKPTHNKQDFDYTNEYRLTITALGEKLND YWNEMKVKKNTEYPLNLPVEDIQKRPDQTWVQ CDACLKWRKLPDGMDQLPEKWYCSNNP\DPQFR NCEVPEEPEDEDLVHPTYEKTYKKTNKEKFRIRQ PEMIPRINAELLFRPT\ALSTPS\FSSPKESVSKR/RH LSEGTNSYATRLLNNHQVPPQSEPESNSLKRRLS TRSSILNAKNRRL\SSQF\ENSVYKG\DDDDEDVII LEENSTPKPAVDHDIDMKSEQSHVEQGGVQVEF VGDSEPCGQTGSTSTSSSRCDQGNTAATQTEVPS LVVKKEETVEDEIDVRNDAVILPSCVEAEAKIHE TQETTDKSADDAGCQLQELRNQLLLVTEEKENY KRQCHMFTDQIKVLQQRILEMNDKYVKKETCH QSTETDAVFLLESINGKSESPDHMVSQYQQALEE IERLKKQCSALQHVKAECSQCSNNESKSEMDEM AVQLDDVFRQLDKCSIERDQYKSEVELLEMEKS QIRSQCEELKTEVEQLKSTNQQTATDVSTSSNIEE SVNHMDGESLKLRSLRVNVGQLLAMIVPDLDLQ OVNYDVDVVDEILGQVVEQMSEISST
3506 A		2	2120	RPPEAGGRYRAGGRRQAAKPSRPPLPSRRRLPQG GRTRRAMDRPAAAAAAGCEGGGGPNPGPAGGR RPPRAAGGATAGSRQPSVETLDSPTGSHVEWCK QLIAATISSQISGSVTSENVSRDYKALRDGNKLA QMEEAPLFPGESIKAIVKDVMYICPFMGAVSGTL TVTDFKLYFKNVERDPHFILDVPLGVISRVEKIGA QSHGDNSCGIEIVCKDMRNLRLAYK\QEEQSKLG IFENLNKHAFPLSNGQALFAFSYKEKFPINGWKV YDPVSEYKRQGLPNESWKISKINSNYEFCDTYPA IIVVPTSVKDDDLSKVAVFLAKGRVPVLSWIHPE SQATITRCSQPLVGPNDKRCKEDEKYLQTIMDAN AQSHKLIIFDARQNSVADTNKTKGGGYESESAYP NAELVFLEIHNIHVMRESLRKLKEIVYPSIDEARW LSNVDGTHWLEYIRMLLAGAVRIADKIESGKTSV VVHCSDGWDRTAQLTSLAMLMLDSYYRTIKGFE TLVEKEWISFGHRFALRVGHGNDNHADADRSPIF LQFVDCVWQMTRQFPSAFEFNELFLITILDHLYS CLFGTFLCNCEQQRFKEDVYTKTISLWSYINSQL DEFSNPFFVNYENHVLYPVASLSHLELWVNYYV RWNPRMRPQMPIHQNLKELLAVRAELQKRVEG LQREVATRAVSSSSERGSSPSHFATSVHTLV
3507 A	1	1	2169	GSSIKIRLTVLCAKNLAKKDFFRLPDPF\AKIVVD

SEQ ID NO:	Method	Predicted beginning nucleotide location corresponding to first amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Predicted end nucleotide location corresponding to last amino acid residue of peptide sequence	Amino acid sequence (A=Alanine C=Cysteine, D=Aspartic Acid, E=Glutamic Acid, F=Phenylalanine, G=Glycine, H=Histidine, I=Isoleucine, K=Lysine, L=Leucine, M=Methionine, N=Asparagine, P=Proline, Q=Glutamine, R=Arginine, S=Serine, T=Threonine, V=Valine, W=Tryptophan, Y=Tyrosine, X=Unknown, *=Stop codon, /=possible nucleotide deletion, \_=possible nucleotide insertion
				GSGQCHSTDTVKNTLDPKWNQHYDLYVGKTDSI TISVWNHKKIHKKQGAGFLGCVRLLSNAISRLKD TGYQRLDLCKLNPSDTDAVRGQIVVSLQTRDRIG TGGSVVDCRGLLENEGTVYEDSGPGRPLSCFME EPAPYTDSTGAAAGGGNCRFVESPSQDQRLQAQ RLRNPDVRGSLQTPQNRPHGHQSPELPEGYEQRT TVQGQVYFLHTQTGVSTWHDPRIPRDLNSVNCD ELGPLPPGWEVRSTVSGRIYFVDHNNRTTQFTDP RLHHIMNHQCQLKEPSQPLPLPSEGSLEDEELPA QRYERDLVQKLKVLRHELSLQQPQAGHCRIEVS REEIFEESYRQIMKMRPKDLKKRLMVKFRGEEG LDYGGVAREWLYLLCHEMLNPYYGLFQYSTDNI YMLQINPDSSINPDHLSYFHFVGRIMGLAVFHGH YINGGFTVPFYKQLLGKPIQLSDLESVDPELHKSL VWILENDITPVLDHTFCVEHNAFGRILQHELKPN G\RNVPVTEENKKEYVRLYVNWRFMRGIEAQFL ALQKGFNELIPQHLLKPFDQKELELIIGGLDKIDL NDWKSNTRLKHCVADSNIVRWFWQAVETFDEE RRARLLQFVTGSTRVPLQGFKALQGSTG\AAGPR LFTIHLIDANTDNLRKAHTCFNRIDIPPYESYEKL
3508	A	3	6388	YEKLLTAVEETCGFAVE  ILYINPADLGWNPPVSSWIEKREIQTERANLTILF DKYLPTCLDTLRTRFKKIIPIPEQSMVQMVCHLLE CLLTTEDIPADCPKEIYEHYFVFAAIWAFGGAMV QDQLVDYRAEFSKWWLTEFKTVKFPSQGTIFDY YIDPETKKFEPWSKLVPQFEFDPEMPLQACLVHT SETIRVCYFMERLMARQRPVMLVGTAGTGKSVL VGAKLASLDPEAYLVKNVPFNYYTTSAMLQAVL EKPLEKKAGRNYGPPGNKKLIYFIDDMNMPEVD AYGTVQPHTIIRQHLDYGHWYDRSKLSLKEITNV QYVSCMNPTAGSFTINPRLQRHFSVFVLSFPGAD ALSSIYSIILTQHLKLGNFPASLQKSIPPLIDLALAF HQKIATTFLPTGIKFHYIFNLRDFANIFQGILFSSV ECVKSTWDLIRLYLHESNRVYRDKMVEEKDFDL TDKIQTEVLKKTFDDIEDPVEQTQSPNLYCHFAN HIGEPKYMPVQSWELLTQTLVEALENHNEVNTV MDLVLFEDAMRHVCHINRILESPRGNALLVGVG ESGKQSLTRLAAFISSMDVFQITLRKGYQIQDFK MDLASLCLKAGVKNLNTVFLMTDAQVADERFL TLINDLLASGEIPDLYSDDEVENIISNVRNEVKSQ ELVDNRENCWKFFIDRIRRQLKVTLCFSPVGNKL LVRSRKFPAIVNCTAIHWFHEWPQQALESVSLRF QNTEGIEPTVKQSISKFMAFVHTSVNQTSQSYLS EQRYNYTTPKSFLEFIRLYQSLLHRHRKELKCK ERLENGLLKLHSTSAQVDDLKAKLAAQEVELK KNEDADKLIQVVGVETDKVSREKAMADEEEQ VAVIMLEVKQKQKDCEEDLAKAEPALTAAQA LNTLNKTNLTELKSFGSPPLAVSNVSAAVMVL APRGRVPKDRSWKAAKVTMAKVDGFLDSLIN NKENIHENCLKAIRPYLQDPEFNPEFVATKSYA AGLCSWVINIVRFYEVFCDVEPKRQALNKATA LTAAQEKLAAIKAKIAHLNENLAKLTARFEKA ADKLKCQQEAEVTAVTISLANRLVGGLASENV WADAVQNFKQQERTLCGDILLITAFISYLGFFT

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